"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXXI. No. 23,534. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1922. TWO CENTS

IRISH REBELS SURRENDER FOUR COURTS AFTER EXPLOSIONS WRECK THE BUILDINGS; O'CONNOR AND 130 MEN ARE PRISONERS

3 KILLED, 55 WOUNDED

This Only Includes Casualties for Free State Troops.

WHITE FLAG MARKS END

Garrison Gives Up Unconditionally and Is Marched to Mountjoy Jail.

GEN. O'CONNELL IS FREED

Republican Report Says de Valera Is in the Fight, but This Is Not Credited.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, June 30.—The rebel garrison in the Four Courts surrendered to the Free State forces at 4 o'clock this afternoon, after a day of vigorous fighting, culminating in a series of terrific explosions which shook the city of Dublin. Rory O'Connor, Liam Mellowes and other irregular officers and 130 men were taken prisoners, and after being disarmed and searched were led to Mountjoy Jail.

Following the most severe of the explosions, that at 12:30 o'clock, thirty dead and wounded were taken from the building.

The explosions, which are supposed to have been caused by mines set by the rebels, set the historic building afire, and at a late hour tonight it was feared that it would collapse.

General O'Connell, Assistant Chief of Staff of the regular I. R. A., who was held in the Four Courts as a hostage, and whose seizure by the rebels was the immediate cause of the attack on them, was released uninjured and has returned to Beggars Bush headquarters.

A republican report this afternoon said that Eamon de Valera was in active service with the rebels, but this is not generally credited, as he was seen in the streets yesterday. The rebels held many buildings throughout the city, and the dislodging of them from these is expected to be the next task of the victorious Free State forces.

Reports from Cork assert that the rebels there are making preparations to withstand siege in their strongholds. In Donegal General McKeown is reported to be taking vigorous measures to restore order.

The Explosion Terrific.

It was a nerve-racking morning, guns of all kinds pounding and raging away in the attack and the resistance increasing in intensity and stubbornness. This state of affairs was not confined to the Four Courts, but was all over the city, which was deserted by all except the belligerents and odd groups of curious persons impossible to convince of the risk they were running.

The bombardment grew louder and louder, reverberating over a vast area. At 12:30 o'clock noon, as the battle was at its height, a terrific explosion which shook the centre of the city took place at the rear of the building. The building had been mined at certain points and the explosion immediately followed the discharge from one of the big guns operated by the national troops.

It was the most terrible incident of the fighting and people in streets far away from the scene, who were shaken by the shock, were horror-stricken at the appalling nature of the occurrence. A huge tongue of flame burst forth, followed by an immense cloud of smoke, which darkened the centre of the city. Houses in the vicinity of the Four Courts were actually rocked. Many windows were shattered and people in the streets were thrown to the ground. Many women fainted.

Mixed with the great dense black clouds of smoke were showers of fragments of legal books and documents which floated in the breeze and finally fell in various parts of the city. Many were secured by people as souvenirs. The nature of the papers destroyed that the record office section was destroyed.

Within a few minutes of the explosion the ambulance station was rung up from the Four Courts asking for every available ambulance in the city and as many doctors and nurses as possible. Without delay the St. John ambulance and other civic ambulances and those of the military were promptly on the scene, and as could be ascertained about thirty bodies, some dead, were removed from the building. It was said that there were some national troops among the dead, but that the greater number of those was among the irregulars.

Fighting Has Spread to District.

The explosion created terrible havoc in the district. Many old tenement houses were injured or set on fire, while huge fragments of stone were scattered far and wide.

The second part of the huge building was blown up shortly after 2 o'clock, and there was a repetition of the shock and the havoc created by the first explosion. Again dense clouds of smoke filled the sky and countless pieces of

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Rebel Snipers Continue to Terrorize Dublin, But Free State Victory Revives Optimism

By J. C. HAMILTON

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, June 30.—The success of the Government forces has already had an excellent effect upon public feeling. A spirit of optimism has revived. The troops themselves have won prestige and their morale is high. There is no doubt that they will complete their task with steady nerves and unflinching spirit.

With the fall of the Four Courts their task has only been begun. All over the city nests of snipers have been set up, so that hardly a street is free from them. Dislodged from one nest, these snipers establish another a few minutes later. Wherever there is chance of shooting at passing Irish or British soldiers, there a man from the irregular Dublin brigade is stationed behind a chimney stack or in a window.

It will take time to get rid of this plague of snipers, who account for heavy casualties among the civilians—perhaps a week or so—but with the smashing of the central hive this activity in sniping and ambushes becomes little more than a public nuisance. It will disappear almost of itself.

However fanatical or desperate, these young men cannot continue against the positive ill-will of the population. What is astonishing is the number of youths of good families who are engaged in this unsavory work.

REBELS ARE ROUTED IN DONEGAL TOWNS

Free State Troops Capture Garrisons at Letterkenney, Buncrana and Cardonagh.

ENDS BRIGANDAGE THERE

Raiders Had Terrorized the District for Weeks, Frequently Holding Up Trains.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDONDERRY, Ireland, June 30.—Operations on an extensive scale were carried out from an early hour this morning by Free State troops in Donegal. The object was to round up Republican Army irregulars who have been raiding trains, seizing property and carrying out a systematic campaign of terrorism during the last couple of months. These bands had occupied mansions in the districts of Letterkenny, Rappoe, Burnfoot, Cardonagh, Ballyshannon and other centres, and a concerted effort was made today by the Free State forces to terminate this brigandage.

About 3 o'clock in the morning a detachment equipped with rifles, bombs and machine guns surrounded a Ballymacool house, near Letterkenny, the property of a loyalist, which the irregulars had commandeered. One hour was given for their surrender, but the rebels failed to comply, and fifteen minutes after the expiration of the stipulated time the Free State forces opened fire, the irregulars replying with rifles and revolvers. A section of the defenders were dislodged by the use of bombs, splinters of which wounded two of them. The entire party, numbering twenty, with a large quantity of arms, ammunition, grenades and stolen motors, then surrendered.

At Buncrana there was a bloodless battle. The Free State forces took possession of the roads, railway station and telephone and telegraph offices to prevent the irregulars receiving reinforcements.

A sentry who held up a motor car at 4 o'clock in the morning found it to contain the leader of the irregulars and five of his men, all armed. They were arrested. At 7 o'clock the Free Staters surrounded and commandeered the mansion occupied by the irregulars, to whom they gave fifteen minutes to surrender. The irregulars complied within that time. They and all their ammunition and firearms were taken to the Free State headquarters.

Later in the day 100 Free State troops commandeered a train at Buncrana and proceeded to Clonmany, Cardonagh and other points to round up irregulars operating in the Inishowen Peninsula. Six Crossley tenders packed with Free Staters from Moville, converged on Cardonagh, where it is reported the insurgents are offering resistance.

Irregular strongholds at Ballyshannon, Fisher Camp and Bundoran were also attacked and capitulated after a sharp fight in which some casualties are reported.

As a result of these operations the irregulars for the first time for many weeks did not hold up any Great Northern trains between Strabane and Londonderry.

After about twenty minutes firing, troops operating in North Donegal captured this evening the Cardonagh police barracks, which had been occupied by irregulars. The leaders of the insurgents was wounded and the garrison put out the white flag.

Commandant General Sweeney carried out operations in South Donegal with success and without sustaining any casualties to his forces. One irregular was killed and three wounded. Fisher Camp, the largest stronghold of the mutineers in the county, was surrounded after a sharp engagement and over 200 prisoners were taken.

At Bundoran and Ballyshannon barracks occupied by the irregulars were captured. The column of Irish troops [illegible] in North Donegal are [illegible] to communicate a sweep into the [illegible] of the county.

Fighting 15th Instant

ROCKEFELLER DEATH TAXES $60,000,000

Inheritance Dues Are Figured on a Total Estate of $200,000,000.

$50,000,000 GOES TO U. S.

Executor Garver Silent When Asked if Personal Instructions Were Left for Charities.

Inheritance taxes amounting to $60,000,000 may have to be paid by the estate of William Rockefeller, who died on June 24 at Tarrytown, and whose will was filed for probate in the Surrogate's Court on Thursday by the executors, William G. and Percy A. Rockefeller, sons, and John A. Garver of the law firm of Sherman & Sterling. The figure would include both Federal and State taxes.

The estimated amount of the taxes on the Rockefeller fortune is based on $200,000,000 as the value of the estate. At the time of Mr. Rockefeller's death the belief was expressed by his friends that his holdings were worth anywhere from $150,000,000 to $200,000,000.

Should the estate total $200,000,000, the inheritance taxes to be paid over to the Federal Government would be $49,109,000, according to Mark Eisner, attorney, of 17 East Forty-second Street, who was Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue during the incumbency of William H. Edwards as Collector. Mr. Eisner said the manner in which the estate was perpetuated in the Rockefeller family would have no bearing on the amount of Federal inheritance taxes.

"The estimated inheritance taxes which the Government will receive from the estate of Mr. Rockefeller," explained Mr. Eisner, "will be approximately $49,109,000, the estimate being based on a $50,000 exemption, and on the estimated $200,000,000 valuation of the estate."

He intimated that the State taxes might run anywhere from $6,000,000 to $8,000,000, but without access to the schedules he would make no positive statement. When inquiries relative to the probable amount of the State inheritance taxes were made at the offices of the State Income Tax Bureau, Inheritance Tax Division, it was said that there were seven penalties under which the estimates would have to be figured, and that this would consume many hours. In view of the absence of any charitable or public bequests in the will, Executor Garver was asked whether Mr. Rockefeller had left any personal instructions, or otherwise implied, before his death, that the legatees were to make any public gifts.

"I am unable to discuss this matter," replied Mr. Garver.

'King of Bootleggers' Gets 18-Month Sentence, One of the Most Severe Yet Inflicted Here

John T. Vannata, regarded in Brooklyn as the "king of bootleggers," was convicted late yesterday afternoon in the Federal Court in Brooklyn on an indictment charging conspiracy to violate the Volstead act. Judge Chatfield sentenced the defendant to eighteen months in the Federal Prison in Atlanta, and to pay a fine of $5,000. This is one of the heaviest penalties imposed in this section for a violation of the Prohibition law. Vannata's counsel gave notice of an appeal. The jury was out about four hours before arriving at a verdict.

Vannata is alleged to have made large sums of money in bootleg operations. At the trial a sister of the defendant testified that she had deposited large sums of money in a bank and at one time had $140,000 to her credit, given to her by her brother. Vannata was formerly in the drug business at Bath Beach. The indictment alleged that he sold 200 cases of liquor to Alfred E. Farrell, a former bank paying teller, now serving a sentence of nine years and six months in Atlanta Prison for embezzling funds of the bank. Farrell was brought to Brooklyn and was one of the principal witnesses against the defendant.

The taking of testimony in the case was concluded Thursday afternoon and yesterday morning Judge Chatfield charged the jury. In the afternoon the jury called for the testimony of Farrell and shortly afterward filed into the court room with the verdict of guilty.

LOCKWOOD RETIRES FROM PUBLIC LIFE

Chairman of Housing Committee Will Not Seek Re-election to the Senate.

ILL HEALTH ONE REASON

He Will Serve With the Committee Until the End of the Year.

Senator Charles C. Lockwood of Kings, for the last three years head of the Joint Legislative Housing Committee, will not seek re-election to the Senate. He made the announcement to members of his district organization in Brooklyn at a dinner in his honor on Thursday night and yesterday repeated what he had said to them.

Ill health is given by Senator Lockwood as his reason for wanting to retire from public life for a time at least. There have been times in recent years when members of his family, his friends and his colleagues in the Senate have expressed grave anxiety for Senator Lockwood on account of his severe application to his work in the Legislature and his duties as head of the Lockwood Committee.

In the Senate Mr. Lockwood was head of the Committee on Education and in that capacity drafted and pressed to final passage the various equal salary bills that were presented on behalf of the teachers and other important measures affecting the educational system of the State. While somewhat out of sympathy with Governor Miller's legislative program, he is regarded generally as one of the ablest and most valuable members of the upper house at Albany. During the last few weeks while the Senator has been considering the question of accepting a renomination, Republican leaders both in Kings and other sections of the city and State have urged him to say in the Senate for the present. Senator Lockwood was mentioned for a place on the State ticket in 1920 when he probably would have received the nomination for State Controller but for the fact that a rival candidate appeared from Brooklyn in his colleague, Senator Burlingame.

Senator Lockwood was first elected to the upper House in 1914, after prior service in the Assembly as representative of the Fifth Assembly District in Brooklyn. His only unlucky political venture was as a candidate for Controller on the Coalition ticket in the Mayoralty election last year. He was defeated, but he ran away ahead of Major Henry H. Curran, who headed the ticket as candidate for Mayor.

The work of the Housing Committee by this time is practically completed, and all that remains is the preparation of its report and legislative program to be presented to the 1923 Legislature. Part of the committee's legislative program was put through at this year's session, with Senator Lockwood sponsor for the committee measures.

"Yes," said Senator Lockwood at his Brooklyn home last night, "I intend to retire from active political life and give some attention to my private affairs, my health, my home, my wife and my law practice. All told, I have given nine years of my time to political questions, affairs of State and civic problems, particularly teachers' equal pay, housing problems and the like. So, I think it is about time to look after my own problems a little, my health and my happiness. My recent ill health has had some influence with me in reaching this decision, although I have somewhat recovered from my illness."

Senator Lockwood said he would continue in active service with the Housing Committee until the end of the year and would volunteer his services as assistant counsel after his term expires, if he were needed.

MAYOR OLES QUITS HIS 'THANKLESS' JOB

"I Will Be Selling Bananas at My Market on Saturday," He Informs Youngstown.

OVERRULED IN POLICE ROW

Says He Can't Carry Out Plans With Everyone Against Him—Friends in Demonstration.

Special to The New York Times.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, June 30.—Mayor George L. Oles, elected on an independent ticket after a startling campaign, has resigned. In a statement explaining his efforts at governing Youngstown and his reasons for quitting, Oles said: "My head is full of public troubles and of praise, enough to last me the rest of my life." But, he added, "no matter what I do, I make enemies."

Oles says it is impossible to carry out his plans with everybody working against him.

"Hedged in by red tape and civil service regulations it is extremely difficult if not impossible to further my plans," Oles said.

He also attacked local business men who were instrumental in having a petition signed to retain twenty-five policemen he had discharged. The members of the police force who were discharged were preparing a suit to have the Mayor ousted, asserting he was elected illegally.

The men were reinstated by Common Pleas Court yesterday, and this action irritated the Mayor to such an extent that he announced his resignation immediately after hearing of the court's action.

"I will be selling bananas at my market after 9 o'clock Saturday morning," the Mayor told a delegation that visited him tonight. "I've tried my utmost to do what is right as far as my best judgment directed. I have decided to quit and nothing will change my mind.

"Never sell yourself. That's what I would not do and that's why I'm resigning. If you have any children keep them out of public life. Make them into men and women. They can't become men and women if they enter public life.

"It is true I have not done nearly what I expected to do. However, I have been able to accomplish a great deal. I cleaned off your old diamond and made it green. I cleaned off the steps from the city property and made it accessible to you.

"I have enforced the curfew ordinance, keeping the children off the street at night.

Says He Rid Town of Booze.

"Now comes the most vital point, and that is the booze question. I have practically cleaned the town of booze. Many notorious buildings are standing empty.

"Talk about a thankless job. If there ever was one on earth, there is none compared to this. I have given away $2,500 of the hardest-earned money I have earned or will earn, and I receive five thank yous. Wonderful!"

Oles was referring to the gift of his salary to charity.

"I cut the city budget for next year $300,000," he added, "and only one taxpayer wrote to thank me for what I did.

"I have put Youngstown on the map, not only in this country, but throughout the world," he continued.

"It's impossible for me to do what I want to do. I'm tired. I'm through.

"I don't expect to vote again. I don't even want to see a voting booth again, the way I feel now," he concluded.

Many prominent citizens from all parts of the city called on the Mayor tonight in an effort to induce him to change his mind about resigning. Numerous women were in the delegation.

Cheers for Oles greeted the speakers at a public demonstration held in Central Square late tonight, protesting against Oles's resignation. The gathering, estimated at more than 500, heard the orators talk on the many reforms Oles accomplished during his six months' reign here.

L. Lundgren of the Erie Railroad shops was the chief speaker, and urged the citizens to call on Oles early tomorrow, before the special session of the City Council met to accept Oles's resignation.

Applause was constant and prolonged throughout the meeting. Huge banners were visible in the throngs, some of them reading "We Want Oles," "Oles Stick," "Why Quit? the People Are With You."

Dead to Pleas of Friends.

Mayor Oles retired at 10 o'clock tonight, going to his room in his country mansion with the declaration that his public life would end tomorrow. He was cheered by hundreds as he left the office on his homeward journey.

The resignation of Oles adds the climax to a stormy eleventh term as Chief Executive of the city. A continual fight has been raging between the Mayor and politicians since his election into office.

William G. Reese, Vice Mayor and President of the City Council, will automatically succeed Oles as Mayor. Reese

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Stowaway Held as Aid in Rathenau Murder Admits Here He Knew All About the Plot

Department of Justice Agents went aboard the United States Line steamer President Taft at Hoboken yesterday and questioned Max Siebert Petersen, a young Prussian stowaway, who was quoted by passengers as saying he belonged to the Ehrhardt "Organization Council," members of which have been accused by the Ebert Government of the assassination of Dr. Walter Rathenau. Petersen, it was said, declared he "knew all about" the plot to kill the German Foreign Minister, but professed not to have been implicated in the actual murder.

Petersen secreted himself on board the President Taft at Bremen the day before Dr. Rathenau was shot down. Petersen and Hans Niebuhr, another stowaway, were discovered a day out in No. 1 hatch. Radio messages from Berlin asking that a search be made for possible participants in the crime led to the finding of Petersen and Niebuhr.

Petersen at first assumed an arrogant attitude, according to Captain Frank T. Burchard. Later during the voyage, in talks with passengers and ship officers, he revealed information which was deemed of sufficient importance to call the attention of the Government thereto. Saying that he was blacklisted by the Ebert Government he declared he left before the assassination [illegible] today.

Passengers also quoted Petersen as telling them it was part of the conspiracy that all who were in any way connected with it should scatter to different countries. It was recalled that his statement fitted in with dispatches from Germany stating that members of the Ehrhardt organization had fled in all directions from Berlin. Petersen told immigration officials that his life would not be spared if he were deported. He made no effort, it was said, to conceal his monarchistic leanings, and spoke in derision of the present régime in Germany.

Petersen, who is 28 years old, was well groomed and gave evidences of high breeding and good education. He spoke English fluently and seemed to understand the questions put to him by the Department of Justice men except as one of the agents put it, "when he didn't want to understand." He said that during the war he was a marine aviator stationed at Zeebrugge. He told of post-war activities as an instructor in flying in Afghanistan and Persia. Petersen said he was married and lived near Berlin.

Petersen seemed keenly alive to his predicament and carefully parried questions which he deemed of too personal a nature, it was said. He will be further questioned today.

400,000 RAILROAD SHOPMEN QUIT TODAY BUT WAY MAINTENANCE MEN WILL DELAY JEWELL DEFIANT, FLOUTS LABOR BOARD

"Trains Will Run, Strike or No Strike," Railway Executives Unite in Declaring

CHICAGO, June 30 (Associated Press).—"The trains will continue to run, strike or no strike," railway executives united in declaring tonight after the efforts of the United States Railroad Labor Board to halt a strike of 400,000 shopmen, set for tomorrow, had met with apparent failure.

Neither the maintenance-of-way employes, who also have been taking a strike vote, but who have decided not to walk out tomorrow, nor the shop crafts mechanics, who are scheduled to throw down their tools at 10 o'clock tomorrow, have anything to do with the actual operation of the trains, the railway managers explained.

That work, it was explained, is carried out by the "Big Four" Brotherhoods, whose International Presidents issued orders yesterday that their members should continue to carry out their usual duties, irrespective of any strike action on the part of the other unions. The maintenance-of-way men comprise the track repair gangs and other semi-skilled labor. The shop crafts workers, who are more vital to the efficient operation of a road, make repairs on rolling stock.

Railway managers said, however, that their present equipment would be adequate for several months and that emergency repairs might be made in outside shops. They estimated that it would be at least three months before a walk-out of shop crafts employes would seriously impair the efficiency of either passenger or freight transportation.

The traveling public and the shippers will not know there is a strike except by reading about it in the newspapers," declared one executive.

Another railway head pointed to the case of the Western Maryland, where, he said, the shopmen had struck three months ago, but that road was still in operation.

"You can overhaul your fishing tackle and make sure that your favorite 'muskie' line has no frayed spots just as if there were no rail strike," was the assurance given by one railway executive to vacationists.

Meanwhile railroad ticket offices reported no drop in the demand for Pullman and rail accommodations for the Fourth of July holiday. Officials of the best lines told a similar story.

"We support the railroads [illegible] in the threatened rail strike, for the present at least," Hale Holden, President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, said. "Our trains will continue to run as heretofore. We have adequate power to handle [illegible] and sufficient power to insure running our trains unimpeded."

William F. Finley, President of the Chicago & Northwestern, stated also that the impending strike would have no immediate effect on that road. "The strike will not affect the running of our trains," he stated, "and all trains will run on schedule as usual."

"I can see no serious interference with traffic on the Chicago Great Western Railroad due to the threatened strike," C. L. Hinkle, General Manager of that road, said. "We will not quit running our trains just because the shop men decide to strike.

"If we haven't enough men to keep our equipment in shape we will hire other men," he declared. "All of our trains will be run on time as usual."

HARDING WILL URGE LASTING COAL PEACE

He Will Put It to Both Sides to Undertake Thorough Reorganization Themselves.

MAY ASK MINERS TO RETURN

But They Would Accept Only at Their Old Wages, Is the General Belief.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Administration's final effort to end the coal strike by persuasive means will be made tomorrow morning when President Harding will meet with fifty operators and mine union officials.

When he addresses the conference the President will go beyond seeking a temporary settlement of the strike and will urge miners and operators to agree to take steps leading to a thorough reorganization of the coal industry. Without this reorganization the President and his advisers see no hope of permanent peace in bituminous coal fields.

Should miners and operators accept the Federal Government's plea to work out some mutual plan for disposing of their differences, the indications are that the President will then ask the miners whether they will return to work pending the result of the joint conference. There is little doubt as to what the miners reply would be to such a proposal, namely, that they would return to work at the present wage scale, but it appears tonight that objections would come from the operators unless the miners would agree to reductions.

There were rumors this morning that the miners might be ordered to report back to work next Monday, but when skepticism was expressed at the White House the rumor, which came from an official source, died an obscure death.

About twenty-five mine union officials and an equal number of operators will meet with President Harding and Secretaries Hoover and Davis tomorrow. The President will tell the gathering that the Administration has no authority at present to end the strike. He intends to make no threats of drastic action and he will make no attempt to compel an agreement. He hopes that the miners and operators will be willing to confer, analyze conditions in the coal industry and seek a settlement without Government interference. One stipulation, however, he will make, and that will be that the Federal Government will be represented in the conference, probably by either Secretary Hoover or Secretary Davis, or both.

It is the President's opinion that it will be useless to attempt to settle the strike without consideration of the fundamental problems of the industry. The Administration's view of these problems has been made known frequently at the White House and by Secretary Hoover. It will be reiterated tomorrow by the President.

Briefly, the President is concerned over the prodigal methods by which bituminous coal is mined. His information is that there are 34 per cent. more miners than are needed for full time operation. Without adjustment of the coal industry to provide for steadier employment, President Harding sees little

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PRESIDENT STANDS BEHIND LABOR BOARD

Full Support of Administration Pledged to Its Efforts to Avert Railroad Strike.

APPROVES WAGE DECISIONS

White House Believes They Conform to Standards of Living in the Localities Affected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The full support of the Harding Administration is behind the efforts of the United States Railroad Labor Board to avert a railroad strike. President Harding is understood to feel that the Federal Government is in a better position to step into the railway labor situation than into the coal strike. The strike against the decisions of the United States Railroad Labor Board will be regarded as an outright defiance of the attempts of the Government to obtain a peaceable settlement.

It was said with unusual emphasis at the White House today that the President insisted that the position taken by the Federal Government must be accepted as supreme. He holds that the Railroad Labor Board is the one agency for the expression of the judgment of the Government on railway wages and he has confidence in the decisions of this board. These decisions will be insisted upon by the Administration as representing whatever authority over railroad wage disputes has been conferred upon the Federal Government by legislation. As the President is represented as viewing the situation, he sees no difference between labor's resistance to the board's wage reductions and the evasion of fixed wage scales by railroad managements concluding outside contracts. He looks upon either as a defiance of the judgment of the Railroad Labor Board.

Ben W. Hooper, Chairman of the Board, has kept President Harding in touch with the developments of the Chicago negotiations. It is the White House opinion, based upon these reports, that there has been gross misrepresentation of the Labor Board's approval of wage reductions. Mr. Hooper has assured the President that wage reductions of maintenance-of-way men have not been framed upon the minimum living wage. Opponents of the wage cut have declared that in some Northern districts employes in this branch of transportation would be unable to make both ends meet should some of the wage scales authorized by the Labor Board be put into effect.

A reply to these statements was made at the White House this afternoon. It was explained that maintenance-of-way employes enjoyed different standards of living in various parts of the country, and that the proposed reductions had taken this situation into consideration. In the South and Southwest, it was pointed out, section hands had a much lower living scale than in the North, where common labor had higher expenses to meet and the Labor Board's wage scale observed a balance between these varying conditions.

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Subpoena Fails to Find Jewell, Refusing to Attend Hearing.

SO STRIKE ORDER STANDS

But Grable Assures Board Way Men's Executives Will Wait Till Monday at Least.

RAILROADS GIVE PROMISES

Their Agreement to End Outside Contracting May Avert Other Strikes Proposed.

Maintenance of Way Men Ordered to Remain at Work

DETROIT, Mich., (Saturday) July 1 (Associated Press).—All maintenance of way forces throughout the United States were ordered to remain at work, pending the outcome of a conference of officials of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way employes and railway shop laborers, in Chicago, July 5, telegrams sent out from the union headquarters of the organization here early today over the signature of E. F. Grable, Grand President, was announced from headquarters at 1:40 o'clock this morning.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 30.—[illegible] head of the railway shop crafts flouted and defied the Railroad Labor Board this afternoon by refusing to appear at the special meeting the board called for an official investigation of the proposed strike of 400,000 shopmen of the country expected to walk out at 10 A. M. tomorrow.

The peace efforts of the Labor Board did not fall completely, however, for the threatened strike of the maintenance of way employes was postponed by the board's intervention until Monday at least. B. F. Grable, President of the maintenance of way men, who was one of only three leaders to attend the board session, gave assurances to that effect to Ben W. Hooper, Chairman.

When Jewell failed to appear Hooper promptly issued a subpoena for him, but he could not be found. Presidents of the federated shop unions had followed his example and stayed away.

Hooper Rebukes Jewell.

Although ignoring the summons, Jewell sent a statement of his position to the board. In it he said:

"If the telegram of the Railroad Labor Board of June 29 ('ordering' the shopmen's leaders to the conference) means that the board is going to the shopmen that the status quo until a decision is reached, then the shopmen's strike is void."

He referred to the ruling of the Federal Circuit Court that the Railroad Labor Board were outlaws, and then said:

"Being an administrative branch of the Government, the board cannot order railroad employes into unacceptable employment. The Transportation Act does not and cannot grant the board authority to coerce railroad employes into unacceptable employment.

"When Chairman Hooper [illegible] journed the meeting with the statement that no further efforts to forestall a strike would be made, he administered a severe rebuke to Jewell because of his failure to appear. Said Mr. Hooper:

"'Mr. Jewell has flouted the duly constituted tribunal charged with the duty and responsibility to investigate this matter, not only in the interest of the public, but in the interest of the railroad organizations and the railroad employes and carriers.

"'He has shouldered the responsibility of his own volition, and in spite of the desires to pursue the matter further.'"

Mr. Hooper said that Jewell apparently had assumed that "the board was trying to interfere with his right to call a strike, a thing which the board never dreamed of doing."

The Chairman asserted that it was the aim of the board was to "make an inquiry." He added that there was no reason to feel that the board's action would mean "to [illegible] the status quo in the matter of traffic."

Mr. Hooper [illegible] "ample power" to [illegible] presence as a witness [illegible] to the controversy, but as a witness material facts [illegible] "Jewell [illegible] found, proper [illegible] would have been taken to compel [illegible].

Nevertheless [illegible] said, "no good purpose could be served by pursuing the proposal of Mr. Jewell at [illegible] journed hearing tomorrow, the date for the shop strike.

"So far as Mr. Hooper [illegible] let his

When you think of writing, think of Writing. Have Odhner make it.

...proposed to take up ... counsel the developments at ...ying hour today and such other ... as are pertinent to the decisions ...fore you, before you order the strike ...and that it be held in abeyance until ...that is done?"

Mr. Grable answered: "The strike order will be held in abeyance until such time as we have a general representative vote and a big majority of that vote calls for the action. We have a council meeting on the 24."

Hooper Exhorts Roads' Executives.

Following the evidence of Mr. Grable, Chairman Hooper turned to the railroad representatives present. He said to them:

"A curious little thought just popped into my mind. I want every man among the railway officials here who came up from the ranks to stand up. This is a Methodist meeting for a minute or two."

It seemed as if the executives rose in a body. The majority of them had once been in the labor ranks.

I had a talk with a railroad president this morning," said Mr. Hooper, after the men had resumed their seats. "He worked for $15 a month on a railroad when he was 13 years old. Probably he is here now."

Then the Chairman continued, in a mood almost apologetic:

"I want you men present here, who are authorized to represent your roads, to get out of this contracting, which is in violation of the decisions of this board and, as we believe, the Transportation act. We want you to announce that fact now in the interest not only of industrial peace on your roads, but in the interests of fair play to your men.

"I am not asking you to say your action has been illegal because we differ about that. I think it has been illegal and you are firmly of the opinion that it has not been illegal and you have been so advised, many of you by your counsel on your roads, and the board is not vindictive about this matter, and never has been because we realize that it is a policy that existed before the Transportation act was ever thought of, and you were merely following a practice that had been prevalent upon many roads in the country before Federal control and before the subsequent enactment of the transportation law. We are not asking you to concede-you have violated the law; not even asking you to say you never will do any more contracting, but we are asking you to make this simple, frank, plain announcement, that the American people will approve of, and your stand is in need as much of approval of public sentiment in this country as in any set of men I know of, because you are continually answerable to the public, conducting a great public utility as you are.

"But what I want you to do is simply to say that you will withdraw from the contract policy upon your road, will cut the contracts that are now out standing, and that you have no present intention of going back into it.

"That you don't do it in the face of a threat to strike. You are not doing anything when you say that; that is, showing any lack of manhood or courage or moral courage, but you are simply expressing a desire to put yourself in line with the decision of this board, which is a Government tribunal."

Promises by the Executives.

Jacob Arunson, general counsel for the New York Central System, read a statement declaring that it was the belief of that company that it had acted within its legal rights.

"In the interest of harmony, however," he said, "and with a definite view of removing every last vestige of colorable cause of complaint, these carriers are prepared now to say to the board, without prejudice to their legal rights, that if, and only if, such action will avoid a strike, they will undertake, as soon as they may do so, to end the agreements of these carriers, which have been involved in the hearings this week, that cover repair of equipment."

Ralph M. Shaw, General Counsel of the Chicago Great Western, said:

"The Chicago Great Western Railroad Company believes that there is involved in the proceeding before the board today a much larger question than the discussion of technical legal rights. This company will take immediate steps to cancel the contracts in question."

E. E. Byram, President of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, said:

"We are prepared to discontinue any contracts we have that are in violation of the board's award."

Ralph Budd, speaking for the Great Northern Railroad, said:

"If the board believes we are in violation of its orders, we will cancel the contract."

F. H. Alfred, speaking for the Pere Marquette Road, said that the shops would resume Monday under direct supervision of the road.

J. H. Kurn, for the St. Louis & San Francisco road, said they had only one contract, and they would cancel that.

W. G. Biere, President of the Chicago & Alton, told of a contract for handling coal, sand and cinders, and said it was "harmful to the movement now in progress" to propose to cancel it.

Hale Holden, of the Colorado & Southern said: "If it is a question of contracting on the Wheeling & Lake Erie property that we are cited before your board on, we will hit the trail and go on the penitent's bench and say that we will stop it."

Following the announcements by the railroads H. H. Fitzgerald, head of the railway clerks and freight handlers' organization, said that a strike vote was being taken on about sixty of the 201 class 1 railroads, but that no strike order was in immediate prospect.

D. W. Holt, chief of signal men, made a similar report for his organization.

It was freely predicted tonight that the maintenance of way officials will finally decide to withhold the strike order. W. L. McDermmon, one of the labor members of the Railroad Labor Board, is credited with having been instrumental in inducing Mr. Grable to take the stand he did.

The maintenance of way men controller the track repair gangs and other semi-skilled and unskilled labor. With the maintenance of way men, rail freight heads assert, would be comparatively easy to replace.

Shopmen 99 Per Cent. for Strike.

CHICAGO, June 30 (Associated Press).—Completion of the railway shopmen's strike vote tonight showed that 98 per cent. of the ballots were in favor of the walkout, it was announced tonight by John Scott, Secretary of the Shop Crafts Union.

"Nothing can avert the walkout except a change in the attitude of the railway managements overnight," said Mr. Scott.

"The 99 per cent. vote was the average of the ballots on all three questions on which the shop workers voted, Mr. Scott said.

"There is absolutely no doubt about the result and the men will be out tomorrow morning," he said. "The roads have made no overtures which would justify a suspension of the strike call. They have taken a defiant attitude and our men are just as defiant."

The ballots, which were sent out three weeks ago, were on the proposition of striking over these three questions:

1. The $60,000,000 wage cut, effective tomorrow, ordered by the Railroad Labor Board.

2. Modification of seven rules, wiping out time and one-half for overtime work, and affecting physical examinations, changes made by the Labor Board.

3. The farming out of shop work to outside firms, alleged illegal reductions of pay and installation of piece work on certain roads.

Withdrawal of the support of the maintenance-of-way men, it was declared, would act as a damper on the shop men's strike and the announcement that the farming out of shop work would be discontinued by a majority of the roads involved in the shop men's contract grievance, was said to be another incentive to kill the strike move at the last minute.

SAYS HARDING CAN STOP IT

But Only by Having Labor Board Reverse Wage Decision, Declares Union Man.

SYRACUSE, June 30.—Only intervention by President Harding, resulting in the revoking of the wage-cut decision by the Railroad Labor Board, can stop the strike of railroad shop crafts tomorrow, according to Thomas H. Hart, General Chairman of carmen on the New York Central Lines.

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The 2,000 shopmen in the Syracuse and De Witt unions are prepared to walk out, he said.

NEW ENGLAND ROADS READY.

New Haven to Look After Food First, With Autos to Help Trains.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 30.—"Shop men on the New Haven system will stop work tomorrow," said John G. Ready, President of the system federation, this afternoon. He added:

"I expect shops all over the system will be entirely cleaned out at that time, and I hope we will not receive any information to the contrary."

The only statement from the general offices of the New Haven road was that in the event of a strike it was expected that the food supply will be looked after as automobiles might be used to augment rail service.

BOSTON, June 30.—Shopmen of the Boston & Maine Railroad served notice today on the road officials that they would go on strike at 10 A. M. Saturday. B. R. Pollock, Vice President and General Manager of the road, said in a statement:

"We are advertising for the necessary men to replace those who leave the service and are hopeful that the response will be general. The rates to be paid will be those named by the recent decision of the Labor Board, which generally are substantially in excess of those being paid for similar employment in outside industries.

"In the meantime trains will continue to run, the extent of the service depending somewhat upon the number of men obtainable of the places of those who leave the service."

BANGOR, Me., June 30.—Percy R. Todd, President of the Bangor & Aroostook Railway, in a communication to the maintenance of way employes and shop laborers, points out that all strikes on the road in the past have been unsuccessful and that the strikers lost their positions.

UP-STATE SHOPMEN TO QUIT.

Non-Union Men Will Be Put On in Some Places.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 30.—Three hundred members of the shop crafts' unions will cease work in the yards and round houses in this city tomorrow morning in obedience to the strike call. The largest force is employed by the Delaware & Hudson. Arrangements are being made, it is said, to fill the vacancies with non-union men.

It is unofficially stated that 95 per cent. of the Binghamton employes voted to strike.

HORNELL, N. Y., June 30.—Union officials say that 1,000 men will have the Erie shops out tomorrow.

Robert E. Woodruff, Regional Manager of the Erie, declared that Erie trains would be kept in operation, strike or no strike.

OLEAN, N. Y., June 30.—Following receipt of strike orders, union officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad shops today said that all the 1,200 shopmen will quit work tomorrow.

APPEALS TO B. & O. WORKERS.

Galloway Urges That They Should Not Strike.

C. W. Galloway, Vice President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, has addressed a special letter to employes about the threatened strike. He says the movement for a strike was in protest against three things—acceptance of piece work, the right of the railroads to lease their shops to contractors and the rates of pay and working conditions prescribed by the Railroad Labor Board.

Mr. Galloway says the company has not undertaken to re-establish piece work and is operating all its shops with its own forces. It is further stated that the road has at all times lived up to the decision of the Railroad Labor Board.

Under these circumstances," continues Mr. Galloway, "there is no valid reason why any of the employes should withdraw from the service of the company. Any considerable interruption to the services of the Baltimore & Ohio would result in serious loss and inconvenience to the public and also loss of wages, with consequent hardships not only to the employes directly involved, but the many thousands indirectly affected by such action."

MORE P. R. R. MEN AGREE.

5,500 Clerical and Station Workers Accept Wage Cut.

CHICAGO, June 30.—About 5,500 men of the clerical and station forces of the Northwestern region of the Pennsylvania Railroad signed an agreement today on a reduction of wages, it was announced tonight by T. B. Hamilton, General Manager of the region.

The agreement was reached between elected representatives of the employes and officials of the road.

ERIE ASKS CIVIC SUPPORT.

Regional Manager Makes Appeal at Elmira.

ELMIRA, N. Y., June 30.—Robert E. Woodruff, regional manager for the Erie Railroad, with offices at Hornell, appealed tonight to civic bodies to stand with the railroad "in moral support in the event of a strike." He said the Erie had plans to increase the shop plants at Hornell and the proposed strike might greatly retard the development.

Local labor leaders stated that if men were imported by the company they would not be interfered with at any time on railroad property. The railroad men in case of a strike would remain away from railroad property, their officials declared.

EXECUTIVES HERE TAKE STRIKE CALMLY

But Special Police Protection Is Requested for Jersey City Shops.

PLAN VIGILANCE COMMITTEE

Railroad Managers Ready to Work Together on the Basis Arranged Last Fall.

The nation-wide strike of the railroad shopmen, scheduled to begin this morning at 10 o'clock by the walk-out of 500,000 of these workers, seemed to cause little uneasiness last night among the executives of the railroads entering New York City or having their terminals across the Hudson River in New Jersey. Confidence was expressed that all of the roads had sufficient reserve facilities to cope with any emergency that might arise and that there would be no delays because of lack of equipment.

At the request of officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad, details of eight policemen will be sent to the Third and Fifth Jersey City Precincts to be held in reserve for strike duty if the need should arise. The policemen at the Third Precinct will be ready to guard the machine shops and roundhouse at Waldo Avenue, and those at the Fifth Precinct will be available in case of trouble at the roundhouse at the foot of Gates Avenue. Deputy Chief Thomas Wolfe said that no disorder was expected, but that it was thought best to be ready for a possible emergency.

No special precautions have been taken by the New York City police, as there are practically no railroad shops in the city. Orders were issued to Brooklyn headquarters to keep in touch with the situation, as a few electrical workers in the Long Island Railroad shops are expected to go out on strike this morning.

Some skepticism was expressed as to the ability of the union leaders to start a general strike of the magnitude predicted, but in the event that they should, arrangements were said to have been made to revive the Vigilance Committee of general managers, headed by E. M. Rine of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western. This committee was organized last Fall to direct the defense of the railroads against the threatened strike of the four brotherhoods, which did not materialize. Revival of this committee, it was said, would provide an agency for the pooling of the railroads' resources in meeting the need for repairs and equipment of individual roads.

A further statement of its position in regard to the various wage disagreements with the shopmen was issued last night by the New York Central Lines. Installation of the piece-work system was said to have considerably increased the wages of the men at the shops in Elkhart, Ind. The statement read in part:

"At the Elkhart shops, where the system has been in effect since December, 1921, we find that during the month of April, 1922, the average hourly earnings on the piecework basis of the eighty-six machinists there employed were $1.10 per hour, against a rate on an hourly basis of 77 cents; that the thirty machinists' helpers on the piecework basis average 70 cents per hour against a rate on the hourly basis of 54 cents; that the thirty-nine boilermakers employed at the shop averaged $1.19 per hour, against an hourly rate of 77 cents; that the thirty-three boilermakers' helpers earned an average of 82 cents per hour on the piecework basis, against an hourly rate of 54 cents; that all the blacksmiths averaged well over $1, against varying rates ranging from 77 to 87 cents an hour.

"The amount of overtime work by the men is shown to be so altogether insignificant as not to be of any consequence. Not a single man in the shop working on the piecework basis earned less than he would have received on the hourly basis. The average earnings of the employes are greatly in excess of what would have been paid at the hourly rates."

Workmen at the Elkhart and other shops have petitioned for the retention of the piecework system, according to the statement, but the charge has been made by union officials that these petitions were inspired by the company.

Denial of any intention to re-establish the piecework system was made by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company. "This company has not undertaken to re-establish piecework and has had no negotiations with its employes looking to a resumption of this practice," its statement read. "There are no differences between the management and the men on this point."

The Baltimore & Ohio also denied any dabbling in contract work by subletting jobs to contractors who paid less than the union scale, but said it might resort to this if the strike issue was forced. "Should those now employed withdraw from the service," said Vice President C. W. Galloway, "there is only one course for the Baltimore & Ohio to pursue, and that is to endeavor to operate so as to serve the Government and the public. It will exert every possible effort to that end, even to the extent of letting its shops and contracting its work, if by the resulting conditions that should be forced upon it."

At the local offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad it was said that negotiations between the company and its shopmen were still in progress. The Pennsylvania deals directly with its men, who are organized in a so-called "company union," and has proceeded independently of both the Railroad Labor Board and the other railroads in the case controversies of the last few months. Its maintenance of way men, who are threatening to go out on a general strike, recently accepted a wage cut voluntarily.

DIVISIONS OF SHOP CRAFTS.

Carmen Comprise the Largest Group, Having 160,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 30.—This table, prepared from information supplied by the Federated Shop Crafts, indicates the number of men in each craft expected to go on strike:

International Association Machinists	60,000
International Brotherhood of Boilermakers, Iron Shipbuilders and Helpers of America	18,000
International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths, Drop Forgers and Helpers of America	10,000
Amalgamated Sheetmetal Workers International Alliance	11,000
International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers	13,000
Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America	160,000
Helpers not included above	110,000
Apprentices	30,000
Total	401,000

Blow to the Public, Says Edgerton.

John E. Edgerton, President of the National Association of Manufacturers, in commenting on the railroad labor situation yesterday, said that a strike of railroad workers would be a tremendous blow to the public. He added that railroad labor had no valid excuse for calling a strike in the matter of wage adjustments. He also expressed the opinion that the influence of the saner officials of the unions will cause it to be of very short duration."

Reading Shopmen Won't Walk Out.

READING, Pa., June 30.—It was authoritatively stated here tonight that there would be no walkout by the shopmen employed on the Reading system tomorrow. The 4,000 men employed in the maintenance of way department on the subject of taking a vote on a walkout in reply, was sent to labor leaders that the Reading Company's shopmen will not desire to take a ballot on that issue.

Santa Fe Shopmen to Lose Pensions.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 30.—Shop craft employes of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company were warned today in an order, posted in all shops on the system, that by striking they would forfeit all rights under the pension and death benefits, while those who remained at work were promised full protection.

Say All Sayre Shopmen Will Strike.

SAYRE, Pa., June 30.—Shopmen of the Lehigh Valley Railroad received final instructions at a mass meeting tonight regarding the walkout tomorrow. Union leaders said the men would go out "solidly."

FIRST AIR ATTACK ON LIQUOR SHIP

Seaplane Uses Machine Guns on Vessel Off Florida—Aviator Shot in the Hand.

MIAMI, Fla., June 30.—Stanley Hubbard, pilot of a prohibition seaplane stationed here, was wounded in the hand on Wednesday night in a battle with a liquor boat off Cape Florida, it was learned today.

Hubbard said he was lying off the cape about 11 o'clock watching for liquor smugglers when the boat came along. In response to his command to pull in, the boat opened fire on his plane with a rifle and a shotgun, he said, one shot striking him in the hand. Hubbard took to the air and his aides opened fire with machine guns, sending ninety rounds into the boat. The boat then disappeared along the cape and the men in the plane were unable to find it again. The coast guard cutter Vidette went out yesterday, but reported today it had been unable to trace the craft.

This is the first battle between a prohibition airplane and a liquor runner that has taken place in these waters.

O. G. VILLARD BACK.

Found New European States Doing Well—Dubious About Germany.

Returning yesterday on the President Taft of the United States Line from a Continental tour of three months, which included attendance at the Genoa conference, Oswald Garrison Villard, editor of The Nation, said that the progress of the new States created as a result of the war was the most encouraging feature of the European situation.

"All the States the bulk of whose population is rural are doing well because of the successive years of good crops," he said. "The peasants everywhere are extremely prosperous. Poland is making marked gains, not only materially but in increased efficiency in government, notably in the management of their railroads.

Mr. Villard thought that the German economic and financial situation was getting steadily worse. Just as that of Austria approximating the situation in Russia, and expressed disappointment with the cause of France.

Mr. Villard left two days before the assassination of Dr. Rathenau. He had a long talk with Dr. Rathenau at Genoa. "He gave it as his personal belief," said Mr. Villard, "that if help were not soon given by the Allies and the United States in the settlement of the reparations problem and the granting of a loan, there would be very serious fighting in Germany before the Summer was over."

A. E. Southard, United States Consul at Jerusalem, returned on a thirty-day leave of absence. He said he had spent so much of the past twenty years away from the United States that he only had a few hours between Paris and Louisville, Ky.—which he would possibly visit. Until he had reported to Washington, Mr. Southard refrained from giving an interview, except to say that the Jewish colonization had been progressing. He spoke in high terms of the Rothschild colony at Shamlin.

Blumenthal, Berlin Opera manager, who at one time was associated with the late Oscar Hammerstein, also on the Taft, announced that next Winter a German opera company of 200 singers would tour the United States and Canada.

TO RECOGNIZE LITHUANIA.

United States Declines to Join Other Powers in That Action.

PARIS, June 30 (Associated Press).—The allied powers represented in the Council of Ambassadors have decided to recognize Lithuania.

No representative of the United States participated in this decision nor in the discussion which preceded the action of the council. Opinion was withheld on the part of the United States and the right reserved for the American Government to take whatever attitude it cared to later.

FLOG AND TAR A PUBLISHER.

Unmasked Men Order Florida Newspaper Man to Leave Town.

ORLANDO, Fla., June 30.—J. H. Wendler, publisher of The Florida Post, at Winter Park, a few miles from here, was taken from his home at that place tonight by a band of unmasked men, flogged, tarred and feathered and advised to leave town within a week.

BERLIN UNIVERSITY GREETS SHEPHERD

Columbia Professor Appears as First American Lecturer Since the War.

HE PRAISES PROF. BURGESS

And Expresses Hope Intellectual Ties Will Not Again Be Broken —Speaks on Latin America.

BERLIN, June 30.—For the first time since the war an American, Dr. William H. Shepherd of Columbia University, addressed a gathering at the University of Berlin today. His topic was "The Republic of Spanish and Portuguese America and Their International Relations." He was received most cordially by a distinguished gathering of about 500, including the American Ambassador, Alanson B. Houghton; the Japanese Ambassador, F. Hioki; Herr von Schubert, head of the American Department of the Foreign Office; Herr Becker, Prussian Minister of Education, and other prominent Government officials, diplomatic representatives of the South American countries, many noted Berlin professors and the university students.

Professor Shepherd was introduced by Professor Walther Nernst, rector of the University of Berlin.

The lecture was one of two the American professor is to deliver in Berlin. After the second he plans to spend a week visiting Berlin and then will take a vacation in Europe before leaving for the United States.

Speaking in the University Assembly Hall, Professor Shepherd expressed pride at being permitted to stand where so many distinguished Americans had stood. He named Professor John William Burgess, referring to him as "one who always had the courage of his convictions."

Professor Shepherd hoped the intellectual relationships with America would never again be interrupted.

Tracing the historical development of the Latin American nations, he said their one big need at present was European immigration and European capital. The Spanish-American States made a mistake in trying to introduce features of the United States, Great Britain and France into sets of circumstances totally different than those prevailing in the three countries. They were trying to rid themselves of artificial purposes and take advantage of what they possessed that was essentially Spanish.

Upholding the example of Brazil as singularly luminous in tiding over the transition by establishing a constitutional monarchy, he said she was "the only country in the world which ever accomplished three great revolutions without bloodshed," enumerating these as the throwing off of the Portuguese yoke, abolishing slavery and establishing a republic.

He asserted that Latin-American countries should be accorded the importance due them as nations in the council of nations. It was his opinion that the European countries tended to regard them at the conference table in the attitude of a parent toward children, feeling they were "to be seen and not heard."

WILL ASK DEBT PROPOSAL.

Parmentier to Set Forth France's Desire to Pay.

PARIS, June 30 (Associated Press).—The departure for the United States of Jean V. Parmentier for conferences regarding the French debt with the American Debt Funding Commission has coincided accidentally with interpellations on that subject in the Senate.

From newspaper discussions of the Premier's speech yesterday, it appears that France feels that any settlement should be a general one in which she is not alone the loser. That France has been abandoned by her Allies is another view generally expressed. There are frequent and bitter statements in the press charging that the British have encouraged Germany not to pay, that the British wish to see back France as a world power and that their bankers hold such large amounts of German securities that they desire Germany to prosper, knowing that France always pays her debts.

In view of France's position it is said that when M. Parmentier reaches the United States he will explain in detail his country's willingness to pay, at the same time pointing to her financial position and frankly asking for suggestions as to a way out of her difficulties.

HOLD TEXTILE UNION LEADER

Contempt of Court Charged in Picketing at New Hampshire Plant.

MANCHESTER, N. H., June 30.—Thomas F. McMahon, President of the United Textile Workers of America, was arrested here today on a Superior Court warrant for alleged contempt in failing to comply with an order of the court in an injunction secured by the Nashua Manufacturing Company against the textile strikers. McMahon had not been served with papers before, as he was not within the court's jurisdiction. He furnished a bond of $500 for appearance in court when ordered.

The warrant alleges that on June 4 McMahon was instrumental in causing members of a boomtenders' local to picket a street leading to the Nashua Company's plant, in violation of an injunction obtained by the company.

ELEVATOR AUDITOR'S TRICK TO GET $1,500 PAYROLL

They Take Victims to Basement, Search Them, Missing $175, and Escape.

Two men held up and robbed Meyer Goldberg, paymaster for the Neptune Raincoat Company, 16 East Broadway, of the week's payroll, about $1,800, at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and escaped.

Goldberg had crossed the street from the company's show room to No. 23, on the third floor of which the factory is located. He had the money in twenty-five envelopes wrapped up in a newspaper. He entered the elevator and just as Juan Lupo, the operator, was about to shut the door two men with pistols jumped into the car. They slammed the door and ordered Lupo to lower the car to the basement.

In the elevator with them was Harry Mendelsen, a clothing worker, who lives at 776 East 180th Street. The two robbers pushed all three men into the coal cellar and ordered Lupo to bind the hands of the others. They then tied his hands. They took the payroll from Goldberg, $36, his week's pay, from Lupo, and about $175 which Mendelsen had been able to hide in his shirt. They then escaped by the elevator.

A minute later people in the street were startled to see the cover of a coal chute in the side walk suddenly fly off as a man begrimed with coal dust shouted, "Help, Police! I've been robbed." The Oak Street police are seeking a former employee of the company.

GERARD ON FOREIGN DEBTS.

Says Britain in 15 Years Will Be Lending Money to America.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 30. — Ex-Ambassador James W. Gerard, speaking at a luncheon given to him by the English-Speaking Union, said:

"Britain has her own problems to solve, but I believe that in fifteen years she will be lending money to the United States, and it will be money earned by the skill of her bankers and financiers in matters of international trade.

"We are asking you to pay the enormous debt you owe to America. At the same time we are holding all the gold in the world and erecting a tariff wall so high that none of your goods can come in over it.

"I do not see in fairness how you can pay us in gold, which we possess, or in goods, which we will not allow you to send into our country. I would say there is a public sentiment, I believe, in America against releasing countries of Europe from their debt, especially when they find that rich men of France do not pay one-fifth of the income tax which the people are compelled to pay in America, because the rich bankers today in Paris are paying a total tax on their income of only 15 per cent, while in America taxes run as high as 50 or 60 per cent."

PAUL FITZ SIMONS SUED.

His Wife, Former Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Also a Party.

Papers filed in the Supreme Court yesterday show that Paul Fitz Simons and his wife, formerly Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, who arrived a few days ago from Ecuador, where Mr. Fitz Simons has business interests, have been sued by Henry W. Gossard. The summons, which does not state the cause of the suit, was served on them when they were leaving the Globe Theatre on Wednesday night by a process server employed by Pratt & McAlpin, attorneys for Mr. Gossard.

The attorneys refused to discuss the case yesterday, saying that the complaint had not been drawn, and that there was nothing sensational in the action. The attorneys also declined to say whether the case arose out of business activities of Mr. Fitz Simons in Ecuador.

CANADA GETS RATE CUT.

Reduction of 7½ Per Cent. on Basic Commodities Is Ordered.

OTTAWA, Ontario, June 30.—A reduction of 7½ per cent. in the railway rates on basic commodities, to become effective Aug. 1, has been ordered by the Board of Railway Commissioners.

The decrease applies to forest products, building materid, brick, cement, lime and plaster, potatoes, fertilizers other than chemicals, pig iron, billets, ores, wire rods and scrap iron. Grain and flour rates were fixed by Parliament during the session just closed.

The board has no jurisdiction over the Canadian Government railways, and no directions were made regarding that system.

ARREST MINE OWNER'S SON.

Union Leader Charges Him With Killing Two Miners.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., June 30.—John L. Orr, son of one of the owners of the Hudson Coal Company, today was arrested on a warrant sworn out by Frank McCartney, international board member of the United Mine Workers of America, in connection with a riot near the Lewis mine a week ago, during which two striking miners were killed.

McCartney charged that Orr, a company official, fired the shots that caused the deaths of the strikers. Counsel for Orr began efforts to have him released on bail.

The miners were killed when a crowd attacked a street car in which officials of the Hudson Company and non-union workers were going to the Lewis plant.

5TH AVENUE SEE BUS CR...

Injuries at First Thought to Prove Fatal to Lori Horsfield, 40.

3 KILLED, 16 HURT IN DA...

Car Released on Bail by Boy Chauffeur—Laborer Is Struck by Ambulance.

In full view of the morning ... on Fifth Avenue, Lori Horsfield, ... the Hotel Endicott, Columbus ... and Eighty-first Street, was ... down yesterday by a northbound ... Avenue bus at Forty-fourth Street ... Fifth Avenue.

He was taken to Bellevue Hospital, apparently suffering only from bruises ... contusions of the right leg, while his ... Mrs. G. B. Horsfield of Greenwich, ... N. Y., who had arrived on a visit ... struck, was attended by Dr. Cohen ... Flower Hospital.

Mr. Horsfield died last night from ... his injuries, which proved to be a ... ture of the pelvis, internal injuries ... fracture of the right leg and ... cuts about the body.

Harold Cannon, 24, of 57 Bea... is in a serious condition in ... Hospital from a possible fra... the skull.

The police say that John ... Cannon were at the wheel and ... caused the automobile to swerve ... the tree. A charge of reckless ... was made against Kilson and Ca... The street car, which was ... truck at the time, caused a group of school children on Gouverneur Street near ... Street yesterday slightly injuring ... pupils of Public School 31. The ... were attended by Dr. Schwartz ... Gouverneur Hospital and sent home.

The automobile truck driven by ... Mazella of Mazella Brothers, ... Street, was damaged ... hitting another truck on ... Street. The chauffeur was ... to St. Mary's Hospital ... a serious condition ... the skull.

While playing in front of her home ... 401 West Thirty-seventh Street yesterday afternoon, Elsie Regis, ... was struck by a taxicab driven by ... Marcellus of Mazella Brothers, ... Street. The chauffeur took the ... to St. Mary's Hospital, where ... a serious condition ... the skull.

GOV. MILLER ENDORSED

Orange County Republicans Reconsider on Fish.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., June ... meeting of the Executive Committee ... the Republican County Committee ... held at Goshen today at which ... tions were adopted commending Gov... ernor Miller and Senator Calder ... endorsing their renomination.

The County Committee, at a meeting ... held in November last, indorsed ... Hamilton Fish for renomination ... the Executive Committee adopted ... tion for calling a meeting of the ... Committee soon at which an effort ... be made to rescind the endorsement ... Fish. District Attorney Jonathan ... Wilson Jr. is being proposed as a ... date for endorsement for the nomination ... the 39th District. The District Committee endorsed Clarence E. Meade ... Cornwall, as to the nominee for the ... sembly. In the Second District Charles ... L. Wood, former member of the Assembly, will contest the nomination of ... Grimditch with the present member, ... George R. Farrell.

HARDING WILL URGE LASTING COAL PEACE

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

hope of mine peace. The chief reason for intermittent employment being regarded as due to an excess number of mines above the fuel needs of the countries, mines costly to operate and requiring coal rates above the prices necessary for the prosperity of more efficient mines, the President believes that their number must be curtailed in order to maintain continuous production and employment.

WASHINGTON, June 30 (Associated Press).—The coal strike situation was understood to have been the sole topic of discussion at today's Cabinet meeting, all of the members of the President's official family giving to the Executive their views on the matter. Some of the Cabinet members were understood to have expressed some hesitancy that the Administration should present any complete plan at the conference tomorrow, declaring that to do so would in event of its acceptance operate to hold the Administration responsible for its consequences.

HAZELTON, Pa., June 30.—Representatives of the 150,000 anthracite mine workers will be disposed against any arbitration form of adjustment of wages which will not be limited to specifying a new agreement with the scale that expired on March 31 as a minimum basis, union leaders said here today. District Presidents Kennedy, Brennan and Golden left here for Washington to confer with International President Lewis before going to the White House conference.

"We will stand for progress in the making of any new agreement," said Kennedy. "We are going to Washington prepared to do our part in shaping things to conclude an agreement. As to the prospects, we are not able to say in advance of what will be developed. We will have to await the suggestions of the President."

TROOPS IN TWO STATES MOVE ON MINE FIELDS

West Virginia and Colorado Forces Are Called to 'Maintain Peace and Prevent Disorder.'

CHARLESTON, W. Va., June 30 (Associated Press).—"There will be no Herrin massacre in West Virginia if any action of the constituted authorities can be avoided," declared Governor F. M. Morgan in a formal statement issued today in connection with the dispatch of National Guardsmen, State police and deputy sheriffs into the Paint and Cabin Creek mining fields. The soldiers, he said, were sent as a precautionary move to avert trouble, which his reports last night indicated was impending.

Unofficial advices at the Governor's office this morning were that the troops had passed over a ridge between Paint and Cabin Creek and gone as far as Dry Branch and Sharon without meeting "hostile forces."

The guardsmen were called to arms at midnight and sent on the road at dawn, when it was reported that crowds of men, gathered on the ridge between the creeks, were going to march to Dry Branch and other nearby mining villages, close mines which have been operating as "open shops" and then shoot the town up.

Advices from the scene of operations later in the day said the guardsmen, pressing into the hills, and State police, deputies and volunteers, moving westward, were trying to establish contact to ascertain if there were armed men gathered in the intervening territory.

Fred Mooney, Secretary of District 17, United Mine Workers of America, expressed doubt of the need of sending the guards out. He said the reports from the union men in the creeks region were that all was quiet.

Residents of Dry Branch reported that there had been no fighting or other disorders, but late yesterday about seventy-five men gathered on Paint Creek and marched toward Dry Branch, it not being known how many others might have joined the marchers on the way.

Last night they were reported to be on the property of the Dry Branch Coal Company, two miles from the mining camp. Lieutenant Mack B. Lilley of the State police, with about fifty men, including the State police in that section under his command, and a number of volunteers from the Dry Branch camps, went into the hills to meet them. No firing or other indications of fighting had been heard from that direction today.

Decision to dispatch the guardsmen was reached at a conference about midnight at Governor Morgan's office, at which Adjt. Gen. J. H. Charnock and Colonel Jackson Arnold, head of the State police, were present. The Governor and others participating in the conference were unwilling to say that transpired or what occasioned calling out the troops, except for the statement that no actual outbreak had occurred.

DENVER, Col., June 30.—National Guardsmen and State Rangers today were held in readiness to move into either the Northern or Southern Colorado coal fields to "maintain peace and good order," in accordance with an executive order issued by Governor Oliver H. Shoup late yesterday, following disturbances in the mining areas.

Colonel P. S. Hamrock, State Adjutant General, was authorized by the Governor to mobilize nine companies of the Colorado National Guard and to recruit the State Ranger force from its present strength of fifty to approximately 400 following receipt of reports of the burning of two railroad bridges and the damaging of mines in the coal fields on Wednesday night.

The most serious damage was in the Southern field, near Walsenburg, where two railroad bridges, both in the vicinity of mines owned by the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, were burned. The destruction of these bridges cut off four mines of that company from railroad communication with the rest of the State. The ripple of another small mine in that neighborhood was partly destroyed by fire. In the northern field, silent dynamite was done to a mine near Louisville.

Governor Shoup, in his order to Colonel Hamrock, authorized the latter to mobilize and use such strength as he deemed necessary "to maintain peace and good order in every community and section."

The troop movement began this morning when Troop B, 157th Cavalry, at its mobilization point at Overland Park, near Denver, for the Puritan Mine, at Erie, Colo., No trouble had been reported at the mine, which is one of the largest lignite property in Colorado. Adjt. L. Hart of the Adjutant General's Office, declared the troops were ordered so that it would be stationed at a strategic point in case of emergency.

The mounted troopers were armed with automatic pistols and rifles and were in command of Captain Ralph D. Baird.

PUNXSUTAWNEY, Pa., June ... detail of the State police arrived here today to take over the coal strike district here after a night of disorder in the mining district around Punxsutawney. Marching men, estimated by the police to number fully 200, destroyed an auto motor and set the remains of a motor truck carrying coal and coke from another truck. The ... was finally broken up by the ... who rode through the crowd ... with carbines.

The marchers first visited the ... Brothers' mine at Juneau, seven ... south of here, where they destroyed ... scales and scale house.

Henry Brown, son of one of the ... was heard the crowd was ... and he succeeded in getting all ... miners out of the pit before the ... ers arrived. After destroying the ... pany property, the crowd ... Brown's automobile and the mes... him: "We will fix your ... your father and blow up your ... store." The Brown hardware ... here is the largest business ... Punxsutawney. After making ... "mark" all over Brown's car, they ... leased him and started for ... mine at Bayas, three miles away.

Three troopers, commanded by ... geant Anderson of Troop B, ... the marchers on the highway with their horses and ... the crowd refused to turn back ... ordered his men to charge ... horses were pulled to and ... the crowd, their ... Only advancing ... safety and finally dispersed.

SOVIET NOW ASKS $1,600,000,000 LOAN

Litvinoff Raises by $600,000,000 the Amount Demanded at Genoa and Refused.

FOR MOSCOW'S OWN USE

$100,000,000 Gold Wanted to Start a New Currency—Rest for Transports, Agriculture and Commerce.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, June 30.—The Hague Russian conference hit the same sort of rock today that wrecked the Genoa Russian conference—the Soviet demand for credits. Only it was a larger rock. At Genoa Tchitcherin demanded $1,000,000,000 credit, and the conference failed when Europe's premiers told him it was impossible. Today Litvinoff asked for credits totaling $1,600,000,000 as a condition for Moscow's recognizing Russia's obligations—with a moratorium.

This demand has nothing to do with the plan for trading credits worked out at Genoa. That was a plan for governmental assistance to nationals who seek to do business in Russia. Litvinoff's demand is for credits for the Soviet Government direct. And after Lloyd George told the Russians at Genoa it was utterly impossible to get them a billion-dollar loan in Europe, they came back to The Hague and raise the amount by 60 per cent., and have the nerve to announce it represents only the beginning.

One of the items asked for is $100,000,000 cash to be used as a gold basis for an issue of new currency in Russia. This demand comes from the folks who twenty months ago announced above the hum of their printing presses that they were going to ruin the capitalistic scheme of money by issuing so much it would be worthless. Now, while pretending that they hold to their principles and, as Litvinoff said yesterday, acting only from motives of expediency, they ask for cash from the capitalistic countries they were going to ruin to start a new issue of paper money. And they do it without cracking a smile.

Estimates of Russia's Needs.

When Litvinoff announced on Tuesday that the Russians would do nothing about debts or private property until they got credits he was asked to state how much he wanted and for what. Today he gave the Credits Commission his reply. He announced he wanted credits for foreign surrenders and lease up to 2,224,000,000 gold rubles or, calculating the ruble at 50 cents, $1,612,000,000.

His plan is divided into four categories: First, transport, 1,050,000,000 gold rubles; second, agriculture, 224,000,000 gold rubles; third, industries, 750,000,000 gold rubles, and fourth, miscellaneous, divided into commercial credits, 300,000,000 gold rubles and bank credits 300,000,000.

Litvinoff then advanced the argument Rakovsky used once a day at Genoa, namely, that allied intervention cost Russia 50,000,000,000 gold rubles, ostensibly for the purpose of showing the Russians were letting the Allies off easy. To show further whose fault it all was, Litvinoff said Russia's wealth before the war was 150,000,000,000 gold rubles with an income of 12,000,000,000 to 15,000,000,000. The European war and intervention had reduced her wealth by five-twelfths.

Then he explained Russian reconstruction could not be undertaken piecemeal, but on the basis he had outlined. He quoted Lloyd George on the interdependence of nations and said Europe ought to hurry to restore Russia, which could only be done by giving the Soviets the credits asked for.

Litvinoff said six figures showed the Soviets' minimum needs. Moscow did not ask for it all at once. The Soviets thought credits and loans to the total indicated might be spread over three years, although more than one-third might be needed the first year. What he had asked for represented only the credits the Soviets needed in foreign currencies and was only a percentage of the total the Russian Government would have to spend.

Then he gave his ideas on what would be the results for Russian production. Figuring to the oil industry, he said the Soviets were ready to give out large leases, the operators of which would supply the capital.

The Russian Chairman then emphasized the difference between these credits for the Russian State and credits for private enterprise. What he asked for was for Moscow's use alone.

French and Belgian Reply.

M. Chevilly for the French said he had been interested by Litvinoff's figures but thought them a theoretic index of volume rather than the volume itself. He suggested that Litvinoff put his suggestions and remarks into written form, to be "digested at leisure."

M. Wittmer of Belgium regarded Litvinoff's figures as fantastic and translated them into paper money figures.

He then said the Russians mustn't think Europe depended too much on their country. He pointed out that before the war Belgium's foreign trade was greater than Russia's. Then he reviewed Belgian industry in Russia before the Soviets took hold and expressed grief that those industries had fallen so low as Litvinoff revealed today. He didn't think Litvinoff would find his 3,000,000,000 gold rubles and advised him to come down to earth.

Litvinoff and Sokolnikoff, the Russian Finance Minister, then replied to the effect that both sides at The Hague were seeking money and that if the Russians did not get theirs, Russia's creditors stood little chance of ever collecting. Litvinoff said the credits asked for were those necessary to raise Russia to the point where she could balance exports and imports and pay her debts.

There were several somewhat sarcastic interruptions, after which the Russian finance head said the commercial credits asked for were necessary to buy abroad articles needed by the peasants in order to get from them grain and raw materials for export. Bank credits were needed to finance a new money issue.

It was when he said that if the Soviet did not get credits the holders of the Russian securities stood no chance that the meeting became rather heated. Hilton Young, England, the Chairman, said business men could not keep clear heads in a thunderstorm, and said he hoped in the future discussions would be confined to facts. He then adjourned the meeting.

After the meeting the Russians said the figures given were their minimum. Thus it will be seen The Hague conference is simply a repetition of the Genoa business. Genoa hinged on credits for the Soviets. The Hague hinges on credits for the Soviets. They were here to sell their signature to any arrangements which may be dictated if the price is paid. The Premiers at Genoa told the Russians they asked the impossible. It is not of record that there has been any political or economic change in Europe since May which would make a billion dollar or a billion and a half dollar credit for the Soviet Government practicable.

List of Concessions Coming.

THE HAGUE, June 30 (Associated Press).—Maxim Litvinoff said today he expected to present later a complete list of concessions the Soviet Government was willing to grant and the capital required for each concession. The railway estimates given today were for the trunk lines from Moscow to the sea, but included the Transsiberian Railway.

Baron Avezsano, Chairman of the Commission on Credits, handed M. Litvinoff a list of written questions prepared by the experts of various countries and designed to secure specific detailed information as to how the credits would be employed. The Russians will answer later.

WOULD ADMIT EXPERTS.

Krassin Says Advice Would Be Accepted if Credits Are Granted.

RIGA, June 30 (Associated Press).—If the other nations desire it, the Russian Soviet is willing to submit its plans for the economic reconstruction of Russia to The Hague experts for criticism.

M. Krassin, who is stopping at Riga en route to the conference at The Hague, made this statement today, adding that, in event the Soviet was convinced that the allied experts' advice would be helpful, the Soviet was prepared to accept the advice and permit allied experts to enter Russia and co-operate in Russia's reconstruction.

"But," he continued, "The Hague conference hinges upon credits. If financial help is refused, it will be impossible for us to make further concessions or undertake any new obligations."

M. Krassin denied the report that the tomb of Peter the Great and other tombs in Petrograd had been opened by the Soviet in search of gold, silver and jewels.

MANDATES REVISED TO MEET HUGHES VIEW

Herrick Sends Drafts on Togoland, the Kameruns and Syria From French Foreign Office.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Ambassador Herrick at Paris today notified the State Department that the French Foreign Office had handed him a copy of the latest drafts of the Class B mandates worked out by the League of Nations for Togoland, the Kameruns and Syria. The Ambassador stated, in a general way, the scope of the revised terms of the mandates and informed the State Department that he was forwarding the full texts by mail.

The revised draft of the mandates was made in compliance with the wishes of Secretary Hughes, and to meet all the objections raised by him on behalf of the American Government. It is understood that the mandates provide for equality of treatment for all nations in the mandated territories and for protection and freedom of action for missionaries in those districts.

The French Foreign Office is anxious that this Government signify its approval of the mandates before July 12. They are scheduled to be sumitted to the Council of the League of Nations when it meets in the middle of July. If the revised mandates meet the objections raised by Secretary Hughes, it is believed that there will be no difficulty on this score.

The American Government has let it be understood that it proposes to conclude treaties with all the mandatory nations to which territories were allocated as a result of the World War. It is expected, therefore, that a treaty or treaties will eventually be concluded with France covering the territories allotted to her. Drawing up this convention, however, is regarded as largely a matter of form, Secretary Hughes will not hesitate to indicate his approval in advance provided the terms are such in essence that he can approve them.

A treaty has already been ratified with Japan covering the so-called Class C mandates given to Japan in the Pacific north of the Equator, including that for the Island of Yap, and the terms of a treaty with Great Britain respecting the Palestine mandate are understood to have been agreed upon in principle.

NO AMERICANS HELD BY TAMPICO REBELS

Brief Message From Our Consul Considerably Relieves State Department Anxiety.

COMPLETE REPORT IS ASKED

Dispatches Do Not Make Clear Whether Gorozave Still Insists on Ransom by July 2.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Anxiety in official circles growing out of the kidnapping of A. Bruce Bielaski and the ransom rampage upon which General Gorozave, a minor rebel, embarked in the Tampico district has been considerably relieved by the State Department's latest dispatches from its agents in Mexico.

The escape of Bielaski from his captors without payment of the ransom that was demanded, coupled with brief, almost cryptic reports indicating that the Americans captured by Gorozave and for whom he demanded payment of ransom by July 2 are no longer being held by that rebel leader, greatly eased the tension in official circles over the Mexican situation. There is a disposition to regard certain aspects of Gorozave's activities as being of opera bouffe character. He is believed to be too weak to stand out in his ransom demands against the military activities of the Obregon Government that they have provoked. According to official reports, Gorozave has only about 240 men, a force which would not be sufficient to hold the camps of the Cortes Oil Company, the La Corona Company and Mexico and Gulf Oil Company in the face of General Sanchez's columns.

Dispatches to the State Department today from Vice Consul Shaw at Tampico, while brief, somewhat cleared the situation when he reported that Gorozave was no longer holding the eighty-five persons at the Pecera camp of the La Corona Company. A previous report from Shaw had stated there were six Americans among the eighty-five and that they were being held for 9,000 pesos ransom. Other dispatches from Shaw yesterday had said that the bandit leader had threatened similar action against the Mexico and Gulf Oil Company, and that Gorozave also had extended the time limit to July 2 in the case of the Cortes Oil Company's Aguada camp, where the rebel was reported to have captured forty Americans and seized property valued at $250,000 last Sunday morning.

Consul Shaw's dispatch of this morning merely stated that the eighty-five persons were "not now held." The Consul did not explain whether Gorozave has withdrawn from the property at the Pecera camp or whether any payment of ransom has been made. Lack of details in Consul Shaw's telegrams made it very difficult for State Department officials to understand just what did happen to the Americans affected by the Gorozave campaign. It is assumed from the wording of Shaw's dispatches that none of the Americans seized at either the Aguada or Pecera camps is now being held, but there is nothing to show that Gorozave has abandoned his demand for payment of ransom by July 2.

Consul Shaw previously had reported the Gorozave rebels at the Aguada camp saying they would make similar demands on the Pecera camp, and also on the camp of the Mexico and Gulf Oil Company. Then came the Consul's report that the Pecera camp had been captured, followed by a message of today saying the eighty-four persons seized at that camp are [illegible] held. The Consul has not reported anything to show that Gorozave has carried out the third part of his threat—that of seizing the Mexico and Gulf Oil Company's camp. It is considered quite possible that after leaving the Aguada camp, and going to the Pecera camp, Gorozave and his men proceeded to the third camp.

The State Department has talked upon Vice Consul Shaw to make a complete report on the situation, with details that will not leave in the dark the exact status of all Americans in any of the camps figuring in the Gorozave exploits. What American officials want to know is whether Gorozave has released all Americans and is now demanding the payment of ransom; or whether he still insists, with threats, that all the ransoms be paid by July 2.

Only one other message reached the State Department today from Mexico. It came from Charge d'Affaires Summerlin, and reported that Bielaski had arrived safely at Mexico City, and stated that neither Bielaski nor his friends had paid one cent of ransom to the bandits.

MEXICAN PRESS TRIES TO DISCREDIT BIELASKI

Newspapers in Capital Also Say Seizure in Tampico Is a "Hoax and Canard."

MEXICO CITY, June 30 (Associated Press.)—Reviving memories of the kidnapping case of William O. Jenkins, former American consular agent at Puebla, two years ago, several local newspapers, claiming to receive their inspiration from official sources, now declare without equivocation that the abduction last Sunday of A. Bruce Bielaski by Mexican bandits was accomplished at his own instigation for purposes which may be revealed later.

This same charge, it was recalled today, was made against Consular Agent Jenkins, although investigation of his case failed to substantiate the charge.

The Excelsior says today it has been informed by a department of the Mexican Government that "there is sufficient data to cause the belief that the Bielaski case has the earmarks of a self-instigated abduction."

The newspaper says the Foreign Office has made representations to this effect in its answer to the note from the United States Department of State asking for the apprehension and punishment of Bielaski's abductors.

Several newspapers quote Secretary of War Serrano as saying that the case is "surrounded with many curious and mysterious incidents," and that a complete investigation has been ordered.

El Heraldo, in discussing the case, declares: "Neither the authorities nor the people of Morelos believe Bielaski was kidnapped."

El Heraldo declares that Bielaski's narration of his experience "appears to be a scenario for a moving picture at a Los Angeles studio."

Several newspapers point to assertions in the narrative which they assert at least make the incident suspicious, namely, that Bielaski's automobile was picked out from a score of others along the same road that morning, the actual holdup being accomplished almost within sight of several passing cars; that the members of the Bielaski party refused to permit a truckload of Federal engineers in the vicinity of the kidnapping to pursue the bandits; the fact that the woman member of the party were on the mountain trip "$,000,000 francs worth of jewelry, enough for a diplomatic reception."

According to the owner of these valuables, they were appropriated by the bandits.

Despite these newspaper assertions, persons who have talked to Bielaski since his return claim to see no discrepancies in his story, and at this moment can see no possible motive for self-abduction.

Bielaski's friends fisher that a "smoke screen of doubt" is being thrown about the incident with the deliberate purpose of obscuring the real facts.

There is speculation here as to why the newspapers are following their present tack. Inasmuch as Bielaski since his return to Mexico City has repeatedly exonerated the Government of all blame for his capture and has been enthusiastic in his praise of the Federal assistance given him.

The direct charge is also being made officially and by the newspapers that the capture of forty American employes of the Cortes Oil Company by the bandit General Gorozave is a combination hoax and canard. Reports made to the War Office by General Gandulupe Sanchez, Federal commander of the Tampico region, insist that the region is tranquil and that the facts do not support the reports.

The same report here declare these reports constitute a theatrical attack against Mexico and "an infamous intrigue by powerful North American interests to cause a breakdown in the Mexican financial negotiations being conducted in New York by Secretary of the Treasury de la Huerta.

Secretary of the Interior Calles voiced official sentiment in this regard in a telegram to the American Federation of Labor thanking it for its resolution urging recognition of Mexico by the United States.

"The Federation's act," says Señor Calles's telegram, "demonstrates that the majority of the people of the United States wish justice for Mexico at a moment when foreign enemies have turned to all sorts of intrigues to make difficulties between the two peoples, such as propaganda to the effect that forty North Americans have been captured in the Tampico region—an assertion absolutely unfounded in fact as no American in this region has suffered personal attack."

Despite these vigorous official denials, local representatives of several oil companies operating in the Huasteca region assert that they are apprehensive until definite word has been received from their camps.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—With regard to the statement made by Mexico City newspapers that A. Bruce Bielaski connived in his own abduction officials had nothing whatever to say. It was pointed out, however, that official information on the Bielaski incident was confined to the few brief messages sent by Charge Summerlin in Mexico City. There has been no suggestion in any of these advices it was said, that tended to throw any suspicion around the abduction.

In reporting the safe arrival of Bielaski in the Mexican capital Wednesday night Summerlin's message added that the full text of the statement made to him by Bielaski was being forwarded by mail. If Summerlin had received at that time any communication from the Mexican Government indicating that the American had planned his own capture, no hint of such a note was contained in the telegram sent to the State Department.

MEXICO TO HELP SMALL FARMERS

Secretary De Negri Working Out an Elaborate Program for Co-operative Agriculture.

LANDS FOR COLONIZATION

But Department Is Taking No Action Under Present Disputed Agrarian Law.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 30.—The Department of Fomento of the Mexican Government under Ramon de Negri will take no action on the agrarian law until Mexico can dictate a law which will enable development work to begin. Señor de Negri stated this afternoon to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that the Mexican Government had manifested its good faith by offering to pay 15,000,000 pesos to Luis Terrazas for the land which he possessed in Chihuahua, whereas the Government could have obtained this property for the sum of 8,000,000 pesos. The Government was interested in this operation as something which would benefit the majority.

"I am sure," said Señor de Negri, "that Mexico can be a great agricultural country if it is worked with system and perseverance. These small factors of rural economy today are found disorganized. To unite these factors and make them a great economic force I have proceeded at once to organize a co-operative farms department, which at this moment is studying a program of organization which will be used by small farmers to show co-operative benefits. This program includes formation of farm credit banks, which will serve small farmers, and being behind these will enable them to work without fear of usury. We will also extend help to small farmers so they can purchase at a low price modern farm tools.

"Their program is being developed on a large scale. The main points consist of means to obtain colonization in national lands which should be made by foreigners and Mexicans, extensive irrigation projects, wireless for meteorological observations for farmers, creation of experimental farms in all parts of the republic, reorganization of the commission for the study of plagues in agriculture centers, campaigns against speculators in land who get concessions of land, and to avoid the entrance of certain classes of men who do not represent serious companies.

"Reforms of importance are being prepared to change the laws for hunting and fishing, which will be presented at the next session of Congress. Our new schools are growing rapidly. The agricultural school has more than 1,000 students and forestry and veterinary schools have 200 students each. We are bringing from Europe experts as professors and also from the United States. We have faith in these methods of organization, not only for the progress of our agriculture, but for the general economic betterment of the working classes.

Señor de Negri denied that he was to make a trip to New York. He is leaving for Los Angeles on his motor car. Señor de Negri said he had no knowledge of any halt in the oil negotiations.

FOUR COURTS BURNS; COLLAPSE IS FEARED

Flames Lick Roof of Dome and the Supporting Pillars Are Broken.

By FREDERIC B. HARVEY.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Midnight, June 30.—The Four Courts is still burning and persons who have ventured inside assure me that the building must eventually collapse completely.

"The flames are licking round the roof of the dome," said J. Silver, a movie photographer, "and the supporting pillars at the back are broken. I imagine by the explosion. The heat inside was almost insufferable and the seatents are burning furiously.

After the truce for the removal of the wounded had been ended and rifle fire was again directed on the buildings the Free State officers shouted to their men to cease fire. This order was obeyed. It seemed impossible for human life to exist in the infernal heat, but at the moments passed and the garrison failed to appear an N. C. O. crawled in and threw bombs among the blazing ruins. This resulted eventually in the surrender of the rebels.

After they had been searched, collected and marched away, the Free State troops conducted a hurried examination of the rules and gathered up all the rifles and revolvers, of which there were some hundreds lying in the debris.

What reaction the capture of their leaders will excreise upon the attitude of the irregulars is uncertain, but it is indisputable that the firing in other parts of the city has sensibly decreased this evening. I passed across the bridge to Ambass Street Post Office, covered with powder stains and gripping his rifle, was determinedly refusing the prayers and appeal of the priest and a woman to surrender.

"No, no," said the officer, "never," and he shook his head violently. The Friar made some particular appeal which could not be heard amid the din of the falling beams, the musketry and the sounds coming from the flaming east wing. He said nothing further, but again shook his head and made motions that those interceding with him must go.

Then another voice was heard, saying: "Rory O'Connor is in further, in some inner room; he won't go. He won't surrender. He won't speak, he is so affected."

The young officer then made an imperative motion for the priest and the others to go quickly, and all of them went down the rough steps and out of the bullet-scarred gates, the priest moving sadly and slowly.

The correspondent describes the spot where the first entry into the Courts was made. It is a rough inclined plane of ruined masonry, brought down by artillery, which disappears into the breach of the wall of a room. From this room to another, and on from room to room the soldiers fought their way. The correspondent chatted with some of them amid the wreckage. Their faces were black from the smoke. Some of them had had narrow escapes.

"About noon," one of the soldiers is quoted as saying, "we came to the central hall. It was a big, sedate dining room with marble everywhere and pillars, and a long table that had been set for dinner in the center. The officers must have been dining there, for I saw a notice saying 'For Officers Only.' We could hear the voices of the irregulars, shouting or laughing, some coming from the corridors nearby. We were just wondering where they were when everything went up in a roar in front of us."

This was the time of the explosion which started the fire and injured many of the regular troops. As the regulars make their way out one of them picked up a green disc lying amid the ruins. It was an impression in wax of the great seal of Edward VII., ready to be attached to some document.

Dreadful Scenes Inside.

LONDON, June 30 (Associated Press).—A dispatch to The Daily Mail describes a visit made to the Four Courts by the correspondent about an hour and a half before the surrender of the dissident troops. There was a short lull in the firing, and the correspondent entered the eastern gate, just behind a few nurses and ambulance men and a Franciscan Friar, who dashed in to plead with the remnant of the defenders to surrender.

All around smoke was surging, floating through the smashed windows, from which torn sandbags, books and all manner of things that had been used as defenses, obtruded.

In a little corner under the entrance archway sat a miserable group of tall young leader, in the green uniform of the irregulars, but without hat and coat and his head bandaged. He was sitting with his head in his hands, and was apparently unconscious of the fact that the buildings held by the irregulars were burning away. But it was even then a continuous embroilment and the defenders were able to maintain themselves in sections still untouched by the conflagration.

The fire brigade, standing ready all morning, turned out in full strength and, dashing through the bullet-swept streets, was seen at the hydrants pouring streams of water into the heart of the burning pile.

The firing ceased and what seemed to be a temporary truce was arranged. Buildings in the vicinity also took fire.

In another few minutes Dr. Louis Byrne, the City Coroner, requisitioned a staff of doctors, who hurried along, some on foot, others in all kinds of vehicles, including a coal cart. These were admitted on the scene through the Four Courts Hotel by the Government soldiers.

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"By this evening we hope to have made rapid progress toward complete control of Western and Southern Ireland for the republic. Latest reports from Dublin show the Dublin Brigade has control of the situation, and reinforcements and supplies have been sent to its assistance."

The statement records a fight between Republicans and regulars at Listowel, in which the regulars had one killed and twelve wounded; adding that after the fight an agreement was signed by the opposing commandants to the effect that, as Ireland's interests were not served by civil war, they, as patriotic Irishmen, decided to unite against the common enemy.

"We hope," the statement concludes, "that this will be a headline to every other county in Ireland."

Try to Cripple Free State.

DUBLIN, June 30 (Associated Press).—The primary idea of the conflict was declared today to make government by the provisional authorities impossible. De Valera has consistently described the Government as being a usurper, and notwithstanding the verdict of the electors in the recent balloting, it still is being charged by the Republicans as being the agent of the British Government.

There is much speculation over what will follow the capture of the Four Courts. Of the 4,000 members of the Dublin brigade of the dissentient army it is said that less than 200 have been in the Four Courts. Many others are scattered among advantageous positions in important buildings, hotels and private houses throughout the city in small commands, apparently well supplied with rifles, revolvers and ammunition.

It was recalled today that when, during the Easter week rebellion, Patrick H. Pearse, "Provisional President," surrendered at the Post Office, a general capitulation was ordered and became immediate and universal over the whole area of fighting both in Dublin and the Provinces. But doubt was expressed whether that precedent could be followed, and whether any similar order to cease firing will be given, and if it is, whether it will be generally obeyed. Close observers of the situation express the opinion that the Provisional Government would have to enter into a detailed campaign of rooting out its armed opponents.

No doubt seems to prevail in circles opposed to the Republicans that the Government forces will eventually be able to overcome all opposition, but it is considered the task may be a prolonged one and that sporadic outbreaks are quite possible. Some of the experienced judges of the situation advance the opinion that the dissentient army will suffer many desertions and soon disintegrate.

O'Connor and his colleagues are said to have entered into the struggle with no such apprehension. It has been constantly recalled by the Republicans that the Easter Week rebellion, which was the work of a small minority and generally was condemned by the nation, afterward was regarded as an heroic struggle—a fight for an independent republic, and the belief still prevails among many of the Republicans that a continuance of the same struggle will, if they stick to their ideals, secure similar endorsement.

An official statement issued tonight from military headquarters says:

"There were no sixty-pounders used at any time in the bombardment of the Four Courts. When the situation became hopeless the irregulars exploded some ground mines, causing a detonation which resulted in casualties to more than thirty national troopers. This explosion caused the conflagration which consumed the building and ultimately caused the irregulars to surrender. In no instance were artillery pieces beyond eighteen-pounders used.

"On Thursday twenty-five prisoners were taken and 110 surrendered today at the courts."

An official proclamation issued tonight prorogues the meeting of the Provisional Parliament until July 15.

Ruins Show Intensity of Fight.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 30.—The Daily News Dublin correspondent telegraphs the following description of a visit he paid to the burning Four Courts half an hour after the surrender of the garrison:

"At 4:30 I was able to enter the blazing pile by the very gates through which half an hour earlier the leaders of the irregulars had come out to ask for terms.

"At its farther side across the court yard, littered with the debris of scores of explosions, the huge building was still burning with savage intensity. The reason for the surrender was plain enough. All of the Four Courts that was not ablaze had been shattered. In many places the solid walls were a mere sieve through which daylight poured upon a scene of indescribable chaos.

"It was plain as I wandered from room to room that many high explosive shells had entered through windows and burst with terrific force. Inside the floors were strewn thickly with abandoned ammunition. Broken rifles lay mixed up with tins of condensed milk, pots of jam, rashers of cold bacon, rags and matters of soldiers' mattresses and all the broken paraphernalia of a battlefield.

"The fight for the Four Courts has been called an opera bouffe battle. The writer of those words may be assured that in all but extent it was as real a battle as any in the Great War itself. One could by using a little imagination see the trace from gallery to gallery and nook where the retreat of the desperate defenders, leaving always behind them positions utterly untenable and finally being driven by fire on the one hand and the bombardment on the other to the corner from which there was no escape except by way of a dreadful death in the flames or surrender.

"The entire quadrangle was in process of being as completely gutted as the Custom House lower down the river. Though the great green dome still stood above the gigantic statue of Moses giving the law, the flames were playing round its base and it hardly seemed likely it would survive the night.

"One of the most curious sights in the building was the order in which rows and rows of luxuriantly bound volumes stood upon their shelves in rooms in which every other object had been reduced to splinters.

"Firemen were busy among the debris at the risky job of cutting suspicious looking wires and throwing hand grenades and anything else that looked explosive into buckets of water.

"Any one who cared to investigate was warned that a number of mines were believed to be still unexploded and in burning parts of a building twenty yards away small explosions were constantly sending showers of sparks into the air. The heat was infernal and flames twenty feet long were licking the roofs and bringing parts down now and then with a roar."

3 KILLED, 55 WOUNDED

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

burned legal papers and books were scattered through the air.

Various explanations were at once put forth as to what had occurred. That the Four Courts was reduced to ashes was every one's conclusion, but it was not so. Neither were the garrison overwhelming reports.

I learned late this afternoon on good authority that the explosion was caused by a land mine of powerful explosives exploded by the irregulars under the central half while the Government troops were in occupation.

The siege was by no means over and it looked as if it would be pursued with still greater vigor. At 3:30 o'clock the relative positions within the Four Courts were unchanged except for the vital fact that the buildings held by the irregulars were burning away. But it was even then a continuous embroilment and the defenders were able to maintain themselves in sections still untouched by the conflagration.

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M'CUMBER GIVES UP WILL BACK RADICAL

Pledges Support to Frazier in North Dakota, Denying Old Guard Will Bolt.

PARTY CHIEFS FALL IN LINE

Lauds Commends Nominee's Record and Thinks Democrats Cannot Win the Seat.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Senator Porter J. McCumber, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee and co-author of the pending Tariff bill, today formally conceded the nomination of Lynn J. Frazier for the seat held by him in the Senate for nearly a quarter of a century. In doing so, he said that he would loyally support Frazier in the November election, and scouted reports that the Old Guard Republicans of North Dakota would unite with the Democrats in an attempt to elect J. T. E. O'Connor, the Democratic nominee.

Republican leaders will also announce their intention of supporting Frazier, as in the case of others who routed conservatives in Republican primaries and captured nominations for the Senate. The attitude of the party chiefs is that the nominees represent the views of their respective communities, and, therefore, that support, financial and otherwise, will be extended them by the Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee.

Party leaders have been greatly disappointed over the nomination of Frazier, who is considered a radical of radicals. Only eight months ago he was disgraced as Governor of North Dakota in a recall election. They foresee a political revolution which is going to break down the traditions of the Senate under the operation of the uniform primaries, through the election of men representing radical and extreme progressive views. The results in North Dakota and in previous primaries have convinced them of the desirability of abandoning uniform primaries, but the uprising against party leaders has made it unwise for those opposed to such primaries to follow up their early intentions of suggesting some modification of the system.

Says McCumber Is of Old School.

Senator Ladd of North Dakota, who reflects the views of the Non-Partisan League, issued a statement today in which he said that Frazier represented the modern school in politics and that McCumber stood for the old school. He predicted that Frazier would be elected and would exert a strong influence for good legislation through the farm bloc with which he would become associated upon entering the Senate.

"With the passing of P. J. McCumber from the Senate the Northwest loses the chairmanship of the great and powerful Finance Committee, an ardent protectionist and a stanch, uncompromising Republican of the old school," said Senator Ladd. "With the coming of Lynn J. Frazier, North Dakota sends to the Senate a thoroughly progressive Republican of the modern school, a man who has gained and holds the confidence of the common people of the State as few men can do, a man thoroughly trained and seasoned in administrative affairs, and who, I predict, because of his wide acquaintance with the needs of the farmers and laborers of the entire country, will exert a strong influence for good legislation through the agricultural bloc, of which I feel he will become not only a valued member, but an ardent worker for just legislation in the interests of all our people.

"When one studies the kind of progressive legislation Governor Frazier has not only stood for, but which, under his guidance, was written into laws of his State, his sympathies and humane interest in his fellow-men are clearly indicated.

Measures Backed by Frazier.

"Among them may be mentioned:

"The reduction of the spread between prices paid to the producers and the prices charged to the consumers.

"Rural credits law.

"Exemption of farm improvements from taxation.

"Exemption of small city homes from taxation.

"Redistribution of taxes more in accordance with the privileges enjoyed and ability to pay.

"Encouragement of improvements and discouragement of speculations.

"Simplified court procedure.

"Equitable assessment of property for taxation.

"Thirty days' notice before mortgage foreclosure.

"A soldier's compensation law, the first and most liberal enacted by any State.

"Lower draft cost per soldier, lowest of any State in the Union.

"Workingman's Compensation law, most liberal of any State.

"Beneficial and just labor laws.

"Women's suffrage, giving all women the right of the ballot.

"Eight-hour day and minimum wage for women.

"Stringent regulations as to employment of miners.

"Bank deposits guaranteed.

"Better grain grades based on milling and baking values of the wheat.

"Payment to farmers for dockage or rates of dockage on grain to farmers to be used as feed for animals.

"State-owned bank whereby funds belonging to all the people are made available to finance activities that belong to all the people.

"Hail insurance at cost.

"Fire insurance on public buildings at cost.

"A law providing for the recall of public officials.

"Right of free speech, free assemblage and encouragement of co-operation and betterment of marketing conditions.

"A law requiring a full line of repairs for machines sold within the State.

"The laws referred to and many others were enacted under the direction of Governor Frazier, and have exerted wonderful influence for good in the development of the State.

Chance for Democrats Denied.

"The claim of the possibility that Governor Frazier will be defeated at the Fall election by a combination of I. V. A. (Independent Voters' Association) Republicans supporting J. T. E. O'Connor, who may be nominated on the Democratic ticket, is not to be given very much weight. Mr. O'Connor is merely the candidate of these reactionary forces opposed to agricultural and laboring interests.

"He has no claim whatever on the Democratic party on account of his affiliation with I. V. A.'s of the State, and if elected would merely be a reactionary of the type now too often found in public life. It has long been the custom of these privileged forces in the Middle West to control the nominating machinery of both parties so that whichever won, the people would lose.

"Mr. O'Connor has no chance whatsoever of defeating Governor Frazier as the latter will have the support of not only all progressive Republicans but also all progressive Democrats who stand for the high and better things in public life."

Democrats See Tariff Rebuke.

A statement issued by the Democratic National Committee discussing the causes contributing to McCumber's defeat, reads:

"The defeat of Senator Porter J. McCumber, chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, for renomination in the Republican primaries in North Dakota, is a rebuke and a repudiation not only of the Harding administration but also repudiation of the profiteers' tariff bill he is sponsoring in the Senate. It is in line with the anti-administration victories in Indiana, Pennsylvania and Iowa.

"The doom of Senator McCumber was sealed when by the rule of seniority he became Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, succeeding the late Boies Penrose, and adopted and continued the policy of the reactionary group in control of the Senate. As Chairman of the Finance Committee, he has been as zealous and uncompromising in his reactionism as was Penrose. By allying himself with the reactionaries he put himself in opposition to the prevailing sentiment in his own State and throughout the West and in the nation itself. By his management of the Tariff bill he antagonized the Republican press of the country, and by accusing it of being influenced and controlled by its business patrons, he has alienated the press generally and many business interests as well.

"His vote to seat Senator Newberry was also a potent factor in his defeat.

"Senator McCumber's defeat is only an other evidence of the nation-wide revolt against Harding reactionism and a Republican do-nothing Congress. It is a sign and a warning of what will happen in other States when the people have an opportunity to express themselves at the polls.

"It is the worst defeat the Harding Administration has so far sustained by reason of Senator McCumber's long term of service and his exalted position as head of the great Finance Committee of the Senate, through which he was attempting to fasten upon the country the extortionate tariff policy of the Administration."

FRAZIER TAKES LEAD IN VOTE.

His Victory Over McCumber by Less Than 10,000 Indicated.

FARGO, N. D., June 30 (Associated Press).—Belated reports today from Wednesday's Statewide primary in North Dakota seemed to bear out indications that Lynn J. Frazier, Non-Partisan, had captured the Republican Senatorial nomination by a majority of less than 10,000 votes.

While Porter J. McCumber, the State's senior Senator and Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, dropped behind Frazier in returns tabulated today, reports from a number of the scattering precincts favorable to McCumber tonight cut down to less than 2,000 the margin that separated them.

Friends of McCumber here, conceding his defeat, admitted that most of the missing precincts undoubtedly would be favorable to Frazier, but insisted that the latter's plurality would fall considerably short of the 15,000 to 20,000 claimed for him.

Meanwhile Governor R. A. Nestos, Independent, had a lead of 16,000 over B. F. Baker, Non-Partisan, in the Republican Gubernatorial contest, and Independent headquarters declared tonight that there seemed no reason to alter the prediction of a 10,000 plurality for Nestos.

In 1,741 of the State's 2,064 precincts tabulated on the Senatorial race, Frazier had 76,398 and McCumber 74,962. The same precincts in the Gubernatorial contest gave Nestos 85,828 and Baker 69,270. It was estimated here that Nestos's lead was nearly as great as the total unreported vote, which, it is agreed, is largely in Baker territory.

Seek Way to Cut Parcel Post Deficit

At the request of Dr. Hubert Work, Postmaster General, the traffic group of the National Retail Dry Goods Association is studying the parcel post system in the hope of evolving some way of meeting the financial deficit incurred in handling that class of mail. A questionnaire has been sent out, asking firms whether they favor a readjustment of rates or a small service charge on each package.

FORDNEY AIDS TARIFF WITH FOREIGN WARES

Displays Store of Articles Imported at Low Valuations and Sold at High Prices Here.

SENATE AMENDS SCHEDULES

Restores House Rate of 20 Cents on Corn and Alters Several Other Items.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Representative Fordney returned to the tariff debate in the House today armed with a display of articles such as Senators Watson and McCumber lately used in their tariff speeches. There were violins, guns, knives, gloves, clocks, linens and whatnot, all made abroad, which Mr. Fordney asserted had been sent into this country at remarkably low valuations, and later sold at inflated prices.

Before the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee was through his fellow-committeeman, an ardent adversary, Representative Garner of Texas, baited Mr. Fordney time and again. It never takes Mr. Garner more than a few words to send Mr. Fordney skyward, and so it was this afternoon during what turned out to be a regular old-fashioned tariff debate.

"The gentleman from Michigan has seen the handwriting on the wall, and he is going to retire," shouted Representative Garner. "Others connected with the Tariff bill have not seen the handwriting, but they are going to retire through force of circumstances. Later on you may call this the Fordney-McCumber Tariff Bill, but both its parents will be dead, one having committed suicide through retirement and the other having been killed in the primaries."

"Attaboy!" exultantly shouted a member on the Republican side when Mr. Fordney held out at arm's length a lady's flimsy, pink crepe de chine nightgown, in the course of a speech he was making on American valuation as a basis for the tariff.

"I suppose you gentlemen would like this better if there was something in it," responded Mr. Fordney. "That's like a member of this House who went to his hotel the other day and found a nightgown left by some mistake in his room. He called a bellboy and said: 'Here, boy, take that away, have it filled and bring it back.'"

A clock brought into this country, valued as having been produced in Germany at 33 cents and imported at a total cost of 44 8-10 cents, was sold here at $1.98, said Mr. Fordney. He exhibited a blanket which was valued on importation at $18 and, with added charges was imported at $27, and later sold for $65, he said. The pink nightgown, quoted as having been made in Belgium at $21.69, was sold in the United States for $60, and a violin valued at $1.15 was sold for $6, he claimed.

"Give me the shotgun," rasped Mr. Fordney to his clerk. He then said that the gun was imported on a valuation of 90 cents and sold for $15.

Later Mr. Fordney informed Republican members that if they wished to take the articles he displayed into the campaign to show to voters they could obtain them from Senator Gooding of Idaho. During the debate Representative Mann of Illinois maintained that the answers he made some time ago to Mr. Fordney's charge that Marshall Field & Co. were charging extortionate prices for imported articles still held good. Mr. Fordney insisted, on the other hand, that he had replied to Mr. Mann disproving the Illinois Congressman's contentions. Mr. Fordney said that the Senate had rejected the American valuation plan "for the time being, but he declared that it was the only proper tariff basis.

Garner Says Bill Won't Pass Session.

WASHINGTON, June 30 (Associated Press).—A tariff bill will not be passed by this Congress because of the inability of the Republicans in the two houses to agree, Representative Garner, Texas, ranking Democrat on the Ways and Means Committee, declared in the House today in reply to the recent speech of Chairman Fordney on profits of importers. Using the same exhibits, he insisted that the logical application of Mr. Fordney's argument would characterize any bill which the Senate might pass as worthless unless based upon American valuation.

Mr. Garner quoted the prices given by Mr. Fordney in showing that the articles displayed to the House were invoiced at from 126 per cent. to 1,680 per cent. less than the cost of production in this country, and he asked whether the Republicans proposed to impose duties which would exclude all foreign goods. The great industries of this country, which built up the protective policy of the Republican Party, Mr. Garner said, were now becoming exporters. He referred to the steel, shoe and other manufacturers as seeking foreign markets, and asserted that in a few years they would be demanding free trade "because they cannot hope to sell abroad unless our markets are open to their foreign customers."

Although two-thirds of its session was devoted to cleaning up conference reports so that the House might start on its vacation, the Senate made more rapid progress today on the Tariff bill than it had in any single one of the sixty odd days the measure has been before it. Thirty-eight amendments to the agricultural and food schedule were disposed of, this number including those relating to all cereals, except wheat and rice, consideration of which was deferred.

Farmers Get 20 Cents on Corn.

An outstanding feature of the day was the victory of the Republican agricultural tariff bloc in its fight for a duty of 20 cents a bushel on corn, an increase of 5 cents a bushel over the House rate. The bloc recommended 20 cents to the Finance Committee majority early in the year, but the committee stood pat on the House rate. Before the matter was reached today, however, the committee reversed itself and recommended the higher rate. Other rates approved by the Senate included:

Oats, 15 cents a bushel, House rate, 10 cents; unhulled, ground, 45 cents per 100 pounds; House rate 32 cents; oatmeal, rolled oats, etc., 90 cents per 100 pounds, House rate 60 cents.

Rye 15 cents a bushel, House rate 10 cents; rye flour 45 cents per 100 pounds, House rate 30 cents.

Barley 20 cents a bushel, House rate 15 cents.

Buckwheat 10 cents per 100 pounds, House rate 30 cents.

Macaroni and other alimentary pastes, 2 cents a pound, House rate 1½ cents.

Bread 15 per cent. ad valorem, House free.

Biscuits, wafers, &c., 30 per cent. ad valorem, House 25 per cent., cereal breakfast foods 25 per cent. ad valorem, House 17 per cent.

Bananas free, House rate 2 cents per bunch; dried and banana flour, 4 cents per pound.

Cheese 5 cents a pound but not less than 25 per cent. ad valorem, House rate 5 cents a pound on that valued up to 30 cents and 25 per cent ad valorem on all other.

Crabmeat and lobster meat 15 per cent. ad valorem; a reduction of 10 per cent. in the original rate recommended by the committee, and 11 per cent. below the House rate.

Fish paste and fish sauce, and caviar and other fish roe for food purposes, 30 per cent. ad valorem; House rate 28 per cent.

Bran, shorts and other by-products, feeds obtained in milling wheat and other cereals, 10 per cent. ad valorem; House rate 15 per cent.

Mixed feeds, 13 per cent ad valorem; House rate 6 per cent.

Sreenings, scalpings, chaff or scourings of wheat, flaxseed or other grains or seeds, unground or ground, 10 per cent ad valorem, House rates 75 cents per ton.

Cider 5 cents a gallon, House rate 10 cents.

Walsh Charges Deception.

Senator Walsh of Massachusetts, a Democratic member of the Finance Committee, conducted a single-handed and futile fight against the committee rates. No record votes were demanded and the only extended discussion was on the proposition to raise the House rate on corn by 5 cents a bushel. In offering the amendment on this item, Chairman McCumber said he did so by direction of a majority of Finance Committee Republicans. Questioned by Senator Pomerene, Democrat of Ohio, he said he thought the Republican agricultural tariff bloc had "had some hand in the matter."

Pointing out that the United States was the world's largest corn producer and shipped this commodity to all parts of the world, Senator Walsh of Massachusetts, a Democratic member of the Finance Committee, declared this to be "a paper duty which illustrates perfectly the attempt made in this bill to deceive and mislead the people of the country."

"I protest against the deceit, fraud and camouflage which is evidenced by an increase over the House duties on cereals," said Senator Walsh. "This is done simply as candidates for office can tell the farmers in their States that they are being given protection."

Senator McCumber said Senator Walsh should withdraw his statement that the duty on corn was written into the bill to "deceive" people. He added that if any one did desire to mislead the farmer as to its effect this could not be done successfully in the light of the statement he would now make.

"I do not think," he said, "that under ordinary conditions this duty will help the farmer 1 penny. It will not help him or do him any harm as long as we are raising such big crops as we are now. But should conditions obtain that did in 1913 and 1914, when we had short crops and imports from Argentina caused a lowering of prices, then it will serve to keep up prices."

To Prevent Profiteering.

An amendment designed to prevent importers from profiteering in the sale of foreign-made goods was introduced today by Senator Norris, Republican, of Nebraska. He asked that it be sent to the Finance Committee for consideration.

Under the terms of the amendment, importers selling goods at a profit in excess of 25 per cent. of the purchase price plus duty would be required to pay to the Government 99 per cent. of such profits. Persons violating the amendment would be liable to a fine of not less than $500 nor more than $5,000, and a prison sentence of not less than three months and not more than two years or both.

Senator Norris said he had been deeply impressed by the exhibits of "profiteering" in imports as furnished to the Senate by majority members of the Finance Committee and that he thought Congress should take some steps to protect the people.

Senator Simmons of North Carolina, Democratic leader in the tariff fight, indicated that the amendment did not meet with his approval. He said past experience had been that a tax did not stop profiteering, but only added to the consumers' price burden. He said also that it "must be recognized that the importers only are able to get these high prices because the American manufacturers charge equal prices for comparable goods."

Senator Norris said whether a tax would stop profiteering depended upon how much of the profits it took from the dealer.

TWO KILLED IN PANAMA.

Portland (Ore.) Man and a Negro Die in Explosion at Balboa.

PANAMA, June 30 (Associated Press).—Two persons were killed and several injured today when an explosion occurred in a Balboa boiler shop, caused by the blowing up of an acetylene tank.

Those killed were a negro employe and Leopold A. Johnson of Portland, Ore., employed as a riveter. The machinery of the plant was not damaged.

HARDING OUTWITS BLOC ON SHIP BILL

Credited With a Master Stroke in Appealing to Those Who Control Congress Group.

WINS OVER EARLIER CRITICS

Conference With Farm Leaders Is Seen as a Basis for Converting Middle West to Subsidy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—A decided air of optimism pervaded the White House today over the outcome of President Harding's conference last night with representatives of farm organizations and farm newspapers concerning the Administration's ship subsidy bill. Most of the opposition to this measure has been expressed in the Middle West and there has been a disposition on the part of farmers in that section to adhere to their traditional dislike of Government subsidies for private enterprise. According to what was said today by persons close to the White House, the basis has been laid for convincing Middle West farmers that the bill will be in their interest instead of against it.

President Harding is being credited today with having made a political master stroke in seeking co-operation for the passage of the subsidy bill from those who dominate the Congressional farm bloc instead of from the members of the farm bloc itself. Only one representative of the Congressional farm bloc was present, Senator Capper of Kansas, chairman of that body in the Senate. Mr. Capper's organization is known as the Senate Agricultural bloc and is distinct from the more partisan Senate Republican farm tariff bloc, of which Senator Gooding of Idaho is chairman. The Capper organization has not taken a decided stand on the subsidy bill, but is supposed to be generally cold toward it.

The Men Who Control the Blocs.

One of the complaints against the farm bloc and other blocs in Congress is that the new bloc system has resulted in legislative dictation by minorities represented by groups, and as a result there is a disposition toward the enactment of special and class legislation. Ex-President Wilson used to complain that the present-day tendency in Congress was to legislate for special sections or interests instead of for the whole country and its people. The farm blocs in Congress have become powerful factors within the last year or so, and the political leaders in both houses have been obliged to reckon with and cater to them.

Most of the special groups in Congress are regarded as representing various organizations powerful enough in their membership or through the influence they have with large numbers of voters to make considerable numbers of Senators and Representatives pay attention to their wishes. In making up his plan for last night's conference at the White House, President Harding went direct to the organizations and newspapers which look after the interests of farmers and laid his case for the subsidy bill before them instead of following the usual method of discussing pending legislation with interested Senators and Representatives.

How successful the President was in adopting this method was indicated today by an official acquainted with what took place at the White House last night. This official said that of the fifteen men who were invited to dinner by the President and who participated in the conference, four-fifths had been vigorous, and even bitter, opponents of ship subsidies. The dinner and conference, it was explained, were not designed to enable the President to make an appeal or a defense of the pending ship subsidy bill, but merely to point out that the policy embodied in the bill was a policy for the whole country. The President explained the measure and invited questions.

Obtained a Different View.

Apparently there was a frank discussion of the measure, and it was today that the President's guests admitted they had received a different view of the legislation. It was evident from today's disclosures that President Harding was confident that his guests saw the situation confronting the Government and the country with respect to the upbuilding of the American merchant marine in a new light and that their prior inclination to believe that the bill was in the interest of the big corporations and detrimental to the taxpaying farmers of the country had been greatly modified.

So impressed was the President by his discussion of the ship subsidy measure with the representatives of farm organizations and farm newspapers that it was said today that he was confident that when the country understood the full situation affecting the American shipping as his guests understood it last night, the opposition would dwindle to those who were actuated merely by partisanship.

At last night's conference the President stressed that the farmers of the United States could not be assured of continued and constant facilities for carrying their surplus products abroad except through an American merchant marine. He insisted that the farm and the factory were linked now, in that if the American manufacturer could not find markets and ships to carry his product the manufacturer would be unable to take care of the products of the farm. He maintained that world conditions were such as the result of the war that the producers of this country were obliged to look abroad to dispose of their products.

Outside of President Harding and Senator Capper, who owns a number of farm journals, the only Government officials present at the conference dinner were Secretary of Agriculture Wallace and Chairman Lasker of the Shipping Board.

Japan Allows Semenoff to Land.

TOKIO, June 30 (Associated Press).—Gregory Semenoff, former ataman of the Cossacks and anti-Soviet leader, has been permitted to land at Nagasaki to receive medical treatment, according to information received here. The nature of his illness was not stated.

A WEEK END SUGGESTION

"Erasmic" LONDON SHAVING STICK

WHEN you make that week end visit be sure that you are fortified with this remarkable shaving aid.

Lather such as you have often dreamed of but never quite succeeded in getting. Soothing, healing, penetrative lather that softens the toughest beard in the shortest space of time—and helps the razor remove it with astonishing ease—leaving the skin Soft and VELVETY.

Put up in a sensible metal case with a lock top that STAYS LOCKED.

Does not DRY on the face.

ON SALE AT GOOD DRUG AND DEPARTMENT STORES.
PRICE 35 CENTS.
SOLE AGENTS & IMPORTERS
RENKEN & YATES SMITH Corp.
35 WEST THIRTY-NINTH ST., N. Y.

WEEKS SPEECH REACTS ON DRY CANDIDATES

Frelinghuysen in New Jersey and Fess in Ohio Find It Works Against Them.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Republican candidates for the Senate who voted for the prohibition amendment find their campaigns for re-election handicapped by the declaration of Secretary Weeks in favor of beer and light wines.

Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey is especially annoyed by the statement of Secretary Weeks, which is being used by the Democrats in New Jersey, to his detriment. The Democratic leaders in that State, it is said here, are preparing to placard New Jersey with the statement. The effect of this is to arouse the wets against Senator Frelinghuysen. He voted for the amendment and thus far in his campaign has strongly defended his position. The reaction which is coming as the result of the contrary position assumed by an official of the Harding Administration is reported to be strong.

Friends of Senator Frelinghuysen intend to make a move shortly to counteract the unfavorable situation developed by Secretary Weeks's utterance. Senator Frelinghuysen may go so far as to condemn Mr. Weeks in a speech he will make at Ocean Grove on July 4.

The wet and dry issue is also acute in Ohio, where another dry Republican, Representative S. D. Fess, finds that the wets are exerting all their influence to defeat him for the nomination. The Republican leaders do not believe that the wet issue will bring about Mr. Fess's defeat for the nomination, but they foresee a decidedly unfavorable situation in the regular elections.

Mr. Fess's friends say that the statement made by Secretary Weeks has worked to the benefit of Senator Pomerene, the probable Democratic nominee, who voted against the prohibition amendment.

In both Ohio and New Jersey the Democratic aspirants for the Senate are wet, and Republican leaders fear that the wet influence may be strong enough to defeat Republican Senate nominees of dry tendencies.

SENATE PASSES BILL FOR NAVAL SCRAPPING

Democrats Question Action Until Other Powers Ratify the Washington Treaty.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Senate today passed the navy "scrapping" bill providing for American observance of the arms conference treaty in reducing capital ships. Minor Senate amendments sent the House bill to conference.

Unanimous consent was given for immediate consideration of the bill in an effort to have it enacted before the House adjourns. Democrats questioned the advisability of passing the bill until other powers concerned in the 5-5-3 treaty concluded ratification, but Senator Poindexter of Washington, acting as Chairman of the Naval Committee, explained that the bill authorized but did not direct the President to suspend work on the capital ships to be scrapped.

The important feature of the bill, Senator Poindexter added, was the provision for the conversion of the projected battle cruisers into airplane carriers. This should be done regardless of action on the treaty, he said, adding that there was no doubt that the treaty would be ratified.

Senator King of Utah said that the treaty was not effective in that it did not limit vessels other than capital ships, and read reports that Japan had a large program of submarines, destroyers and light cruisers.

Seven battleships and six battle cruisers will be dispensed with under the bill, but on some of these virtually no construction work has begun. The bill authorizes the President to settle contractors' claims or pay 75 per cent. in case of disputes pending adjudication in the Federal courts.

The limit of cost of the battleships West Virginia and Colorado, which are to be completed, would be increased from $16,000,000 to $17,000,000 each under a Senate committee amendment, while the cost of seven destroyers would be increased from $7,250,000 to $8,250,000.

Gidding
56th Street FIFTH AVENUE 57th Street

Will Close Out Today

The following groups of appropriate Sports Clothes for the week-end Holiday

White Flannel Skirts—Values to $15—$10
Wool Sweaters—Values to $15—$7.50
Sheer Blouses—Values to $12—$7.50
Sports Suits—Values to $75—$28
Summer Frocks—Values to $65—$35
Summer Hats—Values to $35—$10

Summer Shoes at $7.50 & $9.50
(Values $10 to $16.50)
Entire Selections of Hosiery at a discount of 20%

B. Altman & Co.

To-day (Saturday)

the Store will be closed at 12 o'clock, Noon

and will remain closed until Wednesday, July 5th

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

The Store is open today and Monday. Closed all day Tuesday, July 4th.

John Wanamaker
Broadway at Ninth Formerly A. T. Stewart

Beginning today, and continuing during July and August the store hours will be from 9 to 5.

Two good sales, today, to meet the call for Holiday Shirts and Socks.

1,000 White Outing Shirts at $2

Button-down collar attached—the collar with the long points which all young men are asking for today. The proper shirt for golf, tennis, the beach or the club, our $2.50 grade.

White cheviot—with French cuffs.

White cotton pongee—with post cuffs.

White fancy madras—with post cuffs.

1,000 English Broadcloth Shirts—$2.85

Finest white shirt for the money. We can't get enough to keep up with the demand. Light weight. Holds its good appearance after laundering, and keeps its fine lustre if ironed on the under side. New lot, just opened up. Get your holiday supply early.

6,000 prs. Famous Silk Socks—38c pr.

You know the name. Never was questioned. These are seconds of 75c, 80c and $1 grades. But the trifling defects have not marred their appearance nor affected their good service. Pure silk, in black and colors, plain or with vertical self stripes. Pure and artificial silk mixed, black and colors, plain or clocked. Black silk-pleated, ribbed effect, hemmed tops. All with mercerized cotton tops, toes, heels. Sizes 9½ to 12, but not every size in every kind.

* * *

Tropical worsted suits, $27.50 to $45. Mohair suits ..... $20 to $30
Linen knickers, white or tan, $6 to $7.50. Gabardine knickers $10.50
White flannel trousers, finest in America at the price $9.75
Bathing suits, all wool, 1-pc. or 2-pc., plain and fancy, $5 grade $2.95
White madras athletic union suits, sizes 34 to 38; our $2 grade 75c

Rep four-in-hands, ¼-inch diagonal stripes, showing the new summer blue, purple, brown garnet and navy blue $1
Hand-made four-in-hands of hand-loomed English twills $2
$5 Terry cloth bath robes and $6 Eden cloth beach robes $3.95
Light weight gloves, gray, lisle, 85c pair. Milanese silk $1.15
Tennis rackets, $2.50 to $15; covers, presses, balls.
Golf bag, brassie, long iron, jigger, niblick, putter, all for $14.75
Motor restaurants, with service for 4 persons $11.50
Canoes. Boats. Bicycles. Fishing tackle. Camping supplies.

Street floor, New Building.

MAYOR OLES QUITS HIS 'THANKLESS' JOB

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

has been active in politics for the past ten years.

Reese is a salesman for the Carnegie Steel Company. He is 39 years old, married and has two children. He was educated in the public schools. He had no announcement to make that a municipal millennium in Youngstown will be ushered in at the same time that he is ushered to the Mayor's chair. He said, without being markedly reticent, he is rather disinclined to predict what sort of Mayor he will be.

Of two things he was quite certain, however, when he talked with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent: He is not going to stand on the amazing Oles platform, and he is going to devote all of his days to being Mayor.

"For a week the Mayor has talked continually of resigning," said Reese tonight. "This morning he told me his mind was made up and he was going. I have had more than ten years of municipal experience and he feels that I am better qualified to run the city than he is, because of that experience. He wanted to run the town the same way he ran his private business and he found it wouldn't work. Then he called on me to do it."

In response to a question as to the real reason for Oles's decision, Reese said he attributed it principally to a falling off in the Mayor's produce business. He said that had suffered and that the Mayor wanted to get back to take care of it as he always had.

A further question drew from him a quite positive declaration that a recent move to impeach the Mayor on the ground of unfitness, non-residence and grafting had nothing to do with his decision to withdraw.

"It is purely voluntary on Oles's part," Reese went on. "He just feels that he has to take care of his business."

Asked what the general attitude of the city would be toward a change in the administrative head of the city, whether the people generally were for or against the Mayor, Reese replied:

"Well, every man has his following."

"How about the business men, are they satisfied?"

"The local newspapers generally are pretty well satisfied, and I think that probably reflects the sentiment of the people."

"Why are the people satisfied? What outstanding thing has the Mayor done; what part of his policies has he been able to make good on in these few months in office?"

There was an instant's reflection before Reese answered:

"There was a building on the square. Its steps encroached on the streets. They had been there a long time. The Mayor had them removed. Everybody liked that."

"Are you going to carry out Mr. Oles's policies with regard to drastic cuts in the Police and Fire Departments and abolition of the street cleaners?" was the next question.

"Certainly not. You have to have protection. There are laws and underwriters' requirements, and you can't change those things. The people must be protected."

"What will be your most radical departure from the principles of the Oles regime?"

"I realize that to run a city you must have money. To get that money you have to live up to certain laws and requirements. There is a definite way of financing a city. You can't do it as you would finance a private business. The municipality must operate and I must get the money to operate it with. I intend to do that."

Have drinking and gambling and vice generally diminished in Youngstown since Mr. Oles has been Mayor?"

"I think if anything there is a little more of them now than there was before."

"To what do you attribute that?"

"It's because a man can't run two businesses. You can't be a Mayor and a market man at the same time. It won't work. You've got to be one or the other. I'm going to be Mayor."

Ran for Mayor as a Joke.

George L. Oles was precipitated rather suddenly into the Mayor's chair in Youngstown, Ohio, as the result of what started as a joke. His return to private life and his Fulton Fruit and Meat Market has been accomplished in much the same whirlwind fashion. In April his political horizon widened—he was going to sweep the State for Governor. On June 7 he had abandoned his gubernatorial ambitions and would stay as Mayor. On June 30 he quits the smaller job, ready once more to be a private citizen.

A few days ago a citizen of that steel city of some 150,000 souls over whom Oles had tried to rule asked Governor Davis to impeach the Mayor. He charged incompetence and unfitness, non-residence in more than a technical sense, and graft. The graft accusation was based on an exhibition by a carnival company which was said to have paid no license fee. Not dollars but animals for the farm, which is his real home, were the "consideration" in the alleged graft.

The inference that those charges—just or unjust—have brought about the Mayor's decision undoubtedly will be drawn by some, but there remains the fact that the Mayor had been in office but a single week when he began to talk of quitting. He has a big business that needs his attention and he has learned and admitted that a city can not be run like one's personal merchandise establishment.

There are laws and civil service commissions and courts and all sorts of red tape, not to mention politicians, inherent privileges, officeholders and office seekers to interfere with one who sets out with the avowed purpose. When he tried to fire most of the Police and Fire Departments, for example, announcing that those who wanted better protection could hire it for themselves, there was a howl of anguished protest from business men and property owners that reverberated deafeningly in City Hall. When he proposed to abolish the Street Cleaning Department he met with an insistent prejudice in favor of sanitation. When he announced that he would fail any taxpayer who remitted under a new valuation that had sent property values away up, the courts thwarted him by holding that revaluation legal.

And meantime the debt of Youngstown, a city in rather unhappy financial condition, has remained about what it was despite his avowed purpose of reducing it. So with other planks of his platform. He was going to tear up the trolley rails and turn the town over to the jitneys. He didn't. He was going to do terrific things to the Erie Railroad, which has one of those local controversies with the city about trackage. Mostly he didn't.

Then there was the underworld. He ordered liquor banished. He ordered disreputable women out of town. He ordered all "he vamps" arrested. Gambling was prohibited. He promulgated a more or less famous order giving all the interdicted classes a week to "love up, drink up, pack up and move, or behave," and it had some effect. But not nearly what was expected. The Mayor blamed the police, with whom he has been in a continual row.

The positive side of his record in office is more difficult to appraise from the records thus far available. He did "raid" the town's best club and shut its bar; he did refuse licenses to a batch of soft drink places that had not been altogether soft; he did exercise a great amount of moral suasion to induce parents to keep their children off the streets. And there were the city parks thrown open, in accordance with another plank in that motley platform, to such open-air "petting parties" as were kept within bounds.

The Mayor began as a potato peddler in New Castle, Pa., trundling a cart. He became a partner in that produce business, gave it up and went to Youngstown. There he was highly successful. He had studied Billy Sunday and psychology. He caught the knacks of interesting the populace, of being sensational in a pert, human way. People read his advertisements.

One day, in search of a sensation, he announced that he would run for Mayor. He didn't mean to. The idea took. He kept it up for its advertising value, putting forth his political propaganda under the heading of his store, so that politics and produce were mixed to the advantage of both. Business picked up and so did the Mayoralty boom. Suddenly Oles was in earnest—or said he was. He conducted a homely homey sort of campaign, he moved in to a hotel to establish legal residence, his wife brought the two children and helped him, the independent ticket caught on, particularly with the women—and presto! the Republican incumbent was out and Oles was in by a massive majority.

HOUSE ADJOURNS, RECONVENES AUG. 15

Agrees to All Conference Reports on Annual Appropriation Bills.

MONDELL REPEATS BOASTS

Republican Floor Leader Points to $300,000,000 Surplus as Proof of Party's Economy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The House agreed upon all conference reports on annual appropriation bills which become effective tomorrow and adjourned at 10 o'clock tonight until Aug. 15. During the recess the Administration's subsidy bill will be carried to the people, and the House on its reconvening will immediately take up this bill.

It is expected that the Senate will have passed the Tariff bill by the time the House members return. After this bill is sent to the conference the Senate will consider the bonus measure while the House has the Subsidy bill before it.

Indications are that this session of Congress will not adjourn finally until the latter part of September because of the great controversy existing as to a ship subsidy. If President Harding insists upon final action in Congress before the elections the session may run until October.

Nation-wide criticism of the present Congress, and particularly of the House of Representatives, did not deter Representative Mondell, the Republican floor leader, from stating in a speech late this afternoon that this Congress was one of the most diligent and intelligent he had ever known. He repeated with great emphasis his former assertions that in no Congress in history had better progress been made in considering taxation and revenue legislation, and that no previous House had considered and passed so much important legislation in the same period of time.

Criticism and badgering of Congress were easy to indulge in, Mr. Mondell said. When he referred to its critics he made what members took to be an allusion to Secretary Weeks, who only recently incurred the floor leader's anger by saying in a public address that Congress had fallen to a low ebb.

"The Congress affords the most alluring of all fields for criticism to those who have been denied by the popular will a place within one or the other of its two houses," said Representative Mondell—in this way, so some of his hearers thought, referring to Secretary Weeks's failure to win the Massachusetts Senatorship—"and to those who, disappointed because the Congress has declined to accept their views or accede to their demands, find it much easier to damn the Congress than to defend their own position; to those who, quite regardless of the facts, criticise the Congress for purely partisan reasons; to those who, immured in editorial sanctums, out of an entire lack of national viewpoint and complete isolation from the pulse of national sentiment consciously or unconsciously reflect the selfish and provincial sentiment which filters through the editorial keyhole.

"Fortunately, after all, the country will judge the Congress by what it does rather than by what is said about it, and in that reflection the members of this House can return to their constituencies with a record of wise and helpful legislation which should and will win their approval."

Taking up the main theme of his speech, "the first year of Congress under President Harding," Representative Mondell said:

"The work of this House has been carried on in co-operation with the President along the lines of a program based upon the pledges and promises of our party in the national platform. The interest-bearing debt has been reduced by a billion dollars. Through economy in appropriation and expenditure we have balanced the national budget and present a surplus of receipts over expenditures of approximately $300,000,000. In appropriations for the coming fiscal year we have adhered to and improved upon our record of economy and have made a saving over the current year of approximately $215,000,000 in appropriations for the war establishments.

"We have reduced the annual burden of taxation in the sum of nearly a billion dollars, and the burden has been lifted fairly and equitably.

"This Congress has up to this time placed upon the statute books 398 separate laws, of which 311 are public and 87 are private, including claims. This is at the rate of one and one-third laws per legislative day for the entire session. In addition, the House of Representatives has considered and passed 276 bills, of which 138 are public and 14 are private, including claims. In addition to these, 27 Senate bills have passed the House, but have not reached the state of final agreement between the two houses. This makes an average of two and one-third bills considered by the House of Representatives each legislative day of the Congress."

Promising that Martin Madden, Chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, would later present a detailed statement of reductions in expenditures made by the Republican Congress, Representative Mondell said:

"The last fiscal year for which the regular annual appropriations were all made by a Democratic Congress and spent by a Democratic Administration was the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919. The total expenditures of the Government for that year were $18,514,879,865.

"The first fiscal year in which the Republican Congress had control of the appropriations, though not of the expenditures—the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920, the Federal expenditures were $6,646,849,841. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, the Republican Congress made the appropriations, but for eight months of the year the Democratic Administration controlled the outlay, and the total expenditures for that year were $5,113,927,604.

"The first fiscal year in which the Republican Congress and a Republican Administration has had charge of both appropriations and expenditures is the fiscal year just closed, and the Treasury officials estimate expenditures of that year chargeable against ordinary receipts at $3,500,000,000. The estimated receipts for the fiscal year are $4,100,000,000, leaving a surplus of approximately $300,000,000 of ordinary receipts over ordinary expenditures.

"In the three years therefore, in the first year of the Republican Administration balancing the budget with a surplus of $300,000,000. Not only have we brought about this steady reduction of expenditures and in this first year of President Harding's Administration created a surplus of $300,000,000, but we have also reduced the public debt by approximately a billion dollars. Four hundred and twenty-five millions of this reduction was accomplished by the application of ordinary receipts through the sinking fund and other debt expenditures chargeable to ordinary receipts. Approximately $206,000,000 of surplus current funds have been used in debt retirement.

"It is true that a part of the reduction of the natural debt has been accomplished through a reduction in the balance of the general fund, but, on the other hand, a very considerable portion of current funds has been used to cash by War Finance Corporation and advances to meet war obligations, such as those of the Shipping Board, the Railroad Administration and other Government agencies.

"Critics of the good work of the Congress and of the Administration will endeavor to minimize the extent of the reductions and economies that have been accomplished, but the fact remains that at the end of the first year of the Harding Administration the interest-bearing public debt will be approximately a billion dollars less than at the beginning, and notwithstanding this great reduction the Treasury will show a balance of approximately $200,000,000 of receipts above expenditures.

"The tariff, the soldier bonus, and the ship subsidy bills and the financing of agriculture would all be dealt with as soon as possible, Mr. Mondell promised.

QUEENS PLAZA STATION PLANS ARE APPROVED

Transit Commission Passes on Reconstruction to Cut Out Extra Fare to Times Square.

The Transit Commission approved yesterday the plan of Robert Ridgway, its chief engineer, for the reconstruction of the Queens Plaza station to provide for the participation of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company in the operation of the Astoria and Corona branches and to enable Queens passengers on those branches to connect with the B. R. T. line in Manhattan for a five-cent fare. At present, because of the difference in the width of the B. R. T. and Interborough subway cars, the Interborough is operating the branches alone, although joint operation was provided for in the dual subway contracts.

According to Mr. Ridgway's estimate, the reconstruction will cost $100,000 for structural changes to the stations and $60,000 for track work. The B. R. T. will maintain a shuttle service on each branch with its narrow wooden cars as far as the Queens Plaza station, where passengers will transfer to the wide cars and proceed direct to Times Square by way of Fifty-seventh Street. At present Queens passengers wishing to go to Times Square either have to pay an additional fare and transfer at Queens Plaza or have to go by way of Grand Central Station and the Forty-second Street shuttle.

The commission practically has agreed to locate stations on the Corona branch extension to Flushing at Tiemann and De Peyster Avenues, at Roosevelt Avenue, at Hewitt Avenue and Willets Point Boulevard, with the terminal at Main Street, Flushing. The latter will be an express station and the others local stations.

VENNER'S JUDGMENT AGAINST I. R. T. STANDS

Supreme Court Confirms Decisions in Three Cases Amounting to $70,000 Interest on Stock.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company must pay judgments aggregating $70,000 entered against it by Clarence H. Venner and two companies controlled by him, or face execution proceedings, according to a unanimous decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court rendered yesterday. No opinion was issued, but, as the decision was unanimous, the defendant must obtain permission to carry the case to the Court of Appeals.

The plaintiffs brought suit as possessors of notes included in the three-year 7 per cent. gold certificate issue, aggregating $33,400,000, which was floated by the Bankers Trust Company on Sept. 1, 1918, and made payable at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. Payment was not made when the notes became due, but about 98 per cent. of the holders agreed to extend the time of payment. The defendants contended that a trust agreement between the Interborough and the Bankers Trust Company provided that no individual holder of less than 10 per cent. of the issue should bring suit unless in conjunction with others holding 25 per cent. of the total issue, and then only after notice to the trustee.

Two judgments for $25,000 each, with interest and costs, in favor of Venner and the General Investment Company and a judgment for $20,000 in favor of the Continental Securities Company were confirmed. Elijah N. Zoline appeared for the plaintiffs, and James L. Quackenbush, general counsel of the Interborough, for the defendant.

MRS. BERGDOLL LOSES.

Suit to Recover Wealth Seized by Government Fails.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Mrs. Emma C. Bergdoll of Philadelphia, mother of Grover C. Bergdoll, the draft evader, lost her fight today in the Equity Court to recover more than $1,500,000 worth of cash and negotiable paper which was seized by the Alien Property Custodian because the Government was unable to determine how much of this property was owned by Grover and how much by his mother.

Justice Jennings Bailey decided that Mrs. Bergdoll could not maintain the suit for recovery because she had refused to answer certain questions on cross-examination by the Government's lawyers and had also refused to produce certain documentary evidence demanded at the trial. She got into trouble with Justice Bailey on one occasion because she was said to have talked too much, a fine of $50 for contempt of court being imposed. The fine was remitted later.

The dismissal of the suit was without prejudice and Mrs. Bergdoll may again file suit on behalf of herself or her son.

TEXAS LEADS IN LYNCHINGS.

Twelve Recorded There in Six Months, Tuskegee Reports.

TUSKEGEE, Ala., June 30.—Twelve of thirty lynchings in the United States during the first half of the year were recorded in Texas, according to a statement of the Department of Records and Research of Tuskegee Institute, issued today. Mississippi was second to Texas with seven lynchings, while four were reported from Georgia. Arkansas had two lynchings and one each was reported from Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Oklahoma and South Carolina.

The number lynched during the period is six less than for the first half of 1921 and eighteen more than the number recorded for the first six months of 1920.

Of those lynched two were white and twenty-eight negroes. Eleven of those put to death were charged with attacks upon women and nineteen were charged with other offenses. Five were burned at the stake and three were first put to death and then their bodies burned. Four of those lynched in the year 1921 were burned at the stake and three were first put to death before their bodies burned.

New Counsel for War Finance Board

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Appointment of G. A. Mere of Salt Lake City as general counsel of the War Finance Corporation was announced today by Managing Director Meyer. Mr. Mere will succeed G. C. Henderson of New York.

PUTS 1923 DEFICIT AT $485,000,000

Gilbert Says 4½-Billion Refunding Operation Will Keep Treasury Busy.

BUDGET FOR 1922 BALANCED

Under Secretary Attributes This to Economies Under President's "Firm Leadership."

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Government balanced its budget for the fiscal year ending today. This result of the Federal financial operations for the year was described by Under-Secretary of the Treasury Gilbert as "no mean accomplishment," but for the fiscal year 1923, opening tomorrow, he declared the prospects "not good," with a budget deficit estimated as high as $485,000,000.

Final Treasury reports for the closing fiscal year will not be available for a day or two, but Mr. Gilbert, who has charge of the Government finances, declares that expenditures for the year would be less than $4,000,000,000, or $500,000,000 less than was estimated as necessary by the spending departments at the outset of the year, and that there would be a small surplus of receipts.

"That this has been accomplished," he said, "in the face of the unfavorable prospects that confronted us at the beginning of the year is due to the unremitting efforts of the Government departments and establishments under the firm leadership of the President to reduce current expenditures to the utmost limits consistent with proper administration."

As to the coming year, the Under-Secretary pointed to the possibility of a deficit greater than already estimated, appropriations for 1923 not yet having been passed by Congress. However, he maintained, the Government "owes it to himself and the rest of the world to keep its finances clean and balance its budget for 1923 as in the three previous years, and the only way to accomplish this is to reduce expenditures already estimated and avoid new avenues of expenditure to such an extent as may be necessary to wipe out the indicated deficit."

In discussing the handling of the public debt in 1922, Mr. Gilbert declared that with the approach of the end of the year the total gross debt of the United States was about $22,950,000,000, a total reduction of more than $3,000,000,000 since its peak on Aug. 31, 1919. This was accomplished, he explained, by the application of $1,000,000,000 balance in the general fund made possible by lessened expenditures and outstanding maturities; application of about $200,000,000 of repayments by foreign Governments; receipt of funds from salvage and other assets remaining over from the war aggregating about $1,400,000,000, and the application to debt retirement of about $1,000,000,000 of surplus tax receipts during the fiscal years 1920, 1921 and 1922.

For the future, he asserted, liquidation of the public debt would have to be accomplished chiefly from surplus revenue receipts, and particularly through sinking fund and other accounts, as the Treasury balance had been reduced to as low a figure as consistent with proper conduct of Government business. Enough had been accomplished, Mr. Gilbert said, to assure the success of the Treasury's plans for refunding the $7,600,000,000 short-dated debt, consisting of Victory notes maturing in May, 1923, Treasury certificates of indebtedness and War Savings certificates.

Since the Treasury's refunding program was opened in April, 1921, he reported, "remarkable progress" had been made, Victory notes now outstanding amounted to about $2,000,000,000 as compared with $4,000,000,000 at that time; Treasury certificates aggregating about $1,830,000,000 as compared with $2,750,000,000 and War Savings certificates $650,000,000 as against $750,000,000.

There were now outstanding, he continued, about $2,200,000,000 of entirely new obligations in the form of Treasury notes, issued in accordance with the refunding plan. These, however, he explained would mature at various dates in the years 1924, 1925 and 1926, and the Treasury should be able to frame its plans so as to take care of them at maturity out of surplus revenues or through secondary refunding operations, if necessary, without undue strain to the financial markets.

"There still remains outstanding, however," he said, "about $4,500,000,000 of obligations maturing within less than a year, $2,000,000,000 of which is in the form of Victory notes, and their refunding presents a problem that will require the best attention of the Treasury for practically the whole of the next fiscal year."

FOR POLICE HEROES' WIDOWS

Percentage of Film Drama's Receipts Set Aside for Them.

Widows of New York's slain police heroes will benefit from the performance of "In the Name of the Law," a new motion picture, which will open for an extended run at the George M. Cohan Theatre, Times Square, on July 9. R-C Pictures Corporation has arranged to distribute a percentage of the gross receipts to a limited number of widows of police officers who have died in service since the beginning of the year.

"In the Name of the Law" is a screen drama produced by Emory Johnson and interpreted by a cast including Claire McDowell, Ella Hall, Johnnie Walker and Ralph Lewis. The photoplay was shown recently to the convention of police chiefs in San Francisco and was endorsed by them as an accurate picturization of the adventure, romance, comedy and pathos that fill the life of the policeman.

ANARCHIST ASSAILS SOVIETS

Lively Discord Develops at French Communist Labor Convention.

PARIS, June 30.—Disagreements between the Anarchists and Communists are threatening to break up the meeting at St. Etienne of the French Communist Federation of Labor, to which Spanish, Belgian and other delegates were invited.

The Anarchist Lecoin at yesterday's session made an especially violent attack upon the Russian Soviet Government, accusing Leon Tretsky, Minister of War, of locking up Socialists and Anarchists. Secretary Losowsky of the Bolshevist Workers' Union of Moscow chose this moment to appear at the meeting and demand the right to speak. The Italian Anarchist Totti then declared, amid a clamor of protests from the Communists, that Losowsky did not "have a clear conscience."

When Losowsky got the platform he denounced the Anarchists as "social backsliders and destroyers of civilization." At this Totti attempted to make himself heard, but Losowsky after a few more words slipped out the side door.

INDICT CREASY FOR MURDER

First-Degree Charge—Counsel Fears "Air of Hostility."

William L. Creasy was indicted for first degree murder by the Nassau County Grand Jury at Mineola yesterday. He was charged with killing Miss Edith Lavoy, Freeport school teacher. He pleaded not guilty when arraigned before Supreme Court Justice Callaghan. At the arraignment Creasy's counsel, Raymond D. Malone, complained of an "air of hostility" which he thought "might preclude a fair trial." Justice Callaghan remarked that Nassau County didn't try cases by atmosphere. July 17 before County Judge Lewis Smith was the date tentatively fixed for Creasy's trial.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

OFFER FOR TODAY ONLY

MEN'S PURE

SILK SOCKS

at 50c a pair

SILK SOCKS at a price that does not in any way indicate their splendid quality. Every pair of pure thread silk—every pair perfect. The heels and toes are reinforced with strong, lustrous lisle. In sizes from 9½ to 11½. They are in black, white and cordovan. Men will double their usual order when they will see these values. *Street Floor*

MEN'S

Japanese Crepe Robe

Sets **3.95**

Made in Japan for Saks & Company, of sturdy and cool cotton crepe. Sets consist of robe, slippers and envelope bag to match. Smart striped patterns in a variety of good color combinations. All sizes, including extra large. *Fifth Floor*

FOR CLEARANCE—SATURDAY

200

Men's Motor Dusters

—Of Tan Linene—

Special at **1.95**

A smart model with a convertible collar and a belt at the back, like these, will go far toward making the motor trip an enjoyable occasion.

Main Apparel Department—Sixth Floor

A NEW triumph

astonishing Motorists everywhere—

Continental engineers have done it—for Roamer *alone*. They have built America's star performer in a six cylinder motor. This new 12XD motor is the last word—more power, greater speed, vibration eliminated and surprising get-away.

A Marvel of Power, Quietness and Snappy Pick-Up

The design is a masterpiece of balance—you can't find a vibration point at any speed. Special Lynite aluminum pistons and special Huron metal connecting rods—no whip in the crankshaft at any speed.

The new

12XD Continental MOTOR *in the* ROAMER

This sweet-running, silent motor of astonishing performance gives fifteen miles to the gallon—match that record in a motor of its size and power! It has long life and vitality. See it—drive it—test it—you'll find it *only* under the Roamer hood.

BARLEY MOTOR CAR CO., Kalamazoo, Mich.

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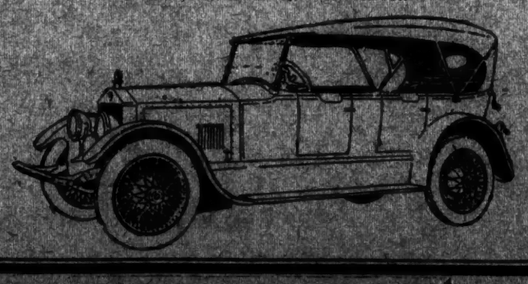


GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET — BROADWAY — 33RD STREET — NEW YORK CITY

Store Open All Day Today and All Day Monday

Forecast for the Fourth

Wilting Weather for the Man in Wool: Joy Time For the Fellow in Smart

Hot Weather Clothes

The trim laundered look of Palm Beaches. The silky coolness of mohairs. The debonair whiteness of flannels. The very look of them makes a man feel fresh and cool!

Holiday time's no holiday in a hot simmering sun—when you're hotly dressed. But nobody dresses that way nowadays. Too big a choice of *good* clothes in cool cloths.

In every color and type and style. For every wear. For sport or dress. And—worth noting—the prices. Extra comfort—at prices extra small. At Gimbels.

PALM BEACH SUITS

Still topping the town's value list. For quality at the price—style, make and tailoring. And for the array of thousands—to fit every man of every size, in a suit to suit him—as to color, make and cut. (Coat and Trousers.)

33 to 48 : Regulars : Longs : Shorts : Stouts

boys **$12**

The New Modes In MOHAIR

Conservative in cut. Excellent in make. Again a range to take in all sorts of tastes and sizes. (Coat and Trousers.) **$15**

Others $16.50 to $25.00

Society Brand Perfection

The distinction of Society Brand make—the perfection of Society Brand tailoring. In cool suits of Mohair, Palm Beach Cloth, Imported Linen, Tropical Worsted - - - - **$20 to $35**

White Flannels $7.50 to $35

Real Linen Knickers for Camp or Golf $5.95 to $8.50

Khaki or White Duck Trousers $2.95

Your Pick, Men! Any Straw Hat

A town-stirring sale that started with ten thousand hats. Just about every kind there is—*every good* kind. All straws—all styles—all sizes! $1.95 now—no matter how high they were before. **$1.95**

Top your holiday best with a bright new straw. Dock the old sunburnt one. A good hat—fine quality—now $1.95. Small in price—but big in the difference it makes in a costume's smartness.

GIMBELS MEN'S HAT SHOP—Fourth Floor

Meeting a Man's Need for White Shoes

White Buck: White Canvas and White Nu-buck, Too

Of course, he'll holiday in white shoes. For the White Way's not only the smart way but the cool and comfy way for a real day and a good game. New styles; new patterns. Rubber soles. And leather. **$5.00 to $10.00**

GIMBELS MEN'S SHOE SHOP—Fourth Floor

Sale! Men's White Negligee Shirts

Sizes 14 to 17 **$1.45** *Collar Attached*

Fine shirts! Made according to Gimbels specifications—of White Cotton Pongee and Oxford. A few White and Tan Madras shirts included. To demonstrate their popularity—and Value—at a recent sale we sold out in ONE DAY!

GIMBELS MEN'S FURNISHING SHOP—Street Floor

6 SHOT IN HOLD-UP OF $16,000 PAYROLL

Guards of Bank Runners Give Battle When Philadelphia Bandits Open Fire.

POLICEMAN SAVES MONEY

Fusillade Too Hot for Thugs, They Load Wounded Man Into Their Stolen Auto and Escape.

PHILADELPHIA, June 30.—Six persons were shot today in a gun fight between bandits and runners of the Textile National Bank carrying payrolls to textile mills in the northeastern section of the city.

The most seriously wounded was John C. Mitchell, a patrolman, who accompanied the runners. He is in a hospital suffering from numerous buckshot wounds. Joseph N. Bollendorf, a bank watchman, received buckshot wounds and a slight pistol bullet wound in the forehead. Theodore Wolfe, a runner, a woman and a negro also were struck by the shot.

One of the bandits dropped at the first fire. Bollendorf declared he had struck the robber in the breast with a bullet from a pistol of large calibre.

The four men carrying the payrolls, which amounted to about $16,000, had just alighted from a trolley when a large sedan drove up and six men leaped out and opened fire with shotguns and pistols. The fire was returned so smartly by the patrolman and the bank watchman that the bandits retreated behind their car.

Meantime, one of the bandits had fallen and Bollendorf went down from the shock of the pistol bullet which glanced off his head, dropping the money bag as he fell. The patrolman grabbed the bag, flung himself through a basement window of a mill and, leaving the money there, returned to the aid of Bollendorf and Wolfe, although he was badly wounded.

At this juncture the fire became too hot for the robbers and they placed their wounded or dead companion in the car and drove away. Bollendorf continued to fire into the car, and shortly thereafter commandeered the only machine in sight, a truck, with which he took up the pursuit. He was outdistanced in a short time, however.

The bandit car was later found abandoned several miles from the scene. It was identified as the property of Sidney P. Scott of Delaware City, with a business establishment in Wilmington, Del. The car was reported missing by Scott on June 14. It bore a Washington license plate issued to John T. Koff, who gave his address as the New Willard Hotel and his occupation as an engineer. No guest of that name had registered at the hotel, it was said.

TWO BOYS DROWNED AS VACATION BEGINS

One, 9 Years Old, Dies in Bronx River; Another, 18, in the Hudson.

Disobeying his mother's instructions not to go swimming yesterday, 9-year-old Robert Mullen of 690 Westchester Avenue, the Bronx, succumbed to the lure of the Bronx River's cool water and dived to his death from the bank at the foot of 166th Street.

A companion, Charles O'Connor, 10 years old, of 743 Forest Avenue, the Bronx, called Patrolman Hoffman of the Simpson Street Station when Robert failed to come to the surface. The patrolman could not find the body, but the police of the marine division later recovered it. It was believed that the boy struck a rock in diving, or became caught in the muddy bottom. Yesterday was the first day of school vacation.

John Powers, 18 years old, of 150 West Eighty-fourth Street was drowned about 8:15 o'clock last night while bathing in the Hudson River between Eighty-fourth and Eighty-fifth Streets. Powers did not know how to swim. To boys who declined to go in with him he said he would learn how when he got into the water. They saw him strip off his clothes, jump in and disappear. After coming up twice, he threw up his hands and called for help. The boys called a policeman, but Powers had gone under for the last time when one arrived. Policemen with grappling irons failed to find the body.

The body of a man drowned in the Harlem River off 129th Street Wednesday was identified yesterday as that of Patrick Donellan, 54 years old, by Thomas Lillis of 463 West Nineteenth Street, at whose home he lived. Donellan's relatives had been searching for him since his mysterious disappearance a week ago. The dead man is said to have suffered an injury to his head recently.

ATLANTIC CITY, June 30.—The body of Paul Blanc, 40 years old, a waiter at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel here, was washed ashore early today on the beach at the foot of Albany Avenue. Blanc had been missing since Wednesday, when he went to bathe.

A PRESBYTERIAN PLATFORM.

Work of Findings Committee Is Adopted at Stony Brook Session.

STONY BROOK, N. Y., June 30.—Adoption of a platform presented by the Findings Committee of the Presbyterian Conference of Delegates marked the closing session of the convention here today. More than half the denominations was represented at the conference, which began last Monday.

As a practical expression of the value of the conference, the platform commends the action taken providing for a recommendation to the Presbyterian denomination that a definite effort be made to increase the number of enrolled members of the fellowship of stewardship to 200,000.

Touching on the New Era movement the platform recommends:

"While the New Era movement is recognized as officially representing the General Assembly, its influence and results will be strengthened by presenting whenever possible the deliverances of the General Assembly, which convey an authoritative message rather than give the impression that recommendations of New Era are suggested by the New Era movement. The movement will find itself in proportion as it loses itself in dealing with synods, Presbyteries and churches."

The Findings Committee which prepared the platform consisted of A. H. Whitford, Buffalo, N. Y.; the Rev. Joseph D. Burrell, Brooklyn; the Rev. Roy S. Gilfillan, Wilmington, Del.; Kenneth Crawford, Meadville, Pa.; the Rev. Henry A. Dean, Utica, N. Y.; Mrs. B. A. Williams, East McKeesport, Pa., and W. L. Darby, Washington, D. C.

Dr. John A. Marquis, General Secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Home Missions, in an address said that the spirit of evangelism was never as high as it was, and that, in spite of the resurgence of materialism, thinking people were turning to Christ for the solution of the world ills.

KING OF PARIS BOHEMIA DEAD; RULED 30 YEARS

De Gherardine, a Well-Known Latin Quarter Figure, the Last of His Type.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 30.—After thirty years' uncontested rule Adalbert Biart de Ghérardine, "the King of Bohemia," was buried this morning in Père La Chaise Cemetery.

This self-crowned sovereign ruled a realm of which the frontiers were undefined, and his subjects were from the four corners of the earth. All who studied or spent any time in the Latin Quarter will remember him as one of the most picturesque figures in Paris.

With him disappears something more than merely a wild, eccentric bohemian. Many students who attended his funeral felt that they were burying a whole epoch; that with him died the last vestige of the real old Latin Quarter.

A descendant of an old Breton noble family—his brother was an Admiral in the French Navy, and a brother-in-law was a prominent Paris banker—de Ghérardine, born in 1861, came to the Latin Quarter in 1883 to spend a few years in study, and remained there the rest of his days. He was well over six feet tall and powerfully built. All those who knew the Latin Quarter before the war remember his curious figure swinging down the Boulevard St. Michel, dressed in strange garb, consisting of a sort of rough shooting jacket and breeches, with leggings made of paper tied together with strings, and a flowing cape made of a blanket.

The self-styled King held court anywhere and everywhere, retiring in the small hours to rest on a bench in the "Boul Miche," where the policemen allowed him the privilege of lying unmolested, generally with the last bottle he had emptied beside him. The small monthly allowance received from his family went in a few days of wild carousal, and the rest of the month was spent "borrowing" 50 centimes or franc pieces from students, which he never returned, the donors being rewarded by long philosophical lectures. For the "King," who had been a student of philosophy, dearly loved to expound views which, although highly attractive, would not often have gained the approval of the former Sorbonne professors.

The war rendered de Ghérardine's former mode of life impossible, and he obtained a small post with a bookseller at the Latin quarter. Three years ago he published a booklet entitled "Thirty Years in Bohemia," which is now out of print and much sought by collectors.

'FATHER BILL' DALY, 80, IS PARTED FROM WIFE

Legal Separation Order Ends Dispute in Which Horseman Was Called Cruel.

William C. (Father Bill) Daly, veteran horse trainer of Brooklyn, was legally separated today from his wife, Mrs. Ella Daly, by an order signed by Justice Benedict in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn. The order marks the end of a long series of disputes between them. "Father Bill" is about 80 years old. He and his wife have been living in Linden Avenue, Brooklyn.

Justice Benedict announced that he would leave it to a referee the determination of the amount of alimony Mrs. Daly is to receive. Mrs. Daly alleged cruelty and accused Daly of being penurious. Daly denied the charges and contested the action.

The couple were married in 1890. Mrs. Daly alleged that her husband's income was $20,000 a year, but "Father Bill" denied this.

KLAN LEADER CONVICTED.

Found Guilty of Assault After Ku Klux Attack on Doctor.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., June 30.—John H. Vitelle, former Exalted Cyclops of the Taft (Cal.) Ku Klux Klan, was found guilty by a jury last night of assaulting Dr. Dwight E. Mason of Taft by beating him with ropes.

Vitelle was acquitted of a charge of assault with intent to commit murder, and the jury disagreed on the charge of assault with intent to do great bodily injury by hanging.

The third indictment, on which Vitelle was convicted, is punishable by from one to ten years in prison. He will appear in court for sentence on Monday.

Vitelle was accused of attacking Dr. Mason at the Taft ball park on the night of Oct. 27, 1921. According to Dr. Mason's testimony given during the trial, more than thirty hooded and masked men were at the place at the time of the alleged attack. He also testified that his wife and three other women saw him attacked.

TRUCK DRIVER IS ARRESTED.

Charged With Theft of Motor and Load of Army Clothing.

Harry Smith, 21 years old, of 84 Madison Street, was held in $7,500 bail yesterday by Magistrate Charles A. Oberwager in Jefferson Market Court, for examination July 10, on a charge of grand larceny. Smith was employed as a driver by Jacob Lipschitz, a truckman, who alleges that on June 7 he sent Smith with an automobile truck to Pier 74, North River, to get a load of army pants consigned to the Triad Corporation, 436 Lafayette Street. The consignment was received at the pier but it is charged that Smith and the truck disappeared.

The land is assessed at $1,000,000 and the residence at $2,500,000. The comtectives Sullivan, Woods and Buckley recognized Smith on the street and arrested him.

KIDDIES IN HOPSCOTCH BOUT

Philadelphia Youngsters Win and Challenge the Nation.

PHILADELPHIA, June 30.—Laurels rested on the brows of Philadelphia hopscotch champions tonight, for today hundreds of school children gathered to select the best in the hopscotch rings.

Hopscotch consists in hopping over a chalked plot on the pavement, kicking a shell about and not infrequently slipping and skinning a knee.

After a series of exciting elimination contests the champions finally were crowned. They were: Senior boys' class, Isadore Schwartz, 16; senior girls' class, Yolanda Capaccio, 14; junior boys' class, Alexander Weinberger, 12; junior girls' class, Ella Margaret White, 12.

The winners have sent challenges to all the kids in the country to lick 'em.

BROADHURST SUIT SETTLED.

San Francisco Man Pleads Guilty to Assault and Is Fined $20.

BALTIMORE, June 30.—John B. Symon of San Francisco, who was arrested here on the arrival of the steamer Columbia on June 2 for assault upon George H. Broadhurst, playwright and theatrical producer, pleaded guilty before Judge Rose in the United States Court today and was fined $20 and costs.

The nominal fine was said by the Court to have resulted because Symon had already made reparation to Broadhurst.

This information was the first that the suit for $50,000 filed by Mr. Broadhurst against the San Francisco contractor had apparently been settled out of court.

Negro Convicted of Murder.

Robert J. Blackstone, a negro chiropractor, who said he formerly lived in Washington, D. C., last night was convicted of murder in the first degree by a jury in the Bronx County Court. Judge Gibbs will impose the death sentence on July 7. Blackstone killed Mrs. Margaret Nichens, a negress, of 4[illegible] Park Avenue, the Bronx, on Oct. 7, 1921.

TWO MEN ACCUSED OF DARING ROBBERY

Bound and Gagged Man and Woman in Atlantic City Hotel Room, It Is Charged.

$5,000 IN DIAMONDS TAKEN

Rings Torn From Woman's Ears—Proprietors of Bowery Restaurant Extradited.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 30.—A daring robbery in which a man and woman were bound, gagged and robbed of diamonds valued at $5,000 here five weeks ago was disclosed today when Max and Julius Fuerst, said to be proprietors of a restaurant at 15 Bowery, New York City, were extradited and arraigned before Judge Robert H. Ingersoll at May's Landing.

The defendants were charged with entering a room at Grossman's Hotel, South New Jersey Avenue, near the boardwalk, on May 27 and of robbing and assaulting Mrs. Florence Suts, 341 East Seventy-seventh Street, New York, and Samuel Horowitz, who lives in the same apartment house. The defendants were held under $5,500 bail each for the Grand Jury. Bond was furnished.

They were arrested in New York by Detectives Joseph Farley and Samuel Weakley. According to Weakley, Mrs. Suts came to Atlantic City on May 27. That evening, while sitting on the hotel porch, she asked Horowitz, an old friend, to go to her room and bring down her coat.

The room was dark. As Horowitz entered, he says, a revolver was pressed against his side and he was told to keep quiet. After taking his diamond ring and stick pin, two men gagged him and held him prisoner.

When an hour or more Mrs. Suts became puzzled by his long absence and went to find him, the robbers forced Horowitz to call her in. She, too, was seized and bound. Diamond ear rings were torn from her ears and a diamond bar pin from her bosom, she told the police. Threatening death if an alarm was given, the robbers departed.

GIRL SCENARIO WRITER BELIEVED A SUICIDE

Chicago Police, After Finding Cape and Vanity Case on Lake Shore, Seek Her Friends.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 30.—Police are seeking a young Chicagoan identified only as "Wayne" and a handsome young woman who gave the name of "Mrs. Schaefer" in their endeavor to clear the mystery surrounding the disappearance of Miss Phoebe Allen, pretty 18-year-old scenario writer of Roanoke, Va., whose cape and vanity case were picked up on the Lake Shore in Lincoln Park today.

Besides epigrams on love and marriage, the little brown vanity case contained the addresses of several employment agencies indicating Miss Allen had finally considered literary achievement hopeless. The epigrams included the following:

"Most men have commuting hearts that leave home regularly, but always come back again to wife for rest.

"A woman always insists that a man acknowledge her virtues, but a man is thankful if a woman will just overlook all his failings.

"A mind woman is the lily that adorns a platform, a heart woman the rose that sweetens a man's own home. The average man always marries one of these—and then spends his life thinking wistfully of the other.

"Be patient—never try to kiss a woman the first or second time you meet her. And never reveal your purpose, whatever it may be, until she is used to you and trusts you.

"What a man calls his friendship for a woman is always either the beginning of love or what is left of it after the romance and thrills are gone.

"A woman seldom finds real love until she has grown weary of looking for it and has begun to look for the amusement and diversion of synthetic sentiment."

The girl disappeared from the home of Mrs. Sarah A. O'Byrne, in North Dearborn Street, Wednesday night. Her friend, the mysterious "Mrs. Schaefer," had engaged the room for her two weeks ago.

The first intimation that Miss Allen had possibly drowned herself came Thursday night when "Mrs. Schaefer" reappeared at the O'Byrne home in much agitation.

"I've just received a note from Phoebe saying she was going to kill herself," she told the housekeeper.

The identity of the young man, presumably a New York attorney, with residence at Roanoke, thought to be the fiance of Miss Allen, is also sought. A telegram from the young man, who signed himself "Hal," arrived at the Dearborn Street address of the girl this morning. It read:

"Your wire frightened me. I can't come now. Practice bad all year. Be sensible, come home, and forget your blues. Can marry soon and get apartment near Aunt Em. Quit chasing the rainbow. It's a myth. Mailing order tonight. Back to Roanoke Saturday. Disgusted at failure to land case."

SURPRISED AT RESIGNATION.

Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce Delays Action on Williams.

The announcement of the resignation of J. Harvey Williams as President of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, at a special meeting of the Board of Directors on Thursday night, surprised many members of the chamber yesterday. The Board of Directors declined to take any action on the resignation and adjourned until two weeks, when it is expected that a full membership will be present to decide on the matter.

It was understood yesterday that Mr. Williams's resignation was caused by his opposition to the past policies of Mayor Fealey, Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce and the authority exercised by the Secretary in conducting the affairs of the chamber.

RUSSIAN BUREAU CLOSES.

Director Sees Salvation of His Country in Middle-Class Regime.

The Russian Information Bureau, established here in May, 1917, by the Provisional Government of Russia, officially closed yesterday.

A. J. Sack, Director of the bureau, in a final statement, asserted that "just as five years ago, we continue to believe that Russia's salvation lies neither in the preservation of the Red autocracy of Bolshevism nor in a return to the Mask Czarism, but in the middle course of an orderly democratic development.

"Every moment brings us nearer to the realization of the aim for which generations of the best representatives of the Russian people have fought and died."

Former New York Nurse a Suicide.

CORNING, N. Y., June 30.—Unconscious since Tuesday night, when she was found in her room, Mrs. Georgia Elizabeth Ennis of Bath, formerly a New York nurse, died at a hospital at that place this morning. She took poison in a fit of despondency, it was disclosed in a note addressed to her daughter, Miss Marion Ennis, a nurse in training in New York City. Mrs. Ennis in her note declared she was despondent because of ill-health and decided to end it all. She directed her daughter to dispose of her effects.

The Sensational *New* Way to Take Pictures

Camera owners everywhere are getting *quicker* pictures and *better* pictures *without the use of films.* Instead of the old-time films they simply insert a roll of DIREX paper, *and the picture is taken direct and finished in beautiful sepia with the one process of development.* Give *your* camera this new efficiency by using

Direx

No more money lost examining imperfect films. No more scrutinizing of films to see what they are. Instead, real pictures with added clearness, greater speed *and no uncertainty.*

Have Your July 4th Snaps Pictures on the 5th

8 Hour Service by 51 New York Stores

Leave exposed DIREX rolls with your DIREX dealer, who sends them to our finishing station, 246 Fifth Avenue—returned to you FINISHED within a day. Get your first roll today—you'll never be without DIREX.

Positype Corporation of America
246 Fifth Avenue

No Matter
how or where you spend the holidays, you will have

A Jolly Fourth if you read
THROUGH THE SHADOWS
Cyril Alington's New Novel.
"A book which might well be dedicated to the god of wholesome laughter . . . delightfully, deliciously humorous." $1.75

A Thrilling Fourth if you read
THE SCARLET TANAGER
A New Mystery Novel by J. Aubrey Tyson.
"For every lover of a thrilling story. A tale remarkable for its intensity and fascination." $1.75

A Stimulating Fourth if you read
THE SECRET PLACES OF THE HEART
"H. G. Wells' finest novel of recent years."
"A vigorous and invigorating book, with all the Wellsian irony and enthusiasm unimpaired." $1.75

At all bookstores or from
THE MACMILLAN COMPANY
64-66 Fifth Avenue New York

THE NAVY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Rear Admiral Fiske takes up the discussion of Admiral Sims and Admiral Wemyss, which appeared previously in CURRENT HISTORY, in an article on Our Navy, in the July issue. Fifty articles in the July number, 192 pages, profusely illustrated. Among other important subjects: The Bonus Question, by the National Commander of the American Legion; Important Figures Showing Decrease in Crime and Poverty Because of Prohibition; The Pope's Position in Italy; Child Labor in the Light of the Supreme Court Decision, by Owen R. Lovejoy; Facts About India, by a Prince of India. On news stands, 25 cents.

JOHN FORSYTHE
20 WEST 34TH STREET
(ADJOINING WALDORF-ASTORIA)

Semi-Annual
REDUCTION SALE
Men's Exclusive Shirts

Discerning men eagerly anticipate this occasion when they may procure custom character shirts from one of New York's most exclusive men's shops

At Extraordinary Price Concessions

Imported Madras Shirts
2.95

Undoubtedly the highest grade Scotland-loomed shirtings usually found only in the highest character custom made-to-order shirts selling at $6.00 and $7.00. A varied selection of choicest patterns, including all white, and unusually fine domestic fabrics.

Woven Madras and Oxford Shirts
2.00

An infinitely varied assortment of woven madras shirts in designs to meet every particular taste, all white included. Also white oxford shirts of a quality one invariably associates with far higher priced shirts. *Usually selling at $3.00*

English Broadcloth White Shirts
4.35

English Broadcloth—the aristocrat of summer shirtings—ever retaining its whiteness and softness. In plain white or white with self satin stripes. Presented in the accepted collar-attached and neckband styles.

Custom Tailored Silk Shirts
6.95

Of the very finest and most exclusive silk shirtings loomed. In patterns that will meet with the immediate approbation of gentlemen of fine taste; also the favored white included. These shirts are tailored according to Forsythe's high standard.

Would ordinarily sell at $10.00.

The McCreery Men's Shop
STORE OPEN ALL DAY TODAY :: STORE CLOSED MONDAY AND TUESDAY

Clearance—Today Only!
128 GOLF SUITS
$39.50
Formerly $50 to $65

This is the balance of our entire stock of Men's two, three and four-piece Golf Suits. They are tailored of Foreign and Domestic Woolens. The two-piece suits were made in England. Sizes are not complete in every style but you will find regulars from 34 to 44 and stouts from 38 to 46.

Holiday Specials

Knitted Sport Coats	18.50
White Flannel Trousers	6.25
Linen or Palm Beach Knickers	4.75

5th AVENUE James McCreery & Co. 34th STREET
SECOND FLOOR—USE THE SPECIAL FIFTH AVENUE ENTRANCE

16 Button Milanese Silk Gloves
$1.85 to $3.00
Made in all the Leading Shades.
The World's Greatest Leather Store
366 Fifth Ave., New York; 255 Broadway
Boston—145 Tremont Street
London—40 Regent Street

First
In six months of this year The New York Times published 12,079,894 agate lines of advertising, a gain over last year of 1,149,090 lines and an excess over the second New York morning newspaper of 3,857,182 lines.

To-Day!
AT ALL OUR STORES
The balance of our [illegible] Hats will be sold [illegible]
$2.00 Each
ALL SIZES AND SHAPES
DANBURY HAT

STRONG OUT TO 'GET' FOES, SAYS WITNESS

Son of Nassau Contractor Relates at Inquiry a Conversation With Justice.

ATTACK ON EDWARDS FAILS

Witness Cannot Tell Exact Day He Saw Prosecutor, Reported as Ill, on a Train.

That Supreme Court Justice Selah B. Strong of the Second Judicial District started his John Doe road investigation in Nassau County to "get" G. Wilbur Doughty, the Republican leader of Nassau, and Hiram R. Smith of Hempstead, Presiding Supervisor of the county, was the burden of testimony given by one witness yesterday before the Assembly committee investigating the official conduct of Justice Strong.

Other testimony showed that a committee of the Nassau County Bar Association called upon John R. Hill, a contractor and builder of Westbury, L. I., who was foreman of the December Grand Jury which took up the investigation of highway contracts where Justice Strong left off. It was declared the committee tried to get him to tell of conversations between him and Justice Strong while the Grand Jury was engaged in this inquiry.

Testimony also was given regarding a conversation with Justice Strong in which he was quoted as saying he did not expect much aid in his John Doe investigation from District Attorney Charles R. Weeks of Nassau County, as the District Attorney was a candidate for re-election. Neal S. Vandewater, counsel for the Nassau County Association, a civic body, was used by Justice Strong to examine witnesses at the John Doe hearings to the exclusion of the County Prosecutor and his assistants, a witness declared.

Dr. John L. Both of Far Rockaway, a son of John Both, a senior member of the contracting firm of Both & Weston, which obtained the contracts Justice Strong was looking into, was the first witness yesterday. He said he was sent for by Justice Strong during the John Doe proceedings and called on the Justice in his chambers at the Court House in Mineola.

Quotes Attack on Weston.

"We are trying very hard to indict your father and I think we will succeed," the witness said Justice Strong told him. "If the Grand Jury fails to find a true bill against him I will send the Grand Jurors out again and again until they do. Now, you know, as we do, what sort of a man Andrew Weston is. He will crawl from under and put the whole blame in connection with these contracts upon your father the moment we get after him. I will gladly help your father as much as I can if he will give us the information we want. I do not expect much assistance from the District Attorney, who is after another term. I think Weston is putting it over on your father and is getting contracts for himself outside of the firm and he is also padding the payrolls. I am sorry to see this happen, as many years ago my own father got into trouble over a partner who was not on the level, and I know how I felt about that."

Dr. Both also testified that Justice Strong told him that the men he was particularly anxious to get were "G. W. D." and "H. R. S.," meaning Doughty, the Republican leader, and Presiding Supervisor Smith. The latter initials appear in one of the contracts under investigation by Justice Strong in approval of a clause providing for letting without competitive bidding.

On cross-examination by ex-Senator Edgar T. Brackett, counsel for Justice Strong, Dr. Both testified he had read in the newspapers that his father's firm had received many contracts without competitive bidding and that he suspected his father's partner of getting road contracts in his own name without letting his father know. This occasioned a visit by his father and himself to Mr. Vandewater, at the latter's home in Cedarhurst, L. I., as a result of which Mr. Vandewater sent his father a list of such contracts. This was before the visit to Justice Strong.

Publisher Tells of Subpoena.

James E. Stiles, publisher of The Nassau Daily Review and The South Side Observer, both local Republican organs, testified that while the John Doe proceeding was in progress troopers had come to his office and served a subpoena. He said he drove to the Court House in Mineola, where Justice Strong told him he had sent for him to discuss the public policy involved in charges to the Grand Jury and in the attacks of newspapers in Nassau County that were opposing him.

"I told Justice Strong," the witness said, "that I did not think it was good public policy to attack the character of public officials without prior investigation of the charges through the regular channels, and with that I meant the office of District Attorney Weeks. I also told him that he had been unfair to Supervisor Smith, who was flat on his back at West Palm Beach after a stroke of paralysis, and that he had been unfair also to Senator Thompson in suggesting that he had been bribed to oppose a bill in the Legislature."

"I made that charge to the Grand Jury in public," Justice Strong replied, according to the witness, "because it was the only way I could get the facts before the public and get the support of public sentiment."

"I then told him," Mr. Stiles went on, "that he was being used as a vehicle to promote the aims of the Nassau County Association, and that he would mourn the day that he came to Nassau County to besmirch the reputation of honest public officials."

"Did Mr. Vandewater engage in the conversation at any time?" asked Harry C. Perkins, counsel for the committee.

"Yes," said the witness. "He said that I had threatened to expose him unless he let up on the John Doe proceedings."

"What did you say to that?" asked Mr. Perkins.

Gives Lie to Vandewater.

"I said Mr. Vandewater was a damned liar," said Mr. Stiles. "Vandewater then left the room without any rejoinder whatsoever."

Mr. Stiles said that neither Doughty nor Smith owned any stock in the company, capitalized at $250,000, but that Both & Weston owned $4,000 worth. There were about 100 stockholders, among them Robert L. Bacon, C. Herbert Curr and Stephen P. Pettitt.

Joseph Rooney, court stenographer, was recalled and was asked by Mr. Brackett if he had not seen Assistant District Attorney Elvin N. Edwards on a train the very day when, as testified on Thursday, he had reported sick to the court and been referred to by Justice Strong "as a damned little skunk." Rooney said he had seen Edwards on a train but could not fix the date. Rooney said he and Justice Strong were together.

Foreman Hill of the December Grand Jury, the last witness of the day, said the Grand Jury was prepared to hand up a presentment exonerating Senator George F. Thompson of the Bribery charge on March 3, but that Justice Strong had told the jurors they should withhold presentments until the last day of their deliberations, which came three weeks later. One of the charges against Justice Strong was that he had refused to permit this presentment when handed up, but this was denied by Foreman Hill.

Mr. Hill testified that George M. Bode and James M. Gehrig formed the committee that called to question him about the Both & Weston investigation. He said:

"They attempted to discuss the Both & Weston case with me, but I told them I did not think it was becoming in the Nassau County Bar Association to question a Grand Juror regarding cases pending before the Grand Jury and refused to have anything to do with the committee," Mr. Hill testified.

The committee last night took an adjournment until July 10, when the hearings will be resumed in this city.

FARRAR AND TELLEGEN RECONCILED? NOT YET

As Far Apart as Ever, Says Singer's Secretary—Ready for Trial, Says Lawyer.

Broadway heard yesterday that the marital troubles of Geraldine Farrar and Lou Tellegen were about to be mended and that some of the belongings of Mr. Tellegen—which were reported as leaving the home in hasty fashion when the couple separated ten months ago—had been reinstalled in the Farrar residence in West Seventy-fourth Street.

Broadway might be still laboring under a delusion if it depended upon the couple's lawyers to clear up the matter yesterday. At the office of Alvin Untermyer, counsel for Miss Farrar, it was said that he had been "out" all day, and had made no statement on the report.

Harry N. Steinfeld of 120 West Forty-second Street is attorney for Mr. Tellegen. His office reported him in an important conference, but an employe said for him:

"Mr. Steinfeld refuses to deny or affirm the report. We are ready to go to trial in the Fall."

Mr. Tellegen was reported out of town. Miss Farrar was somewhere also, bound on a motor trip. But Miss Marjorie Kettrick, her secretary, said:

"The report of a reconciliation is an absolute lie. They are just as far apart today as they ever were, and perhaps farther. The suit will be tried when it is reached on the calendar, and there is no thought of discontinuance."

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 30.—Lou Tellegen, at the William Penn Hotel this afternoon just before going to the Davis Theatre, where he is appearing in a syncopated edition of "Blind Youth," denied the report that he was about to be reconciled with his wife. "There is absolutely nothing to the story," he said.

CONFERENCE FAVORS WOMEN AS RABBIS

Ordination Is Approved at Thirty-Third Convention by an Overwhelming Vote.

HOLD HIGH RELIGIOUS PLACE

Resolution Passed at Cape May Acknowledges Woman's Enrichment of Congregational Life.

Special to The New York Times.

CAPE MAY, N. J., June 30.—The ordination of women as rabbis was approved by the thirty-third annual convention of the Central Conference of American Rabbis here today. The following resolution was carried by an overwhelming vote:

"The ordination of women as rabbis is a modern issue due to the revolution in her status in our day. The Central Conference of American Rabbis has repeatedly made pronouncement urging the fullest measure of self-expression for women, as well as the fullest utilization of her gifts in the service of the Highest and gratefully acknowledging the enrichment and enlargement of congregational life which has resulted therefrom.

"Whatever may have been the specific legal status of Jewish women regarding certain religious functions, her general position in Jewish religious life has ever been an exalted one. She has been the priestess in the home and our sages have always recognized her as the preserver of Israel. In view of these Jewish teachings and in keeping with the spirit of our age and the traditions of our conference, we declare that women cannot justly be denied the privileges of ordination."

The resolution was introduced by a special committee, headed by Rabbi Henry Cohen, which was appointed yesterday to draft such a resolution.

Gives Name as Christian Science.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 30.—A man who gave the name of Christian Science, of Madison, Conn., to-day applied for citizenship to the United States Court. He said he was born in Russia and came to New York nine years ago.

Macy's

Now That Hagen Is Back With British Golf Trophy

The finest pros and the greenest duffers will rally round Walter Hagen when he shows us the cup he won on the other side.

Even those of us who have beaten our clubs into walking sticks will take courage anew and strive to emulate the experts.

Picture Analysis of Golf Strokes, *J. M. Barnes*	$5.44
The Mystery of Golf, *A. Haultain*	$1.69
Golf Simplified, *D. Hunter*	89c
A B C of Golf, *J. D. Dunn*	81c
Driving—Approaching—Putting, *E. Ray*	68c
Golf Clubs and How to Use Them, *E. Ray*	68c

Main Floor, 35th Street, Rear.

Are You Outfitted?

Have you all the equipment you need? How about socks or shoes; perhaps a pair of knickers or a new club? Box of 12 practice balls $1.39

Fifth Floor, Center.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
Herald Square New York

POPE'S POSITION IN ITALY.

July CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE contains an important contribution on how and why the Pontiff became a prisoner in the Vatican; the right to temporal power. Fifty articles in the July issue, 192 pages, profusely illustrated. Among other important subjects: The Bonus Question, by the National Commander of the American Legion. Important Figures Showing a Decrease in Crime and Poverty Because of Prohibition; Our Navy, by Rear Admiral Fiske; Child Labor in the Light of the Supreme Court Decision, by Owen R. Lovejoy; Facts About India, by a Prince of India. On news stands, 25 cents.

Macy's

Now Going On
OUR SEMI-ANNUAL

Clearance of MEN'S SUITS

Fancy mixed worsteds, unfinished worsteds and cassimeres in single or double breasted models, striped herringbone checks, plaids, or tweed effects.

Regular, stout, short or slender men can be fitted.

Originally $29.75	Originally $39.75	Originally $44.75 to $49.75
Now $23.50	Now $31.50	Now $37.50

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

JAPANESE ROBE SETS

Robe, slippers, and case, to match,

Very Special

$3.69

Imported Japanese crepe of the better grade, in a large assortment of woven colors.

* * *

In small, medium or large sizes.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street.

Men's Bathing Suits

$3.44

A bathing suit for any beach. Well made, in plain colors or solid shade relieved with brighter colors. Skirt or two-piece style. Quality that will measure up to just what you expect.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Center.

A Hot Weather Special

Men's Union Suits, 69c

Men's athletic union suits sleeveless and open knee length. Made of fine nainsook—checked. Well finished and cut very full. Sizes 34 to 46.

Macy's—Main Floor, Center.

For the Holiday Motor Trip

Auto Folding Chairs and Stools

Chair, $2.34 Stool, $1.49

As Illustrated

A small and compact little necessity that every car owner shall have. Made of steel and japanned in black. They will not rust. No protruding bolts or rivets. Camp or auto stools with heavy carpet seat on strong steel frame.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 35th Street, Front.

Men's White Oxfords

$9.94

As Illustrated

A holiday outing calls for a pair of white low shoes. These are very attractive at the price.

Made of white buckskin with plain toe and black calfskin saddle. Rubber soles and heels.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 35th Street, Rear.

There's a vast difference in our

Men's Goodyear Keds

$1.74

(canvas outing shoes)

"Run of the Mill"

The "KEDS" that we offer are excellent—we say this emphatically, for we know that there are many qualities on the market.

The Goodyear "KEDS" that we sell have a canvas lining and are folded and stitched around the top where other KEDS have only a composition rubber and canvas insole. The leather insole will NOT draw the feet.

These are "run-of-the-mill" of a superior quality. Just slightly unbleached which does not mar or impair their service. High or low models—smooth or corrugated bottoms. Sizes 6 to 10½.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 35th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
Herald Square New York

Macy's

Store Hours 9 to 5:30

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET — BROADWAY — 33RD STREET — NEW YORK CITY

For Other Gimbel News See Page 5

STORE OPEN ALL DAY TODAY AND ALL DAY MONDAY

The Champion Tennis Bal; white or brown duck; Children's, Women's and Men's.

$1.25 to $1.75

Emmy Lou Pump: white duck; ventilated insole; Children's and Women's.

$2.00 to $2.50

The Flapper Sandal in White canvas; black leather trimmed; rubber heel; 2½ to 8.

$5.50

Men's Comet Baseball Shoe; leather-trimmed; extra non-skid sole. 6 to 11.

$4.50

KEDS for Fourth of July and for KEDS—Gimbels

the Summer Shoe for All the Family—Cool and Comfy as Barefoot

Not Keds Unless the Name, Keds Is Stamped on the Shoe

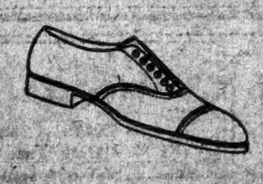
Gimbels Carries Genuine Keds and Genuine Keds Only

Special Prices on These KEDS

$3.95 is the special Saturday price for the women's regent oxford with leather trim and rubber sole—left. White canvas; 2½ to 8.

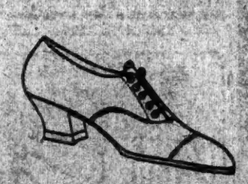
$2.45 is the special Saturday price for the women's white canvas bal with leather trim—right. Low heel; smart perforations.

And Special Prices on These Keds, Too!



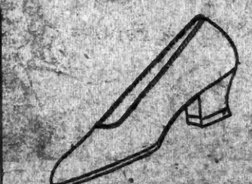
$2.45

Men's Regent Oxford, white canvas; low heel, rubber welt; rubber sole and heel. Special



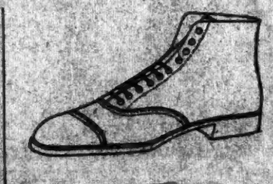
$2.45

Women's Regent Oxford, white canvas; with military heel. In women's sizes, 2½ to 8.



$1.45

Women's Regent Pump, white canvas; with military heel. In women's sizes, 2½ to 8.



$2.45

Men's Regent Shoe, white canvas; low heel; rubber welt; rubber sole and heel. Special.

Mail Orders Filled

GIMBELS SHOE SHOPS—Second and Fourth Floors

Mail Orders Filled

Brooklyn, Long Island and New Jersey Customers Direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subway

What $99.33 Will Buy!

The New York Times (one year, daily and Sunday)	$12.00
Mid-Week Pictorial (one year, 52 issues)	5.00
The Annalist (one year, 52 issues)	5.00
Current History (one year, 12 issues)	3.00
Times War Volumes (20 volumes, cloth bound)	63.33
History of The New York Times (cloth bound)	2.00
The New York Times Index (4 volumes, cloth bound)	8.00
The New York Times Book Review and Magazine	1.00
	$99.33

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Today's Thrift News

One Day Only!

Women's Washable Frocks

Excellent dresses, made of dotted Swiss, imported gingham, voiles and other fine tub fabrics. Many styles. Sizes 36-46.

$8.95

Second Floor

Tub Silk Dress Slips

Flesh color, 36-inch size. Tailored. Hemstitched at base.

$2.95

Second Floor

Beach Umbrellas

Large size. Adjustable handle. Easy to carry to and from the beach.

$2.95

Third Floor

1872—Golden Anniversary Year—1922

Bloomingdale's

American
Yellow Taxi
Operators Inc.

BONDED UNDER NEW LAW

Yellow Taxi with its clean reliable cabs did not wait until a bonding law was passed to protect the taxi rider and the public on the streets.

Yellow Taxi is in favor of the principles laid down in the new bonding law.

Every Yellow Taxi is bonded and from the day we started to operate our first taxi we have given our patrons ample protection because of our organized responsibility.

We believe the safety of the rider and public paramount at all times. We offer even more than the letter of the new law requires.

Yellow Taxi drivers are carefully selected,— subjected to strict rules of discipline. They share in our profits. Every driver an escort.

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HYLAN REPLIES TO HARDING ON PORT

Gives Reasons at President's Request for Asking That Bill Be Vetoed.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL, HE SAYS

Brief Prepared by Corporation Counsel O'Brien Predicts Official Confusion.

Replying to a request from President Harding that he present in writing not later than this morning his opposition to the plan of the Port of New York Authority for the development of New York Harbor, Mayor Hylan yesterday sent a memorandum to the President in which he stated his reasons for asking the President to veto the bill which passed both houses and is now awaiting the President's signature. The President's request was taken to mean that he will sign the bill. Mayor Hylan had notified the President that he desired to appear in person to present his objections, but the President suggested a written memorandum owing to Mr. Harding's absence from Washington to visit Marion, Ohio.

The memorandum, which was prepared by Corporation Counsel O'Brien, sets forth that the Port Authority plan is unconstitutional and void in that it attempts to regulate the foreign and interstate commerce passing in, about and through the Port of New York in violation of the commerce clause of the United States Constitution. After setting forth that commerce is now regulated and controlled by the agencies of the National Government, the Treasury Department, the War Department and the Interstate Commerce Commission it goes on:

"It is visionary to assume that the port authority may be permitted to make a special and particular instance of a matter so vitally bound up in the very life of the republic and curtail, even to a minor degree, the authority of federal agencies; authority which makes, as in law it must make, for uniformity and concord in national commercial regulation. Discord between the States would be bound to raise, as it often has in the past, from any such local regulation of commerce and would speedily lead to the abrogation of the consent."

The brief states that it would be a serious matter to disorganize the uniform system of foreign and interstate commerce by the granting of the consent of Congress to a "sporadic and purely localized plan." Any such plan, it states, cannot be other than local and provincial in its application, if not in its expressed purposes, although called comprehensive. In conclusion it states:

"The City of New York has grown and prospered through the fostering care given to its foreign and interstate commerce. It is not too much to say that its commerce intimately affects the life of the whole nation. Any interference with the normal commercial activities of the city, which are controlled by the regular Federal agencies and statutes, will have a resultant effect upon the whole country. Unless the rules and regulations governing the commerce of the Port of New York are uniform with those governing the commerce of all the other ports of the country, it is plain that confusion and uncertainty will result, that the ordinary flow of merchandise will be obstructed, and that conflict of authority between the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Port of New York Authority will supervene. There cannot be two masters in this business, which, as we have shown, requires uniformity of action and equality of application. Yet, that is what will surely happen, if the executive approval be given to the pending measure.

"It is, therefore, not too much to ask, indeed it is proper to request, that the bill be returned to the Congress with the suggestion that, before a matter of such national importance be adopted as the policy of the Congress, further and more complete study of the relationship between the national requirements and the local needs be had to the end that the comprehensive plan, when and if approved, will harmonize with the general nation-wide situation and not work in antagonism therewith. In other words, the Congress is taking too much stock in the mere say-so of the progenitors of the so-called comprehensive plan. Precipitate action is dangerous."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The New York-New Jersey Port Authority bill, which gives the Federal Government's sanction to arrangements between the States of New York and New Jersey for bridging and tunneling the Hudson River, which has been passed by both houses, was received at the White House last night and was sent to the War Department today for the views of the Secretary of War and the Chief of Engineers as to the measure. The President has ten days within which to consider the bill.

MORSE AND MUCH FREED, REARRESTED AT ONCE

Commissioner Quashes Indictment on Technicality—Denies Bail, but Later Grants It.

PORTLAND, Me., June 30.—Charles W. Morse and Rupert M. Much, after having been released and immediately re-arrested tday, furnished bonds for appearance at a continued hearing on July 6, on the question of their removal to New York to answer indictments charging conspiracy to defraud the Government in connection with war shipping contracts.

United States Commissioner Arthur Chapman, who conducted today's hearing, ordered the discharge of the two men upon the contention of their counsel that the complaint upon which they were arrested seven weeks ago contained a technical error. After their re-arrest upon an amended complaint Commissioner Chapman refused to grant a continuance or to release Morse and Much on bonds.

The hearing was resumed while the attorneys for the two men prepared a petition for a writ of habeas corpus to obviate the necessity of their spending the night in jail. Arguments immediately developed over the presentation of evidence in relation to the United States Steamship Corporation. Commissioner Chapman held that this evidence should be given in New York and ruled it out. He then continued the hearing to July 6 and admitted the two men to bail.

Morse and Much were discharged because the complaint charged them with conspiracy on May 1 last, whereas the indictments were returned on April 27.

FIND WOMAN'S BODY IN SEA.

Stamford Police Believe It Is Mrs. Robinson, Lost in Storm.

STAMFORD, Conn., June 30.—A woman's body, thought to be that of Mrs. Irene Robinson of New Rochelle, N. Y., was found today in Long Island Sound, five miles west of Stamford Light, by Stephen and Jack Albro, fishermen, of Glen Cove, L. I., who were crossing the Sound to this city. They towed the body into the harbor and left it at the Stamford Yacht Club afloat until the medical examiner could view it.

On the evening of June 11, the date of the heavy storm, A. F. Robinson, his wife and children, aged 2 and 4, left New Rochelle for Cold Spring Harbor, L. I. All were lost when the storm capsized or sunk their boat. Mr. Robinson's body was found later.

There was no means of identifying the woman's body, but the police previously had word that Mrs. Robinson's body might be found in the Sound. On the left hand were a diamond ring and a wedding ring. The body was fully clothed and with a raincoat.

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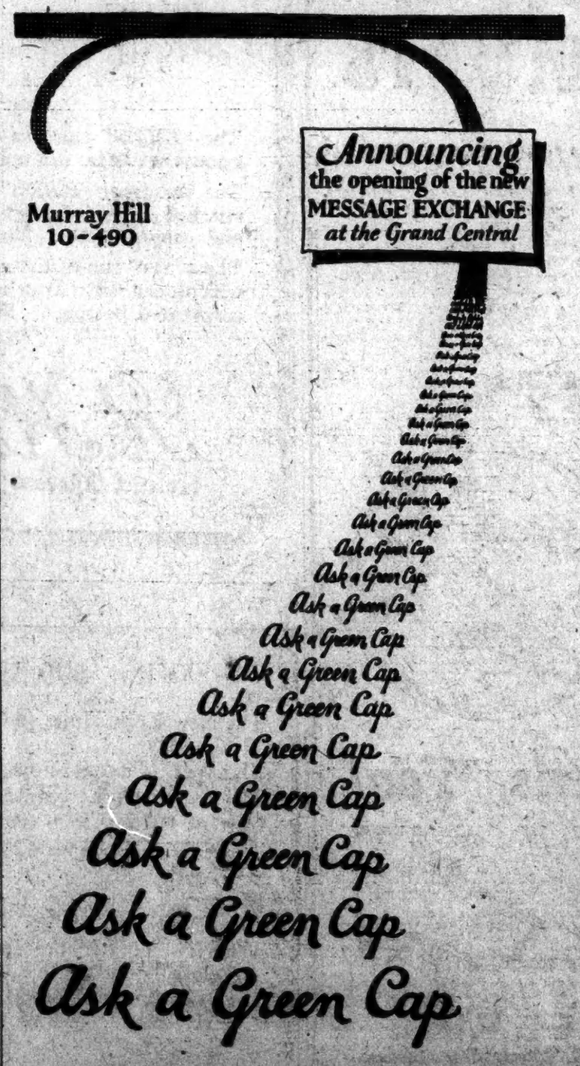

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GIANTS RALLY IN 7TH AND WIN, 6-4

Glenn Smith's Circuit Clout Helps to Send the Phillies Back Into Last Place.

CY WILLIAMS HITS HOMER

Makes His Twelfth Four-Base Smash of Season—McGrawmen Knock King From Mound.

Everything was quiet and peaceful about the Polo Grounds yesterday. There were no fist fights and the Shinners-Smith-McGraw differences of altercation was left in a state of suspended animation. Nobody was put out of the game. The only disturbing episode was that during the stilly quietness the Phillies dropped with a hollow thud into last place. They are back home again and everybody is glad. William F. Baker will probably order a fatted calf killed as soon as he realises what has happened.

The Giants assisted in the home-coming of the wandering Quakers by beating them in the fifth game of the long-overlong series. It was the champions' fourth victory of the current set and today will see the finale. After that there is nothing worse ahead than the one-game visit of the Athletics tomorrow.

Yesterday's score was 6 to 4, and the Phillies were far from docile and submissive. As late as the beginning of the seventh inning the Giants weren't sure who was going to win the game. At that stage the visitors were one run ahead, 4 to 3, and Jimmy Ring and his colleagues were behaving in a most troublesome manner. Ring had kept the McGrawmen away from the plate for three innings in a row, and there was some fear among the populace that he would do the same in the next three frames.

It finally required the combined services of Casey Stengel and Earl Smith, the batting twins, for the Giants to scurry into the lead. The dynamite in the lower section of the batting order exploded in the seventh inning. Stengel, who is a home-run hitter of no mean ability, was modest about the matter. He opened the inning with a single to centre. Silent Smith then worked Ring into a bad situation and finally poked an easy-sailing fly into the lower seats in right field. It was not exactly a robust drive, but it served to win the game for the Giants.

Irish Meusel Chased.

As a matter of precaution, the McGrawmen added a third run in the the inning. Bancroft doubled and Frisch singled. After the former had hit, Ring was induced to go away from there, and Wilbur Hubbell finished the inning and the game. Before Ring passed away he had the umpires chase Irish Meusel away from his comfortable seat behind the corner of third base. The field fans booted the Philadelphia twirler severely. There was some talk in the visiting delegation about a mirror which Meusel was alleged to be using in some mysterious manner, and which is as good an alibi as any other that could be thought up on the spur of the moment.

Ring had no just complaint to make. Two of the Philadelphia runs came over on a pair of Giant errors, and if these tallies had been substracted the Giants wouldn't have needed the three runs in the seventh. Young presented the visitors with a run in the fifth. Parkinson shot a single to right, with one out, and then got to third when Young's throw to second skipped away from Bancroft. Rawlings and Frisch, in second run thereafter, combined to make it come in the sixth, when Frisch, in his haste to nail Lee at the plate, neglected the slight formality of getting hold of Leslie's easy grounder.

These deviations from good form kept Art Nehf in warm water and made the game an up-and-down, in-and-out affair for six innings. It was hard to keep track of who was ahead. The Giants did some fine hitting in the third and went one run ahead. This was just shortly after Cy Williams had put the Phillies in front with his twelfth homer of the season and the ninety-fourth of his major league career. He is now only six behind the great Honus Wagner, who, in turn, trails Gavvy Cravath and his record of 119. Cy got that in seven years made in the National League. Cy was hitting home runs when Ruth was still only a pitcher. He cut a low ball yesterday into the upper tier in right field—a real four-bagger in any field.

After the Gants had got ahead they protected their two embarrassing errors and let the Phils move out in front again. But Frisch and Young made up for their misplays. Ross went far back and bumped into the bleachers when he caught Lee's drive in the eighth, which ended the game with a miraculous diving, sprawling stop of Peters's swift grounder over third base. The Flash went over on one ear after the ball, but he got to his feet in time to stop Peters at first base.

Giants First to Score.

Nip and tuck describes the game in the early and middle stages. The Giants scored once in the first inning on singles by Bancroft and Rawlings and Frisch's long fly to Williams. But the Phils came even in the second. With two out, Jim Smith shot a single to right and Leslie doubled to left centre. Frisch stopped Henline's slow grounder, but didn't have time to nail his man at first, Smith scoring.

Then the Quakers stepped out ahead in the third on Williams's homer into the stand. Walker followed this with a free pass. Lee beat out a splash to Frisch, but J. Smith helped Nehf out of the hole by forcing Lee at second.

This state of affairs lasted only as long as it took the Giants to come in and seize their war clubs. After Nehf and Bancroft had expired gracefully, "Lucky John" Rawlings pumped a base hit to centre. Frisch's whistling line drive broke a board in the right-field fence, and Walker played it poorly, letting it bounce away from the barrier into centre field. Frankie made three bases and Rawlings scored. Then Irish Meusel blazed a line drive to deep centre on which Frisch came home. Young couldn't produce anything better than a fly to left for the third out.

The plugging Phillies scored one in the fifth and tied it again through the generosity of Young. With Rapp out, Parkinson drilled a single to right and Young made a bad return to second. The ball bounded through Rawlings and Bancroft, past Frisch and to the stand while Parkinson raced to third. Nehf fanned Williams, but Walker spoiled things with a single to right.

Lee's opening triple and Frisch's error on Leslie's grounder with a play at the plate, gave the Phils a lead in the sixth. Then the Giants got busy. Casey Stengel started the seventh with a hit to centre and Silent Smith delivered his four-base drive. Nehf filed out, but Bancroft doubled to right centre, and Ring was led away. Hubbell being introduced. Rawlings sent Dave to third with a grounder. Frisch scored him with a fast single to centre. Then Frank was called out stealing.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bancroft,ss	5	2	2	2	3	Rapp,3b	4	0	0	0	2
Rawlings,2b	4	1	2	3	4	Parkinson,3b	4	1	1	2	1
Frisch,3b	4	1	1	2	3	Williams,cf	4	1	2	2	0
Meusel,lf	4	0	2	1	0	Walker,rf	3	0	0	3	0
Young,rf	4	0	0	4	0	Lee,lf	4	1	2	3	0
Kelly,1b	4	0	0	11	0	J. Smith,ss	4	1	1	2	2
Stengel,cf	3	1	2	2	0	Leslie,1b	4	0	1	8	2
E. Smith,c	3	1	1	5	2	Henline,c	4	0	1	5	1
Nehf,p	3	0	1	0	2	Ring,p	2	0	0	0	1
						Hubbell,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	6	12	27	13	aPeters	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	35	4	8	24	11

aBatted for Hubbell in ninth.

Errors—Walker, Frisch (2), Young.

New York	1	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	...	6
Philadelphia	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	...	4

Two-base hits—Leslie, Meusel, Bancroft. Three-base hits—Frisch, Meusel, Lee. Home runs—Williams, E. Smith. Stolen bases—Walker. Sacrifice—Frisch. Double plays—E. Smith, Bancroft and Kelly; Rapp, Parkinson and Leslie. Left on bases—New York 7, Philadelphia 5. Bases on balls—Off Nehf 1, Ring 1. Struck out—By Ring 4, Hubbell 1, Nehf 4. Hits—Off Ring 11 in 6 1-3 innings, Hubbell 1 in 1 2-3. Losing pitcher—Ring. Umpires—Moran and Quigley. Time of game—1:45.

FOUR HOMERS HELP REDS.

Five Double Plays Also Figure in Defeat of Cubs by 9-5.

CHICAGO, June 30.—The Cincinnati Reds defeated the Chicago Cubs, 9 to 5, today in a game in which the visitors made four home runs and the locals one. Cincinnati made five double plays, which saved Rixey when Chicago had started rallies. Charley Hollocher was ordered out of the game by Umpire Pfirman for arguing over a decision on Burns at second base.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,cf	5	1	2	4	0	Statz,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Daubert,1b	5	1	1	7	1	Hollocher,ss	3	1	0	2	1
Duncan,lf	5	1	2	2	0	Barber,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Harper,rf	4	2	2	3	1	Krug,3b	3	1	1	2	2
Wingo,c	4	1	1	6	3	Grimes,1b	4	1	2	8	0
Bohne,2b	2	1	1	2	2	Berg,rf,2b	3	0	1	2	3
Cavenev,ss	3	1	1	3	3	Miller,lf	4	1	2	5	0
Pinelli,3b	3	0	1	1	1	Terry,2b,ss	4	0	2	3	4
Rixey,p	4	0	0	0	1	O'Farrell,c	3	0	0	3	2
						Stueland,p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	9	12	27	12	Kaufmann,p	2	0	0	0	2
						aKelleher	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	33	5	11	27	12

aBatted for Kaufmann in ninth.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	—9
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	—5

Two-base hits—Wingo, Kru. Home runs—Duncan, Harper, Cavenev, Bohne, Miller. Stolen base—Burns. Sacrifice—Pinelli. Double plays—Wingo and Pinelli; Rixey, Wingo and Daubert; Harper and Daubert; Bohne, Cavenev and Daubert; Duncan, Cavenev and Daubert. Left on bases—Cincinnati 4, Chicago 4. Base on balls—Off Stueland 1, Rixey 2, Kaufmann 2. Struck out—By Rixey 4, Kaufmann 1. Hits—Off Stueland, 6 in 3 innings (none out in fourth); Kaufmann, 6 in 6. Hit by pitcher—By Rixey, 2 (Krug, O'Farrell). Losing pitcher—Stueland. Umpires—Klem and Pfirman. Time—1:53.

CARDINALS WIN AGAIN.

Make Five Runs in First Inning and Shut Out Pirates, 6 to 0.

PITTSBURGH, June 30.—The St. Louis Cardinals made it two straight from the Pittsburgh Pirates by winning today, 6 to 0. Morrison was reached for five singles in the first inning, which, with a pass and an error, resulted in five runs.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack,rf	5	1	2	3	0	Ma'nville,2b	4	0	0	2	4
Smith,cf	4	1	2	6	0	Carey,cf	4	0	1	5	0
Hornsby,2b	3	1	1	4	4	Bigbee,lf	3	0	1	1	0
Schultz,lf	3	0	0	1	0	Schmandt,1b	3	0	2	9	0
Fournier,1b	4	1	3	10	0	Traynor,ss	4	0	1	4	3
Stock,3b	5	1	2	1	2	Mokan,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Ainsmith,c	2	0	1	0	0	Grimm,lf	4	0	0	5	0
Blanton,c	2	0	0	3	0	Kloza,c	3	0	0	4	0
Toporcer,ss	4	0	2	1	1	Morrison,p	2	0	0	0	3
Sherdel,p	4	0	1	0	1	aTierney	0	0	0	0	0
						Yell'horse,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	6	14	27	9	Total	30	0	5	27	15

aBatted for Morrison in eighth.

Error—Gooch.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—6
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits — Stock, Toporcer, Hornsby, Fournier. Double plays—Stock, Hornsby and Fournier; Maranville and Grimm; Toporcer, Hornsby and Fournier. Left on bases—St. Louis 9, Pittsburgh 7. Bases on balls—Off Sherdel 4, Morrison 6. Struck out — By Morrison 1, by Yellowhorse, 2. Hits — Off Morrison, 11 in 8 innings; Yellowhorse, 3 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Morrison (Fournier). Losing pitcher — Morrison. Umpires Hart and O'Day. Time of game—1:39.

RED SOX ARE UP AGAIN.

Leave Cellar to Athletics by Taking Final of Series, 4 to 1.

PHILADELPHIA, June 30.—Philadelphia went back into last place today when Boston took the final game of their series, 4 to 1. The Red Sox bunched five of their seven hits off Moore in the first and second innings for three runs. Piercy held the Athletics to six scattered hits.

The score:

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,cf	3	1	2	3	0	McGowan,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Burns,lf	3	1	1	2	0	Young,3b	4	0	1	3	0
Ward,2b	3	1	2	3	6	Walker,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Dugan,3b	4	0	2	2	3	Perkins,c	3	0	0	4	3
Menosky,lf	3	0	0	3	0	Miller,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Collins,rf	4	0	0	0	0	Galloway,ss	4	1	1	0	2
Ruel,c	4	1	1	2	1	Hauser,1b	3	0	2	14	0
Maynard,ss	3	0	0	3	5	Dykes,3b	4	0	1	1	3
Piercy,p	3	0	0	0	2	Moore,p	1	0	0	0	0
						Eckert,p	0	0	0	0	1
						aScheer	1	0	0	0	0
						Yarrison,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bJohnston	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	4	7	27	19	Total	33	1	6	27	15

aBatted for Eckert in fifth.

bBatted for Yarrison in ninth.

Errors—Dugan, Galloway.

Boston	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—4
Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Ruel, Leibold. Sacrifices—Burns, Pratt. Double play — Young and Hauser. Left on bases—Boston 8, Philadelphia 6. Base on balls—Off Moore 2, Yarrison 1; Piercy 3. Struck out—By Moore 3, Yarrison 1. Hits—Off Moore, 6 in 3 innings; Eckert, 1 in 2; Yarrison, none in 4. Losing pitcher—Moore. Umpires—Dineen and Hildebrand. Time of game—1:51.

Curves and Bingles.

Bill Donovan and his famous smile were in the press box. The former boss of the Yankees is now manager of New Haven in the Eastern League. Frank Gilhooley, who once played in the outfield for the Yanks, was also present, as was Hinkey Haines, who drifted to Reading after Huggins had sent him to Jersey City.

The Giants gained a setup on the Robins and Pirates, but they can't shake off the Cardinals, who stick on like a burr. The Mound City team is five and a half games behind, and the Robins are seven games in the rear of McGraw's men.

At this stage the Giants are further ahead of the Cards than when they began the recent Eastern-Western trip. They were badly treated in the West and came East to win six out of seven. The Braves and Phils, but despite all this the champs have added to their lead. Ten more games and the season will be half over.

Ralph Shinners practiced in left field and looked none the worse for his little duel with George Smith.

Kelly had one of his worst days with the bat. He fanned weakly twice, once with a man on third base and two out, and a third time he rolled easily to the pitcher. George's only respectable effort was a horrid grounder, which Goldie Rapp picked out of the dust and threw to first.

There is a lot of bad feeling between the Giants and Phils, which is deplorable in an otherwise large and happy family. Any day one of the combatants might be traded to the other team, and then he would have to eat his words.

Nehf nursed a grievance at the end of the third inning. He slipped over what looked like a third strike on Williams, but Charlie Moran couldn't see it that way. Then Cy hit a homer, and Nehf gave the umpire a long, lingering look.

Meusel doubled in the sixth with the Giants a run behind and got to third on Williams's high throw over second base. But neither Young nor Kelly could score Irish from third base.

GRIFFITH OPPOSES LANDIS LECTURES

Says He Will Not Allow Commissioner to Talk to Senators on Gambling and Carousing.

UPHOLDS BALL PLAYERS

Declares That 98 Per Cent. of Them Are Pure Both as to Honesty and Conduct.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Clark Griffith, President of the Washington American League club, today in a statement took exception to the reported lecture recently given by Kenesaw Mountain Landis, Baseball Commissioner, to members of the New York and Boston American League clubs, declaring he considered Judge Landis's remarks, "that the ball players must not gamble, bootleg or carouse around at night a direct insult to 98 per cent. of the ball players of the country."

Noting that Judge Landis's talk to the Yankees and Red Sox had been announced as the first of a series of similar talks, President Griffith declared: "There will be no lectures of the above mentioned kind perpetrated on the players of the Washington club."

This last statement of the Washington club President was considered in baseball circles here as a virtual defiance of the High Commissioner of Baseball, and aroused considerable interest, in view of the rule in the new governing code of organized baseball which prohibits public criticism by the magnates of the commissioner's actions.

President Griffith's statement, as given out, was substantially as follows:

"If the paper reports of Judge Landis's curtain lectures to the Yankee and Red Sox players are correct, and he is rightly quoted, I consider his remarks, that the ball players must not gamble, bootleg or carouse around at night, a direct insult to 98 per cent. of the ball players of this country. Ball players in general are gentlemen, and their conduct in general is better than that of the average boys of their age.

"If the commissioner felt it his duty to reprimand some one or two players in a matter of this kind he should have named the players and let every one know just who they are.

"I know ball players as well as any one and, regardless of what has happened in the game in the past few years, I know the ball players to be 98 per cent. pure, both as to honesty and conduct, and any one who refers to them in general as being otherwise is making a big mistake.

"There will be no lectures of the above mentioned kind perpetrated on the players of the Washington club."

COLLEGIANS ACCEPT TERMS WITH GIANTS

Maguire of Holy Cross and MacPhee of Princeton Among Five New Players.

John J. McGraw yesterday announced the list of college players who have accepted terms with the Giants. There are five of the collegians—"the pick of the field," as McGraw calls his 1922 lot.

Three of the newcomers are infielders—Fred Maguire, second baseman from Holy Cross; Wally MacPhee, Princeton infielder, and Tom Davies, second baseman and star football player of the University of Pittsburgh. The two others, Harry Houlihan of Middlebury College and Ernie Blume of Colgate, are pitchers, and good ones too, according to McGraw.

Only Blume has signed a contract. He and Maguire are with the team now, but the latter is not eligible to play. The others will probably report at the Polo Grounds after the player limit of twenty-five has been raised on Aug. 20. Maguire worked out before yesterday's game. He is a dead ringer for Eddie Collins in appearance and actions. He walks, runs and throws the same as the White Sox captain, and some of his fielding yesterday drew applause from the stands. Whether the Collins resemblance goes any further will be determined later.

McGraw also announced that Travis Jackson, whose shortstopping has been a sensation on the Little Rock Club of the Southern League, has been signed by the Giants.

BROWNS INCREASE LEAD.

Tighten Grip on First Place by Swamping Cleveland, 10 to 3.

ST. LOUIS, June 30.—The Browns tightened their hold on first place by one-half a game today, as a result of their victory over Cleveland, 10 to 3.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	2	2	1	2	0	Jamieson,lf	3	0	0	5	1
Shorten,rf	1	1	1	0	0	W'gans,2b	3	0	0	2	2
Gerber,ss	5	2	2	3	4	Speaker,cf	4	0	2	2	0
Sisler,1b	5	2	3	11	0	Gardner,3b	4	0	0	1	3
Williams,lf	5	0	1	3	0	J. Sewell,ss	3	1	0	0	4
Jacobson,cf	4	0	1	2	0	McInnis,1b	4	1	1	9	1
Severeid,c	4	0	2	2	1	Wood,rf	4	1	1	4	1
Ellerbe,3b	3	2	1	1	2	O'Neill,c	2	0	0	2	1
Van Gilder,p	3	1	0	0	1	Shinault,c	1	0	0	0	0
						Coveleskie,p	2	0	0	2	2
						Morton,p	0	0	0	0	0
						a'Shanon	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	10	12	27	13	Total	31	3	7	24	14

aBatted for Coveleskie in seventh.

St. Louis	2	0	1	0	1	5	1	...	10	
Cleveland	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	—3

Errors—McInnis, O'Neil, Morton, Tobin.

Two-base hits — Wood, Speaker, Sisler. Three-base hits—Gerber, Williams. Home runs—Shorten, Wood. Stolen bases—Tobin, Jacobson. Sacrifices—Van Gilder, Tobin. Double plays—Ellerbe and Sisler; Coveleskie and Gardner; McManus, Gerber and Sisler; Jamieson and Wambsgans. Left on bases—Cleveland 5, St. Louis 6. Bases on balls—Off Coveleskie 2, Van Gilder 4, Morton 1. Struck out—By Coveleskie 2, Van Gilder 1. Hits—Off Coveleskie 7 in 6 innings, Morton 5 in 2. Umpires—Connelly and Chill. Losing pitcher—Coveleskie. Time of game—1:55.

WALSH DENIES CONNECTION.

Says He Is Not Associated With Joe Jackson and Ed Phelan.

Marty Walsh, brother of Big Ed Walsh, formerly star pitcher of the Chicago White Sox and now an umpire in the American League, yesterday emphatically denied that he is in any way associated with Joe Jackson or Ed Phelan. "I am pitching for the Highbridge Athletics and never have had any connection with Jackson and Phelan," said Marty Walsh.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Syracuse.

									R.	H.	E.
Syracuse	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	—4	10	1
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	3	3

Batteries—Stewart and Hinbargah; Mohart and Bengough.

At Toronto.

										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	—2	6	1
Toronto	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	5	0

Batteries—Blake and Lake; Townsend and Devine.

Reading at Newark, postponed to tomorrow by agreement.

Jersey City at Baltimore, postponed by agreement.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Baltimore	42	31	.575
Rochester	42	32	.568
Jersey City	40	33	.556
Buffalo	38	35	.521
Toronto	34	41	.453
Reading	33	41	.446
Syracuse	32	41	.438
Newark	31	42	.425

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Jersey City at Baltimore.
Reading at Newark.
Buffalo at Syracuse.
Rochester at Toronto. (Two games)

GIANTS vs. Phils. (Sept. 5 P. M. Polo Grounds Branded Ads. $1.10 inc. tax. 1428)

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.
NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 6, Philadelphia 4.
Boston 3, Brooklyn 2.
Cincinnati 9, Chicago 5.
St. Louis 6, Pittsburgh 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston 4, Philadelphia 1.
St. Louis 10, Cleveland 3.
Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.
NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	43	24	.642
St. Louis	37	29	.561
Brooklyn	37	33	.529
Cincinnati	34	33	.507
Pittsburgh	32	33	.492
Chicago	31	35	.470
Boston	28	39	.500
Philadelphia	26	40	.385

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
St. Louis	42	29	.592
New York	39	32	.549
Chicago	34	30	.531
Detroit	35	33	.515
Washington	33	36	.485
Cleveland	33	38	.467
Boston	30	39	.435
Philadelphia	27	36	.429

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.
NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York.
(Game starts at 3 P. M.)
Brooklyn at Boston.
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.
Cincinnati at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Philadelphia.
Boston at Washington.
Detroit at Chicago.
Cleveland at St. Louis.

GIBSON QUITS AS PIRATES' MANAGER

Dreyfus Accepts Resignation and Bill McKechnie Is Appointed Leader of Team.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, June 30.—The baseball public was surprised tonight to learn that a change of management in the Pirates had taken place. The new leader of the Pittsburgh Club is William B. McKechnie.

After today's game, in which the Pirates were defeated by the St. Louis Cardinals, 6 to 0, Manager George Gibson called the players together and told them that he had decided to resign in the interests of the team, hoping for a change of fortunes. He said that he had no blame for any one, but that he felt the team should have another manager. He thanked all the players and said he was leaving without a feeling of resentment against any of them. He wished them all the luck possible and hoped they would reach a better position in the pennant race.

The players were surprised, as they had had no warning that Gibson was discouraged over the team's showing. They have been striving to get out of a rut for some time, but the pitchers have failed dismally in recent games, and what good batting they displayed has gone for naught.

Gibson left the club house and went to the office of Barney Dreyfus, President of the club, and tendered his resignation, which was accepted immediately, giving the impression that it was at least desired by the Pirates' management. After Gibson had departed for his home, McKechnie, the assistant manager, was called in and appointed manager. He takes charge at once.

McKechnie is a local boy, and formerly played with the Pirates as well as with the Giants, the Cincinnati Reds and New York Yankees. He also played for and managed the Indianapolis team when it won the Federal League pennant several years ago. He is popular with the players, and it is believed that the team will take a brace under his management.

HORSE SHOW OPENS AT NORTH BABYLON

First Day of Exhibition on Nursery Farm of August Belmont Proves Success.

Special to The New York Times.

BABYLON, L. I., June 30.—The second annual show of the Babylon Horse Show Association opened this morning on the Nursery Farm of Major August Belmont at North Babylon, and will continue to-morrow. Clear skies caused the attendance to be large for the opening day and the affair was pronounced a distinct success. There was but one accident, and this a minor one to Mrs. John C. Loud, who fell off her horse, Broadstream, in the open jumping event.

Mrs. Loud fell as she cleared the seventh hurdle. She quickly regained her saddle, although severely shaken up, finishing the eighth hurdle.

Among those present was the Baroness Oppenheim, with a party of friends.

Midland Pell, chestnut grass champion of the Huntington Horse Show, ridden by Hugh Willoughby of Kentucky and owned by James S. Bermingham, won all the blues in the four saddle classes in which he was entered.

In the open jumping class Michael J. Dwyer won the blue with Barbier, a brown gelding, and second place with Black Watch. In the hunters and jumpers' Touch-and-Go Sweepstakes, Black Watch won first place, with Barbier fourth.

Others to win blues were J. W. Robertson, with Prince, in the single farm or work horse event; John H. Mulcahy, with Bells of Troy, in model polo mounts shown in hand; Sequatoque Farm, with South Carolina Blossoms, in colts suitable to be saddle horses; J. W. Robinson, with Buster and Prince, with pairs of farm or work horses; Miss Becky Lanier, with Dixie, in mares suitable to produce polo mounts; Mrs. Frank A. Box, with Mistletoe, in novice jumpers.

Peace Blossom, ridden by Miss Jean Salla Regan, won first in novice saddle ponies not exceeding 14.2 hands.

Frank C. B. Page's Ouija won the blue in colts suitable to become hunters, and Brunette, ridden by Miss Jean Salla Regan, won first in saddle horses over 14.2.

Silver Crest, ridden by Miss Becky Lanier, won the first in lightweight hunters. Mrs. John C. Loud's Black Thorn won in pony jumpers, ridden by children. George Crouch's Copper Ring won the blue in combination harness and saddle horses. Belle of Troy, owned by John H. Mulcahy, won first in lightweight polo mounts.

Champion Midnight Frolic, ridden by Salla Lanier, won the blue in the saddle class. Lloyd Children's Charles E. Butler's Lady Chester took the blue for saddle mares over 14.2 hands. Pioneer, owned by H. G. Peters, won first in heavyweight polo mounts.

Miss Jean Salla Regan's Brunette won first in saddle horses not over 15 hands and Pauline, owned by John Bennah, first in roadsters.

Eastern League.

Springfield 2, Bridgeport 1.
(First game.)
Springfield 11, Bridgeport 1.
(Second game.)
Hartford 5, New Haven 0.
Waterbury 6, Pittsfield 1.
(First game.)
Waterbury 3, Pittsfield 1.
(Seven innings; darkness.)
Albany 5, Fitchburg 0.

ERRORS AID BRAVES IN BEATING ROBINS

Olson's Two Fumbles Enable Boston to Win by 3-2—Ford Makes Four Hits.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 30.—Leon Cadore of the Robins pitched well enough to win this afternoon's game from the Braves. That he did not prove the victorious twirler was due to an unusually poor streak of fielding in the sixth inning by Ivan Olson. Ivan was so much of a weak link in the infield defense of the Robins that he faltered twice in succession in the sixth inning, thus paving the way for a trio of runs, all that the Braves made during the entire game but enough to give them victory by the score of 3 to 2.

Dana Fillingim also shone in the pitching along with Cadore. All the runs accumulated off Fillingim were the results of errors, as was the case with Cadore. If both teams had given their twirlers perfect support the game probably would have gone well beyond the regulation nine innings. Cadore and Fillingim were in such fine trim that neither issued a base on balls. There was no delay in their winding up before pitching a ball and there was no hesitancy on the part of the batsmen in swatting the pellet, the result being that the contest lasted only one hour and twelve minutes.

Horace Ford of the Braves and Ity Myers of the Robins were the batting heroes. In fact, they were about the only ones who knew that their duty at the bat was to hit the ball. It was a perfect day for Ford. The Boston shortstop faced Cadore four times and each time he connected safely, his collection being three singles and one double. He went against Fillingim four times for a percentage of .750, three singles being credited to his record. The fielding feature was Tom Griffith's catch of Powell's fly with his gloved hand after a long run to the front of the right field grandstand.

Robins Score Two Runs.

In the first inning Tom Griffith bounced a hit off Kopf's shins after two men had been retired, but he was left, as Wheat filed to Powell. In the second the Robins managed to get two runs across the plate. Myers started with a single and Mitchell kept up the good work with a two-base hit to left, sending Myers to third. Olson was thrown out by Kopf, Myers being held at third. De Berry was safe on Ford's fumble, Myers scoring the first run of the game and Mitchell taking third. On Cadore's sacrifice fly to Powell Mitchell tallied what proved to be the last run of the game for the Robins. High ended matters by popping to Ford.

Johnston started the third for the Robins with a single, but Griffith lined to Ford and Johnston was doubled off first. The Braves came close to scoring in their turn of the inning, Gowdy and Fillingim led off with singles, the latter being put out trying to stretch his hit to a double. Powell and Barbare fouled to High and Mitchell respectively, leaving Gowdy on third.

Neither side scored in the fourth, although Myers singled to left as a starter for the Robins. He was left because Mitchell popped to Ford, and Olson lifted a fly to Nixon, after which Nixon made a fine running catch of DeBerry's long drive to left. In the fifth the Braves got two men on the bases, but Cadore turned them back without a run. Ford began by beating out a bunt to High. Kopf singled to left, Ford being held at second. Then Cadore put on the screws, Gowdy popping to the Robins' pitcher, Fillingim raising a fly to Myers and Cadore tossing out Powell.

Brooklyn Defense Cracks.

The Robin infield cracked behind Cadore in the sixth inning. Barbare was safe on Olson's fumble. The Robins' shortstop evidently thought he might just as well make a good day's business in the fumbling line, for he missed the next grounder sent his way by Nixon. Cruise sacrificed, High to Mitchell, Nixon running up a base. Holke then smashed out a single to left, sending Barbare and Nixon over the plate with the runs which tied the score. Holke took second on the throw-in. Ford cracked a double to left, sending Holke home with the tally which eventually proved to be the deciding one. Wheat made a good running catch of Kopf's foul and Gowdy ended the inning by lifting a fly to Johnston.

The score:

BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Powell,cf	4	0	1	7	0	High,3b	4	0	0	2	2
Barbare,2b	4	1	0	0	2	Johnston,3b	4	0	1	1	2
Nixon,lf	4	1	0	3	0	Griffith,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Cruise,rf	3	0	0	1	0	Wheat,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Holke,1b	4	1	1	12	0	Myers,cf	4	1	3	1	0

MLLE. LENGLEN WINS FROM MISS M'KANE

French Tennis Star Defeats Brilliant English Girl by 6-1, 7-5.

20,000 WITNESS CONTEST

Enormous Crowd, Including Many Notables, Sees Match on Centre Court at Wimbledon.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 30.—The great event of the Wimbledon lawn tennis championships today was the match between Mlle. Lenglen and the Englishwoman, Miss Kathleen McKane, in the second round of the women's championship. Nearly twenty thousand spectators witnessed the contest, and among the distinguished persons present were the Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, ex-King Manuel of Portugal, Mrs. Lloyd George and the Earl of Balfour. Mlle. Lenglen won by 6—1, 7—5, but Miss McKane was nearer winning than was suggested by the onlookers. During the second set, the French champion, so it is said, was at one time on the point of retiring.

Both players appeared nervous during the first set. Miss McKane won the first point amid much applause, but Mlle. Lenglen, by skillful placing, captured the set at 6—1. The excitement of the crowd became intense during the second set which Miss McKane, improving rapidly, opened with a love game. She followed this up by capturing the next two games, in each of which her opponent scored only one point. There was a tremendous outburst of cheering from the spectators, who were reprimanded by some tennis writers for not being quite as generous toward the French champion as they ought to have been.

Miss McKane Weakens.

But Miss McKane at this point appeared for some time to lose much of her stamina. Mlle. Lenglen's skillful placing had kept her running about and instead of being lured forward toward the net, she contented herself mostly with some careful play from back court. Mlle. Lenglen gradually reduced opponent's lead and the score was called three all and then 4 to 3 in the French woman's favor. The eighth game was, perhaps, the most thrilling of all, when Miss McKane broke her opponent's sequence of games and drew level at four all after many deuce calls.

Everybody was now on the horns of suspense. They groaned when Miss McKane drove out twice to give her opponent an odd-game lead, but were wildly enthusiastic when England equalized at the tenth. Just before this Mlle. Lenglen ran to the side of the court and spoke hastily to one of the French men players.

Women Players the Magnet.

WIMBLEDON, England, June 30 (Associated Press).—Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen, world's woman tennis champion, and Miss Kathleen McKane, one of England's best players, proved the magnet which attracted thousands of persons to the stands at Wimbledon today to witness their play in the championship tournament. Mlle. Lenglen won from Miss McKane in two highly interesting sets, 6—1, 7—5.

The spectators also saw Randolph Lycett, the sterling Australian player, who did not compete in the Davis Cup matches owing to strained shoulder muscles, equal his old-time performance in sending down to defeat Baron de Morpurgo of Italy, in a hard-fought contest, 4—6, 6—3, 6—0, 6—3.

Other interesting matches on the various courts today were the victories of Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, United States, over Mrs. Hullick, England; Miss Elisabeth Ryan, California, over Mrs. McNair, England; J. O. Anderson, Australia, over A. H. Fyzee, India; A. F. R. Kingscote, England, over Andrew Gobert, France; Gerald Patterson, Australia, over J. Borotra, France; Henry Cochet, France, over Dean Mathey, United States, and T. M. Davison, England, over G. Colket Caner, former American intercollegiate champion.

After having traveled ten miles, more than 5,000 persons were turned away from Wimbledon this afternoon, as the grounds and every available space were packed with spectators an hour before the matches began. The Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, former King Manuel of Portugal, Grand Duke Michael and Mrs. David Lloyd George were among the crowd that saw the Lenglen-McKane and the Lycett-Morpurgo matches. The Prince of Wales and his party were given a great reception when they entered during the Lycett-Morpurgo contest. It was the first time a majority of the crowd had seen the Prince since his recent return from his long tour abroad.

Matches Filled With Thrills.

Today's matches were filled with thrills and surprises. The success of Mlle. Lenglen, the French girl expert, naturally overtopped everything. Her victory was fully deserved. She had the better strategy, was shrewder and rarely was beaten by inability to reach the returns of Miss McKane, who was England's hope to win the singles championship.

In the first set Miss McKane went to the net on every possible occasion. This fact, in the opinion of experts, proved fatal to her chances, for they argue that no woman can pass an opponent at the net better than Mlle. Lenglen, especially with her slow backhand and diagonal short drive across the court. These fine shots of the French girl were augmented today by many fast dipping balls which caught Miss McKane hopelessly at the net.

The crowd groaned as they saw their favorite fading. Susanne coaxed and cajoled her opponent to come further in whenever she got back to the baseline. Some of the Englishwoman's smashes, however, proved to be aces. She hit harder on the forehand than Mlle. Lenglen, but on the backhand her returns were too defensive. It was Susanne's wonderful sideline placements, however, that ultimately pulled the French girl through the last game of the spectacular final set.

Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, the American champion, played a fine driving game, beating Mrs. Hullick, an Englishwoman, in a somewhat one-sided contest, 6—1, 6—2, although Mrs. Mallory did not like overmuch the slow surface at the outside court on which the match was played.

Mrs. McNair a Surprise.

There was much surprise when Mrs. McNair of England captured the first set in her match with Miss Elizabeth Ryan, the California girl, 6—4. Miss Ryan, however, grew more accustomed to the low bound of the ball as the play progressed on and in the next two sets easily won the match, 6—3, 6—0.

Mrs. Watson's defeat of Mrs. Satterthwaite, 6—1, 6—1, was one of the astonishing results of the day's play. Mrs. Watson will meet Mrs. Mallory in the third round of the women's singles.

In the third round of the men's singles Patterson defeated Borotra overwhelmingly by his hurricane style of play. During this match there was one of the hardest hitting probably ever seen at Wimbledon. Patterson's overhead ball was a much faster one than he previously had shown. After he had won 6—0, 6—3, 6—3 the Australian cheery Frenchman said: "Oh, that's nothing. I am happy to be alive after that."

In referring particularly to the game with which he was hit about by Patterson's terrific drives, the Frenchman who beat Dean is getting more accustomed to Today's match unquestionably brought out his best performance Patterson, for Mathey put up a fine exhibition. It had been anticipated by the experts that Davison would be the winner over Caner, but Caner, still the brightest star who was

Lively Ball Complaint Now Heard in Tennis Circles

Too lively a ball is a complaint frequently heard in baseball circles, but it is something new in the tennis world. Tennis players of the country are being asked their opinions regarding the balls now in use by Walter L. Pate, Chairman of the United States Lawn Tennis Association's Committee on Balls and Supplies. Some players have complained that the balls have too high a bound on hard courts. The size and weight of the official balls are governed by the rules of the association, and for the last two years there has been a provision with regard to their resilience. Incidentally, the English association does not approve of American-made balls, considering them too lively. If a sufficient number of American players register their opinion by Sept. 1 that a lower bounding ball would be better for a hard court, a change will undoubtedly be recommended at the next annual meeting of the National Association.

invited to join the English Davis Cup team for the play in the United States in 1921, sent F. Gordon Lowe, England, down to defeat 15—13, 6—3, 6—4. This was Campbell's greatest performance this year, and it aroused notable comment regarding the possibility of his being included in the British Davis Cup team which is to play off the tie against Spain.

Mlle. Lenglen's First Test.

Miss McKane opened the service and Mlle. Lenglen drove out two returns just over the line. Some of the crowd began to barrack for Miss McKane, but were silenced by the remonstrances of the others. The French girl then won four aces and got the second game to 15. Miss McKane won the third game, and upon the next was to come Mlle. Lenglen's first temperamental test.

The experts have noted that the temperament of the French girl always becomes evident when she loses her first game. In the fourth Mlle. Lenglen began outing and netting. Deuce was called many times. Then she came to the net twice consecutively and made perfect diagonal smashes. She had survived the test, and then, with perfect placements, a majority of which, however, did not carry much speed, she sailed triumphantly through the first set, 6—1.

The French girl's second ordeal came when Miss McKane began the second set, taking a love game in consequence of her splendid return to the line, and a little unsteadiness by Mlle. Lenglen in driving out a couple of easy balls. Miss McKane took her own service game to 15 and the third game to love, with Mlle. Lenglen making one ace drive and hitting out four, when Miss McKane led, 3—2, amid the greatest excitement.

Mlle. Lenglen's subsequent victory, by winning seven out of the next nine games before one of the most partial galleries ever seen at Wimbledon, was in the nature of her second test. In sequence she won four games and reached an odd-game lead. The eighth game was the most spectacular of the whole set. With Mlle. Lenglen placing alternately from side to side, but with Miss McKane hitting the harder ball, the game went to deuce, and Miss McKane took the game, finishing with an overhand smash after a beautiful winning drive to the forehand line. Deuce was called on the next game, which kept the crowd on edge, but Miss McKane drove out on two service returns and Mlle. Lenglen won, leading 5—4.

French Girl Calls on Cochet.

Miss McKane reached 30 love serving, as a result of Mlle. Lenglen's errors in the next game. The French girl then ran to the competitors' stand and excitedly called to Cochet for something. "Be quick, quick," she cried.

Mlle. Lenglen then returned to the court and scored with two beautiful winning drives and reached 30—30. She then drove the next ball out by six inches and Miss McKane netted the next, an easy one. Then came good volleying, both women chasing from side to side. Then Miss McKane scored a point by winning on a fast drive to Lenglen's left, but the French girl scooped up a short lob which Miss McKane bumped over the net, again bringing the score to deuce. Miss McKane then rallied amid the breathless silence of the spectators and scored with a smash, 5-all being called on an out by Mlle. Lenglen. Superb placements gave Mlle. Lenglen a love game and a lead of 6—5.

Mlle. Lenglen outed for 15-all with a forehand punch straight down the side line and Miss McKane double faulted, again giving Lenglen the lead. The French girl then won the next with a great forehand punch to the right, and in a rally scored with another to the English girl's left and took the set and match, 7—5.

Lycett Starts Slowly.

Morpurgo opened against Lycett in strong fashion, continually crowding the net, where he cut off returns brilliantly. Lycett was a little slow in getting under way. Morpurgo never played a finer game in this country, but when Lycett got warmed up he became almost mechanical in his driving and placing. The Italian played the back court game more and more and Lycett came to the net and put away overhead smashes in his own inimitable fashion. Lycett's performance made him a popular favorite for a top-half finalist.

The summaries:

Women's Singles—Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen, France, defeated Miss Kathleen McKane, England, 6—1, 7—5; Mrs. Fraiklin L. Mallory, United States, defeated Mrs. Hollick, England, 6—1, 6—2; Mrs. Peacock, England, defeated Mrs. Middleton, England, 6—2, 6—0; Miss Elisabeth Ryan, United States, defeated Mrs. McNair, England, 4—6, 6—3, 6—0; Mrs. Elliott, England, defeated Miss Rimington, England, 7—5, 9—3; Mrs. Beamish, England, defeated Miss Robocanachi, 6—2, 6—2.

Men's Singles—Henri Cochet, France, defeated Dean Mathey, United States, 6—2, 3—6, 6—4, 6—2; P. M. Davison, England, defeated G. Colket Caner, United States, 6—4, 6—3, 7—5; M. Brugnon, France, defeated Major J. G. Ritchie, England, 8—6, 6—2, 6—4; H. Aitken, South Africa, defeated G. Stoddart, England, 6—3, 6—2, 6—3, 7—5; T. M. Mavrogordato, England, defeated C. E. L. Lyle, England, 6—0, 6—2, 1—6, 6—3; A. F. R. Kingscote, England, defeated Andre Gobert, France, 6—4, 6—4, 6—2; Randolph Lycett, England, defeated Baron de Morpurgo, Italy, 4—6, 6—3, 6—0, 6—3; C. Turnbull, England, defeated F. G. Lowe, England, 15—13, 6—2, 6—4; A. Drew, England, defeated A. T. Lowe, England, 4—6, 6—2, 7—5, 8—6; J. B. Gilbert, England, defeated H. Barclay, England, 6—3, 2—6, 7—5, 6—3; Gerald Patterson, Australia, defeated Jean Borotra, France, 6—0, 6—1, 6—3; J. O. Anderson, Australia, defeated A. H. Fyzee, India, 6—2, 6—2, 6—4.

Men's Doubles—J. Masterman, England, and Axel Grewen, United States, defeated G. Elliott and M. Davin, England, 3—6, 6—3, 6—3, 6—4; H. Stoker and D. Greig, England, defeated Manuel Alonso and Count de Gomar, Spain, 6—4, 6—0, 6—2; Gerald Patterson and O'Hara Wood, Australia, defeated E. Lamb and F. Jarvis, England, 6—2, 6—0, 6—0; Dean Mathey and G. C. Caner, United States, defeated V. Burr and W. Tucker, England, 8—0, 6—2, 6—3; J. O. Anderson, Australia, and Randolph Lycett, England, defeated C. Kingsley and A. Wilder, England, 6—3, 2—6, 8—1, 6—7.

MISS BAUER SWIMS TODAY.

Western Girl Will Make Eastern Debut at Manhattan Beach.

Miss Sybil Bauer, champion backstroke swimmer of the Illinois A. C., Chicago, will make her Eastern début this afternoon in the aquatic carnival which will be conducted in the Manhattan Beach Lagoon, under the auspices of the Women's Swimming Association. Miss Bauer is scheduled to compete in a special series of sprint races against the pick of the local women swimmers.

MET. JUNIOR MEET AUG. 19.

Entry Blanks Issued for Games at Brooklyn Field.

Entry blanks have been issued for the Metropolitan A. A. U. junior track and field championship meet, which will be held under the auspices of the local association at Brooklyn Athletic Field, Brooklyn, Aug. 19. It is planned to start the meet promptly at 2 o'clock.

YALE AND STANFORD IN DOUBLES FINAL

L. E. Williams Plays W. Brown for Intercollegiate Tennis Singles Title Today.

PHILADELPHIA, June 30.—James Davies and Philip Neer, Leland Stanford, will meet L. E. Williams and G. M. Wheeler, Yale, in the final championship doubles match of the Intercollegiate Lawn Tennis Association tomorrow afternoon as a result of their victory today in the semi-final round.

Williams, who is captain of the Yale team, also will play in the singles final, opposing Wray Brown, Washington University, St. Louis. The singles will start at 2 o'clock and the doubles shortly after the singles are completed.

Davies and Neer, who ranked second in the collegiate doubles last year, won their semi-final from Morris Duane and Karl Pfaffman, Harvard, in three torrid sets, 5—7, 6—0, 8—6.

After dropping the first set the Pacific Coast players gave a splendid exhibition and ran through the second set with ease for a love score. In the third set, with games six-all, Neer and Davies broke through Duane's service. Neer then won his service by a love score for the set and match.

The point score:

FIRST SET.

													Pts.	G.
Neer and Davies	2	2	4	4	3	2	7	0	4	4	0	1	34	6
Duane, Pfaffman	4	4	0	2	3	5	4	2	1	4	4	0	40	7

SECOND SET.

													Pts.	G.
Neer and Davies	0	4	4	5	5	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	21	6
Duane and Pfaffman	4	0	2	3	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	0

THIRD SET.

Neer, Davies	6	4	1	4	4	2	4	0	2	4	4	4	46	8
Duane and Pfaffman	4	6	4	1	2	4	2	4	4	2	1	0	39	6

Williams and Wheeler defeated B. K. Parks and George O'Connell, Oklahoma, 6—4, 6—2, who an hour earlier had eliminated R. N. Bradley and G. C. Guild, Harvard, 6—3, 6—4.

TREMAINE IS VICTOR IN BATTLE ON COURT

Defeats Jolliff and Enters Semi-Final Round of Queensboro Title Tourney.

Howard C. Tremaine won a place in the semi-final round of theQueensboro tennis championship tournament at the Kew Gardens Country Club yesterday afternoon, defeating Carl N. Jolliff of Montclair in the fifth round by scores of 7—5, 6—4. Tremaine, who has been improving rapidly in recent tournaments, was especially keen at the net, and his aggressiveness was the determining factor in upsetting the excellent all-around game of the Jerseyman. Tremaine's gets at his service line were often spectacular. He caught many sharp drives to his feet on the half-volley, and not only returned them safely, but placed them well. Jolliff was not getting his usual length to his drives and Tremaine, when he did not cut them off at the net, was always in good position, and applied a killing pace to his returns.

Jolliff took the first two games of the opening set, and Tremaine then won the next five. Jolliff won the next three to deuce the count, but then fell back. In the second set, Jolliff won the first game and Tremaine the next three. After that Tremaine had only to make good on service to be sure of the match.

Hugh Oakley and Fred D. Powers, both of Montclair, and Percy L. Kynaston, the 1921 champion, were the other winners in the singles. Their matches were all in the fourth round. Oakley was extended to defeat W. Dickson Cunningham by 7—5, 6—2, and Powers had to travel through three sets to get the verdict over S. A. Manchester. Kynaston, who beat S. G. Kelly 6—0, 6—0, will meet Dr. William Rosenbaum in the fifth round this afternoon; Oakley will play Armand L. Bruneau and Powers will oppose John F. Whitbeck. The winners will meet in the semi-finals to-morrow morning, and the final will be played in the afternoon.

The final round was reached in the doubles. S. Howard Voshell and Zenso Shimizu of the West Side Tennis Club took two love sets in the semi-finals from Cunningham and Merritt Cutler, two-sided as the scores were, the match was interesting to watch. Cunningham and Cutler forced several of the games to deuce, on one occasion after their noted opponents had a lead of 40 love. But in the end they were always outspeeded and outguessed. This afternoon, at 3 o'clock, Shimizu and Voshell will play, and Leonard W. Knox, a Montclair combination, in the final round for the championship. Knox and Jolliff defeated A. M. Hyde and L. A. Coffin, Jr., in the semi-finals in straight sets.

The summaries:

Queensboro Singles Championship, Fourth Round—Percy L. Kynaston defeated S. G. Kelly, 6—0, 6—0; Hugh Oakley defeated W. Dickson Cunningham, 7—5, 6—2; Fred D. Powers defeated Stanley A. Manchester, 6—2, 3—6, 6—3.

Fifth Round—Howard C. Tremaine defeated Carl N. Jolliff, 7—5, 6—4.

Queensboro Doubles Championship, Semi-Final Round—S. Howard Voshell and Zenso Shimizu defeated W. Dickson Cunningham and Merritt Cutler, 7—5, 6—0; Leonard W. Knox and Carl N. Jolliff defeated A. M. Hyde and L. A. Coffin, Jr., 7—5, 6—3.

PHILLIPPS BEATS MARTIN.

Winner to Meet Miles Today for Brooklyn Junior Tennis Title.

Russell Phillipps and William T. Miles won their semi-final matches in the tennis tournament at the Terrace-Kings County Club yesterday afternoon and will meet today at 2 P. M. for the junior singles championship of Brooklyn. In the tournament for the boys' Brooklyn championship the finalists are Selwyn Orcutt and Morris Fishkin. They will play for the title at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Phillipps, a Curtis High School player from Staten Island, defeated E. Ralph Martin of Brooklyn Poly Prep in the junior semi-finals in one of the feature matches of the tournament. The scores were 6—3, 6—4, and every game was hard fought. Martin previously had eliminated Herbert Bearman, who, in his turn, had defeated Grevel Acker, Acker was the national indoor boy champion of last year and his defeat came as a surprise to many followers of the tournament.

The summaries:

Brooklyn Junior Championship, Second Round—Herbert Bearman defeated Grevel Acker, 6—3, 6—3.

Third Round—E. Ralph Martin defeated Bearman, 6—3, 6—3; George Case defeated George King, 6—3, 7—5, 6—1.

Semi-Final Round—William T. Miles defeated George Case, 6—1, 6—1; Russell Phillipps defeated Ralph Martin, 6—4, 6—2.

Brooklyn Boys Championship—Third Round—Morris Fishkin defeated Dudley Gruber, 8—6, 6—3, 6—2; Allen McCarroll defeated Compton Rees, 6—3, 6—2.

Semi-Final Round—Selwyn Orcutt defeated Allen McCarroll, 6—1, 4—6, 6—0; Morris Fishkin defeated Victor Selova, 6—4, 6—3, 6—4.

WIN JERSEY NET TITLE.

Miss Sheldon and S. E. Palmer Capture Mixed Doubles Crown.

Miss Florence Sheldon and S. E. Palmer of Montclair won the mixed doubles championship of New Jersey yesterday afternoon by defeating Mrs. Edward V. Lynch and Walter J. Toussaint in the final round of the State tournament at the Englewood Field Club. The scores were 6—4, 7—5. The Montclair team kept at least one game in the van at all stages of the match. Palmer played excellently at the net, his accurately placed kills finishing many of the rallies, while Miss Sheldon did some good court-covering at the baseline.

Edouardo Prieto Souza Wins Mexican Fencing Championship

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 30.—Edouardo Prieto Souza, Chief of the Petroleum Department, won the fencing championship of Mexico here this morning. There were forty entries in the tournament, the elimination matches of which were held on the last three Sundays, the finals being contested today. Prieto Souza, who is a graduate of Mexico's Military College, is considered the greatest fencer in the Republic. He came through the tournament without being defeated. Although suffering from an injury in the epee contest, he gained a clean-cut victory this morning. Among the competitors in the tourney were Italian, French, Argentine and Mexican fencers. Prieto Souza is well known in the United States, as he was connected with the Foundation Construction Company before entering the service of the Mexican Government.

MISS GILLEAUDEAU REACHES THE FINAL

Defending Champion Beats Miss Chapman by 6-2, 6-1 in Connecticut Net Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW CANAAN, Conn., June 30.—Miss Helen Gilleaudeau of Mamaroneck, N. Y., the defending champion, won her semi-final match at the New Canaan Country Club this afternoon in the tennis tournament for the women's championship of Connecticut in singles. She defeated Miss Marion Chapman of Nyack, champion of New Jersey, by scores of 6—2, 6—1, and will meet Miss Lillian Scharman of Brooklyn for the title tomorrow afternoon.

Miss Gilleaudeau's better controlled backcourt game beat Miss Chapman. The New Jersey champion tried running to the net in the early stages of the match and met with a good measure of success, volleying effectively. But she was a bit slow in her attack on half a dozen occasions, after the games had reached 3—3, and Miss Gilleaudeau was able to pass her. This discouraged Miss Chapman and she remained at her baseline for the remainder of the match, where, by persisting in her forcing tactics, she might have had better luck. In the driving exchanges, Miss Gilleaudeau outplaced Miss Chapman and was enough surer in covering court to make the result decisive in both sets.

The point score follows:

FIRST SET.

											Pts.	G.
Miss Gilleaudeau	6	1	4	5	2	4	4	4	—	—	30	6
Miss Chapman	4	4	2	3	4	2	1	1	—	—	21	2

SECOND SET.

Miss Gilleaudeau	4	4	4	4	1	4	4	—	—	—	25	6
Miss Chapman	1	1	2	1	4	2	1	—	—	—	13	1

The final round was arrived at in the women's doubles championship. Mrs. Robert LeRoy and Mrs. L. G. Morris will play Miss Gilleaudeau and Miss Helen Hooker for the title tomorrow afternoon. The feature contest was the one which Miss Gilleaudeau and Miss Hooker took from Mrs. Edna W. Welty and Mrs. N. W. Farlee by 6—3, 6—8, 6—3. This was hard fought at all stages. Mrs. Farlee twisted her leg while her team was leading at 5—4 in the second set and a twenty-minute halt had to be called. The accident interfered with Mrs. Farlee's court-covering thereafter. She and Mrs. Welty managed to pull out the second set, but Mrs. Farlee's loss of speed was felt in the rubber. Mrs. LeRoy and Mrs. Morris played steady tennis to beat Miss Gertrude Hopper and Miss Mary Case in the other semi-final.

The boys' State title was won by Weller Evans, who defeated W. G. Dominick in the final round, 6—2, 6—1, 6—2, the match being decided by the best three in five sets. In the girls' championship Miss Helen Hooker won in the semi-finals from Miss Sarah McLean by 6—2, 6—1. She will play Miss Ceres Baker tomorrow for the championship, the latter having eliminated Miss Beatty Wonham in the semi-finals.

The summaries:

Women's Connecticut Singles Championship—Semi-Final Round—Miss Helen Gilleaudeau defeated Miss Marion Chapman, 6—2, 6—1.

Women's Connecticut Doubles Championship—Semi-Final Round—Mrs. Robert Le Roy and Mrs. L. G. Morris defeated Miss Gertrude M. Hopper and Miss Mary B. Case, 6—3, 8—2; Miss Helen Gilleaudeau and Miss Helen Hooker defeated Mrs. Edna W. Welty and Mrs. N. W. Farlee, 6—3, 6—8, 6—3.

Boys' Connecticut Championship — Final Round—Weller Evans defeated W. G. Dominick, 6—2, 6—1, 6—2.

Girls' Connecticut Championship—Semi-Final Round—Miss Helen Hooker defeated Miss Sarah McLean, 6—2, 6—1.

MERRIHEW PUT OUT BY R. N. WILLIAMS

Former Tennis Champion Wins Easily in Nassau C. C. Tourney —Many Players Default.

A good field was entered in the annual three-day invitation tennis tournament in singles of the Nassau Country Club at Glen Cove, L. I., in which a start was made yesterday afternoon, but the opening rounds were marred by an extraordinary number of defaults. There were nine in the first and second rounds, most of them due to the fact that the players concerned were competing in tournaments elsewhere. Of the players who appeared for the opening, the most noted was Richard Norris Williams 2d., of Boston, the former national champion, who won from S. Wallis Merrihew in the first round by 6—0, 6—1, and Fred Baggs in the second, 6—3, 6—0.

Among the other players who contested and won were Frank and Fred Anderson, Vanderbilt B. Ward, Fred C. Baggs, Elliot H. Binsen, Clarence C. Pell, the national racquets champion; Walter Merrill Hall, Henry H. Bassford, Alfred D. Hammett and Andrew Morgan. The players who won by defaults included Francis T. Hunter, Dr. William Rosenbaum, Leonard Beekman and Edgar T. Appleby.

Ward, who is showing improved form, eliminated J. F. Stockton in the first round by 6—2, 4—6, 6—1 and then won from Charles Chambers in two 6—4 sessions. Clarence Pell won from Ludlow Vandeventer of Plainfield, N. J., by 6—3, 6—3.

The summaries:

Nassau Club Invitation Singles—First Round—Francis T. Hunter won from Murray Vernon by default; R. T. Guilbert won from Percy L. Kynaston by default; Alexander Iler won from Robert Le Roy by default; Dr. William Rosenbaum won from Dr. George King by default; Leonard Beekman won from Dr. E. F. Drake by default; Howard Homans won from Theodore R. Pell by default; Richard Norris Williams 2d defeated S. Wallis Merrihew, 6—0, 6—1; Elliot H. Binsen defeated William J. Gallon, 6—3, 6—2; Fred C. Baggs defeated Manfred Goldman, 6—3, 6—2; Charles Chambers won from Harry R. Pack by default; Vanderbilt B. Ward defeated J. F. Stockton, 6—2, 4—6, 6—1; Fred C. Anderson defeated Hofmann Nickerson, 6—4, 6—2.

Second Round—Alfred D. Hammett defeated M. T. Ackerland, 7—5, 6—3; Edgar T. Appleby won from James Davies by default; Clarence C. Pell defeated Ludlow Vandeventer, 6—3, 6—3; Henry Bassford defeated J. Cecil Donaldson, 6—4, 6—4; Walter Merrill Hall defeated Paul Martin, 6—2, 6—1; Leonard Beekman won from Howard Homans by default; Vanderbilt B. Ward defeated Charles Chambers, 6—2, 6—4; Frank T. Anderson defeated Richard Hinckley, 6—0, 6—1; Andrew Morgan defeated Wallace Lee Paine, 6—10, 6—1, 6—1; C. L. Graves defeated Hugh L. Bowring, 6—3, 7—5; R. N. Williams 2d defeated Fred C. Boggs, 6—4, 6—3.

SERRES WINNER OF MOTOR-PACED RACE

Captures Feature at Velodrome When Accidents Deprive Corry of Victory.

A series of disheartening accidents robbed Frank Corry, Australian cyclist, of a victory last night in the 50-kilometer motor paced race for professionals, which featured the card at the Velodrome. A puncture when within eight miles of the finish line cost Corry an advantage of more than two laps which he had gained through spectacular riding from the start of the grind. Then, when within a mile of the finish of his journey, and on the road to regaining the lead, the Australian lost the pace of his partner, Arthur Miller, and was hopelessly out of the running.

Georges Seres, French cyclist, who was trailing Corry throughout, won first prize, finishing with an advantage of three laps on the Australian. Lawrence Gaffney of Brooklyn finished the 31-mile and 1-lap race in third position. He covered 29 miles, 3¼ laps. Victor Limart of Belgium, the only other starter, was fourth. He rode 29 miles and 2 laps. The time was 45:10 1-5.

Corry's spectacular riding and his game exhibition after being thrown when his tire was punctured thrilled a crowd of about 10,000 which witnessed the races. The Australian lapped the field for the first time at fifteen miles. Three miles further on he added another lap to his advantage.

At twenty miles Corry started in quest of his third lap on the field, but in the attempt came to grief. At about the twenty-two-mile mark Corry blew a front tire and was thrown heavily to the track. His arms and his right leg were badly bruised by the fall, but he pluckily remounted. His advantage of about two and three-quarters laps was lost through the fall, but he gave chase to his rivals, riding at reckless speed.

At twenty-seven miles Corry was within thirty yards of Seres, who was leading the field. The Australian went out at a terrific clip just before reaching the thirty-mile mark, but before starting on the last mile he lost his pace, and his chances for victory were gone. The Australian regained the pace of Miller in time to win second prize by an easy margin over Gaffney.

Bundt Wins Over Grimm.

Elmer Bundt of Buffalo carried off the one-third of a mile national championship in the second race of a series of six to determine the amateur champion of America. Bundt nipped Willie Grimm of Newark just before reaching the tape, and won by a matter of inches.

Third and fourth places went to Edward C. Bendi, Unione Sportivia Italiana, and Carl Hambacher respectively. The time for the final was 42 seconds. A surprise was furnished in the running of this event with the early elimination of Fred Spencer, Plainfield veteran who was regarded as the favorite for the title. Spencer was shut out by Hambacher in one of the trial heats.

By winning second place Grimm jumped to the lead in the point standing for the amateur championship. Grimm now has 6 tallies, a margin of a single point over Spencer and Bundt, who are tied for second place with 5 points each. Bendi has 2 points, Lawrence Sueffert 2, Sam Gastman 1 and Hambacher 1.

Following his defeat in the championship test, Spencer came back later in a two-mile amateur handicap race and scored an impressive victory from scratch. Spencer went through a large field of rivals to carry off first prize with a spectacular closing-lap dash. Frank Bartell of Newark, who was allowed twenty yards, was second and Anthony Beckman, who started from the 150-yard mark, was third. Spencer's time was 4:02 1-5.

McNamara Scores From Scratch.

Reggie McNamara, former Australian professional, who now makes his home in Newark, scored a brace of victories in the professional events. McNamara captured a mile race, which attracted a number of star riders, and repeated in a two-mile professional handicap event. In the shorter race McNamara trailed Arthur Spencer of Newark over the finish line, but Spencer was disqualified for coming through on the pole, in violation of the rules. The disqualification gave McNamara the first prize and Al Grenda of Australia second honors.

The summaries:

One-Mile Invitation—(Professional)—Won by Arthur Spencer, Newark; Reggie McNamara, Newark, second; Alfred Grenda, Australia, third; Raymond Eaton, West Orange, N. J., fourth; William Spencer, Newark, fifth; Cecil Walker, Australia, sixth. Arthur Spencer was disqualified for coming through on the pole. Time—2:06 2-5.

Two-Mile Lap Race—(Amateur)—Won by Rudolph Zimmerman, New York; Felix Patti, Unione Sportiva Italiana, second; Paul Ottofaro, Italian-American Athletic Association, third; Louis Hiban, Inwood, L. I., fourth. Time—4:06 2-5.

One-Third Mile National Championship—(Amateur)—Won by Elmer Bundt, Buffalo, N. Y.; William Grimm, Newark, second; Edward C. Bendi, Unione Sportiva Italiana, third; Carl Hambacher, Bloomfield, N. J., fourth. Time—:42 1-5.

Two-Mile Tandem, Open—(Professional)—Won by Eddie Madden, Newark, and William Hanley, San Francisco; Alfons Verrase, Belgium, and Gus Lang, East Orange, second; Fred Taylor and Harry Horan, Newark, third; Lloyd Thomas, San Francisco, and David Landa, Irvington, fourth; Tom Bello, Brooklyn, and Peter Drobach, Boston, fifth. Time—4:03 2-5.

Two-Mile Handicap—(Amateur) — Won by Fred Spencer, Plainfield (scratch); Frank Bartell, Newark (20 yards), second; Anthony Beckman, Secaucus (150 yards), third; Sam Gastman, Bayview Wheelmen (95 yards), fourth; John Otto, Bayview Wheelmen (80 yards), fifth. Time—4:02 1-5.

Two-Mile Handicap—(Professional)—Won by Reggie McNamara, Newark (scratch); Fred Hill, Boston (90 yards), second; Raymond Eaton, East Orange (scratch), third; Harry Kaiser, Bronx (20 yards), fourth; Fred Taylor, Newark (90 yards), fifth; Lloyd Thomas, San Francisco (90 yards), sixth; Alex McBeath, Australia (10 yards), seventh. Time—3:52 1-5.

50-Kilometer (31 miles and 1 lap) Motor-Paced Race, Professionals—Won by Georges Seres, France, paced by James Hunter, Newark; Frank Corry, Australia, paced by Otto Miller, Brooklyn, second; Gaffney, Brooklyn, paced by John Schles, Newark, third; Victor Limart, Belgium, paced by Eddie Root, Boston, fourth. Time—45:10 1-5.

TO GUARD AGAINST FRAUD.

Adj. Gen. Kincaid Appoints Officers to Watch Armory Boxing Bouts.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 30.—Adjt. Gen. J. Leslie Kincaid tonight announced that he had appointed both deputy vice officers and organization athletic officers to work under the direction of Major Charles Dicus, State athletic officer, to see that there was no fraud or mismanagement in boxing contests in State armories.

The Adjutant General and his staff will watch the bouts on July 4. The deputies in New York named by the Adjutant General are Major Mills Miller and Captain James G. Campion, New York, and Lieutenant Stephen A. Byrne and Lieutenant M. J. Davidson, Brooklyn.

The organization athletic officers in New York named by the Adjutant General are: Lieut. Col. James Eben, 71st Infantry, New York; Major Carlos W. Webster, 258th F. A., Bronx; Major Mills Miller, 9th C. D. C., New York; Major Edward C. O. Thomas, A. G. Dept., N. G. N. Y.; Captain Herbert J. Lucas, 102d Med. Regt., New York; Captain James G. Campion, 212th F. A., New York; Captain Anthony D. Zink, 107th Infantry, New York; Lieutenant Stephen A. Byrne, 106th Infantry, Brooklyn; Lieutenant Edward W. Bloser, 27th Div. Train, Q. M. C., Brooklyn; Lieutenant M. J. Davidson, 14th Infantry, Brooklyn; Lieutenant Everett Cary, Headquarters, 51st Cav. Brig., West New Brighton; Captain William H. Stonebridge, 106th F. A., New York; Captain Henry J. H. Weveron, 105th F. A., Brooklyn; First Lieutenant Lafayette Yarwood, 104th F. A., New York.

Sailes Released by Toledo.

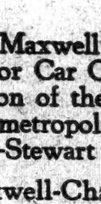
TOLEDO, Ohio, June 30.—Slim Sailes, veteran pitcher of the major leagues, was given his unconditional release today by President Roger Bresnahan of the Toledo club.

All New York is talking about it!

Double Dollar Sale!

A suit + an overcoat—or two suits at the price you'd pay elsewhere for suit alone

The suit may be in Spring weight and the overcoat in Winter weight or vice versa. Your unrestricted choice from either our new Spring or advance Fall fabrics.



JUST TO keep our shops busy for the torrid Summer days, we're recognizing every dollar you invest here right now as though it were really $2! A 2 for 1 value-giving Sale. Specifically, you can get a $50 value suit here [in Spring or Fall weight, as you choose] and a $50 value overcoat for next Winter [selected from our advance Fall purchases—BOTH for $50! 2 for 1!

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KNEPPER SUCCUMBS TO WILLIAMS STAR

Princeton Golfer, Favorite in Intercollegiate Tourney, Beaten by C. B. Secor.

BOYD IS OTHER FINALIST

Dartmouth Captain Eliminates L. C. Ward in Feature Match on Garden City Links.

Special to The New York Times.

GARDEN CITY, L. I., June 30.—Advance predictions to the contrary, the final of the 1922 intercollegiate golf championship to-morrow will be minus the presence of E. H. Knepper of Princeton, who was generally expected to be the winner. The players to-morrow, in the 36-hole battle for the honors, will be A. Pollock Boyd, the red-topped Dartmouth captain, and C. B. "Mose" Secor, a member of the Williams College golf club.

Secor, who is manner and also slightly in facial expression, resembles Chick" Evans, defeated Knepper in the morning round. The Iowa State champion and running mate with Evans in the Western amateur final last year was considerably off his normal game, but Secor won, and by a margin of 3 up.

In the semi-final round this afternoon Secor, who hails from Toledo, Ohio, after trailing Dudley Jones of Harvard off the fairway, overtook his man, and then sailed away to a 2 to 1 victory. Jones made things as easy as possible for his rival on the inward round, but might have earned the battle on a bit further than he did had it not been for a missed putt at the seventeenth green that gave Secor an unexpected lead and decided the issue.

Boyd took into camp J. C. ("Jimmy") Ward, Williams captain in what proved to be the feature match of the morning round, and of the entire day for that matter, for with this former Missouri State champion out of the way a bad start and then discovered that the Dartmouth player is as gamebirdsome as a Highlander when it comes to returning favors. He brought himself up with a rush by winning the eleventh hole, but that was as close as he managed to come to victory.

Williams Loses in Semi-Finals.

In the afternoon, Boyd, playing almost irreproachable golf for the first nine holes, took Harvard's other semi-finalist out of the play, defeating D. A. Williams by 4 and 3.

Jones gained the semi-final bracket by defeating J. Bush, Columbus, Ohio, and Yale University, in the morning round, 4 and 3. While his mate, Williams, was eliminating W. Baxter Sparks of Princeton, former Indiana State champion, by the same margin.

The result of the Knepper-Secor match put a disappointing touch on the finals, for those who have been following the progress of the collegians had their appetites all whetted for what was anticipated to be a repetition of the Dean-Sweetser match at Greenwich last year—a final with Knepper on one side and either Ward or Boyd on the other. The Iowan had been burning up courses in the team matches, won the Lynnewood Hall tournament at Philadelphia last week, was medalist in the present tournament and is one of the leading amateurs in the country; but he demonstrated the uncertainties of the old Scottish game by turning in no better than an 80 against Secor.

The Tiger representative started out poorly by taking three putts from ten feet away from the pin at the first hole, losing it, 4 to 5. Then followed a halved hole in 3 and a win for Knepper at the third, where Secor, after being on the green in 2, required three more strokes to get down, his first putt hitting Knepper's ball and bouncing away. After a halt at the fourth, Knepper became 1 up by winning the short fifth in par 4, Secor hooking his drive into the mounds and playing his second short and his third over the green.

Knepper and Secor Even.

Knepper, on the green in 3 at the sixth, took three putts and got no better than a half, while the seventh was halved in 6, the Princetonian slicing his second into the trees after Secor had left him an opening by hooking off the tee. They divided the next two holes, Knepper winning the eighth and Secor the ninth, at which Knepper drove into the mounds and then picked up. Secor came within an eye-lash of a birdie at the eighth, his drive and iron leaving him a putt for a 3. They reached the turn in 43 each, the match being even.

After a halt at the tenth, Knepper became 1 down by losing the eleventh, where he drove into a trap and was then short with his approach. He won the twelfth with a birdie 2, his iron leaving him no more than an eight foot putt. Secor was in the rough, beyond a sand pile and his pitch was far too strong.

Then the stymie, over which the golf world is a house divided against itself, began to play a more or less important role. Secor saved a half at the thirteenth by laying Knepper a stymie, which the latter failed to negotiate. At the fourteenth, both were on the green in 2, Knepper being away. Knepper, first to putt, missed the cup by three inches and then Secor stymied himself less than two and a half feet from the cup with Knepper's ball in between. Undismayed, he pitched his ball over that of his opponent and it rolled around in the cup and remained there, giving him a useful half.

Knepper then won the fifteenth, Secor taking three putts; but that was the beginning of the end, for Secor squared the match at the sixteenth and then won the seventeenth. At the sixteenth, Knepper drove into the road and hooked his second, while at the seventeenth the Iowan drove into the mounds at the left and, with a bad lie, just managed to get back to another mother to reach the green. Secor, with two fine shots, being only ten feet from the pin. Knepper made a final try at the home hole, but missed and Secor carted the victory away with a half in 3.

The cards:

Out—									
Secor	4	3	5	6	5	5	4	5	—37
Knepper	5	3	4	5	4	5	4	5	—35
In—									
Secor	4	5	4	4	5	4	4	4	—34
Knepper	4	4	3	6	4	5	5	5	—40—75

Ward Two Down at Start.

In his match against Boyd in the morning, Ward found himself two down before the struggle had fairly started. Getting into the mounds and three putts cost him the first hole, while Boyd's iron to within eight feet of the cup for a 3, Ward's 2 was more than he could match at the second. He won the third, where Boyd hooked to a trap, and the match stood that way until the sixth, where Ward squared the match when his opponent sliced behind the mounds and hooked his next off the line. With a 5, Boyd took the lead at the seventh, and no matters stood at the turn, Boyd became 3 up by winning the eleventh, 4 and 5, but Ward won the next in par 5 figures, Boyd losing the hole by trying to slip past Ward's ball. In so doing, he knocked it up to within two inches of the hole and laid himself a dead stymie.

Boyd topped his brassie going to the thirteenth but sagged himself with a beautiful iron second to within eight feet of the cup. An eight-foot putt after being trapped on his drive saved the Dartmouth man another half at the fourteenth. Ward tried to get home with a spoon of the next but landed in the left trap at the left of the green. He then sank a fifteen-footer for a 3, which gave him a half when Boyd missed a fairly easy putt.

Ward's chances went glimmering at the next, which was won by Boyd, a 6 to 5. The Williams player was close in trouble while Boyd's iron second left him only ten feet from the pin. The match was sealed at the next, where Ward sliced to the road and followed with a second down the same side. He made a fine recovery through the trees, but Boyd got the 2, leaving him 2 up and 1 to play.

The cards:

Out—									
Boyd	4	5	4	5	4	5	4	4	—35
Ward	5	5	4	5	4	5	4	5	—41
In—									
Boyd	4	5	4	5	4	4			
Ward	5	6	4	5	4	5			

Boyd Defeats Williams.

Boyd was 2 up on Williams at the end of nine holes in the semi-final round, the latter playing both the eighth and ninth holes badly, missing his tee shot going to the eighth and then topping his pressie second to the road just short of the green. Boyd had a fine from which left him an easy 3. After a fine drive, pulling to the ninth, Williams took up on his approach and pushed his ball into the rough at the right, from where he barely reached the green in three. The Harvard player, after getting halves at the next two holes, won the twelfth, where Boyd's iron rimmed the cup, the latter's putt for the 3 hitting but that was his last. He became decidedly shaky thereafter, and Boyd ended the match by winning the next three holes in 3's.

The cards:

Out—									
Boyd	4	4	4	5	4	5	4	4	—34
Williams	4	5	4	5	4	5	4	6	—41
In—									
Boyd	4	5	4	5					
Williams	5	6	4	5					

Jones was 1 up on Secor at the turn, where he was out in 40 against the Williams's player's 41. Four putts lost him the tenth and Secor assumed the lead by winning the twelfth and thirteenth. Jones by the latter. Four halved holes followed, Secor sinking an 8-footer to hole the sixteenth.

The cards:

Out—									
Secor	4	5	4	5	4	5	4	5	—41
Jones	4	5	4	5	4	4	4	5	—40
In—									
Secor	5		4	5	4	5			
Jones	5		4	5	4	5			

The summary:

Third Round—C. B. Secor, Williams, defeated W. B. Knepper, Princeton, 1 up; D. Jones, Harvard, defeated J. Bush, Yale, 4 and 3; D. A. Williams, Harvard, defeated W. B. Sparks, Princeton, 4 and 3; A. P. Boyd, Dartmouth, defeated J. C. Ward, Williams, 4 and 1.

Semi-Finals Round—Secor defeated Jones, 2 and 1; Boyd defeated Williams, 4 and 3.

SEELEY ELIMINATES LEWIS BY 2 AND 1

Brooklawn Golfer Will Meet Topping Today in Final for Connecticut Championship.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 30.—Henry J. Topping of Greenwich, present title holder, and W. Parker Seeley of Brooklawn will meet in the final of the Connecticut State golf championship here on the Shennecossett links tomorrow. Seeley surprised the field this morning by eliminating Reggie Lewis. The Greenwich star defeated Jesse Guilford last week at Apawamis, and had been playing unbeatable golf; but the Bridgeport golfer kept close to Lewis's heels all morning. After winning the fourteenth and fifteenth the took the lead. Lewis then missed a fifteen-inch putt on the sixteenth, Seeley becoming dormie 2. Lewis failed to get the seventeenth green on his approach, and got a half on the hole, giving Seeley the match, 2 and 1.

In the semi-final this afternoon Seeley put out Dicky Jackson of Highland. Henry Topping, the favorite, continues to win in convincing style, and is out for revenge for his clubmate on Seeley to-morrow. This morning he got a three-and-two decision over E. L. White of New Haven. In the semi-finals this afternoon he played sterling golf and defeated H. F. Durfee of Waterbury by 5 and 4. It was a one-sided match. Durfee had up to this time fought all extra-hole matches, winning from Pierson of Woodway in the morning by the narrow margin of 1 up in twenty holes.

F. K. English of Waterbury, who won the medal in the qualifying round Wednesday, justified his title of most consistent driver this afternoon by putting three balls in the same place to win the driving contest. Two balls registered 225 yards exactly, but the third was unquestionably two yards short. Buckie Merriman of Waterbury won the approaching and putting contest in consolation for losing a first round match to Topping yesterday.

The summary:

Third Round—R. L. Jackson, Highland, defeated W. Swenson, Greenwich Meadows, 1 up; W. Parker Seeley, Brooklawn, defeated R. M. Lewis, Greenwich, 2 and 1; H. J. Topping, Greenwich, defeated E. L. White, New Haven, 3 and 2; H. F. Durfee, Waterbury, defeated E. N. Pierson, Woodway, 1 up (20 holes).

Semi-Final Round—Seeley defeated Jackson, 3 and 2; Topping defeated Durfee, 5 and 4.

OUIMET IS WINNER IN BAY STATE GOLF

Former Champion Defeats Whitcomb of Worcester, 8 and 6, in Semi-Final Match.

SALEM, Mass., June 30.—Francis Ouimet of Woodland, former national amateur and open champion, will meet Clark Hodder of Commonwealth in the 36-hole final round of the State amateur golf championship at the Kernwood Country Club tomorrow. Ouimet had an easy time in his third round and semi-final matches today.

After winning from H. F. McNeil of The Country Club, Brookline, in the forenoon, 5 and 3, he walked away with the afternoon contest with W. A. Whitcomb, Worcester, 8 and 6. Whitcomb broke under the strain after the first five holes and was six down at the half-way mark. Ouimet was out in 36 to Whitcomb's 40. The tenth was halved. A remarkable 3 by Ouimet on the 400-yard eleventh followed by a par 3 on the next ended the match. In 30 holes of play Ouimet has 4 total due under fours.

Hodder, who defeated F. C. Newton of The Country Club in the forenoon, 4 and 3, had a series of fortunate breaks in his match with Howard Paul of Bellevue in the semi-final, winning 3 and 2.

The summaries:

State Golf Championship—Semi-Finals—Francis Ouimet, Woodland, defeated W. A. Whitcomb, Worcester, 8 and 6; Clark Hodder, Commonwealth, defeated Howard Paul, Bellevue, 3 and 2.

SMYTH ENTERS ANNAPOLIS.

All-Around Schoolboy Athlete Navy's Latest Acquisition.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 30.—John M. Smyth, one of the most prominent of the schoolboy athletes of the section around Philadelphia, is a late acquisition here, having just entered the new class. Smyth won his letter in football, basketball, track and baseball at Friends Central School. He plays centre, a position in which there is a vacancy in the Academy five, as Ault, Captain and centre of the team, was graduated this June.

Miss Edith Leitch Is on Way To Seek American Golf Title

LIVERPOOL, June 30.—Miss Cecil Leitch, former women's open golf champion of Great Britain; her sister, Miss Edna, and Miss Betty McBride, Canadian golfer, sailed for Canada today on the steamship Montrose. They will leave there for United States. Miss Cecil Leitch will be unable to play in any matches owing to an injured arm, but her sister plans to enter the American tournament beginning Sept. 25 and will compete also in the Canadian championships beginning Sept. 11.

EVANS WINS WAY INTO FINAL ROUND

Plays Brilliantly in Beating Wright in Western Amateur Title Golf Tourney.

VON ELM DEFEATS WOLFF

Captures Match in Semi-Finals by 4 and 2—Will Meet Champion in Decisive Contest.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 30 (Associated Press).—Chick Evans today won his way into the final round of the Western amateur championship golf tournament at the Hillcrest Country Club in one of the best exhibitions ever seen here. George von Elm of Salt Lake City will be his opponent in the decisive match. Von Elm beat Clarence Wolff of St. Louis in a battle of nerves in their semi-final contest today.

Evans, who is the present Western amateur champion, completely outclassed Fred Wright of Los Angeles, beating him by 6 and 5 in their semi-final contest, while von Elm's margin over Wolff was 4 and 2. Part of each contest was played in a driving rainstorm, but the moisture seemed to help Evans and von Elm.

Both matches started as if they would turn on the thirty-sixth hole, each victor being one down at the ninth and one up at the eighteenth. It was the old story in the afternoon round of the strain proving too great for some, but of no effect on those who had been steeled against breakdowns through grueling play in dozens of tournaments.

Evans shot two under part in his 31 holes despite the rain, which at one time made it impossible to see fifty yards ahead. It didn't last long, however. He turned the first nine in par 37, the second in par 36, the third in par 37 and shot two birdies and two pars in the other four holes.

Evans's Control Unerring.

The real brilliancy of the champion's game did not show in his cards even though they were under par. It was his deadly accuracy and unerring control of every club that made Evans's game today worthy of a place in the golf hall of fame. But for a few bad breaks several more strokes would have been cut off of his medal cards.

After the first four holes, when he partly dubbed a drive and sliced an approach, a blind man could have caddied for Chick, for every ball was sent in an absolutely straight line for the pin. His drives and brassies were right for the flag his approaches dropped dead in an advantage putting position, his long putts went straight for the hole, several of 15 to 20 feet going in, and seldom did he miss a short one.

Wright made a great start after tossing the first hole. He hung up three birdies in a row, taking quick advantage of Evans's only let-up of the day. He could not hold his advantage, and became erratic and developed an unintentional fondness for poking with the woods. He never quit trying, however, and by some brilliant recoveries with the irons managed to hold an advantage to the sixteenth. He then lost three straight holes, and in the afternoon round never had a chance.

The Von Elm-Wolff match was anybody's most of the way. Neither man turned in the medal scores, which grased their cards in previous rounds, but each played good golf and each made remarkable recoveries from bad spots into the rough and into gullies.

Wolff Evens Match.

Wolff, one down at eighteen holes, halved the 19th when Von Elm missed a putt for par and took the 20th with a par four when his opponent got into trouble on his approach, thus evening the match. Both men turned in perfect fours on the difficult 21st, but the long 22d found Von Elm's drive in the rough and one putt short, resulting in a six, while Wolff's perfectly played five gave him a one-hole lead. The next was halved, but the 24th found Von Elm's powerful drive again in the rough, resulting in another score over par while Wolff again had perfect figures for a two-hole lead.

Von Elm took the next, lost the succeeding one, and made it one down by a par four on the twenty-seventh, while Wolff's drive was in the gully, his approach short and his run-up long for a conceded five when the first putt was wide. It was at this point that the luck changed and Von Elm began rising to the variety of golf that made him prominent in the tournament. His long drive on the 554-yard twenty-seventh hit a small hillock and kicked over to the rough between two trees, which completely blockaded a direct shot to the green. The Salt Lake City player took a brassie, and, playing an intentional slice from grass four inches high, curved the ball around the trees and for a 230-yard flight onto the green. It was the most sensational and beautifully played shot of the tournament. Two putts gave him birdie four and evened the match.

He halved the twenty-ninth and took the thirtieth when Wolff's second landed in a ditch and a long putt failed to drop for the St. Louisan. The thirty-first was an even four for each, but Wolff dubbed his drive on the thirty-second, and his iron was short. Von Elm again came through with a par four, and was dormie three, and the match ended when Wolff sliced again on the thirty-third, and lost when his mashie drive on the short thirty-fourth was fifty yards wide.

TWO OCEAN RACES WILL START TODAY

Contests Around Long Island and Between Here and Atlantic City on Card.

Two ocean cup races are on the yachting program for today, one of them a sailing race and the other a competition for power cruisers. By a curious coincidence, the same number of boats, namely, eight, will start in each event, and each event is, in its way, somewhat unique.

The sailing battle will be between three yachts of the New Rochelle Yacht Club in defense of the Brooklyn Yacht Club Ocean Challenge Cup and five challenging yachts. The race will be over a 280-mile course, from New Rochelle Harbor to and around Block Island, thence southerly of Long Island to and around Coney Island to a finish line in Gravesend Bay off the Atlantic Yacht Club.

The uniqueness of the contest lies in the fact that the Cup, which was won last year by Charles Mardikian's sloop Azor, by default, will be defended by a sloop, a schooner and a yawl. This fleet was made necessary by the fact that challenges came from New York yachts representing all three classes of yachts. The start will be made at noon, weather permitting.

The power-cruiser event is unusual in that it is a joint affair between two distant clubs, the Commodore Yacht Club of this city and the Atlantic City Yacht Club. The race is for the Crain Trophy, for which there has been no competition since 1914. Eight New York and New Jersey boats are entered.

The New York entries are scheduled to leave the Columbia Club at 7 A. M. today, the New Jersey boats leaving the Atlantic City Yacht Club at the same time. Each fleet will lie overnight at the other's anchorage, and race home to-morrow. The combined time on the two legs will be used to determine the winner.

Fog Delays Hagen's Arrival On Aquitania Until Today

Owing to the delay of the Aquitania on account of dense fogs, Walter Hagen, winner of the British open golf championship, failed to arrive yesterday as scheduled. The boat will dock at 7:30 this morning and upon arrival, Hagen and his three companions, Jim Barnes, who finished second; Jock Hutchison, who was tied for third, and Joe Kirkwood, former Australasian open champion, will be whisked away to the City Hall where they will be welcomed by Mayor Hylan. The party will later go to the Westchester-Biltmore Country Club, Rye, N. Y., where they will be guests of honor at a dinner this evening.

MISS COLLETT IS WINNER BY ONE UP

Beats Mrs. Letts and Will Meet Miss Cummings in Golf Final at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 30.—Miss Edith Cummings of Chicago, star of the Onwentsia Country Club, will meet Miss Glenna Collett of Providence, R. I., Eastern women's golf champion, in the final round of eighteen holes for first honors in the Buffalo Country Club's international invitation tournament tomorrow.

Miss Cummings, who disposed of Alexa Stirling, thrice national champion, yesterday, today defeated Mrs. Lee Mida of Chicago in the semi-final by 6 up and 5 to play. Miss Collett was given a hard contest by Mrs. F. C. Letts of Chicago who defeated Miss Cecil Leitch in the women's national championship last year. The Eastern champion won the match by one up.

The summaries:

Championship Flight—Miss Edith Cummings, Chicago, defeated Mrs. Lee Mida, Chicago, 7 and 5; Miss Glenna Collett, Providence, defeated Mrs. F. C. Letts, Chicago, 1 up.

Second Flight, Beaten Eight—Miss Fownes defeated Miss Kinsey, 2 up; Miss Mackenzie defeated Miss Pepper, 5 and 5; Miss Elkins defeated Mrs. Palmer, 3 and 2; Miss Robertson defeated Mrs. Rowe, 2 up.

Third Flight, Beaten Eight—Miss Gage defeated Mrs. Bydalek, 4 and 2; Mrs. Daniels defeated Mrs. Allen, 5 and 4.

Fourth Flight, Beaten Eight—Mrs. McMaster defeated Mrs. Bissell, 4 and 3; Mrs. Robinson defeated Mrs. Thorne, 6 and 5.

Fifth Flight, Beaten Eight—Miss Floss defeated Mrs. Case, 1 up, on twentieth hole.

Sixth Flight, Beaten Eight—Miss Thomson defeated Miss Capron, 1 up; Mrs. Albro defeated Mrs. Keck, 4 and 3; Miss Wadsworth defeated Mrs. Rose, 2 up; Mrs. Thomson defeated Mrs. Bruce, 3 and 2.

GAMES FOR WOMEN TODAY.

First Open Meet for Fair Athletes at Brighton Beach.

Several leading women athletes are scheduled to compete this afternoon in the first open amateur athletic meet for women, to be held on the new Brighton Beach athletic field. Miss Adeline Gehrig, national women's fencing champion and last year's all-around women's athletic champion, tops the list of entries.

Miss Gehrig will seek laurels in three different events. In the baseball throw and the basketball throw the local star will encounter opposition from Miss Cathryn Davis of Scranton, who is one of several out-of-town competitors attracted to the meet. Miss Davis, who is said to be particularly capable in the baseball throw, is regarded as the leading woman baseball pitcher in the country.

Play is scheduled to start this afternoon in the open A. A. U. handball tournament on the courts of the Brighton Beach Baths. Murray Vernon, State champion, William Sakman and Ed Groden, former national champions, head the list of entries. Competition is scheduled in singles and doubles. It is planned to arrange an inter-city match between the winners in both divisions of the tournament, and a team from Boston, on July 29.

MET. JUNIOR GOLF TITLE TO PIERSON

Montclair Player Defeats Jones, 1921 Champion, by 2 and 1 on Ardsley Links.

Special to The New York Times.

ARDSLEY-ON-HUDSON, June 30.—Charles Pierson of Montclair, N. J., captured the Metropolitan Junior Golf Championship at the Ardsley Club today, defeating Richard A. Jones Jr. of Westchester Hills, 1921 champion, in the final round by 2 and 1. The winner of the honors in the second eight was Joseph Ford of the Scottish-American Club, who defeated W. J. Fried of Inwood.

Pierson and Jones both reached the turn in 39, where the match stood all square. They were still on even terms going to the sixteenth, but here Pierson ran down a long putt for a birdie 2 and he also won the next with 4, ending the match.

The cards:

Out—									
Pierson	5	3	5	5	4	5	4	5	—36
Jones	5	4	5	5	4	5	4	5	—37
In—									
Pierson	4	4	5	5	4	3			
Jones	4	4	5	5	4	4			

Jones gained his place in the final by defeating John A. Jackson of the Engineers' Club in an impressive manner, the margin being 7 and 6, while Pierson eliminated another New Jersey youngster, E. W. Haley of Essex County, it was Haley who tied with Pierson for the medal in the qualifying round, losing on the play-off. The match was close throughout, Pierson's margin being only 1 up in 19 holes.

Neither Pierson nor Haley was in championship fettle in the morning, each taking an 84.

After being 2 down playing to the seventeenth, Haley squared the match by winning the next two holes, necessitating an extra hole of play.

The cards:

Out—									
Pierson	6	3	5	6	4	4	5	5	—38
Haley	6	4	5	5	4	5	6	4	—42
In—									
Pierson	5	3	5	5	4	5	6	4	—37—75
Haley	5	3	5	5	4	5	5	4	—36—78

Extra hole—Pierson 4, Haley 5.

Jones was always on top in his match with Jackson, standing 5 up at the turn and having gone out in 39. He ended matters on the twelfth.

The summaries:

Championship Division, Semi-Final Round—Richard A. Jones, Westchester Hills, defeated John A. Jackson Jr., Engineers, 7 and 6; Charles Pierson, Montclair, defeated E. W. Haley, Essex County, 1 up (19 holes).

Final Round—Pierson defeated Jones, 2 and 1.

Second Eight, Semi-Final Round—Joseph Ford, Scottish-American, defeated Donald Bowman, Plainfield, 4 and 3; W. J. Fried, Inwood, defeated Leonard Martin, Apawamis, 3 and 2.

Final Round—Ford defeated Fried, 1 up.

Third Eight, Semi-Final Round—Drake Delaney, Montclair, defeated W. O. Rollinson, Colonial, 1 up; S. H. Hall, Westchester Hills, defeated James Jenkins, Mount Vernon, 1 up.

Final Round—Hall defeated Delaney, 6 and 5.

Fourth Eight, Semi-Final Round—Charles Sommers, Scottish-American, won from W. A. Bingham, Essex County, by default; W. H. O'Brien, Siwanoy, defeated A. F. Thompson Jr., Westchester Hills, 2 and 1.

Final Round—Sommers defeated O'Brien, 3 and 2.

WILL HOLD TESTS JULY 14.

Tryouts for Meet at Dublin to Be Held at Travers Island.

The final track and field tryouts for the Irish Games which will be held in Dublin, Ireland, in August, will be held on July 14, at Travers Island, the Summer home of the New York A. C. Arrangements to hold the decisive athletic test on the Mercury Foot Club's grounds were completed yesterday by Matt Halpin, the club's Athletic Committee leader, and Frederick W. Rubien, Secretary-Treasurer of the Amateur Athletic Union.

Tryouts will be held in Chicago and other cities in different sections on July 9. The athletes who make creditable showings in these sectional tryouts will be eligible to compete in the final trials. No tryouts will be held in either the decathlon or marathon. Candidates for the decathlon, however, will compete in several events on the regular track and field program.

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SHALL A BONUS BE PAID?

Colonel MacNider, National Commander of the American Legion, has an important article in July CURRENT HISTORY on this subject. Fifty articles in the July issue, 192 pages, profusely illustrated. Among other important subjects: The Pope's Position in Italy, by a former attache of the American Embassy at Rome; Important Figures Showing a Decrease in Crime and Poverty Because of Prohibition; Our Navy, by Rear Admiral Fiske; Child Labor in the Light of the Supreme Court Decision, by Owen R. Lovejoy; Facts About India, by a Prince of India. On news stands, 25 cents.

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Published Every Day in the Year by The New York Times Company, ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President B. C. Franca, Secretary.

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Two cents a Copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn; Ten Cents elsewhere.
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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1922.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

On behalf of the railway unions, Mr. JEWELL moved that orders should be taken from them instead of from the Labor Board. On behalf of the board, its Chairman moves the previous question, which is whether the board should act in the manner established by Congress. The Transportation act is law. Congress passed the law and the railways have obeyed it, often to their great loss. Every presumption is that the law is right and that the board should be sustained.

The question of wages is less important than the question whether the country is ruled on this subject by Congress or by the unions. If the unions wish to have the merits of their case reviewed, the orderly and lawful method has been shown them by the railways. When the latter differed from the board they went into court and showed good cause. If the unions have a case against the board, they have only to show it to the courts and get a decision on the merits. The unions have received from the board more than they would probably get from a Judge. If they challenge the nation, they will lose everything.

The Chairman of the Labor Board states that the railways have obeyed the law and that the unions must. It is useless to argue such a matter under threat of a strike. As the argument stands, the country is ready for the previous question. There is still time for the workers to withdraw from their impossible position. When conditions favor they can open their case anew, without the prejudice which now they have caused, much to their own injury.

PERFECTLY NATURAL.

Much too much of wisdom, in the making, has been expended on the North Dakota election. There is no logical connection of it with the result of the primaries in Indiana or Pennsylvania, or even Iowa. The Non-Partisan League had one Senator. It is now to have two. That is about all there is to it. Mr. McCUMBER had everything against him in the fact that he was the sitting, and therefore conservative, member. On the whole, he has been a useful and an intelligent Senator in the nearly twenty-five years that he has served a State whose social and economic conditions have changed notably. He is too radical for the conservatives, too conservative for the radicals. Two years ago he attracted the injudicious doubts of the friends of Senator CHAMBERLAIN. But these local squabblings are unimportant.

Senator McCUMBER was subject to the old objection. Somebody else wanted his job. The real trouble, however, was that the Non-Partisan League runs the State. Senator LADD's election should have been sufficient notice to Mr. McCUMBER. The Non-Partisan League, whose Governor, recalled a few months ago, is now the idol of North Dakota, represents what North Dakota really wants. Mr. McCUMBER has tried to steer clear between two deadly opposites. He has been neither "for" nor "against." He has fallen between two stools. The Non-Partisan League, which, in spite of all its economic theories, represents in certain directions the settled and justifiable desire of the majority of the North Dakota primaries, wants its own man.

The particular reasons for Mr. McCUMBER's defeat are to be sought elsewhere. He ventured his political life on the theory that a few service men, asking for tips, would rule the roost. He had done much, indeed everything, for the agricultural bloc. He exposed to public exhibition the private and particular reasons why the Senate bill on cotton changed beneath his own nose, should be what it is. He has not been too intelligent about that. His eagerness about the bonus has been singularly interesting. Let us think of Mr. McCUMBER as a very decent and competent Senator who has not kept up with the moronities of his own State; and who unfortunately got the common impression of many of our contemporary statesmen, that the way to political success is to offer a bribe to the "ex-soldiers."

MEXICO AND ILLINOIS.

President OBREGON can see in the "kidnapping" of American oil workers by the outlaw General GONZAVE nothing but an attempt "to start difficulties between my Government and the United States and to create animosity between officials of the two countries." He may be wrong about the activities of the ex-lieutenant of that General PALAEZ whose industry of plundering oil producers was profitable because CARRANZA was never strong enough to suppress the rascal. It must be remembered to the credit of his successor that he restored order in the Tampico district and drove PALAEZ into exile. Vice Consul SHAW called GONZAVE a "rebel" in his dispatch announcing the spiriting away of the forty Americans of the Cortez Company's camp at Aguada, but he may have turned bandit to resume the "hold-up" business of his former chief. However that may be, President OBREGON is sending troops to Tampico. The President's good faith cannot be questioned. It must be admitted that the exploits of GONZAVE and the seizure of BRUCE BIELASKI in Morelos have a look of collusion, as if confederates were at work to embarrass the Obregon Administration. Late dispatches indicate that all of the kidnapped oil workers have been released.

To Americans the interior of Tampico is a wilderness where robbers lurk to despoil our nationals engaged in the oil business. One American camp receives its payroll by airplane from the city of Tampico twice a month. Pacification of the territory by President OBREGON is not complete because it has few good roads, and there are fastnesses miles away from settlements where outlaws are safe from pursuit. When such an outrage as the Aguada affair occurs time must be given the authorities to hunt down and punish the criminals. News of what is being done cannot be radioed out. It is a backward country. In Illinois recently the facts about the bloody Herrin riot were gathered with difficulty, and the whole truth has not been told yet. Many of the victims were foreigners. A report that two of them were Mexicans provoked a protest from MANUEL C. TELLES, Chargé d'Affaires at the embassy in Washington, acting for President OBREGON. A witness has said of the killing of the non-union miners: "Many were massacred in cold blood while being marched toward Herrin. "Some were shot, some clubbed to "death and some hanged to trees "near the roadside." At no time, before, during or after the atrocity, were troops sent to the scene. Even when a representative of the company whose property was destroyed asked for protection, nothing was done, a militia General reporting that "the "disordered condition in the county "had been permanently relieved." Sheriff, Governor and Adjutant General would not admit responsibility. The inquest was a farce. When Americans get excited about Mexican outrages in Tampico it would be well to reflect what Mexicans may think of the Herrin riot.

SHINGLES.

Occasionally a tariff schedule comes under debate which is not highly important in itself, but which so aptly illustrates the sinuosities of latter-day protection that it deserves more than passing mention. Such is the case with the proposed duty of 50 cents a thousand on shingles. The House bill embodied it last year, but the Senate rejected it this week by a large majority. When the tax was accepted by the House the industry was much depressed, most of the shingle mills in Oregon and Washington being shut down. The protective logic was clear and convincing that nothing but a high duty would enable them to open again. But, as a matter of fact, between the time that the Fordney bill passed the House in 1921 and the present the mills have not only resumed operations, but have been exceedingly prosperous. Some of them have been working night shifts, and are reported to be making more money than at any time since 1920.

Did this state of affairs diminish the zeal of the Senators from Washington and Oregon for a protective duty on shingles? Not in the least. They came forward gravely to argue that if a protective tariff was to be truly "national" it must cover every industry, and that it would be unfair to discriminate against shingles simply because the business was doing well without any tariff favors, and because the Western farmers and other consumers wanted to get their building materials as cheap as possible. Senator JONES declared solemnly that "if "there is any justification for a pro-"tective tariff upon any product of "this country it lies in the case of "shingles." And his colleague, Mr. POINDEXTER, warned the Republican Senators that the Tariff bill which they were passing would be "absolutely indefensible" if it did not grant to Washington and Oregon some "return" for the support which those States had given to protective duties for the benefit of other sections.

Senator KELLOGG of Minnesota made the chief argument against the duty on shingles. He showed it to be entirely unnecessary so far as the industry itself is concerned; certain to make the existing problem of housing more difficult; and inconsistent with the general policy of doing everything reasonable to conserve our forests. His calm presentation of facts and consequences greatly annoyed Senator POINDEXTER. He rebuked the Minnesota Senator for making "a typical "free-trade speech, which might as "well be applied to almost any other "important article listed in the Tariff "bill as to shingles." He then went on to intimate that certain Minnesota lumbermen held views very different from those of Senator KELLOGG. The latter flatly stated, however: "It "would not make any difference to "me if all the lumbermen of that "State wanted a duty on shingles or "lumber; I would not be for it." This provoked Senator POINDEXTER into retorting that the Minnesota Senator ought consistently to be in favor of putting many other things on the free list, such as wheat or structural steel, and he repeated that there is no way in which the protective policy can be justified as a public benefit unless "every man who can supply "the American market by his indus-"try" shall get his share of the good things going. But all these moving appeals failed to reach the heart of the Senate, which by a vote of 49 to 18 struck out the duty which Chairman FORDNEY and the House had decided to be absolutely indispensable if American shingles were still to be for Americans.

RETRACTIONS AT THE HAGUE.

The Hague conference started out with only one talent against Genoa's ten, and it may follow Scriptural precedent by burying that one in the sands of Scheveningen. Thus far the discussions of the "experts" about Russian trade and Russian credits fall into the field of doctrinal theology rather than economics. For example, LITVINOFF casually remarked to other members of the subcommittee on private property that Russia might be willing to give back some of it to its original owners, but only as a matter of expediency rather than of right. There was nothing new or startling about this. LITVINOFF probably opened the conversation with this remark as a sort of generally acceptable commonplace, a substitute for discussion of the weather. The whole "retreat to capitalism" has been a matter of expediency, just as much as the hasty summoning of an English tailor to The Hague to make dress clothes in which the Russian delegates can attend Queen WILHELMINA'S reception. The delegates are opposed to evening dress in principle, but it is expedient to do what they can to conciliate capitalism.

One would have supposed that these facts were plain to all the world, yet LITVINOFF'S harmless observation threw the subcommittee into a sort of fit. French, Belgian and Italian delegates refused to "accept" this statement, which everybody knows is true, and demanded a retraction. Even Sir PHILIP LLOYD-GRAEME, the Chairman of the subcommittee, told LITVINOFF sternly that he would gain nothing by such remarks. Thereupon, seeing the temper of the committee, LITVINOFF at last explained that this was only a passing observation which had been taken too seriously; his meaning would be made clear later. With this the committee seems to have been satisfied; but if this reluctance to accept evident—and harmless—truths is general at The Hague, little will be done. The leopard may be willing to paint out his spots, but he couldn't change them even if he would.

OUR NAPOLEONS ABROAD.

New York's Fire Chief, JOHN KENLON, looking over Europe and its methods of putting out fires, is not likely to see much that he doesn't already know. European fire departments, thanks to the fire-preventing habits of the population, don't get much practice. Perhaps that is the reason they lack something of the dash, if not of the technical perfection, of the best American forces. With all due respect to the fire departments of London, Paris and Berlin, if New York were left to the protection of any one of them it would burn down in a week. However, Mr. KENLON is judiciously distributing praise to his European hosts; and he did his bit to head off the flood of immigration by telling an interviewer in Berlin that, though the American workingman earns 3,000 marks a day and the American intellectual laborer 1,500 marks, the prices are so high that European labor is, after all, not much worse off.

Meanwhile, Commissioner ENRIGHT, whose department also has a harder task than most of its European analogues, is touring Europe. But, so far as can be gathered from the scanty official dispatches which he sends home about the doings of his expeditionary force, he isn't looking for information; he is giving it. He is telling them, specifically, about himself, and "how he rose from the ranks, like NAPOLEON." One hopes, for the sake of historical accuracy, that he doesn't overlook a slight difference between the two. NAPOLEON spent little time at a desk; Commissioner ENRIGHT'S career is proof that the typewriter is mightier than the nightstick.

However, Europe will be all the better off for its contact with these two types of American municipal administrators. But why not give Europe a real treat? It has seen our Napoleon; now let it see our Lorenzo the Magnificent, patron and patronizer of art. We could spare him for a few months, and a visit from him would be worth more to Europe than the cancellation of war debts.

PARKING THE MUSICAL VILLAGE.

It is to be hoped that the Mayor is not committed to the project of erecting the so-called Musical Village upon seven acres of Central Park confronting Fifty-ninth Street, but Controller CRAIG'S comment on the suggestion has the authentic ring. "Why raise "that question?" he is said to have asked, and one can well imagine the weariness of his tone. "You can bet-"ter afford to add to Central Park "the site at Fifty-ninth Street than "you can to undertake to put these "buildings in the Park." There comes a time when rage shifts to scorn and scorn to laughter. Such a desecration is too flagrant to be possible. In the words of Chamberlain BEROLSHEIMER, it is more than likely to "kill the whole thing."

The interest which the City Government has taken in the fine arts, and its determination to co-operate toward housing them in a manner worthy of New York, cannot in themselves be too highly commended. But the practical problem involved is one of extreme difficulty. The proposed site at the Seventh Avenue entrance of the Park is scarcely large enough, seems likely to involve obstructing traffic and to encroach upon the Park. It would encounter serious obstacles in the alteration of subway and surface lines, while the expense would be very great, perhaps prohibitive. The site at Sixth Avenue and Fifty-third Street is larger and could probably be purchased for less; but it would have the elevated to the east and north of it, disfiguring the whole and submerging it in noise. Sites on Central Park West have much to commend them, but would be difficult of access from the larger part of the city.

The problem, in short, requires deliberation. It can be solved to good purpose only by consultation with the most distinguished and experienced authorities available, and in the light of all possible data. The bearing upon the projected Plan of New York is obvious. In all probability no really eligible site can be created without a drastic reshaping of adjacent streets and avenues. Until we have a proposal that is at once comprehensive and practicable, the wise course is to park the Musical Village—but not in Central Park.

A NEW OLYMPUS.

Word comes from Geneva (not Washington) that Dr. GEORGE ELLERY HALE, Director of the Mount Wilson Observatory, has been elected to membership in the international committee which, under the auspices of the League of Nations, is to study and suggest methods of intellectual co-operation throughout the world. Dr. HALE is an American, but it would appear that he is not to sit as a representative of America, just as Dr. JOHN BASSETT MOORE, though an American, does not sit in the International Court of Justice at The Hague as a representative of the United States, but as an authority on international law. It may be assumed, however, without conceit, that in the opinion of the rest of the nations the circle of wisdom, as well as that of justice, would not be complete without an American.

There were twelve deities of highest rank in the ancient Olympian circle, under Zeus. Dr. HALE'S election increases to twelve the number of members of this new Olympian body. There is EINSTEIN, whose theories are so advanced that even in his own day he postponed their announcement until they could be understood by others. There is Mme. CURIE, to whose scientific knowledge Athena's or Minerva's was but as a sputtering candle beside the radium that burns forever and is not consumed. There is Dr. GILBERT MURRAY, whose translation of the Greek dramatists has supplied some of their best lines. And there is BARNOOK, whose philosophical lectures have been received in France and America as were the oracular utterances of Apollo at Delphi.

And now ascends to this august group Dr. HALE, who has recently undertaken the direction of that most ambitious and presuming of man's scientific ventures since Prometheus filched the fire that was till then the prerogative of the gods alone and gave it to mortals. It is to be hoped that this modern assailant of the storm and author of "The New Heavens" will not because of his association with the League and his devotion to the good of mortals generally suffer the fate of the ancient Titan. On the contrary, we should send into this international committee of man's highest intellectual wisdom, with governmental as well as popular good wishes, this eminent scholar, whose specialty is the stars, not only as a representative American, but also as a representative of America. And by the same token, and under the same symbol, we should enter the world court of justice as well as this world council of science.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

June Showed Belated Repentance.

After a long series of days—months of them, it seemed—that tried human patience and temper nearly to the breaking point by the combination of heat and humidity, yesterday brought sunshine at last, and justified, except for more captious critics, the Weather Bureau's characterization of it as "fair."

The temperature had not fallen noticeably, but there were breezes which with only a little exaggeration could be called "brisk," and the air, though by no means of the natural Summer dryness, was easily and comfortably breatheable.

June has behaved so badly that under the law of averages July should give us some weather that is dry and warm. Unfortunately the law of averages does not apply, meteorologically, except over long periods. For single seasons they are all repealed or ignored. That statement is contrary to unscientific belief—which is the same as saying the belief of almost everybody. In nothing more than about the weather do "the gen-"eral" disregard the lessons of experience or put firmer faith in delusions. Old saws originating in England are solemnly repeated here in America, where climatic conditions are wholly different, and constant refutation does nothing toward dispelling the popular conviction that the weather changes with the phases of the moon or with the inclination of its crescent.

A Misguided Critic of "the Pictures."

Senator MYERS of Montana evidently does not like the movies. Therein he is not quite alone, in spite of the enormous popularity which this form of amusement has attained pretty well all over the world. In the speech about them made by him this week he voiced several noble aspirations, and some of his adverse criticism was sound enough. Like most foes of the new art, however, he gave far too much attention and ascribed far too much importance to the occasional manifestation of bad taste in the domain which to him apparently includes all the possibilities of "immorality," and he failed to express anxiety about other, really more serious, dangers in the education which our young folk get from the innumerable screens watched by them for so many hours each week. A vicious, because false, sentimentality marks twenty, perhaps fifty, films for one devoted to "bathing beauties" or the domestic "triangle" so much exploited in modern literature—and in the literature of all times, for that matter.

Still further back lies a larger harm realized by the psychologists—the harm that comes to the young from the habitual and passive watching of fictitious activities, more or less exciting, instead of going out for the exercising of their faculties and energies through real adventures of their own. This is a process distinctly demoralizing. It is comparable to the sort of athletics which consists in watching professionals while they play baseball—a practice which to common knowledge produces crowds of the very worst sportsmen known to man.

It is by no means certain, as Senator MYERS reluctantly admitted, that the movies are here to stay. The bicycle once had a like vogue, and where is it today? Of course, there always will be moving pictures, just as there always will be bicycles, but there is at least a chance that, after a while, the pictures, like the bicycles, will take their proper place in the scheme of Things as They Are. Then there will be no need to censor them.

It Was No Place for a Poet.

J. C. SQUIRE, who conducts in London an ambitious and not uninteresting magazine named after the god of thieves, visited Chicago recently, and while there he, like a good many other visitors, was injudicious enough to go through one of the big slaughter houses that have added to the city's fame or notoriety. He must have done so because he has written and printed in his Mercury a long unrhymed and unmetered "poem," remotely "after" ROBERT FROST, to whom it is dedicated, and there is in this lumbering machine enough of accurate detail to prove it the result of personal observation.

Mr. SQUIRE was shocked and hurt by what he saw in the slaughter house. But what did he, an evidently sensitive person, expect to find in such a place? He admits that the killing was skillfully and humanely done, in conditions of scrupulous cleanliness wherever cleanliness was possible, but it was on such a large scale that it seemed dreadful to him, and in the evening, when he went to the opera, he could think of nothing except pigs and sheep going in endless procession to the knife and silent cattle falling one after another under the stunning hammer.

Unless Mr. SQUIRE is a vegetarian, he should have remembered that the maintenance of life requires the performance by somebody of tasks in themselves repulsive—tasks that others are led only by morbid curiosity to watch. Especially is it a mistake to watch them without keeping clearly in mind why they are performed. A determined seeker for "horrors" can find them daily in the operating rooms of any hospital, what are called "disposal works" will not bear minute investigation by the delicate, and the cleansing of sewers had best be left to those accustomed to it.

Till humanity stops eating meat there must be slaughter houses, and well would it be for animals if all of them were as well and decently managed as those of Chicago are—since "The Jungle" let the light into them.

He Departs Professing a Grievance!

Yielding to what must have been severe pressure—nothing else would have moved him—JOSEPH C. PELLETIER, the sometime District Attorney in Massachusetts and sometime member of the Massachusetts bar, has resigned his long-held position as Supreme Advocate for the Knights of Columbus.

That organization is to be congratulated on its loss, but surely it should have something to say about the statement made by its late chief counsel to the effect that his reason for resigning was a "hostile propaganda" conducted by outside enemies to which only a "handful" of members had yielded.

Remembering what happened to this person when the Massachusetts Supreme Court got after him, and what was proved as to the nature of his activities, the use he had made of his official powers—his adoption of the tone natural to the victim of persecution is worse than an absurdity, and it deserves a more accurate characterization by those who thought they knew him best—and didn't.

CONGRESSIONAL CABINET.

Would Strengthen Government and Serve People Best.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The revival of the discussion of measures looking toward an easier and more natural co-operation between the executive and legislative branches of the Federal Government is timely and important; for the last few years especially have shown that under our present practices such co-operation is difficult, and that the public business, growing rapidly in complexity, is likely to be seriously hampered if something of the kind is not done. President Harding and his advisers are to be congratulated on taking the matter up for consideration.

All the discussions I have seen approach the problem from one side only, and have in mind giving Cabinet members a voice in the deliberation of the two Houses of Congress by legislative action, or both a voice and a vote by constitutional amendment.

But the needed co-operation might be effected—though this plan has not, I think, been suggested before—if the President selected his chief advisers, or Cabinet, from the membership of Congress, a procedure the letter of the Constitution does not forbid, and that would require only minor legislation, if any. The Cabinet is not mentioned in the Constitution, nor established by law; it is merely an advisory body brought together by the President and existing at his pleasure, and the President has ample authority to choose his chief advisers and organize them as a body in such ways as may seem best to him and most conducive to the public interest.

If this is the case, there is no legal obstacle preventing the President from choosing members of Congress as his chief advisers—the Chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs, for instance, as his chief adviser on foreign affairs; the Chairman of the appropriate committee in the House or Senate as his chief adviser on financial affairs, and so on down the list. Moreover, he could instruct the heads of the executive departments to be guided by the directions he transmits through his Congressional advisers for the various departments, and could gather these advisers together as his Cabinet.

Under such an arrangement policies would be determined by the President and his Congressional advisers and the present heads of departments would become Executive Secretaries charged with the loyal and effective carrying out of such policies.

Naturally, no President could well, or would wish to, put such a plan into operation without the consent of the executive heads of departments; indeed, it is not likely that the plan could be put into operation unless these heads of departments agreed to it before their appointment, and unless the men selected for such positions had been chosen with a view to their fitness to exercise the diminished functions that the new status would contemplate.

Whether the change would result in a wise procedure, whether any President would be willing to adopt it, and whether the members of Congress involved would accept it, are all open questions. But that the plan is constitutionally possible and that it would establish a close co-operation between the Executive and the legislative branches of the Government is, I think, clear.

Personally I do not approve the plan, and am outlining it partly as an overlooked possibility that may provoke discussion and partly in order to bring to the fore the relationship between the Executive and the Congress that will in time, as I believe, develop, in fact if not formally, if heads of departments are given a voice in Congressional deliberations. It seems plain that a Congressional Cabinet would be highly undesirable under a Constitution that does not authorize the Executive to dissolve Congress and appeal to the people in case of need.

As I read our history, the people have been better served by their Chief Executives, State and Federal, than by their legislators; of the two classes of officials, the former have, on the average, been broader, abler, braver and wiser; and they have as a rule, quite properly, succeeded better in winning and holding the people's confidence, especially as the country and its problems have grown in complexity. What the country needs is not an increase in legislative power, but an increase in the authority of the Chief Executive to act freely and with reasonable promptitude in the public interest, without the endless and paralyzing friction of petty hamperings, and in his certain accountability for the results that ensue.

SIDNEY EDWARD MEZES.
The College of the City of New York.
New York, June 26, 1922.

Poison Gas for Locusts?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I see in today's TIMES that the locusts are coming from the West. Now that we have so many ways of killing people, can not we use poison gases on them in open spaces? If the eggs were destroyed as we do the moths it would end them, and care can be taken to discover the eggs. There is trouble enough without locusts, and our scientific men might try to destroy them.

A. M. BACON.
New York, June 9, 1922.

IN PRAISE OF GIRLS.

After C. P. Cullen's "In Praise of Boys."

Thank God for girls!
For the ruth in them and the truth in them,
For the God that plants the youth in them,
That lasts till the journey's end;
For their faces fair, for their graces rare,
Hiding the deep, firm places where
The steel of honor lies.
The past is proud of its part in them,
Today finds its soul and its heart in them,
And tomorrow stands eagerly,
Wanting the women she'll find in them,
The body and heart and the mind in them,
Mothers of men to be!

Thank God for girls!
For the women they make, and the part they take
In guiding earth aright;
Thank God for the pure, who help secure
Freedom and light.
For the loyal girl, for the royal girl,
For her full of earthly leaven;
For when all is said, they're the beacon light
To point the way to Heaven.
For the worst of them and the best of them,
For the glad and the sad and the rest of them;
For outrageous dress and slang and slouch,
For their foolish bobbed-off curls;
For the wives they'll make and the mothers they'll make—
Thank God, thank God for girls!

IRENE H. CUMLIFFE.

THE UMPIRE OR THE STRIKE?

"Civic Warfare" in Essential Industries Should Be Replaced by Arbitration Under Government Authority.

By CHARLES W. ELIOT,
President Emeritus of Harvard University.

For a hundred years after the introduction of the factory system in England, and the crowding into cities of young people born and brought up in the country, the strike was the only effective means of resisting oppression of labor by capital. For three generations labor has fought its way to better pay and better conditions of family life by means of the strike. The strike has always been and is now a war method especially in trades or industries which have to do with necessaries of life, like foods, fuels, clothing, shelters against sun, rain, snow or ice, and transportation, the common need of all trades and all human aggregations.

Two doctrines widely accepted among thinking people during the first half of the nineteenth century promoted and prolonged this condition of industrial warfare. The first was the doctrine of Malthus that population in any civilized country increases much faster than the means of subsistence; and the second was the doctrine called laissez-faire, of which the main precept was that society should not interfere with the natural right of the individual to do as he pleases in respect to his property or mode of life, paying no regard to the interest or welfare of other people; or, in other words, society should exert only the minimum amount of interference with the freedom of the individual.

Both these doctrines have now been refuted and abandoned. With the progress of science and the great development of commercial intercourse between different parts of the world it has been proved that the time is very far off when the population of the world or any part thereof will even approach the full measure of the earth's resources to support animal life, including that of the human race. There are some countries which depend on the freedom of the seas for easy support of their population, but in no country has population outgrown the available means of subsistence. The abhorrent recommendations of Malthus for preventing increase of population are being resurrected today under the title of birth control; but the new theory is no more likely than the old to be accepted in practice, being equally misconceived and misdirected.

Again, because of the advance of medical science and of racial ethics the American communities no longer hold the laissez-faire theory. They have become used to many interferences with individual liberty by the collective force of State or nation exerted on behalf of the public health or the general welfare. American public opinion has decidedly outgrown both Malthusianism and laissez-faire.

Meantime, in democratic countries new means have been taken for remedying the wretchedness of crowded populations and for removing the laborer's fear or chronic dread of continued poverty through the working period and ultimate dependence in old age. The laboring classes in many occupations, though not in all, have experience of good conditions of life for themselves and their families. Hope has taken the place of despair; and society as a whole believes in a more equitable distribution of wealth, in the control of wasteful consumption and ruinous vices, and in the promotion by Government action of the physical health and moral welfare of all classes in the community.

These changes in national conditions suggest the abolition of the civic warfare called a strike. In quite a different way, but with a similar result, experience of the horrors of war since 1914 has suggested to some statesmen and nations the abolition of international war as a means of settling disputes between nations. It is plain, however, that industrial disputes must constantly occur, most of them local but some nation-wide. Both labor and capital have made good progress in adjusting local disputes by the method of conference; but there is obvious need, particularly in wide disputes, of other agreement.

While the United States of means were found for very threatening labor arbitration; and the present Labor Board affords another, though not a very successful, arbitration as a method of instead of a strike. It must be feared, however, that no satisfactory has as yet been found for trial disputes. The action of state Commerce Commissions on rates and railroad practices is both uneven and slow—two grave to an arbiter.

The composition of the Board follows the method of labor boards created in other countries, division into three groups, representing labor, one capital and the public. An arbitration board for industrial disputes should represent the public only; but before one board acts to the dispute should have unity to present each its case, but briefly; and the board should be required, to make its decision, to act within twenty-four hours after the closing of the hearing.

The popular athletic sports in the United States have shown to millions of the American people the true method of supplying arbitration for hot disputes. The umpire in a baseball game, first, has a thorough knowledge of the game; then he places himself in position on the field to see what is going on. When a dispute or collision occurs, he gives his decision immediately on the spot; and his decision takes instant effect, and there is no appeal from it. It is an offense for a player to attempt discussion with the umpire when his decision has been given. The well-selected umpire is a man quick and accurate in observation. Judicial in temperament and of unyielding courage. That is what is wanted in an arbiter of industrial disputes.

How should such an arbiter or umpire be appointed for industrial disputes in the United States? Obviously by the chosen officials of Government for disputes confined to a single State, by the Governor, or by a Judge, or bureau chief selected by him; for disputes of larger range by the President of the United States or a member of his Cabinet designated by him. The Cabinet member designated, if not willing to serve as arbiter himself, should be authorized to name his substitute. In any case, as elected Government officials they would be responsible for the selection of the umpire.

When a successful method of arbitration has been established the right to strike should be prohibited by law in all industries which deal with necessaries of life and the construction of "necessaries of life" should be broad and liberal one. The strike is always costly and wasteful, often cruel and demoralizing. It makes the workman the victim of uncertainty, thrift and steady improvement, makes possible many of the most terrible savagery under which mankind has suffered.

As respects those parts of the community with which strikers and employers only, the threat of the public to end or settle strikes is not unfair, leaving use of this weapon to such agency would mean the prohibition of strikes in trades which deal with the necessaries of life, by all means let the employees in these trades retain their customary right of taking a vacation, either locally or all across the continent. Such trades strikes are ordinarily conducted without much disturbance of public order or large infliction of suffering on the public.

Is not public opinion now ripe for the substitution by legislation of an umpire for the strike?

CITIZENS UNION.

Tends to Save Public From Demagogues and the Machine.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When the Citizens Union began turning its searchlight on the dark places a quarter of a century ago, no one was paying much attention to the character of local officers. It was notorious that certain legislative seats were "owned" by gambling, liquor and public utility interests. A third of the Aldermen were saloon-keepers or political "healers" with no occupation. The city payroll was cram-packed with political place-holders who rendered no useful service. There was no systematic following of the work of legislators or of legislation.

Today, thanks to the watchfulness of the Citizens Union, conditions have improved. The union tells the voters the facts about their local officers. It co-operates with city authorities whenever possible. This work has largely contributed to raising the level of public service. Political parties take greater care in making nominations and executives in making appointments.

But while the grip of the machine has been weakened and the partnership between corrupt politics and corrupt business all but destroyed, demagogism remains today the greatest menace to our city government.

To combat it we need the support of all citizens, irrespective of party, who believe in honest and efficient government.

WM. JAY SCHIEFFELIN,
Chairman.
New York City, June 27, 1922.

Liquor on American Ships.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial yesterday, "Does Rum Follow the Flag?" you quoted two opinions of the Department of Justice during my administration as Attorney General which you seemed to think left the matter in some doubt. I call your attention to the opinion of Nov. 1, 1920, signed (in my absence) by Solicitor General Frierson, and which covered the precise point. It was then held that the Eighteenth Amendment by its terms applies to the United States and "to all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof," and that ships carrying the American flag are, for the purpose of the enforcement of the criminal laws, part of the "territory subject to the jurisdiction" of the United States. The opinion of Mr. Justice Field in United States v. Sutter was quoted as follows:

"The constructive territory of the United States embraces vessels sailing under their flag wherever they may be; they carry the laws of their country and for a violation of them their officers and crew may be subjected to punishment."

It was held, therefore, that the National Prohibition act applies to persons on board American ships, whether in American waters, on the high seas, or in foreign waters.

Whether right or wrong (and I have no doubt of its entire correctness), this opinion until reversed by the Attorney General, binds the conduct of all executive officers of the Government.

A. MITCHELL PALMER.
Washington, June 29, 1922.

WHEN THE ENGINE "STALLS."

The Aviator Is Not Necessarily Doomed, Says Correspondent.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I enjoyed a hearty laugh this morning on reading your front page story concerning the miraculous escape of Major Perie. According to the story, the Major was placed in peril of his life due to the actions of an airplane which became "balky" when the engine stopped to miss. I have no doubt that hundreds of other fliers in New York also enjoyed at least a chuckle over your correspondent's ignorant interpretation of this incident.

Were it not for the fact that such stories prejudice the advancement of aviation through creating, in the minds of your readers, the belief that flying is inherently dangerous and that every failure in the air at once brings about a condition from which a pilot can escape only by a miracle, I should not trouble you with this letter.

Failure, however, providing the aviator is within gliding distance of a safe landing field, does not entail any danger whatsoever, because practically all landings are habitually made with the motor of the engine. Consequently the stopping of the engine simply means that the aviator must land at once.

Major Perie probably performed some peculiar evolutions described by the correspondent intentionally, with the idea of losing altitude rapidly and landing in a field almost directly beneath him. It is barely possible that through inadvertence the Major stalled his machine and consequently fell into a nose dive from which he extricated himself by pulling up the nose. The method in flying is distinctly different from that of "stall" in automobiling, and the means to lose flying speed. This could occur with the engine running at full throttle open. If the Major did this unintentionally, it is presumptive evidence of careless flying, and in a Second Lieutenant would probably entail severe criticism that he was not fit to have wings.

CHARLES LINDBERGH.
New York, June 27, 1922.

New York Press Not "Yellow."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am, of course, entirely against the plan proposed by Mr. Samuel Parsons of planting large trees on the Mall in Central Park.

The statement which appears in your issue today, to the effect that the Mall was planted on the theory that small trees and ineffective saplings, is not true. Far from being saplings, these trees are eight inch American elms, which were carefully selected and have been nursed with the greatest care. They are in thriving condition and as fine a group of trees as one could see anywhere. However, I am not interested in the question of tree planting or Central Park, but in a vast injustice which has been done to the New York press.

I am sure you will agree with me that I have never seen a more unfair statement than that which appears in your issue today, and that I have always considered the press and the New York Times in particular as being most willing to support any movement for the improvement of conditions.

FRANCIS P. GARVAN.
New York, June 27, 1922.

MISS ELLSWORTH SOUTHAMPTON BRIDE

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Duncan S. Ellsworth Weds John Howard McFadden.

GUESTS FILL ST. ANDREW'S

Miss Dorothy Wadhams, New York Judge's Daughter, Marries Andrew McMillan in Portsmouth, N. H.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I., June 30.—Miss Florence Magee Ellsworth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Stewart Ellsworth of this city and New York, and John Howard McFadden of Philadelphia, were married this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock in St. Andrew's Dune Church. The Rev. Dr. Charles L. Slattery of Grace Church in New York officiated.

The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Matilda Ellsworth, and Miss Katherine Mackay. Philip G. McFadden was his brother's best man, and the ushers were Duncan Stewart Ellsworth Jr., brother of the bride; Henry McMichael, A. Heckscher Wetherill, Edward Browning Jr., and Alfred Sargeant. The bride, whose father gave her in marriage, wore a gown of white satin and a tulle veil fastened with orange blossoms.

A reception and breakfast followed the ceremony at Meadow Beach, the Summer home of the bride's parents in Gin Lane, after which Mr. and Mrs. McFadden left on a private train for their honeymoon.

The church was filled with relatives and friends, many of whom came from New York and Philadelphia. Those included Mr. and Mrs. Edward Mellon, Miss Alice Mellon, Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Sabin, Mrs. Edward Van Ingen, Mr. and Mrs. John Magee Ellsworth, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cooley Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Schermerhorn, Mr. and Mrs. Percy R. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. George Barton French, Mr. and Mrs. James L. Breese, Mr. and Mrs. Goodhue Livingston and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Brownell.

McMillan—Wadhams.

Judge William H. Wadhams of New York and Mrs. Wadhams have announced the marriage of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Yorke Wadhams to Andrew McMillan on June 28 at Portsmouth, N. H. The engagement was announced last Winter. Mr. McMillan is a son of Mrs. Gilbert M. McMillan, who was Miss Edith L. Endicott, and was graduated from Princeton this Spring. Mr. McMillan was a student at Miss Chapin's School and made her debut a year or two ago. She is a member of the Junior League.

Carter—Pope.

The Rev. Dr. George William Carter, Secretary of the New York Bible Society, was married to Miss Anna Pope, daughter of Mrs. William Bigelow Pope of Ann Arbor, Mich., at Ann Arbor Wednesday. Dr. and Mrs. Carter will spend their honeymoon at Belle Terre, Port Jefferson, Long Island. The couple will be at home after Oct. 1, at 4 East Forty-eighth Street.

The bride is the daughter of the late Rev. William Bigelow Pope, D.D., professor of Hebrew at Western college. Dr. Carter did postgraduate work in Columbia University.

Dr. Carter has been with the Bible Society many years. Until recently he was also acting pastor of Grace Reformed Church, Yonkers. He has been a widower seven years. His first wife was Miss Urania M. Smith. Dr. Carter has degrees from Yale and New York Universities, and held a fellowship at Oxford, England.

Hunt—Moorehouse.

The marriage of Miss Gertrude Elise Moorehouse, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. H. Whitfield Moorehouse of 165 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, and Roy Lincoln Hunt, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln Hunt, took place yesterday at the home of the bride's parents. The Rev. John F. Carson, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, officiated.

Mrs. Russel Gallaudet Sloat was her sister's matron of honor, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Myrtle Mortimer and Mary Boyce. Miss Peggy Sloat was flower girl. Russell C. Sloat was best man. Following their honeymoon the young couple will live in Buffalo, N. Y.

Fowler—Watson.

Miss Jean Baxter Watson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnstone Watson of Flemington, N. J., and Fleming Bailey Fowler of Baltimore were married yesterday noon in the Church of the Transfiguration. The Rev. Dwight F. Cameron officiated. The bride is a graduate of Wellesley. Mr. Fowler served overseas during the war as a Lieutenant in the Eighty-ninth and Thirty-fifth combat divisions.

Rauch—Leonhardt.

The marriage of Mrs. E. T. Leonhardt, widow of Ernest T. Leonhardt and the daughter of Mrs. William T. Traud of Cedar Knolls, Bronxville, N. Y., and William J. Rauch Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Rauch of Mount Vernon, N. Y., took place last Thursday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. The Rev. Karl Reiland of St. George's Church performed the ceremony.

GIVES MANSION FOR ART.

Miss M. Carey Thomas Turns Over Garrett Home in Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, June 30.—Miss M. Carey Thomas, the retired President of Bryn Mawr College, to whom the late Miss Mary Garrett willed her $100,000 mansion on Mount Vernon Place, this city, has turned over the spacious residence to the Baltimore Museum of Art.

This gift, announced today by Blanchard Randall, President of the museum, gives assurance that for some years to come local art societies will have a home for exhibitions and meetings, and also that the growing permanent collection of the Friends of Art and other art organizations can be hung for public exhibition.

The city societies that will have the use of the home will be the Museum of Art, the Handicraft Club, the Baltimore Water Color Club and the Friends of Art.

The house was built about 25 years ago by John W. Garrett and occupied by members of his family continuously down to the time of Miss Garrett's death. During her life she had embellished the residence with fine teakwood carvings from India, mahogany work and marbles.

Benefit at Miss Newell's Home.

A "Dutch Treat" party for the benefit of the North Westchester District Nursing Association will be the occasion of a large gathering of society folk this afternoon at the summer home of Miss Mercy Newell at Bedford Hills. The patronesses of the event, who will be assisted by a number of debutantes, include Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mrs. Seth Low, Mrs. Moses Taylor, Mrs. Cornelius Rea Agnew, Mrs. Robert W. Carle, Mrs. Arthur O. Choate, Mrs. Winthrop Cowdin, Mrs. William Fahnestock, Mrs. John Henry Hammond, Mrs. Henry Marquand, Mrs. Benjamin Wyatt Morris, Mrs. George L. Nichols, Mrs. Frank Hunter Potter, Mrs. Thomas L. Purdy, Mrs. Edwin Tetham and Mrs. Jonathan Wright.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Sherman, who spent June at the American Yacht Club at Rye, are sailing today on the Homeric and are booked to return Sept. 2 via the Atlantic.

Mr. and Mrs. St. M. Whittlesey of 42 East Seventy-eighth Street have taken a cottage at East Hampton, L. I., and Mrs. Whittlesey and her three children are now there.

Mrs. Russell A. Cowles of this city and Greenwich, Conn., with her two sons, and Mrs. John Earson and her two sons have gone to Wyoming to spend a month on a ranch.

Mrs. Jesse Drew Beale of 615 Fifth Avenue is leaving town to spend the Summer with her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Phelan Beale, at Southampton.

Mrs. Richard S. McCreary of San Francisco has arrived in New York and is at the Plaza, as are also Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Baldwin of Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Sterrett of 29 East Sixty-sixth Street and their sons Walter and Raymond, are sailing on the Homeric today to spend the Summer on the Continent.

Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler Merritt of New York and Washington, D. C., have arrived from Stamford, Conn., and will be at the Ambassador until they go abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. George T. Mortimer of 225 West Eighty-sixth Street are to spend July at Southampton.

Mrs. Martin B. Saportas entertained at luncheon at the Ritz-Carlton yesterday for Miss Audrey Hotchkiss. Others who entertained there included Mrs. Griswold Thompson and Mrs. E. M. Post Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon will spend this week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Lewis L. Clarke at their country place, Villa Florenza, at Elberon, N. J.

Mrs. G. Hunter Brown gave a luncheon at Pierre's, her guests including Mrs. John D. Ryan and Mrs. James Brown. Mrs. Frederick O. Beach also entertained at luncheon there for Mrs. Oliver W. Bird.

Miss Mary E. Converse has come from her country place, the Lindens, at Rosemont, Pa., and is at the Lorraine.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Henry Wands will spend the Summer at Dark Harbor, Me.

Mrs. Arthur Biddle and Miss Edith F. Biddle of the Crossways, Gwynedd Valley, Pa., are at the Ritz-Carlton.

Captain Charles Quicke is the guest of Mrs. R. T. Wilson at Newport. He will sail for Europe next Thursday on the Laconia.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Russell Jones are the guests of Mrs. J. Fuller Potter at Southampton over the Fourth of July.

Southampton.

Mrs. Frazier Harrison of Ridgewood Farms, Oreland, Pa., yesterday leased for the season the North Cottage of Mrs. Henry W. Brush, in Halsey Neck Lane, and will arrive July 10.

The Sidney Harris estate, Breakers Ahead, on Gin Lane, on the Dunes, was leased yesterday to Charles A. Dana, who will take possession July 15 for the season.

Under the auspices of the Y. W. C. A. an all day food sale will be held in an open air booth in Main Street Saturday. Miss Mary Ledgerwood, President of the local branch of the Young Women's Christian Association, Mrs. Hugh Halsey, Mrs. George Schenck, Miss Julia Foster, Mrs. William Donnelly and Miss Archibald have been active in arranging the details of the sale.

Miss Julia Wray came yesterday to Bide Awhile, her summer home in First Neck Lane, where she will pass the season.

Mrs. Cornelius N. Bliss arrived yesterday, having leased the West Cottage of Mrs. W. C. Gulliver in Wyckapogue, where she will be for the season.

Miss Zelia de Milhau will leave today by automobile for her camp and fishing box in Montauk Point, where she will be until after the Fourth. Accompanying her are her sister, Miss Dorothy de Milhau and nephew, Louis de Milhau, Jr., and the Misses Alice and Edith Newbold.

The first dance of the season will be given at the Meadow Club Saturday night. Many dinners will be given, and among those entertaining will be Mrs. Alexander Mackay-Tiers, who will have ten to dinner.

Newport.

Newport has begun to fill up for the week end and for the Fourth of July holiday. Many members of the Summer colony returned from New York and other places yesterday. Mrs. Walter S. Andrews and Mrs. Didier Davis have issued invitations for dinners.

Vincent Astor has returned from New York and is at his home, Beechwood, where he is entertaining a party of friends.

Former Governor R. Livingston Beeckman will entertain Kenneth P. Budd, A. de R. Navarro and James W. Barney over the Fourth.

Clarence W. Dolan has arrived at Seaweed and is to be joined by Mrs. Dolan and their daughters a little later.

Rear Admiral Woodward Phelps left for his new duties in China yesterday.

Mrs. William B. Bristow has been selected as chairman of the Newport Hospital Children's Fair that is to be held on August 4th.

Mr. and Mrs. William Payne Thompson are expected for the Summer on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dorrance of Providence have been guests at Laforge Cottage.

The Entertainment Committee of the Art Association have selected the evening of August 29 for the annual ball and pageant of the association.

There were a number of new season registrants at the Casino yesterday, including W. R. Stewart, who is with his brother, Lispenard Stewart, at White Lodge; Dr. and Mrs. Henry Barton Jacobs, who are at White Holm; Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, who with her daughter, Miss Eileen Burden, is at Elm Court; and Miss Emma Stone, who has arrived at her Bellevue Avenue cottage with Miss Aberoldingen.

Henry F. Eldridge is to arrive on July 8 for the season, and will have his brother, W. T. Eldridge, spend the Summer with him.

Mrs. Henry S. Redmond and her son have concluded their Newport visit and have left for a motor tour of the White Mountains. They will probably return later in the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Binney have taken possession of their Catherine Street home.

G. Louis Beissevain has returned from New York and is at Hill Top Inn over the week end. Dr. John C. Bullitt of Philadelphia and Miss Dorothy M. Grant of Kansas City, Mo., have also been guests there.

Paul Rainey is to be a Newport Fourth of July visitor and is arriving on Monday with a party of guests from New York.

Mrs. Buck, wife of Lieut. Walter S. Buck, of the Naval Training Station, gave a bridge luncheon for ten there at the station yesterday afternoon in honor of her mother, Mrs. Read, of Pittsburgh.

Commander H. H. Stark, who is to be a member of the new War College class, has taken Huntington Cottage on Training Station Road; Col. W. N. McKelvey, U. S. M. C., at the Grant Cottages on Training Station Road, and Commander Lee Noyes, U. S. N., is at the MacVikar Cottages on Prairie Avenue.

Mrs. Lewis Quentin Jones entertained at luncheon yesterday for Mrs. John Clinton Gray, among the guests being Mrs. Richard Gambrill, Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Mrs. Vanderpilt, Mrs. William Post, Miss Fanny Johnson, Mrs. J. J. Wysong, Mrs. Luther Kountze and Mrs. Frederick Neilson.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Fitz Simons have left for New York after their brief Newport visit.

Frederick M. Godwin joined Mrs. Godwin at Swanhurst from New York last evening.

Frederick Dudley Kohler of New York and a party of friends are arriving today at the Muenchinger-King to be guests of Mrs. R. T. Wilson over the Fourth.

Mrs. A. S. Clark of Westerlo, N. Y., will arrive at Hill Top for the Fourth.

Mrs. Harold Brown has returned from New York.

There was quite a gathering at Port Adams yesterday afternoon for the tea dance that was given by the officers of the Post and their wives. The Post band furnished the music, and Mrs. Dooras, wife of Col. W. R. Dooras, Commanding Officer, and Mrs. Mitchell, wife of Major M. D. Merchant, acted as hostesses.

MISS TAYLOR TO WED LANGHORNE GIBSON

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Moses Taylor Engaged to Son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Taylor of 701 Park Avenue and Mount Kisco, N. Y., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marion Taylor, to Langhorne Gibson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson.

Miss Taylor, who is a granddaughter of the late Henry A. C. Taylor, made her début a year ago last Winter. She and her parents recently returned from spending the Winter in Europe and Egypt. They plan to go to Newport early in August.

Mr. Gibson is a nephew of Lady Astor and a brother of Mrs. George B. Post, who was formerly Miss Irene Langhorne Gibson. He was Captain of this year's Yale crew.

Starr—Neal.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Monzia Starr of 126 East Seventieth Street, and Ridgefield, Conn., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Beatrice Starr, to William De Ford Neal of Boston. Miss Starr is a granddaughter of the late Theodore B. Starr and has two sisters, Miss C. Margaret Starr and Miss W. Emeline D. Starr. Miss Starr was graduated from St. Timothy's School, Catonsville, Md. She made her début in 1919 and is a member of the Junior League and is closely identified with its activities.

Mr. Neal was graduated from Harvard in 1911 and is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Prince Neal of Boston. He was a Captain in the Chemical Warfare Service during the war and is a member of the Fly Club at Cambridge, and of the Somerset and Tennis and Racquet clubs of Boston.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Bamberger—Michael.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Bamberger of Salt Lake City, Utah, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elsa Bamberger, to Herbert J. Michael, son of Mrs. Oscar Michael of East Orange, N. J. Mr. Bamberger is the ex-Governor of Utah.

Henderson—Wallace.

Mr. and Mrs. Minto Labateau Henderson of Avondale, Cincinnati, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Wilshire Henderson, to William Percy Wallace, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Thomas Wallace of Maplewood, N. J. Mr. Wallace was a member of the class of '22 at Princeton and served as a Lieutenant during the war. No date has been set for the wedding.

Nixon—Spencer.

Mrs. Sidney F. Denison has announced the engagement of her sister, Miss Hazel Alva Nixon, daughter of Leonard J. Nixon of Port Chester, N. Y., to John Raymond Spencer, son of Mrs. E. H. Spencer of Winsted, Conn. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

Ginsburg—Austern.

Louis Ginsburg of 230 West 111th Street has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Mary Ginsburg, to I. Austern, son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Austern of this city. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

Prince of Wales Thanks Pilgrims.

The Prince of Wales has sent to American pilgrims his sincere thanks for their congratulations and good wishes on his return from the Far East.

MRS. CLARKSON WINS FLOWER SHOW MEDAL

Exhibits the Best Ten Varieties of Hardy Perennials at Lenox Garden Club.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., June 30.—The Massachusetts Horticultural Society gold medal for the best ten varieties three blooms each of hardy perennials was awarded to Mrs. Banyer Clarkson this afternoon at the opening of the Lenox Garden Club exhibition in Lenox Park. Other competitors in the same class were Mrs. Joseph H. Choate, Mrs. Frederick G. Crane, Mrs. George Winthrop Folsom, Mrs. Carlos M. de Heredia, Mrs. Harris Fahnestock and Miss Georgeanna W. Sargent.

Miss Sargent, who offered a silver vase for the twenty best roses, is President of the club which arranged the exhibition. There were 107 classes with from one to nine exhibitors in each class.

Daniel Chester French, the sculptor, designed the artistic setting in the park that was shielded from the highway by a fence of hemlock branches. Most of the flowers were in a marquee tent on one side of a court, which was surrounded with ornate vases of hemlock and pine boughs. At the head of the court was one of Mr. French's designs for a fountain.

Mrs. Henry White's exhibit, not in competition, of four vases of new Lady spires attracted much attention. Exhibitors of rare kinds of growing annuals were Mrs. William S. Osgood Field, Mrs. John E. Parson, Mrs. Fahnestock, Mrs. Choate and Mrs. Giraud Foster. Sweet peas were shown by Mrs. Field, Mrs. Robert Winthrop and Mrs. Foster.

One tent was filled with designs for table decorations. The exhibitors in this class were Mrs. William Pollock, Mrs. Carl A. de Gersdorff, Mrs. David Ives Mackie, Mrs. Richard C. Dixey, Mrs. Clive Livingston Duval, Mrs. Hamilton Carleton, Mrs. Edwards Spencer, the Misses Mary and Gertrude Parson and Emily W. Biddle.

Among the exhibitors of baskets of wild or cultivated flowers arranged for effect were Mrs. Winthrop Murray, Mrs. Cranston Williams Thompson, Mrs. William Fellowes Morgan, Mrs. William E. S. Griswold, Mrs. Robert E. Bonner and Mrs. Newbold Morris. Vegetable growers were represented by Mrs. Frederick G. Crane, Mrs. Murray Crane, Miss Heloise Meyer, Mrs. John E. Parson; Mrs. de Heredia and Mrs. Foster.

Dr. and Mrs. Henry P. Jaques were in charge of an exhibit of birdhouses and toy windmills from the Berkshire Home for Crippled Children at Pittsfield.

The judges were Mrs. Oakleigh Thorne, Mrs. J. Montgomery Sears, Albert C. Burrage, Frederick Newbold and Mrs. Charles Platt. Mr. Burrage, who is President of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society, showed orchids—not in competition. The exhibition, which is the first outdoor event of importance in Lenox this season, attracted visitors from all the Berkshires. It will continue through tomorrow afternoon and evening.

Fred Stone's Wild West Today.

The circus that Fred Stone is managing for the benefit of the Occupation Therapy Society of New York takes place at Mineola this afternoon, starting at 2:15. The addition of Frank Tinney to the list of stars was announced yesterday. And Annie Oakley, once of Buffalo Bill's show, will be there to display her sharpshooting. The Keith's Boys' Band will supply the musical part of the entertainment, which is called the Fred Stone Motor Hippodrome and Wild West Show. The arena director is Henry Chesterfield, assisted by L. F. Stone.

THOUSANDS SAILING ON 7 LINERS TODAY

Ex-Justice Pendleton and Simon Guggenheim on Homeric's Long List.

SUMMER EXODUS CONTINUES

900 Passengers on the Celtic, and Other Vessels for England and France Also Crowded.

Seven liners will start Europeward today with more than 5,000 passengers. The Homeric, Celtic, Finland, Philadelphia, Saxonia, Rousillon and Lorraine reporting bookings which officials said indicated the Summer exodus to the other side was far from letting up.

The White Star liner Homeric, bound for Cherbourg and Southampton, has among her saloon passengers Sir Charles Higham, who came here to attend the advertising conference; Beekman Winthrop, former Governor of Porto Rico; Francis Kay Pendleton, former Supreme Court Justice Simon Guggenheim, President of the American Smelting and Refining Company; Dr. Miles Farrow, organist of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine; Surrogate Louis E. Hart of Buffalo, Miss Beatrice Wanger, classic dancer; Dr. Arnold C. Klebs of Chicago, Dr. S. G. Gant of Post Graduate Medical School, Anne Rittenhouse, writer; Frederick J. Platt, J. W. Mayer, William W. Watson, Fox Stevens, director of Clarins, Inc.; Charles A. Channel and Samuel Fels, Philadelphia manufacturer.

Others booked are Pemberton Berman, Mr. and Mrs. J. Insley Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold W. Brunner, Duncan Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. Otto L. Domerich, John Foster Dulles, General and Mrs. G. R. Dyer, Elisha Dyer, George Dyer Jr., Walter G. Dyer, Dr. and Mrs. H. H. Fries, Ogden Goelet, Sherman Pratt, George D. Pratt Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Lyndall Redmond, Miss Anne Sands, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur H. Scribner, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Sloan Jr., Dr. Frederick H. Sonders, E. K. Thorne, Mr. and Mrs. W. Ives Washburn, Edward Jennings, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jutting, Dr. and Mrs. D. H. McAlpin, Miss Elaine McAlpin and William R. McAlpin.

Miss Mary Blackiston, Howard A. Davis and Mrs. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Savage, Mrs. Henry D. Wentz, Miss Mary D. Wentz, Daniel B. Wentz Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Frederick M. Prince, Mr. and Mrs. Chester O. Johnston, Mrs. W. C. Pullman and W. A. F. Pullman, Frederick A. Layties and Frederick A. Layties Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John B. Dumont, Miss Deborah Douglas, Miss Elizabeth Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. George Aden Sanford.

Hampden Beaumont, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Bernheim, Mr. and Mrs. Athanasius Donyale, Dr. Frederick Braun, Victor F. Clarendon, Mr. and Mrs. Walter I. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Dumont, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Frankel, Mr. and Mrs. George I. Fox, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Frey, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Harjes, Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. C. Murphy, Frederick G. Lee Jr., Samuel Levy, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Lowenstein, Mr. and Mrs. E. Loring, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Oppenheimer, Dr. George A. Phelan, Dr. and Mrs. Levi Reisman and Mrs. Max L. Reisman, Mrs. Alexander Remington, Arthur Villers, Mrs. Henriette Sternberg and Mrs. R. H. Travers.

Among the 900 passengers sailing on the White Star liner Celtic are: Dr. and Mrs. Russell Hibbs, Mr. and Mrs. William Sloan, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, Mrs. Aug Van Cortlandt, Miss Charlotte A. Van Cortlandt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Higgins, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Curtis Badoux, Edward Scudder and Willard Scudder.

The list also includes Samuel Insull and his son, Samuel Insull Jr., of Chicago; Mrs. Walter Clothier, Miss Florence Clothier, Mr. and Mrs. George R. Shinkichen, Miss Marie F. Shinkichen, Miss Grace Shepard and Miss Mary Shepard and Mrs. Daniel J. F. Strother of Philadelphia; Miss Emily Symington of Baltimore, Horace A. Carter and Mrs. Carter, Lyndall Carter, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Leary, Miss Evelyn Leary, of Boston; Congressman Martin W. Littleton of Merritt of Stamford, Judge Jacob Pankenburg, Colonel L. J. Comyn, the Rev. Arthur Dumper of Trinity Parish, Newark; Thomas A. Kidd of Swift & Co., Mrs. S. Parkes Cadman, Miss Marie L. Cadman and Miss Lillian E. Cadman of Brooklyn; Mr. and Mrs. Warren P. Ayres, Alexander W. Calder, C. E. Calder and Mr. and Mrs. Herman L. Vail, of Cleveland, and the Rev. John A. Ryan of Washington.

The liner Finland has among her passengers Professors Clare Howard and Miss Mary Richardson of Columbia University; Captain Richard W. Hocker, U. S. A., and Mrs. Hocker; Miss Gertrude B. Weaver and Miss Anna Mary Weaver of the Army Nurse Corps; Mr. Jules Deschampe of the Ecole Polytechnique, Paris; N. De Taube of the New York Shipbuilding Corporation; Mrs. F. Norton Goddard, Miss Alice Goddard and Miss Sylvia Goddard of New York; Eliot B. Wheaton; Homer D. Wheaton, Charles E. Wheaton and Miss Dorothea Wheaton of Princeton; J. Stuart Brown of Pittsburgh; Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Baldwin of Baltimore; Wilson Eyre, Dr. Charles J. Hatfield, Miss Margaret A. Hatfield, James G. Hatfield and C. Alexander Hatfield of Philadelphia; Mrs. William R. Cabot, Miss Caroline Cabot, Mrs. Harry D. Howe, Miss Elizabeth Howe, Miss Deborah Bell, Miss Frances A. Stanley, Miss Anna Thayer, Miss Anne C. Whitney and Miss Anna Winslow of Boston; Miss Dorothy Cheney, Miss Marjorie Cheney and Miss Laura Cheney of Hartford.

On the passenger list of the French line steamer Rousillon, leaving today for Havre, are Dr. William L. Buckley, Mrs. M. L. Brue and Miss Helen Brue, Dr. B. A. Camfield, Miss Frances Dunham, W. S. Felton, Colonel and Mrs. C. C. Horney, Mr. and Mrs. A. Nunez Mercado, Mr. and Mrs. Wentz Sturgis, Charles N. Schoonmaker and Major George Ross.

The bookings on the Lorraine of the same line include Mrs. J. M. Atwell, W. H. Blandy, the Rev. and Mrs. P. H. Bruneau Jr., G. Crandall, Dr. Joseph Choate, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Caron, W. R. Converse, Mrs. P. Pearce Delgado, Colonel and Mrs. G. M. Derby, R. S. Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. John Flach, Isadore Gross, F. F. Hubbell Jr., C. W. Hay Jr., the Rev. George A. Hanna, Mr. and Mrs. John Halter, F. M. Loughnecker, Isaac Marks, E. Kimball Mossman, Mrs. John Perrin, G. F. Snowden Jr., Miss Frances Sutro, Mrs. Gerard Thiers, Miss Grace Varney, A. J. Weston and Mrs. M. A. Ehlis.

On the Cunarder Saxonia will be Nathaniel D. W. Allen, Miss Julia Duke Henning, Herman Jones, Dr. H. M. Smith, Miss Dorothy R. Lewis, Leopold Danheiss, Mrs. W. H. Lamont, A. L. Wortmier, Rev. Edwards Wortmier, Williams, James Murphy Jr., William C. Oppenheim, Wilfred B. Hadley, Henry Norris Jr., Cary B. Gamble, Mrs. Margaret Fraser, the Rev. Roy Houghton, Herbert Clifford, Miss Constance Clifford and Mrs. R. B. Browsell.

BEATS "ON TIME" RECORD.

Pennsylvania R. R. Central Region Reports 98 Per Cent. Train Schedule

The best record on the Pennsylvania System for passenger trains "on time" since the end of Federal control was made last month, according to an announcement made by the company last evening.

Reports just compiled show that the high mark was made by the central region of the system, with 98 per cent. of all its trains on time, and 98.5 per cent. making schedule time between terminals. Credit for the improvement was given to increased co-operation between the officers of the railroad and its employes.

Mrs. Flint Hurt in Fall From Horse.

Special to The New York Times.

MILLBROOK, N. Y., June 30.—Mrs. Flint, wife of Dr. Austin Flint, was thrown from her horse here on Saturday last and painfully injured. Mrs. Flint is under the care of a physician at the Flint home, Overlook Farm, and hopes to be out in a few days.

TWO BROTHERS UNITED; LOST SINCE CIVIL WAR

John and Michael Kealey Meet After 58 Years Through War Department's Help.

After being lost to each other for fifty-eight years, two brothers, veterans of the Civil War, who fought together under Grant in the Battle of the Wilderness and before Richmond were united last night at the home of John J. Kealey, 71 years old, at 601 First Avenue, one of the brothers. The other brother, Michael F. Kealey, 74 years old, until found by his brother through the aid of the War Department, has been living for a number of years in a soldier's home in California.

In attendance at the reunion, at which the two veterans proudly wore tears and held hands while they engaged in reminiscences of their campaigns under General Grant, were the sons and daughters of John Kealey and five of his grandchildren.

John Kealey has been looking for two brothers since the close of the war, when the trio, who enlisted and fought together, became separated. He returned to New York, but the other two, filled with the spirit of adventure, went west. The third brother, Frank Kealey, who, if alive, is 78 years old, has never been heard from by either of the other brothers. At the reunion John and Michael agreed that Frank must be dead.

The brothers separated following the surrender of Lee at Appomattox Court House, and ever since John Kealey has hoped to hear from his brothers, but the years rolled by without even a word being received. In recent years John instituted a search for Michael, but made no progress until he enlisted the aid of the War Department.

FOR SCHOOL IMPROVEMENTS

Ryan Asks Principals and Teachers to Send in Suggestions.

In a notice to Superintendents, Principals and teachers in the public schools, in which he expresses commendation for the efficient and loyal service rendered during the school year which ended yesterday, President George J. Ryan, of the Board of Education, asks co-operation in improvements in the school system. The notice says:

"It has occurred to me that you may all have become aware of conditions in the school system that could be changed in the interest of the children or of the teachers. I will be glad to have any suggestions you may have to make as soon as possible so that I can consider them during the Summer for report to the Board of Education in the Fall.

"I therefore invite all members of the supervising and teaching staff to send me at the office of the President, 500 Park Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, any suggestions you may desire to make. It is my thought that if all of us get together upon this problem and think it over during the vacation period, we will be in a position to effect changes during the next school year that will increase immeasurably the service being rendered to the children of this city by the schools."

BOY DIES MEETING A 'DARE.'

Called "Yellow" by Playmates, He Climbs Pole, Touches Live Wire.

Special to The New York Times.

HARRISON, N. Y., June 30.—Tommy Murray, 14 years old, died today in the United Hospital from the shock of touching a live wire, which he did to demonstrate how far he was from being "yellow."

Playing "follow the leader," Francis Drummond, Howard Webster and Lester Gilbert climbed up one of the supporting columns of a steel structure carrying power wires of the New Haven Railroad. Murray refused to climb because of the danger from electricity. Arriving at the top of the structure thirty feet above the ground, one of the climbers shouted: "You're yellow!" Then Murray hastily climbed up.

"I'll show you," he said. He walked out on the steel skeleton of the signal bridge, stepped and touched a live wire carrying 11,000 volts.

There was a puff of smoke and he fell to the bridge. He was conscious almost to the moment of his death.

MOVABLE REVIEWING STANDS

City May Buy Portable Steel Structures at $5.78 a Seat.

Portable reviewing stands of fabricated steel, ornamental in design and similar to those used in other cities, will soon be a reality here if the Board of Estimate thinks well of them. President Murray Hulbert of the Board of Aldermen suggested the change from the present wooden affairs. The new stands have been indorsed by the Municipal Art Society and other organizations.

At the next meeting of the Board of Estimate complete data and comparative costs of both forms of structures will be presented. It was estimated that the cost per seat of the steel stands would be $5.78, or approximately $4,000 for a stand accommodating 1,000 persons.

MARCONI VIEWS PLANT HERE

Inspects Inventions for Telephones in Western Electric Laboratory.

Experimental telephone apparatus for communications by both wires and wireless was inspected by Senator Marconi yesterday at the research laboratories of the Western Electric Company at 463 West Street. Much of the experimental work of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company is done in this laboratory.

Senator Marconi and his party were accompanied to the laboratory by Professor Michael I. Pupin of Columbia University and they were escorted through the building by E. B. Craft, the chief consulting engineer.

Heads Foreign Wars Veterans.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 30.—James F. Kiernan of New York was re-elected State President of the Veterans of Foreign Wars at this afternoon's session of the third annual State encampment of the order. George H. King of the Bronx was elected Senior Vice President. Arthur A. Morse, also of New York, was elected Quartermaster and Dean Albert C. Larned of Albany was chosen Chaplain. The resolutions went on record as opposing the Ku Klux Klan as un-American and also advocated making Armistice Day a national legal holiday.

Mrs. Charles DeWolf Gibson.

BRISTOL, R. I., June 30.—Mrs. Charles DeWolf Gibson, mother of Charles Dana Gibson, the artist, died suddenly tonight at her home, Longfield Farm, of acute indigestion. She was born in Boston eighty years ago. She is survived by two sons, Charles Dana Gibson of New York and Langdon Gibson, also the Arctic explorer, of Schenectady, and a daughter, Mrs. Daniel W. Knowlton of Washington.

Dr. E. P. Knox.

Special to The New York Times.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., June 30.—Dr. Edward P. Knox, brother of the late Philander C. Knox, died suddenly at his home here last night at the age of 64. The cause of death was believed to be heart disease. Dr. Knox had been a resident of Santa Barbara forty years and practiced medicine until two years ago, when he retired.

ENTERTAIN GEN. TAUFFLIEB.

Directors of France-America Society Welcome a Representative Alsatian.

General Taufflieb, who represents Alsace in the French Senate, and who spent an hour with President Harding at Washington on Thursday, was entertained yesterday by the Executive Committee of the France-American Society at luncheon at the Bankers Club on the occasion of their periodical meetings. After the customary loyal toasts the Chairman, E. Cunliffe-Owen, called upon Frederic R. Coudert, one of the Vice Presidents and founders of the society, who welcomed the General in its name.

General Taufflieb, in reply, spoke with considerable warmth about the efforts being made in America to propagate the impression that the people of Alsace and Lorraine are anxious for independence and for emancipation from French rule, a movement which he attributed to German propaganda. Speaking as a member of a family which has made its home for eight hundred years on the same site in Strasburg, the family mansion having been rebuilt for the last time in 1640, he insisted that Alsace and Lorraine have always been devoted to France.

General Taufflieb pointed out that on the outbreak of the great war, although Alsace had been for nearly fifty years under German oppressive rule, there were 3,000 Alsatian officers in the entire Imperial army, whereas in the French army the names of no less than 170 Generals of Alsacian birth and name figured on its rolls.

Among those present at the luncheon, including directors of the society were Gaston Liebert, the French Consul General; Newcomb Carlton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company; Colonel Henry W. Sackett, Dr. John H. Finley, Louis Wiley, F. H. Outerbridge, E. C. Smith, Archibald G. Thacher, Paul Fuller, George W. Wickersham, Franklin, A. Q. Brown, Frederic Roy Martin, S. Reading Bertron, L. Dreuin, Consul of France; Martin Vogel, Elbert H. Gary, A. C. Bedford, Samuel W. Fairchild, William C. Demorest, Clifford Sharpe, Morgan O'Brien, John D. Ryan and Dr. John J. Moorhead, who, attached to the American Expeditionary Force with the rank of Colonel, was in surgical charge of the hospital organized by Mme. Taufflieb at their château near the front.

HERO VETERAN COLLAPSES.

Sergeant Kennedy Falls After Leading Parade of Disabled Men.

PHILADELPHIA, June 30.—Sergeant H. M. Kennedy, holder of two medals for exceptional bravery, collapsed today at the conclusion of a parade of disabled veterans which he had led through several miles of this city's streets. His condition is not serious.

The demonstration marked the close of a four-day convention of the National Disabled Soldiers' League. Nearly 1,500 veterans, a number of whom rode in automobiles because of inability to march, participated. The vanguard and the color guard were in uniform, but for the most part the marchers wore "civvies."

At the business session Dr. Henry A. Cotton, head of the New Jersey State Hospital, urged the men to take especial interest in their comrades who are confined in institutions because of mental and nervous diseases.

MRS. M. K. MERRIMAN DIES.

President of National Federation of College Women.

WAKEFIELD, Mass., June 30.—Mrs. Myra Kingman Merriman, for whom services will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon, was President of the National Federation of College Women and had long been one of the foremost clubwomen in the United States. During most of her activities her name was Mrs. Myra Kingman

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3d Av., 1078—Hampton Tire Co.
4th St., 46 E.—Norwich Pharmacal Co.
[illegible] Garage.
[illegible] Garage.
[illegible] Garage

DIER STILL FREE; INDICTED 16 TIMES

Seven Bills Charge Broker With Pocketing Customers' Money Without Even Bucketing.

FORMER PARTNER NAMED

Harry Lawrence Jr. and Two Office Managers Are Also Accused by Jury.

NO ARRESTS ARE MADE YET

Testimony Shows Lavish Personal Expenditures by Dier—Employe Now in Prison.

Elmore D. Dier, head of the brokerage firm of E. D. Dier & Co., whose failure inflicted losses of nearly $3,000,000 on creditors numbering thousands, was indicted sixteen times yesterday.

Seven of the indictments were for grand larceny, Dier being charged with simply pocketing the money of clients without even bucketing the order. His former partner, Harry Lawrence Jr., is indicted with him in each of these seven cases.

Nine of the indictments are for bucketing, and these were found not only against Dier and Lawrence but against two of their office managers, Benjamin F. Shrimpton and Adam Beckleim. Shrimpton has agreed to make restitution of $23,000 to the Dier creditors.

Four Men Indicted Still at Large.

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich issued bench warrants for the arrest of the four men indicted. An unsuccessful search was made for them yesterday.

Detective John Cunniffe, who was sent out to arrest Dier, could not find him. Hugh Rockwood, the lawyer who represented Dier, was in Portland, Me. It was reported in the District Attorney's office last night that Dier had been seen on Broadway during the afternoon. If any of the four are arrested today they will be locked up in the Tombs.

Dier's firm was conducted honestly for a while, but was turned into a bucket shop when a man now in jail was employed to introduce new methods, according to the testimony at the bankruptcy hearing, which was made public yesterday. The witness was Thomas R. Armstrong, who testified that doubtful practices began to appear in the business of Hughes & Dier, predecessors of Dier & Co., after their employment in 1918 of Edwin E. Kohn, who was recently sent to prison for grand larceny in Philadelphia, according to the witness, for something like that.

More Indictments Expected.

Additional indictments of Dier were reported to be likely, following testimony made public last week that he had drawn several hundred thousand dollars of the money of the creditors to buy houses, works of art, automobiles and jewelry and to finance a costly style of living, and further testimony that he had concealed assets and sold them after the bankruptcy in the forlorn hope of paying off creditors by operating Mexican mining properties.

One indictment was made on the testimony of Andrew M. Hamill of 811 West 129th Street, who alleged the larceny of $1,030 which he had paid for the purchase of a $1,000 Northwestern Bell Telephone Company bond. Another larceny indictment was found after an investigation of the complaint of George Heckeroth of 82 West Ninety-first Street, who charged the theft of $175 which he said he gave for the purchase of 500 shares of Overland Motor stock. A third complainant was T. H. Storm, who said that he had received neither money nor stock, after paying $474 to the firm for thirty shares of Lake Superior Oil. Another indictment was found on the testimony of Mollie W. Gantz that she had paid the firm $524.17 for a $500 New York Telephone Company 6 per cent. bond which she did not receive. Another charge was that of James Panos, who said he had been defrauded of $100 paid for 10,000 shares of Allied Oil.

Dier Lost Fight on Books.

The indictments followed a fight carried on by District Attorney Banton since the failure of the firm last January to obtain evidence on which to base indictments. Dier fought with all the resources at his command to prevent the District Attorney from obtaining possession of his books. The legal fight was carried to the United States Supreme Court before the prosecutor could obtain the books.

The testimony of Armstrong, the former Dier employe, who testified in the bankruptcy hearing, was as follows on the subject of Edwin E. Kohn:

Q.—What is the history of this man Kohn? A.—The history I know is that he is doing twelve to seventeen years, or something of that kind.

Q.—That is the man who was recently convicted in Philadelphia? A.—Presently, yes.

Q.—Of grand larceny and bucket shop transactions? A.—Yes.

Q.—Under what name was he doing business when convicted? A.—Edwin E. Kohn & Co.

Q.—You say that he went with Dier about 1918? A.—About 1918, yes.

Q.—And what was his position there? A.—He was an office manager, sort of general manager, I suppose.

Q.—Why was he taken in? A.—That I don't know. I suppose to increase business.

It was after the arrival of Kohn, the witness said, that he first learned about bucketing, from the complaints of customers, and others. The effort of the Dier concern to get a seat on the New York Stock Exchange resulted in the exposure of the firm's methods in 1918 or 1919, according to the witness who said:

"It was right after Kohn came there. He was there one or two months when they applied for a seat on the New York Stock Exchange, and upon investigation of their books the tickers were taken out, and they were suspended from the New York Stock Exchange."

Business After Their Suspension.

Q. With what Stock Exchange house were they doing business then? A. Finley, Barrell and Ware & Leland.

Q. After the tickers were taken out, with what Stock Exchange house did they do business? A. Frank P. Bell & Co. The orders were telephoned over to Bell & Co.

Q. After the tickers were taken out Bell handled all the business of Dier & Co.? A. They handled all the Stock Exchange business.

Q. How long was that going on? A. That was going on about seven months.

The witness said that he did not know whether there was a private arrangement for the splitting of commissions.

"Can you say in round figures how much Bell & Co. made through the connection?" he was asked.

"No, I would not."

"Did you any information as the subject?

"No, I don't know. I know their business was increased and they increased their help about 50 per cent. at least."

Q.—Bell & Co? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did they take any of the employes of Dier & Co.? A.—Not at that time.

Q.—Did they later? A.—They did after the failure. They have not several of them.

Cashier Indicted on 1922 a Week.

Lenin to Be a Mere Farmer For the Next Few Months

RIGA, June 30 (Associated Press).—Premier Lenin has started farming and in the next few months will devote his endeavors exclusively to the organizing a community farm of 300 acres near Moscow.

Leonid Krassin, in Riga on his way to the Hague conference, telling of the Premier's farming activities, said he had been forbidden to have any dealings with politicians or Government officials, to telephone to Moscow or to write any letters pertaining to Government affairs.

Lenin, he said, had agreed to abandon his office cares and lead an outdoor life after the German and Russian specialists insisted that this was absolutely necessary. One German professor will remain at the farm to see that the Premier obeys orders. The only visitors will be artists, writers, chess players and personal friends.

After his farm work, M. Krassin said, Lenin was planning to go on a big game hunt. He intended to take a mountain trip of several weeks in the Fall.

up to that elevation from the post of a $35 a week clerk, according to Armstrong. He was unable to say why. It had been hinted previously that Brook "had something" on Dier, but the witness did not testify on this point.

Q.—What work was he doing that would justify an increase from $35 to $500 a week? A.—I can't see where any work he would do would justify that amount of money.

Q.—What was Brook, just a bookkeeper?

A.—He was. He looked after the margin system and all that sort of thing and then he introduced a new margin system; I think it was, and then he was supposed to be a certified public accountant. Brook was really the confidential man. When it comes to confidential man, he is the man. Gaines don't know.

Q.—Did Kohn have anything to do with the confidential matters of Dier? A.—He did, only in the circulars and things of that kind, that's all. He had to do with the advertising. I don't think he knew the inside at all.

Q.—Brook had charge of the securities and cash? A.—He had charge when I was there, and looked after every little detail and he dictated to the cashier what was to be done at that time.

The witness admitted that he had become suspicious that Dier & Co. were bucketing. He said this suspicion was due to "the appearances of conditions."

Dier was formerly a dentist. He gave up practice and for two years was a gold-seeker in the Klondike. Several years ago he entered upon partnership relations with Colonel Henry D. Hughes of Philadelphia. They opened offices in New York and other cities and apparently prospered until May, 1921, when Hughes was suspended by the Philadelphia Stock Exchange and the ticker service of the company discontinued in New York City. The firm had previously been suspended by the Philadelphia Exchange, but had procured re-instatement.

$500,000 Spent in Two Years.

The ruin of the firm, according to various witnesses at the bankruptcy hearing, was brought about by the lavish expenditures of Dier and his partner. One witness testified that Hughes spent more than $500,000 in two years on books and art. Armstrong, whose testimony was made public yesterday, said that Hughes had the "nicest library in Philadelphia." According to Gaines, a confidential man for the house, Dier insisted on spending a cent for every cent spent by the house and accumulated objects of art which are said to be worth little.

Dier, while insisting that he was "broke," informed the creditors that he had arranged a scheme by which he would pay them 20 cents on the dollar and pay off the other eighty cents in instalments. Creditors denounced this scheme at public meetings, insisting that Dier must have concealed big assets to be in a position to make such an offer and demanding that he turn over what assets he had to the Trustee. The witness Gaines said of four specific instances in which he alleged that Dier had converted bonds, stocks and jewels into money, some while the receivership was impending and some afterwards.

Creditors May Get 80 Per Cent.

The claims of the creditors total more than $3,000,000, of which more than $1,000,000 are held by former clients of Charles A. Stoneham, owner of the New York Giants, who turned his customers over to Dier, assuring them that Dier was a high-class business man. Because of his part in this affair, Stoneham agreed to pay $200,000 to the Dier creditors and others have promised to make restitution of sums which will bring the total to $500,000. Efforts to recover assets by lawsuits against brokerage houses and by other means put more than $100,000 or more to this total, so that the creditors may receive as high as 80 cents on the dollar. Dier himself has contributed nothing for their benefit, though he is alleged to have been living in style in a $400-a-month apartment since the failure.

DOCTOR SAYS LENIN IS GREATLY EXHAUSTED

Klemperer Declares Soviet Chief Is Incapable of Prolonged Brain Work.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 30.—Privy Councilor Professor Klemperer has just returned by airplane from Moscow after attending Lenin. He said:

"When I arrived in Moscow Lenin still had to keep in bed. He showed great interest in everything, and particularly asked me what impression the Rapallo Treaty had made in Germany. So far as Lenin's present illness is concerned, it has no connection with his former wounds. The report that he is suffering from progressive paralysis is untrue.

"Lenin is extraordinarily exhausted. One must bear in mind that this man, who in past his fiftieth year, has in the last thirty years of his life worked sixteen hours daily or more, and mostly without the assistance of a secretary. His well-known stomach and intestinal poisoning has depressed his general health.

"Newspaper reports that his condition is hopeless, however, are exaggerated. The evening before I left Moscow I walked in the garden with Lenin and he felt relatively well. He is not capable of concerning himself with brain work very long. He can not read very long, either, and if he reads a book, magazine or newspaper he gets headache.

"The doctors have forbidden him to read newspapers and do not permit him to have telephone conversations. He receives only his relatives and intimate friends.

"Absolute rest and quiet is a prerequisite for his recovery, but Lenin declared it was impossible for him to suspend his activities for a few months. There is a high probability that if he would desist from all activities for three or four months he could be restored to health. Naturally one can not give a guarantee, Lenin is absolutely in the full possession of consciousness and understands everything transpiring around him."

SAY MAN MADE GOOD RUM.

Was Like Six-Year-Old Stuff, New Jersey Officials Declare.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 30.—Whether as good as six-year-old stuff was made overnight in stills with serums troughs attached, through which the liquor drips, by John Bennett of Johnson Point, according to county officers who seized the apparatus recently, Bennett was arraigned in the Crimi-

Clerk Indicted on 1922 a Week.

DRY LUNCH DISMAYS FRENCH TOURISTS

Many of the 135 Aliens on the Rochambeau Go on Hunger Strike.

MRS. BLATCH ON GERMANY

Suffragist Who Lived in Private Family Says Reparation Demands Cannot Be Met.

The rigors of prohibition to those accustomed to drink wine instead of water were brought home to 135 Frenchmen aboard the French line steam Rochambeau when it docked at noon yesterday. Because of the hour, the immigration authorities decided to allow the aliens to have their lunch on board before taking up the examination of their papers. American passengers had been passed upon and permitted to go ashore.

The Frenchmen filed into the dining saloon. There were no wine glasses by their plates—just tumblers filled with water. Silence reigned for the briefest moment and then protestations and imprecations rent the air. The chief steward tried to soothe the excited passengers, but to no avail. The Chief Engineer, Captain Leon Rollin, and the American pilot who brought the Rochambeau in tried their hand at explaining the provisions of the Volstead act as affecting steamships.

"We have passed the three-mile limit," Captain Rollin told his countrymen. "You are in America. There will be no wine."

Most of the Frenchmen solaced themselves by going on a hunger strike, and the Rochambeau's steward saved a quantity of food.

Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch, woman suffrage and labor advocate, returned with Harriot Stanton Blatch De Forest, her 12-year-old granddaughter. Mrs. Blatch said that while in Germany they stopped with a German family, relatives of old friends. Here, she said, she had a chance to study at first hand the condition of the German middle and professional classes.

Says Germany Can't Pay.

"The eldest son in this family is a banker," Mrs. Blatch said. "One of the daughters is editor of a newspaper, and others are typical representatives of the professional class of Germany. From what I have seen I can make two positive statements—first, that Germany cannot pay the reparations demanded of her, and second, that the evil effects of the war will be felt in Germany until the children of this generation have grown up.

"Regarding the wealth of the middle classes and professional people, all I need to do is to cite the experiences of the mother of the family with which I stopped. In former years she had been a collector of copper and brass antiques. Her entire collection has been taken by the Government and every other material object of value to the German Government during the war and since has been levied upon or seized.

"These facts are more striking because one of her sons was a member of the Kaiser's bodyguard. Germany is in a condition in which the middle and professional classes of Germany find themselves. There are 80,000 teachers out of employment in Berlin, and this reflects the effect of present conditions since before the war children in my time teacher who is now instructing fifty-one students where formerly there were but twenty in his classes.

Conditions in the Schools.

"The reduction in the number of teachers employed is due to the governmental economy practiced in schools. Fifty per cent. of the children under this teacher were subnormal, due to war conditions, including underfeeding, and 20 per cent. of these pupils had no fathers, which was directly due to the war.

"Starvation is much more common in Germany than is generally supposed since the beginning of optimistic reports from that country. My host insisted that I eat at least one meal a day in a first-class hotel in order to avoid the consequences of their own meagre fare."

C. Dunsmore Curtis, Professor of Archaeology at the American Academy at Rome, who has been away three years, told of new discoveries made by explorers in Rome in the past months.

"The Italian capital has become the centre of interest for archaeologists the world over," said Professor Curtis. "One of the most important ancient structures which have just been unearthed is a large building fifty feet under the ground, which is decorated with some of the most beautiful stucco work ever seen. The decorations depict mythological settings and scenes from the period during which the building was constructed. The building has a large nave, side aisle and apse, and was built during the first century, probably as a meeting hall."

FEWER BRITISH ARRIVALS.

German Immigration Also Decreases —Italians Show Greatest Gain.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The number of persons included in the "foreign white stock" of the country's population whose mother tongue was reported as English or Celtic—including Irish, Scotch and Welsh—decreased from 9,930,000 in 1910 to 9,729,000 in 1920, or about 2 per cent., according to census figures of the latter year announced today by the Census Bureau. Those classified under foreign white stock include immigrants and persons born in this country, one or both of whose parents were immigrants.

With the exception of the German linguistic stock, which showed a decrease in the ten-year period from 8,046,000 to 8,164,000, or 5 per cent., all the others showed an increase. Of these the highest increase, from 2,135,000 to 3,385,000, or 57 per cent., was reported for the Italian mother tongue group, while the Polish increased from 1,084,000 to 2,436,000, or 44 per cent., and the Yiddish and Hebrew from 1,664,000 to 2,043,000, or 22 per cent.

PREMIER THANKS PRESS.

Lloyd George Grateful for Services Rendered in Last Two Years.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 30.—In a letter from Premier Lloyd George, received at the dinner of the British International Association of Journalists tonight, the Premier said:

"Nothing can do more for international understanding and amity than the linking up of the journalists of this and other countries in personal and political intercourse. With unequalled opportunity for forming correct public opinion by leaders and articles and by interpretative treatment of the news that passes through their hands, they form an invaluable link between Governments and public, and I for one have no hesitation in expressing my personal gratitude for the service rendered me in the last two years of stress and storm."

NEIGHBORS REBUFF RUSSIA.

Poles, Finns and Letts Refuse to Discuss Disarmament Now.

LONDON, June 30.—Replying to the Soviet Government's recent note proposing the limitation of armaments, says a Central News dispatch from Riga today, the Polish, Finnish and Latvian Governments have declared that no agreement to reduce arms can be made until Russia fulfills her obligations entered into by peace treaties with those countries.

Taft in Ceremony at Sulgrave Manor, On the Terrace of the Washington Home

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 30.—Three pieces of Elizabethan panelling which formed the family pew in which Lawrence Washington and other ancestors of George Washington worshipped in the Sulgrave Parish Church were presented today to Chief Justice Taft and given back by him to be re-erected alongside the grave where Lawrence lies buried.

The little ceremony took place at Sulgrave Manor. Ambassador Harvey presided, sitting on the terrace of the Old World garden beneath a magnificent walnut tree, with Mr. Taft on his right hand. Sir Charles Wakefield, who has already presented the busts of certain of England's worthies to America, described how he had fortunately been able to purchase this panelling, which had been removed from the church during the restoration forty years ago, and then asked the Chief Justice to be the means of restoring it to its old site, "the place," he said, "where who can tell what dreams were dreamt and visions seen which have affected the history of America."

Mr. Taft accepted in a few words telling of his pleasure in inspecting the historic little church a few hours before. Then the Mayors of Nottingham and Banbury gave him copies of the records of their towns, and amid much laughter the Mayor of Banbury added for Mrs. Taft a box of Banbury cakes, for which his town is everywhere famous.

LONDON, June 30 (Associated Press).—Chief Justice Taft is the first man who has occupied the White House to visit the birthplace of the progenitors of the first President of the United States, and Ambassador Harvey, who accompanied Mr. Taft to Sulgrave Village today, referred to it as a rare and precious event.

In addressing the inhabitants of the village the former President said:

"The significance of this memorial is that it shows those wonderful qualities which George Washington exhibited in founding the American nation had their origin on British soil. Washington was an Englishman by descent and tradition, firmness, courage and common sense, and we don't mind admitting his British paternity, for he must have been an Englishman or we could not be such remarkable people as Americans."

After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Taft motored to Pritwell Manor, the home of Sir John Simon, whose guests they will be over the week-end.

LINERS WITH 4,000 ALIENS IN HARBOR

They Wait Until Midnight to Make the Final Sprint to Quarantine.

NEW QUOTA NOW IN EFFECT

Law Compels Ship Owners to Pay $200 Fine for Each Excess Immigrant.

A dozen steamers, some of them anchored outside of the three-mile limit and others running at full speed from greater distances, were expected in Quarantine after midnight with their bookings of more than 4,000 steerage passengers seeking admission in the new quota for the year, which goes into effect today. The sailings of the steamers from the other side were timed so that they could reach here not more than a few hours after midnight. One or two have encountered fogs which have delayed their voyage but their skippers have been endeavoring to make up for lost time as evidenced by the radio reports of the daily run.

The Immigration authorities have announced a policy of strict enforcement of the immigration law, which provides that not more than 3 per cent. of the nationals of any country already here will be accepted, basing their figures on the census of 1910. A rule at Quarantine requires that the ships shall be examined in the order they enter. Captains of the incoming ships were on the alert for the midnight hour when they might enter.

The Conte Rosso, with the largest number of immigrants, anchored yesterday morning. This steamer has 1,000 steerage which was allowed to slip make headway into the Italian quota. The Argentina, also bringing Italian immigrants, reached the outer harbor last night. It was said that three other boats were hovering outside the three-mile limit.

The Greek quota appeared to be the one most likely to be first exhausted. Three hundred Greeks are on the King Alexander and 500 on the Conte Rosso. As the Greek quota for July is only 650, it was thought that taking into account all possible exemptions, more than a hundred would have to be sent back.

Robert E. Tod, Commissioner of Immigration, said that everything at Ellis Island was in readiness for the newcomers. The force at the immigrant station has been augmented to handle the rush.

"Under the new law," Commissioner Tod said, "a transport company is forced to pay the Government a fine of $200 for every person brought in above the quota. In addition to this the companies must pay a maintenance charge for excess quota passengers while they are detained here and must conduct them back to their port of embarkation free of charge.

"We do not expect to have the trouble this year that we did last with the steamship companies. We have 500 employes to take care of the immigrants and we hope to get most of them through by tomorrow night."

The ships and the number of immigrants on board are: Nieuw Amsterdam, 193; Conte Rosso, 1,069; Latvia, 56; Argentina, 76; King Alexander, 249; Presidente Wilson, 614; Dante Alighieri, 425; Paris, 371; Seydlitz, 185; Westria, 56; Laconia, 20, and Aquitania, 612.

The quotas from the various countries are: Italy, 8,000; Russia, 4,323; Latvia, 308; Lithuania, 462; Esthonia, 270, and Poland, 5,216.

HEARST MEN COUNTER UPSTATE OPPOSITION

Publisher's Managers Plan Session in Syracuse on Same Day That Opponents Meet.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, June 30.—Local managers of the campaign to make William R. Hearst the Democratic candidate for Governor today announced they would hold a meeting of their own here on July 7, to oppose the movement engineered against his candidacy by up-State Democratic leaders.

While 200 representatives of up-State Democratic organizations are attacking Hearst an one floor of the Onondaga Hotel, another gathering of supporters of the publisher probably will be defending him on another floor.

Details of the Hearst meeting were discussed last night at an informal meeting of the recently organized Democratic Club, according to the announcement given out by George H. McGuire, who is handling the Hearst campaign here.

A feeling of resentment was expressed by speakers against the purpose of the call recently issued for a meeting of county chairmen and others to be held in Syracuse on July 7, to take action not in favor of any candidate for the Governorship, but against one of them the seek to make the target of their opposition," said Mr. McGuire in a statement. A committee named to plan the Hearst meeting includes Lafayette B. Cortelle, Charles Richardson, John Rogers, Daniel Scully, E. W. Warnock, a Hearst employe here, David Murphy and M. F. Lundigan.

With the exception of Warnock, who has not been active in politics here until the Hearst boom started, the committee is made up of the leaders who have been active against William H. Kelly for years.

Sections where there was supposed to be sentiment for Hearst are going to send representatives here, but none of the letters received indicates they are not coming to boost the publisher. This is particularly so in Erie County and the counties in the capital district. William C. Conners, manager of the Hearst campaign, is reported to have influence in Erie. William Fitzpatrick, however, will send his representative to the gathering here to boost "Al" Smith. Letters received so far, while not all boosting Smith, have furnished little to add to the optimism of Hearst managers.

FAILS TO KEEP WARD DATA FROM DEFENSE

Prosecutor's Last Move to Hold Up Grand Jury Minutes Is Defeated.

NEXT FIGHT ON DISMISSAL

Effort to Free Alleged Slayer of Peters Expected Early Next Week.

Justice William J. Kelly of the Appellate Division in Brooklyn yesterday refused to grant a stay of execution, pending appeal, of Justice Joseph Morschauser's order permitting counsel for Walter S. Ward to take a copy of the Grand Jury minutes in the proceeding which ended in his indictment for the murder of Clarence E. Peters.

District Attorney Frederick E. Weeks of White Plains appeared before Justice Kelly in the latter's chambers yesterday morning. As it was an ex-parte proceeding, counsel for Ward were not present. Mr. Weeks told Justice Kelly that he wanted the stay in order to prevent the defense from having possession of the minutes while he was taking an appeal from Justice Morschauser's order.

"I denied the application of the District Attorney," said Justice Kelly later, "because the order of Justice Morschauser is not appealable under the Code of Criminal Procedure."

It was explained that Justice Kelly could have granted the stay regardless of the prosecutor's prospect of success with his appeal, but that it is customary to base a judicial action under such circumstances upon the prospect of success. Justice Kelly, it was believed, believed that the granting of the appeal would only result in useless litigation.

District Attorney Weeks returned to White Plains immediately. He announced that he would turn a copy of the minutes over to the defense on Monday morning.

There is nothing else that the prosecutor can do to prevent the defense getting the Grand Jury minutes, but he will make a vigorous fight when they begin their expected move for the dismissal of the indictment. This move probably will be made by the defense early next week, providing inspection of the minutes upholds their contention that insufficient evidence was introduced by the prosecution to warrant an indictment for first-degree murder.

MORE FIGHTING IN SILESIA.

17 Germans and One Frenchman Reported Killed at Hindenburg.

BERLIN, June 30 (Associated Press).—Polish bands attacked the town of Hindenburg, Upper Silesia, but were repulsed by a German self-protection company with some losses, says a dispatch today to the Berliner Zeitung am Mittag.

The dispatch adds that when French occupation troops heard from the Poles that the Germans were occupying the northern part of the town, a violent combat ensued, with fatalities on both sides. French reinforcements were then attacked by self-protection patrols, and renewed street fighting occurred, after which the French retired to their barracks. The newspaper says 17 Germans were killed and the same number wounded, and that the French losses were one killed and three wounded.

SCOFFED ON ALIMONY CHECK

J. E. Cunningham Adjudged in Contempt by Washington Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—John E. Cunningham, wealthy clothier, who is suing his wife, Mrs. Lorena B. Cunningham, for an absolute divorce, and is being sued by her on a cross bill, was adjudged in contempt by Justice Bailey in the Equity Court today and was sentenced to a fine of $100 or thirty days in jail because, his wife said, he wrote the words "Go to hell" across the face of a check which he made out to her on an order requiring him to pay $400 a month temporary alimony.

AMERICAN SUICIDE IN PARIS.

Mrs. Louise Gomez, Once Wealthy, Kills Herself by Gas.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 30.—An American woman named Louise Cosido Gomez, born in Lafayette, Ind., in 1861, the widow of a Spaniard, was found dead in her apartment in the Rue Raynouard here today. She had committed suicide by means of gas.

She is said to have been once very wealthy, but had fallen into straitened circumstances and was in financial difficulties.

"AMERICA HOUSE" FOR SALE

There Is Talk of Making French Birthplace of the Name a Museum.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 30.—The house at St. Dié, in which in the sixteenth century the name "America" was first suggested for the newly discovered Continent, will soon be sold at public auction. The widow of Ambassador Robert Bacon, who was present at the commemorative festivities held in "the baptismal house" in 1911, had hoped to be able to make a gift to the City of St. Dié of the historic building, but the very heavy taxation of such gifts made the project impossible then.

The present owner intends to exercise his right to sell, and it is suggested that the house, instead of remaining in the hands of private owners, shall be used as a museum.

EBERT PROCLAIMS DRASTIC PENALTIES

Death or Life Imprisonment for Germans Aiding Anti-Republic Terror.

MURDER CAR OWNER HELD

Bavaria and Wurtemberg Oppose New Measures to Safeguard the Government.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 30.—President Ebert today promulgated a drastic supplementary ordinance as a result of the police disclosures connecting the Rathenau murderers with the secret "organization consul." Under the emergency clause of the Republican Constitution, Ebert ordained that "all persons who participate in meetings or associations which they know the purpose to be to eliminate by death a member of the Government or a member of a former Republican Government shall be punished by death or life imprisonment; likewise persons who financially support such associations or organizations."

This marks another important advance in the Wirth Government's offensive against reaction under the slogan "In Defense of the Republic."

The Rathenau murder and its political consequences have completely eclipsed the reparation problem, which undoubtedly will come to life again in the next few days. The barometric Boerse scents trouble. The official mark rate today reached the lowest level, 374 to the dollar.

Most of the Berlin papers did not appear today. The printers exploited the opportunity afforded by the Rathenau murder to demand far-reaching wage increases, strikes and lockouts resulting in the German newspaper world.

BERLIN, June 30 (Associated Press).—Chancellor Wirth and the members of his Cabinet discussed the problem of safeguarding the republic with the Premiers of the federated States for seven hours yesterday, and then adjourned their deliberations until today. An official communiqué stated that a majority of the visiting Cabinet heads favored immediate constitutional amendments covering the provisions contained in President Ebert's recent decree.

A majority of the delegates also agreed to dispense with the customary three weeks' limit conceded to the Imperial Council for its approval of new measures, and the final draft of the Law for the Defense of the Republic will go to the Reichstag early next week, according to the Government's present program.

As was anticipated, the opposition to the proposed measure emanated chiefly from Bavaria and Württemberg, whose Premiers informed the Chancellor that their Governments deemed the statute superfluous, as they were not menaced from any reactionary quarters. What success Dr. Wirth will have in persuading Premier Knilly and Premier Hellpach to be seen. Political circles are convinced that Bavaria will maintain her attitude, but believe that Württemberg can be won over.

At the request of the Berlin police, the Austrian authorities at Oetz, in the Tyrol, today arrested a Saxon industrialist named Kuezhenmeister, whose automobile, the police say, was used in the assassination last week of Foreign Minister Rathenau.

MAYENCE, June 30 (Associated Press).—Monarchistic propaganda is assuming grave proportions throughout Bavaria, and persistent reports indicate that Munich may become the reform centre of a movement calculated to re-establish the monarchy, with former Crown Prince Rupprecht on the throne.

MUNICH, June 30 (Associated Press).—Official quarters brand as "sheer nonsense" the rumors current in Berlin and elsewhere that a monarchy, under former Crown Prince Rupprecht, has been proclaimed in Bavaria. A communiqué has been issued stating that order prevails everywhere.

GERMAN PLOTS LAID TO SLAY LEADING JEWS

Max Warburg and Theodor Wolff Among Those Marked for Attack by Terrorists.

HAMBURG, June 30 (Associated Press).—The notorious "Consul" organization, according to the police, is responsible for the infernal machine plots which have terrorized Hamburg for the last few weeks. Former Lieutenant Warnecke, now under arrest, has been identified as the leader of the "murder and bomb squad" operating under instructions from the Munich organization.

Two leading politicians, editors and financiers of Jewish extraction were marked for assassination, among them Theodor Wolff, editor of the Berliner Tageblatt, and Max Warburg, banker, of this city. The attempt on the latter's life was to have been carried out last Tuesday, it is declared, a private detective named Niedrig, who is also under arrest, having been selected to pilot the murder car.

VISITS GRANDPA HYLAN.

Mayor's Grandson Calls at City Hall and Poses for Movies.

John Hylan Sinnott, the 14-month-old grandson of Mayor Hylan, got his first "close up" of municipal affairs yesterday when he called upon his grandfather at the City Hall. The baby, who was left in the care of the Mayor when his parents took a trip to Europe, is alleged to have gurgled happily when the Mayor sat him in the Mayor's chair and predicted that one day he would fill it officially.

The baby was taken over to the City Hall from the Mayor's Bushwick Avenue home in a limousine by Mrs. George O'Hara, a sister-in-law of the Mayor. Harry Latters, the Mayor's private chauffeur, carried the baby up the front steps of the Mayor's suite. With the baby in his arms, the Mayor posed for a photograph and then carried it to the west lawn in the park opposite his office where he posed for the movies. Later there was a reception, and the employes in the building shook the baby's hand, the Mayor grinning hugely meanwhile. With great care the Mayor returned the infant to the waiting automobile.

THREE MAGISTRATES NAMED

Earl A. Smith a New Appointee, Two Others Renominated.

The Mayor appointed a City Magistrate yesterday and reappointed two others. The new Magistrate is Earl A. Smith of 33 Fort Washington Avenue. He was appointed for a term of ten years, and will succeed Magistrate Charles N. Harris, who retired.

The Mayor reappointed Jesse Silverman of 428 East 140th Street, the Bronx, for a term of ten years, and Moses J. Ritzenberg of 99 East Fifty-eighth Street for a ten-year term.

City to Get $9,000,000 Share Of the State's Income Tax

ALBANY, N. Y., June 30.—New York City will receive as its share of the State income tax $9,497,177.85, and all counties outside of New York will receive a total of $4,852,822.15, according to an announcement today by the State Tax Commission. The checks for the various sums were mailed to the treasurers of cities.

In addition to the $14,000,000 distributed among the counties the State Treasurer receives a like sum, making the total distribution $28,000,000. This sum is somewhat smaller than that of last year, when $23,000,000 was sent out, but it exceeds the expectations of last year's Legislature, which estimated a falling off of 50 per cent. The actual loss, the commission points out, is approximately 15 per cent.

NINE ARE INDICTED IN BIG OPIUM FRAUD

Eight Individuals and a Warehouse Corporation Accused of Conspiracy.

VALUE OF DRUG $1,000,000

Released for Illicit Sale After Bogus Shipment of Bricks to Cuba.

Eight individuals and a corporation operating a warehouse bonded for the storage of drugs were indicted yesterday by the Federal Grand Jury for conspiracy resulting, according to Federal officials, in the defrauding of the Government out of $3,400 duty on drugs and the release from the warehouse of large stores of opium for illicit traffic in this city. The value of the opium involved was said to be more than $1,000,000 at "Chinatown prices."

The indictments were the result of raids several weeks ago on downtown opium resorts. Treasury Department agents got the evidence on which the indictments were returned yesterday to Judge Mayer.

The Anchor Warehouse, Incorporated, of 231 East Forty-seventh Street; Morris De Lucca, its President; Isaac J. Eltinger, a United States storekeeper at the warehouse; Themis Parlou, a manufacturer of embroideries on West Thirty-fourth Street; William J. Hardy, well-known among the sporting fraternity here and in Havana; Bernard and Gregorio Uriarte, wholesale druggists in Havana; Nick Karaca, former hotel proprietor and Steve Vallisidis, were named in the indictments. Herman L. Falk, Assistant United States District Attorney, said that the Grand Jury had not completed its inquiry.

"It is our belief," said Mr. Falk, "that men high in political circles in this city are involved in this conspiracy. We have not yet got to the bottom of it. The prosecution of these nine defendants may disclose the secret influences which we have reason to believe are behind the drug traffic conspiracy. Parlou, it is alleged, imported from Salonika, Greece, last Summer twenty cases of opium. Upon their arrival here the twenty cases, which came in two separate shipments, were placed in bond in the Anchor Warehouse on the representation that they were to be re-shipped to Mexico via Cuba. Instead of re-shipping the opium, the indictments allege, the men involved in the conspiracy shipped twenty cases of bricks to Havana, and distributed the opium taken from the warehouse for re-shipment to drug peddlers throughout the city.

Sardo, who was described by Mr. Falk as a ringleader in the plot, was held in $25,000 bail. Parlou was held in $5,000 bail and Karaca and Vallisidis were held in $1,000. Bench warrants will be issued for the others named in the indictments.

The Grand Jury recommended that the license of the Anchor Warehouse to store drugs and merchandise under bond for the Government be revoked.

ANTI-LYNCHING BILL FAVORABLY REPORTED

Committee's Action, by 8 to 6 Vote, Surprises Senate—Democrats Accuse Lodge.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Senate Judiciary Committee, to the surprise of the Senate, today by a vote of 8 to 8 favorably reported the Dyer Anti-Lynching bill, which permits the Federal Government to assume prosecution of lynchings when States fail or neglect to prosecute. It was fully understood that the Senate would allow this bill to die because it stirred up so much feeling during its progress in the House.

Those who voted to report it were Senators Dillingham, Brandegee, Colt, Sterling, Shortridge, Ernst, Cummins and Nelson. Those who opposed were Borah, Culberson, Overman, Reed, Shields and Walsh. Senator Reed, absent on a campaign, sent his proxy.

The subcommittee which has been considering the bill reported favorably for months, nothing was done, the Senators opposed to the measure having been assured by the Republican leaders that it would be better to allow it to rest in the obscurity of the office files.

Democratic leaders, who are against the proposal because of the troubles that would be encountered if the Federal Government interfered in States where such cases occur, charged today that Senator Lodge, the Republican leader, was responsible for the revival of the bill and its favorable report. They asserted that Senator Lodge, probably for the political effect it would have in Boston, had rallied enough Senators to its support to effect the action.

According to Democratic leaders, there was a strong pressure in Massachusetts for the bill. This pressure, they say, influenced the activity of Senator Lodge. In the opinion of Senator Borah and other experts on the Constitution, the bill is framed in unconstitutional form.

It is believed that the Senate can pass the bill before the November elections, if at all.

The bill as reported was slightly amended, but it anything the amendments serve the Federal Government more power to intervene when the States failed or neglected to prosecute in cases of lynchings. The amendment allowing the Federal Government to intervene does not require difficult evidence for neglect on the part of the States. It reads:

"Provided that it shall be charged in the indictment that, by reason of the failure, neglect or refusal of the officers of State charged with the duty of prosecuting such offense under the laws of the State to proceed with due diligence to apprehend and prosecute such participants, the State has denied to its citizens the equal protection of the laws, and that it will be necessary for the jurisdictional allegations here required shall be proved beyond a reasonable doubt, and it shall be sufficient that such allegations are sustained by a preponderance of the evidence."

White Plains Police Chief Retires.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 30.—Chief of Police John H. Harmon retired tonight after more than twenty years' service. Lieutenant John Joyce will succeed him as acting chief until Police Commissioner Jarvis appoints a successor. It is believed Joyce will be named.

TAXICAB MEN LOSE FIGHT ON BOND LAW

Federal Court Refuses to Declare It Unconstitutional or Grant a Stay.

CONCEDES A WEEK'S DELAY

No Arrests in That Period of Owners Under Act Effective Today.

ONE $1,000,000 BOND FILED

Black and White First Big Concern to Obey New Law—Hotel Men Favor Measure.

An application brought by William A. Packard, a taxicab owner, on behalf of himself and other taxicab owners, to have the new State taxicab bonding law declared unconstitutional was denied yesterday by the local Federal Court, which also refused to grant a stay to the operation of the law pending final determination of the action by the United States Supreme Court. The law becomes effective today.

Upon the

M'ADOO SHAKES UP COURT ATTENDANTS

Chief Magistrate, Without Warning or Comment, Transfers 29 Helpers.

THEN GOES ON HIS VACATION

Deputy Chief Clerk Thinks "Good of Service" Was Involved—New Summer Schedule.

Before leaving for his vacation yesterday, Chief Magistrate William McAdoo ordered the most thoroughgoing shake-up of the clerks, assistant clerks and attendants assigned to Magistrates' courts that the lower court force has ever experienced. Six court clerks, five assistant clerks and eighteen court attendants were affected by transfers which take effect today. Practically every Magistrate's Court in the city, with the exception of special courts such as the Traffic Court, was involved.

The Chief Magistrate ordered the transfers without comment and had no statement to make concerning them. The only reason that was assigned by Jay Finn, Deputy Chief Clerk, was "the good of the service." Magistrate McAdoo left early in the afternoon for Maine, after designating John E. McGeehan as Acting Chief Magistrate. Magistrate McAdoo will not return until September.

The transfers were as follows:

Clerks of the Court—Joseph A. Doran, transferred from Tombs Court to Jefferson Market Court; Edward T. Tyrrell, from Jefferson Market Court to West Side Court; Isaac Rice, from Essex Market to Harlem Court; John H. Hanan, from Yorkville Court to Tombs Court; Frank B. Masterson, from Harlem Court to Yorkville Court; Harry Mark, as acting clerk, from the West Side Court to the Essex Market Court.

Assistant Clerks—Daniel Quinn, from Yorkville Court to Women's Court; Thomas A. Church, from Harlem Court to Night Court; Morris Schwartz, from Harlem Court to West Side Court; William A. Hannon, Tombs to West Side Court; George H. Hall, acting assistant clerk, from Essex Market Court to Harlem Court.

Court Attendants—August Daum, from Essex Market Court to Night Court; Michael Jordan, from Essex Market Court to First Richmond Court, Staten Island; Joseph B. Gordon, from Yorkville Court to Harlem Court; John J. O'Brien, from Harlem Court to West Farms Court; William Kenny, from Harlem Court to Washington Heights Court; Asher Fleming, from Morrisania Court to Harlem Court; Edward J. McGuire, from Morrisania Court to Yorkville Court, assigned as an acting assistant clerk; Charles J. Schaefer, from West Side Court to Essex Market Court; Horace Marangelo, from West Farms Court to Morrisania Court; Louis Roth, from Night Court to Essex Market Court; Joseph Aronstein, from Night Court to Jefferson Market Court; Angelo Cannavaro, from Washington Heights Court to Yorkville Court; William J. Modolak, from Municipal Term Court, Manhattan, to Second District Court, Staten Island; Charles F. Mohrbeck, from First District, Richmond, to Essex Market Court; John Moyer, from Second District, Richmond, to Municipal Term, Manhattan.

The Summer schedule for Magistrates' Courts will go into effect today. The courts will be open from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. for week days, unless there is important work to be finished, in which case the sessions will continue up to 4 o'clock. There will be no adjournment for luncheon. The Night Court will be in session from 7 P. M. to 1 A. M.

CONFERENCE HELD UP AGAIN BY LIMA'S REPLY

Peruvian Government Has Evidently Demurred to Full Acceptance of Hughes's Compromise.

WASHINGTON, June 30 (Associated Press). — Prospects of an immediate agreement in the Chilean-Peruvian negotiations here encountered another setback today when the Peruvian delegation received a response from its Government to the Tacna-Arica compromise proposal of the American State Department.

The full import of the communication from Lima was not revealed, but it was apparent that it fell short of a complete acceptance of the compromise plan and involved considerations which at least would delay any agreement for several days. Tonight the delegation was again communicating with the Lima Foreign Office, however, and had not abandoned hope that the State Department's proposal might yet become the basis of a settlement.

Chile having already accepted the American formula, it is regarded as certain in conference circles here that Peru will not cause a serious hitch in the negotiations unless her officials, after most careful consideration, find that the plan is wholly out of accord with the Peruvian point of view.

One result of receipt of the Peruvian note here was to cause immediate cancellation of a project to reconvene the Washington conference tomorrow in the hope that a formal protocol could be agreed to without further delay. Advised by the Peruvians that no meeting would be possible before the first of the week, the Chilean delegates departed for a week-end at Atlantic City, with intimations that unless the situation assumed a more favorable aspect they might not return to Washington until after the Fourth of July holiday.

The belief in Peruvian quarters tonight appeared to be that a more definite reply from Lima might be received by Monday or Tuesday. Today's communication, it was indicated, required that further information as to the exact status of the negotiations be sent to Lima, and it was assumed that full advices were included in the cablegram forwarded tonight by the Peruvian plenipotentiaries.

HARDING GOING TO MARION.

President Plans to Spend Week at Home Town's Celebration.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Plans made by President Harding to return next week to the now famous "front porch" on the occasion of the celebration by Marion of the centennial of its founding were revealed today, and show that the Chief Executive expects to be absent a week from Washington.

The President, accompanied by a small party, which will include Mrs. Harding, General Pershing, Charles G. Dawes, the retiring Director of the Budget; Brig. Gen. Charles E. Sawyer, personal physician to the President, and George B. Christian Jr., Secretary to the President, is expected to leave Washington by automobile tomorrow afternoon. The return trip probably will be made so as to bring the President back to Washington a week from tomorrow.

Leaving Washington, the President and his party will go direct to Gettysburg, Pa., where late tomorrow he will witness the east coast expeditionary force of the United States Marine Corps re-enact Pickett's famous charge. The Presidential party will remain over night at the marine camp, a "Gettysburg White House" having been erected there for the party's use.

The trip to Marion will be resumed on Sunday and Sunday night will be spent at some city en route. The schedule, as prepared for the trip, will bring the President into Marion late on Monday. He is expected to remain there until Thursday, when he will motor to Columbus, spending most of the day and night there, and beginning the trip back to Washington on Friday.

Advices to Marine Corps headquarters from Gettysburg today indicated that the "White House" there was all in readiness for Mr. Harding and his party. The quarters consist of tents of varying sizes, supported by wooden framework. The tents are arranged in a semi-circle, with the quarters of the President in the centre. The Executive's lodgings are described as resembling a bungalow.

BURTON LETTERS INSPECTED

Counsel for Widow Cut Off in Will Review Documents.

Counsel for Mrs. Frank V. Burton, who is contesting the will of her late husband, a wealthy cotton merchant, began an inspection yesterday of about two hundred letters and other papers in the possession of executors of her husband's estate.

The letters and papers, according to the executors, were found by Burton in a trunk his wife had put in storage in his company warehouse. Burton cut his wife off without a penny in his will. He set forth in that instrument that he had made provision for her, and that she had made an agreement to give up all her rights in his estate.

46 MORE ALTMAN LEGACIES.

Executors of Late Merchant's Estate Ordered to Pay Claims.

Surrogate Foley signed an order yesterday with the consent of the executors under the will of Benjamin Altman, directing them to pay the claims of forty-six persons who were employed by B. Altman & Co. for a sufficiently long period to entitle them to legacies under his will. The executors had disallowed the claims of persons who, although they were in the Altman employ for the required time, were not in the service of the store continuously. The Surrogate ruled that continuous service was not necessary.

The claims allowed range from $1,000 to $3,125, making a total of $75,875. The claims of seven persons were not allowed.

90,000 GRADUATED AS SCHOOLS CLOSE

Honors Paid to Veteran Teachers Retiring After Many Years of Service.

5 BLIND PUPILS ON THE LIST

Two Summer High Schools, Playgrounds and Recreation Centres to Open.

The public schools of New York City, high and elementary, day and evening, closed yesterday for the season, and teachers and children have begun their Summer vacation, which will end in September next. The last of the commencement exercises were given yesterday.

Two Summer high schools, one at Washington Irving High School and the other at the Boys' High School, Brooklyn, will be conducted during the next two months. There will also be the usual number of Summer elementary schools, the playgrounds and recreation centres in the different boroughs.

Superintendent of Schools Ettinger will go to the National Education Association, which meets this month in Boston, and then spend his holidays in the mountains. His place will be filled during his absence by Associate Superintendents John H. Walsh and Clarence E. Meleney, who will divide the time between them.

It was estimated yesterday that about 90,000 had been graduated in the 600 high and elementary schools of the city. Among the graduates were six blind pupils, two in De Witt Clinton High School, one in Wadleigh High School, and three in the elementary schools in Manhattan, Brooklyn and the Bronx.

De Witt Clinton High School with its 7,000 students is the largest high school in the United States. It turned out 400 graduates. Washington Irving High School had 563 girl graduates. Public School 160, Manhattan, had 123. At Public School 40, the Bronx, the number was 210. The New York Training School for Teachers had 122, and Junior High School 62, Hester and Essex Streets, 600.

The closing days of the school term saw honors paid to veteran teachers who are retiring from the service, having reached the age limit. Among them were Principal Kate M. Stephens of Public School 125, Manhattan, who retires with pension credit for fifty-five years of service, and Miss Christine Roy, Principal of Public School 51, Manhattan, who has served for fifty-two years.

About 300 teachers, principals and supervisors in the city will attend the convention of the National Education Association in Boston next week. A number of the Brooklyn Teachers' Association will make a trip to the West.

LITTLE CRIPPLED GIRL AIDED BY KIWANIS CLUB

Austrian Victim of War, Now Virtually Cured, Thanks Members at Luncheon.

"You're all just wonderful," whispered Doris Eidelsheim, 10 years old, of 96 Sixteenth Avenue, as she stood on a table at a luncheon of the Kiwanis Club in Newark yesterday. There were tears in the eyes of the members, for they remembered her five months ago, a cripple on a board. They had her sent to the Hospital for Joint Diseases in Manhattan, and yesterday she returned, virtually cured, additional treatments for another two months being necessary.

Little Doris was a victim of the war. She and her family lived in Austria. When the Russian armies advanced, they had to abandon their home and flee. She suffered from malnutrition. When she and her family arrived in this country several years ago she was an invalid.

Members of the Kiwanis Club set aside a fund for crippled children. Doris's case was brought to their attention and she was the first to be selected.

GRADUATING CLASS HERE.

112 From Bethlehem (Pa.) High School Take in Sights.

Yesterday 112 boys and girls, the graduating class of the Bethlehem, Pa., High School, arrived in New York to spend two days in sightseeing. This trip has become a part of the commencement festivities, and each class for the past six years has come to New York for a trip. The fifty-four boys and fifty-eight girls are under care of G. E. Oswald, principal of the school, and his wife.

Before leaving tonight the young people will have made trips all over the city, including visits to the Stock Exchange, Wall Street, Columbia University, the Cathedral of St. John the Divine and other places. They are all staying at the McAlpin Hotel, and last night enjoyed a dinner dance at the roof garden there.

The entire trip costs each child but 50 cents a month for the ten school months, this being the class dues, amounting to $2 a year.

HINDU PLAYLETS ACTED.

Union of East and West Performance at the Cloisters.

Three playlets by Hindue authors were presented yesterday by the Union of East and West at the Cloisters of Saint Guilhem, Fort Washington Avenue and 190th Street. The Union, which endeavors to draw the East and West nearer through sympathetic understanding, gave in a unique manner the following dissimilar program: "The Maharani of of Arakan," a romantic comedy, and "The Farewell Curse," by Rabindranath Tagore; and "Savitri," a lyrical drama, by K. N. Das Gupta, who also directed the plays.

The terrace at the rear of the old church served as the stage, while the audience sat in a picturesque garden shaded by trees and surrounded by crumbling pillars and the ruins of yesterday. The cast was composed of both Hindu and American artists. The same program will be repeated today at 5 o'clock.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Blossom Time" will interrupt its engagement at the Ambassador tonight and will resume at the same theatre after a vacation of about a month for the company. Two companies will play "Blossom Time" on tour next season, while the original organization remains in New York.

Dolly Connelly will join the "Pinwheel Revel" at the Earl Carroll next Monday night.

"The Inevitable" will open in Asbury Park on July 10.

Bide Dudley's musical comedy, "Sue Dear," will come to the Times Square Theatre a week from Monday. "Strut Miss Lizzie" will be transferred to another theatre.

Alexeir Archangelsky, musical adviser of Bellaff's "Chauve-Souris," will arrive in New York on the Latvia today.

Isabelle Lowe and Creighton Hale will head a company that will act "Little Old New York" and "Just Suppose" in San Francisco and Oakland this Summer.

Edward Ellis is retiring from "The Bat," at the Morosco, after ninety-seven consecutive weeks.

GEN. CHUN, YALE 1912, LEADS CHINESE ARMY

Attack on Sun's Force About to Begin—Chen Offers to Support Sun for President.

CANTON, June 30 (Associated Press). —The hostilities which Dr. Sun Yat-sen, President of the overthrown Canton Government of China, has been promising as a result of his ousting from that city, seemingly are about to begin, but the aggressor, it appears, is to be Sun's conqueror, Chen Chiungming, rather than Dr. Sun.

Chen, it is reported, has sent a regiment of men under the leadership of a brigadier general, Chun Wing-sen, to attack about 6,000 of Sun's troops who have been operating some distance southwest of Canton. Chun, who is a Yale graduate, in a statement yesterday declared that Chen had refrained from action up to the present because he desired to have any aggression that might develop come from Sun.

Latest advices indicate that the navy still is loyal to Sun, but Chen is reported to entertain no fears that it will attack Canton, largely because of his faith in his artillery, which is stationed along the river over which the ships would have to operate.

It is reiterated that Chen has offered Dr. Sun safe conduct out of Canton, and this safe conduct now has been made to include Sun's more immediate followers. Chen, who several times has indicated his regard for South China and his belief that it must be represented adequately in any Government set up for the whole of China, has offered to finance a political campaign to place Dr. Sun in the Presidency of the new Government when it is proposed shall be set up. Dr. Sun has declined the offer, and the terms of his refusal as recited here seem to indicate he prefers to rely on force of arms to replace himself in power and perhaps to gain the general leadership of whatever new Government may come.

Canton is quiet, but there are rumors of lawless aggressions but guerrillas, owing allegiance to no recognized faction, which are causing some alarm among the merchants.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 30.—Brigadier General Chun Wing-sen, who was reported to-day as marching with a regiment against Sun Yat-sen's troops southwest of Canton, graduated at Yale University in 1912, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Chun is a member of the Ah Fong family of Honolulu.

SHANTUNG PARLEYS BEGIN.

Chinese and Japanese Discussing Terms of Restoration in Peking.

PEKING, June 30 (Associated Press). Another of the projects set afoot at the Washington conference is taking definite shape in the Far East. Delegates representing China and Japan are meeting formally here to discuss the return of Shantung to China, and from indications thus far the spirit of the Washington meeting is to rule the negotiations.

The conference was opened yesterday with an address by Dr. C. T. Wang, Chairman of the Chinese committee for rehabilitation of Shantung, in which he said that the proceedings would be conducted in that spirit. Katsuji Debuchi of the Japanese delegation in his reply said that Japan under the guidance of Premier Kato, who took a leading part in the Washington conference, intended to fulfill the terms of the agreement reached at Washington literally and fully.

Mr. Debuchi declared that Japan would restore Shantung to China without reservations.

The Chinese delegates agreed to talk under consideration the establishment of a free zone for foreigners at Tsing-tao, which the Japanese requested.

The negotiations are expected to continue for several months.

JAMAICA CHECKS CHINESE.

Large Immigration Causes Government to Apply Literacy Test.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, June 30.—The Government has determined rigidly to enforce the literacy test against Chinese. Steamship companies have been warned of this and have informed their foreign agents.

The Legislature wants the Government to impose a tax of £400 on each Chinese. The question is exercising the community greatly owing to the recent large influx of Chinese.

GET KEY TO CHATTANOOGA.

Business and Professional Women to Convene There July 10.

Mayor A. W. Chambliss of Chattanooga, Tenn., has sent an elaborate key of that city to Lena Madesin Phillips, Executive Secretary of the National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, Inc., and to Elisabeth Sears, editor of The Independent Woman together with a greeting to all New York delegates who will attend the fourth annual convention of the federation at Chattanooga on July 10. The key is attached to a message signed by the Mayor and various organizations.

The local delegates will leave for Chattanooga on a special car on July 8. Among these will be Elisabeth Sears, President; Lena Madesin Phillips, National Executive Secretary; Paula Laddey, National Treasurer; Edyth Charlick, Margery Lacey-Baker, Emma Hirth, Elisabeth Toombs, Montanye Perry, Genevieve Parkhurst and Marjorie Shuler.

RUSSIAN BANDIT KILLED.

Antonoff, Who Fought Reds for Years, Shot at Home Near Tambov.

MOSCOW, June 30.—Alexander Antonoff, probably the most notorious Russian bandit chieftain, who for several years kept thousands of Red army troops in active warfare against him in the Saratov and Tambov districts, was caught today, together with his brother, Dimitrove. Both were shot and killed by the State police.

They had been hiding for several months in a small village near Tambov. Their house was discovered by the police and surrounded. A battle ensued, the police finally setting fire to the house, forcing the two brothers to emerge. They were shot while fleeing toward the woods in the neighborhood.

COUGHLIN VERDICT REDUCED

$60,000 for Fall in Park Row Building Is Cut to $35,000.

Supreme Court Justice Marsh, who heard the suit of John Coughlin against the Park Row Realty Corporation, owner of the Park Row Building, for $250,000 damages because he fell to the bottom of the sidewalk elevator shaft, reduced the jury's verdict from $60,000 to $35,000 yesterday. The Judge said he believed the jury acted under the influence of sympathy, prejudice or mistake, and that an award of more than $35,000 would be excessive.

Pickford Divorce Again Upheld.

CARSON CITY, Nev., June 30.—The State Supreme Court of Nevada here to-day denied a petition of Attorney General Leonard B. Fowler for a rehearing of his action attacking the divorce granted to Mary Pickford from Owen Moore, both motion picture stars. The Supreme Court recently upheld the divorce.

PARK ARCH OPPOSED BY SCENIC SOCIETY

Whalen-Wanamaker Proposed Structure Better Fitted for a Street, Says Statement.

BATHING POOLS OFFENSIVE

Would Detract From a Great National Institution Which Draws Many Visitors.

The memorial arch and other features of the so-called Whalen-Wanamaker plan for the use of the site in Central Park on which the lower reservoir now stands are opposed by the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society, of which Dr. George F. Kunz is Chairman. The society is the custodian of a number of memorial parks and places of recreation.

A statement issued by the society said, in part:

"This society is opposed to the plan of the Mayor's War Memorial Committee to place a memorial arch with a swimming pool and other accessories of extensive athletic sports on the site of the old Croton Reservoir in Central Park. The site is inappropriate for a triumphal arch, the traditional significance and use of which would dictate that it be placed in a thoroughfare. A large architectural structure like an arch is out of place in a rustic park like Central Park, in which the monuments, like the statues now there should be kept subordinate to and not dominate the natural surroundings.

"A swimming pool, with the concomitants of a bathing beach, would be offensive in such a place, and unnecessary when a five-cent fare will take people to the ocean or Sound for bathing. Extensive athletic sports which would attract large and noisy crowds are foreign to the purpose of Central Park, which was created for rest and quiet.

"Moreover, Central Park is a great municipal asset of more than local significance. It is a national institution. The beautiful avenues and parks of the city are among its greatest attractions to visitors. They draw people from all over the United States, and frequently are the reason for foreigners remaining here a longer time than they otherwise would."

DRUNK FROM MEDICINE, CAR HITS GIRL; 60 DAYS

Defense of Glass Merchant Draws Wrath of Court and Sentence to the Workhouse.

Justices Salmon, Healy and Herrman decided in Special Sessions yesterday that if a man acquires a jag from medicine containing 20 per cent. of alcohol he shouldn't operate a motor vehicle in the public streets. Rudolph Flegel, 40 years old, a glass merchant of 1,549 Forty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, was convicted and sentenced to sixty days in the workhouse for operating his car while intoxicated.

James J. Wingate Jr. and his wife of 380 West 119th Street told the court that on Feb. 4 Flegel's car knocked down a little girl at the corner of Manhattan Avenue and 119th Street and that at first Flegel refused to take the child to a hospital.

Flegel set up the defense that his condition was due to medicine that had been prescribed by his family physician. The physician corroborated his explanation with the statement that he had prescribed a draught containing 20 per cent. of alcohol for the defendant.

"This is one of the most aggravated cases that have come into this court," declared Justice Salmon in imposing sentence. "The brutality with which you treated the people who tried to aid the injured child is inconceivable. An example has to be made of intoxicated automobilists who make the streets unsafe."

SUES FATHER'S WIDOW.

Heir to $250,000 Estate Asks Removal as Trustee.

Daniel Joseph Garry of this city got an order from Surrogate Cohalan yesterday directing Mrs. Delia Daly, now living at 28 Kenilworth Park, Dublin, to show cause why she should not be removed as trustee under the will of her husband, Thomas Garry, father of the petitioner, who died in 1894. The petition, submitted by Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, states that Mr. Garry is sojourning at Greencroft, Dublin, and that his father left him $150,000. The will set aside $150,000 more, the income of which was to be paid to the widow during her lifetime or until her remarriage.

Garry states that his father's widow made a tour of the world and settled down in Ireland, where she remarried in 1896. He sets forth that by her marriage she forfeited her American citizenship. He states further that when she found that she had lost the income of the $150,000 by her remarriage she refused to sign any papers concerning the estate unless compensated. The estate now amounts to $251,394. It goes to Garry's children upon his death. Garry asks that the Bankers Trust Company be named.

CAPT. THENEAULT IS COMING

Commander of Lafayette Escadrille to Be Attache in Washington.

PARIS, June 30 (Associated Press).—Captain Georges Theneault has been appointed French Military Aviation Attaché at Washington.

Captain Thenault was Commander of the Lafayette Escadrille from the time of its formation in April, 1916, until it disbanded in January, 1918. He recently published a book entitled "The Story of the Lafayette Escadrille." He will sail for America July 15 on the steamship France.

Coalitionist Elected as M. P.

LONDON, June 30.—The by-election in East Nottingham yesterday, consequent upon the death of Sir John Rees, resulted in a victory for J. P. Houfton, the Coalition Unionists candidate, who received 10,404 votes. It was a three-cornered contest. W. Jones, co-operative Labor candidate, received 5,431 votes, and W. Graham, Independent Liberal, 4,065.

MUSIC NOTES.

Summer night "sings" and band concerts on the Mall in Central Park will be resumed tomorrow under the auspices of the New York Community Chorus, led by Harry Barnhart.

Lorenzo Camilleri has called the People's Chorus of New York for Summer practice next Thursday evening and Mondays and Thursdays thereafter at the High School of Commerce.

Susan Ida Clough will sing in Herbert's "American Fantasie" during Independence Week at the Rivoli. Bizet's "Agnus Dei" will be played at the Rialto; Alex Charnyavsky gives Rachmaninoff's G-minor prelude at the Strand.

The Speyer Junior High School of Columbia University gave "The Beggar Student," with a cast all under 12 years, at the parish hall of Corpus Christi Church in 121st Street last evening.

Lost and Found

Rate 65 cents an agate line. Advertisements for tomorrow received up to 12 P. M. today. Telephone Bryant 1000.

BRIEF CASE—Lawyers', containing papers of no value to any one but owner; left by taxicab taken at 72d St. and Broadway. Liberal reward paid on return to Belais, 600 East End Av.

STOCK CERTIFICATES—In New York mail robbery, Oct. 24, 1921, a registered package containing one certificate, No. D81533, for 5 shares United States Rubber Co. 1st preferred stock, in name of Harvey A. Cook, & / and one certificate No. 2167558, for 3 shares of Northern Pacific Railway common stock, in name of Max Friedlander. Send any information concerning whereabouts of above-named securities to Hamilton G. Wills & Co., Ltd., 40 Exchange Place, New York, N. Y.

STOCK CERTIFICATES—Two certificates of Canadian Pacific Railway stock, registered in the name of Charles Robert Beatty, Bellingham, British Honduras; certificate No. AT21051, for 10 shares; certificate No. 3241602, for 15 shares. Finder please phone John 2966.

CHECK—Lost, among other things, check, Bayside National Bank. Person finding same please return to 192 Adams St., Brooklyn, and receive reward $5. No questions asked.

STOCK CERTIFICATE—U. S. Rubber Co. common stock certificate A130910, 5 shares, issued to Fort Wolth A. Ford, care of Morgan & Wright, Detroit, Mich.

TYPEWRITER—New portable Remington, lost from truck en route Broadway, 8th Av., to 4th Av.; $10 reward. Phone Wall, Flatbush 8144.

Jewelry.

BROOCH PIN, small jeweled, between 143d St., Riverside Drive, 151st St., and Hamilton Terrace; sentimental attachment. Please return A. Scancwska, 12 Hamilton Terrace. Reward.

BROOCH—Lost between 90th and 97th Sts., Park Av., a brooch; reward. Butler, 27 East 90th.

DIAMOND SOLITAIRE RING—Lost Thursday, between 98th and 42d Sts., west side; suitable reward. Telephone Schuyler 1060.

DIAMOND STICK PIN—Lost between Worth and Leonard Streets, about noon Wednesday; liberal reward; owner, N. A. Ferguson, 91 Worth Street, Franklin 0230.

ELGIN GOLD WATCH—Lost between Fort Lee Ferry and Pompton, N. J.; chain, gold medium and knife; initials "R. P. M."; reward. Dr. R. P. Mumm, Bellevue Hospital.

FRATERNITY PIN—Thursday, initials C. E. J.; lost between Prospect Park and Times Square. Reward. Phone Prospect 7116.

GOLD CIGARETTE CASE—Lost between 42d and 57th Sts., with owner's name, M. B. Stoneliff Jr., engraved inside; $25 reward. Phone 17th Stuyvesant 0878.

PLATINUM RINGS, 3 AND 1 WRIST WATCH—Lost Wednesday morning, 9:41 train, Long Beach to New York; $100 reward. N. Prachter, 22 West 38th. Phone Fitzroy 6160.

PLATINUM BRACELET—Set with sapphire lost on train from Far Rockaway to New York; reward. N. E. Palter, 254 Beach Av., Far Rockaway.

RING—Sapphire ring, diamond studded, platinum setting, lost in Louis's Restaurant, West 49th St., Thursday evening. Betty Stevens, 39 Oakwood Av., Bogota, N. J. Reward.

SCARF PIN CASE (gold)—Lost Wednesday, 6:30 tea, Ritz-Carlton Broadway, 46th to 54th and West End; liberal reward. G. Hersig, 1 West End Av.

STONES (3), turquois surrounded with diamonds, two-carat single stone; lost Thursday; reward. Liggetts, Grand Central.

WRISTLET, diamond cluster, lost on Madison Av. car near Grand Central or in station. Reward at 106 East 52d St.

ZETA PSI FRATERNITY PIN—Lost June 23d; reward. Lasker, Bryant 9000.

$300 REWARD

for return of bracelet containing about 80 diamonds, lost June 30, between East 36th St. and Park Av. and 59th St. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$150 REWARD

for return of gold and ruby bracelet lost June 26, between Summit, N. J. and Pier 7, Brooklyn. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

$350 REWARD

for return of diamond bracelet watch, lost June 17, between East 53d and West 52d. C. Bennett, 15 William St. Broad 3764

Wearing Apparel.

BOX, PAPER WRAPPED, CONTAINING 2-PIECE MOHAIR SUIT—Lost on 5th Av. elevated station at 42d St., Thursday, June 29. Reward, A. D., 158 East 40th St.

NECKPIECE—Russian sable, Pekin. Tuesday, Gimbels; reward. Herbert Well, Hotel Hamilton, west 73d St.

SABLE NECK PIECE and Umbrella—Lost (wrapped (orange and black). Call Lafayette 8178, Bayside.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

COLLIE, female, half clipped. Reward, return to F. H. Lederer, 106 West 127th St., New York City.

DOG—Lost, small white Sealyham terrier with one black ear, red collar, marked W. Caldwell; substantial reward. Notify Dr. A. Fuller, Woodmere, L. I. Tel. Woodmere 3004.

Found.

DOG—Collie, brown and white, name Bruce; reward. Dr. Alexander, 885 West End Av.

LAUNCH—One 18-ft. gasoline, No. 221, found in Jamaica Bay. Apply to Captain Jamieson, Dredge Lyons, Howard Beach, Long Island.

PUPPY—Found, female, white, six months old. Side-a-Wee Home, 410 East 50th.

PURSE—Describe purse, contents and where left. 187 N. Y. Times, Brooklyn Branch.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

MESSINGER HAS SOLD GROCERY, 1218 18th Av., Brooklyn, to Sigmund Nadel. Those present bills to Morris Halle, 5,622 Av., Brooklyn, before July 7, 1922, for SAM MESSINGER.

TAKEN OVER CANDY STORE OF 1226 St.; creditors meet not later 4 P. M. BRICKA.

SEVERED CONNECTION WITH Wet Wash Laundry. Thos. F.

CARE LET US HEAR FROM mother is sick. NATHAN (Brother).

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Evgs. 8:30. LAST TIME TO-NIGHT EDDIE CANTOR in MAKE IT SNAPPY With HAL SKELLY. Beginning THURSDAY SPICE of 1922 Revue. Ambassador 49th St. E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Last Mat. Today. LAST 2 PERFORMANCES BLOSSOM TIME. BELMONT W. 48th. Bdy. 50th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom. & Thurs. THE BIG HIT! KEMPY with Grace Hayes and Phil Baxter. FULTON 46 St., W. of B'way. Nights at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. ANNE NICHOLS' New Comedy Success "ABIE'S IRISH ROSE" FROM MORN TO MIDNIGHT FRAZEE Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. TIMES SQUARE W. 43d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. MIDNITE SHOW THURSDAY, 11:30. STRUT MISS LIZZIE With CREAMER & LAYTON. 7th MONTH—BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. DOVER ROAD With CLAIR CHERRY. SEASON'S GREATEST COMEDY. REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Tom. 2:30. LAWFUL LARCENY

Dir. F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST. Gallery's Chauve-Souris From Moscow—Direct from London—Paris. NOW AT CENTURY ROOF THEATRE. Entrance on 62d St. Phone Columbus 8300. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Tues. 2:30. ASTOR Thurs. 45th & B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wednesday, 2:30. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in The Comedy Classic Plymouth W. 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Last Mat. Today. 2:30. EUGENE O'NEILL'S "THE HAIRY APE" SELWYN 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Tom. 2:30. No Mat. Monday. BARNEY BERNARD and ALEXANDER CARR in Comedy "PARTNERS AGAIN" HE WHO GETS SLAPPED GARRICK 65 W. 35th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. NATIONAL 44th St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30. THE CAT AND THE CANARY MATINEES TO-DAY AND JULY 4TH. MOROSCO 45th St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30. THE BEST MYSTERY PLAY IN TOWN. THE BAT 2nd Year

MOTION PICTURES.

RIVOLI B'way at 49th St. JACK HOLT in "White Eagle Sleeps." A Paramount Picture. NEW KEATON COMEDY. Rivoli Concert Orchestra. Beginning Tomorrow—WALLACE REID in "THE DICTATOR."

RIALTO B'way at 42d St. RODOLPH VALENTINO and AGNES AYRES in "THE SHEIK." A Paramount Picture. Rialto Concert Orchestra. Beginning Tomorrow—JACK HOLT in "WHILE SATAN SLEEPS."

WILLIAM FOX presents THE GREAT AMERICAN FILM! Silver Wings with Mary Carr in Person at Each Performance. RIVOLI, WEEK AND FOR AMERICANS

APOLLO West 42nd St. Twice Daily 2:30 & 8:30.

LYRIC THEATRE, WEST 42ND ST. TWICE DAILY, 2:30-8:30. WILLIAM FOX presents THE GREATEST OF ALL SCREEN SPECTACLES "NERO" Staged by J. GORDON EDWARDS.

CAMEO 42d St. & B'way. Dir. B. S. MOSS. John Barrymore in 'Sherlock Holmes' "GO SEE IT."—N. Y. World.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Cont. Noon to 11 P. M. METRO PICTURES CORP. PRESENTS VIOLA DANA in "The $5 BABY"

PLAZA Mad. Ave. and 58th St. William DeMille's Production of ZONA GALES "MISS LULU BETT" and "The Gray Dawn." Tom'w: Tom Mix in "THE FIGHTING STREAK"

LOEW'S STATE B'way & 45th St. 11 A. M. to 12 P. M. TOM MOORE and Betty Compson in "Over the Border" HARRY HINES Grant & Hyler, others.

CAPITOL B'way at 51st. Rupert Hughes' "The Wall Flower" Capitol Grand Orchestra.

MARK STRAND B'way & 47th St. OSCAR WILDE'S "A WOMAN OF NO IMPORTANCE" Strand Symphony Orch.

CLOVER GARDENS DANCING 100 HOSTESSES and INSTRUCTORS. EVERY NIGHT 8:30. SAT. & SUN., 2:30 and 8:30. Gentlemen $1.00. Ladies 75c. GRAND CENTRAL PALACE 46th St. and Lexington Avenue

STEEPLECHASE CONEY ISLAND. The Funny Place. Surf and Pool Bathing

LUNA Pryor's Band ENTIRE SEASON. CONEY ISLAND Free Dancing. Free Circus.

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK Opposite W. 130th St. Ferry. 20 New Attractions. Salt Water Surf Bathing NOW OPEN.

Richard Barthelmess speaks Sunday night Chelsea Meth. Church, 178th St., W. of B'way.

NEW AMSTERDAM, W. 42nd St. Evs. 8:30. POP. MAT. TODAY. ZIEGFELD FOLLIES. EARL CARROLL THEA., 7 A. 6 St. Mats. Today & Thurs. RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S PIN WHEEL with FRANK FAY and MICHIO ITOI. BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. "Miss Ulric's Performance as Kiki is the most finished piece of acting of the season." DAVID BELASCO presents LENORE ULRIC as KIKI. HARRIS W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. 45th Week "SIX CYLINDER LOVE" ERNEST TRUEX. By Wm. Anthony McGuire. MUSIC BOX W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. IRVING BERLIN'S "MUSIC BOX REVUE" With Collier, Florence Moore, Joe Stanley, Ivy Sawyer, Rhapsody Holmes, Sally Ward. Staged by Hassard Short. CORT Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. WALLACE EDDINGER "Captain Applejack" MARK SWICK TIME TONIGHT Walter Hackett. Good Morning Dearie Musical Comedy. GLOBE Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. Sensation at the Globe. Holiday Matinee Tuesday, West Week. $250. COHAN LAST MAT. TODAY ED. WYNN "The Perfect Fool" 46th ST. MUSIC HALL, B'way & 51st. SHUFFLE ALONG Mats. Today, 2:30. 2ND YEAR—THE ORIGINAL CAST.

STADIUM SYMPHONY CONCERTS. N. Y. PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA. HENRY HADLEY, CONDUCTOR. Every Evening, Beginning Thursday, July 6th. LEWISOHN STADIUM. AMSTERDAM AVE. and 138TH ST. PRICES, 25c., 50c., $1.00.

BENEFIT. CURATIVE CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL. FRED STONES. Wild West Circus and Motor Hippodrome. MINEOLA FAIR GROUNDS. (RAIN OR SHINE) ONE DAY ONLY. THIS afternoon AT 2:15. All Ticket Agencies and Globe Theatre.

COLUMBIA PARK, North Bergen, N. J. Mammoth Pool | 60 Acres of Bathing Pleasure. Amusements. Cheapest & Safest. 20 minutes from Times Square. Now Open. Direction of Geo. Amsbeck.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

A HOME HOTEL. No private home could give more privacy than Hotel Hamilton gives—and certainly not half the service. Now leasing for fall occupancy. Summer rates for transients. HOTEL HAMILTON. 140 West 72nd Street.

HOFBRAU. FAMOUS RESTAURANT. QUAINTEST PLACE IN AMERICA. Jonssen wants to see you. BROADWAY & 30TH ST. Luncheons-Dinners, Beefsteak Parties

HOTEL THORNDYKE. 208 West 56th St. 2 Rooms With Private Bath. Why Look Further? Unusually low summer rates. Full

PRODUCTION ROSE STEADILY IN JUNE

Federal Reserve Board Reports Drop in Unemployment and a General Upward Trend.

PRICE ADVANCE CONTINUES

Improvement Is Most Marked in Basic Industries and Highly Finished Manufacturing Lines.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—In its review of business conditions for June, the Federal Reserve Board reports a steady increase in production, a decrease in unemployment, which has created labor shortage in farm districts and some branches of the steel and building industries, and a general trend toward better times.

"The outstanding features of the economic development during the month," the Board declared, "have been the continued and noteworthy increases in the physical volume of production and a continuance of the advance in prices noted for the month of May, the wholesale price index number of the United States Bureau of Labor statistics showing an increase of five points for that month."

Attention is called to the fact that prices in Great Britain also showed an increase, the index number prepared by the Federal Reserve Board for international comparison advancing four points, as compared with an increase of nine points in the similarly constructed number for the United States.

"An increase in production," the review continued, "is noted in highly finished lines of manufacture as well as in basic industries. The advance has been especially marked in iron and steel and industries which are large consumers of iron and steel products, such as automobiles, foundries, machine shops, &c. May copper production was 265 per cent. of that of May, 1921, and showed a very large advance over the preceding month. Zinc output also increased, while stocks were less than half those at the close of May, 1921."

Building activity has continued, the board says, practically unabated, the value of contracts being about 50 per cent. larger than for the corresponding period last year.

Decided improvement was shown in tanning, and moderate improvement in the output of boots and shoes. Wholesale groceries and hardware showed a satisfactory advance and compared favorably with sales of a year ago. In dry goods and shoes a seasonal recession was reported, but the business in most of the Federal Reserve districts did not vary greatly from that of last year. The retail trade for many months was in excess of that of a year ago.

General employment conditions, the board reported, have taken a very decided turn for the better. Most of the larger cities reported an increase. An advance in average weekly earnings in New York factories is accepted by the board as a significant indication both of the increasing scale of operations in some establishments and also of increased rates of pay in certain lines in which labor shortages have developed.

"In some lines a scarcity of labor is now reported, as for example in the steel and building trades," the review continues. "While unemployment still exists, especially in those industries such as coal and textiles, where labor troubles prevail, figures furnished by the United States Employment Service and by various State departments of labor show marked reductions in numbers out of work."

"Most staple crops have shown improvement during the past month and the appearance of abundance finds the farming community as a whole anticipating fully average yields. In some parts of the country unfavorable weather has delayed or impaired prospects, but the general situation is favorable. Car loadings on lines of railways serving agricultural districts show a very material advance even though the new crop has not begun to move in quantity. Railways which have suffered most severely in business are those which are largely dependent upon coal for the bulk of their traffic.

"Of fundamental interest has been the continued downward tendency of discount and money rates. In the New York market the charge for call funds has been as low as 2½ per cent. Rates for commercial paper have also tended distinctly downward. During the month the Federal Reserve banks of New York and Boston reduced the discount rate to 4 per cent. The Bank of England has also reduced its rate to 3½ per cent. Federal Reserve bank portfolios show little change, also indicating a declining tendency, while member bank loans have shown but moderate alteration. The outcome of the International Bankers' Conference at Paris was unfavorable to the movement of exchange toward higher levels and limited recessions have occurred in nearly all of the European currencies. Foreign loans have continued to be placed in this market in considerable quantities. The latest export trade figures show a small shrinkage in the volume of exports, while imports have increased materially."

KATLIN TO STAND TRIAL.

State Senator Held in $500 Bail on Assault Charge by Policeman.

State Senator Abraham L. Katlin of the 11th District, Brooklyn, living at 175 Hewes Street, Brooklyn, was released yesterday in $500 bail for trial in the Court of Special Sessions by Magistrate O'Neill in the Coney Island court, on a charge of assault made by Traffic Policeman Charles Kerrigan of the Coney Island station. The defendant made a complaint charging Kerrigan with assault, but this was dismissed by the court.

Senator Katlin was arrested on Surf Avenue, Coney Island, on June 18. He had driven his machine into a restricted place and was ordered away by Kerrigan, who alleged the Senator refused to go and that when he got on the running board to serve a summons Katlin pushed him off while the machine was in motion. His testimony was corroborated by several witnesses.

PELLETIER TO RUN AGAIN.

Will Seek Re-election as Suffolk County District Attorney.

BOSTON, June 30.—Joseph C. Pelletier, recently removed as District Attorney of Suffolk County, announced today that he would be a candidate for that office at the election next Fall.

"I shall run as a Democrat," he said. "I shall not be a stalking horse for anyone else in the race for the office. I am in the fight to stay."

After his removal Pelletier was disbarred from the practice of law in Massachusetts courts, and the Legislature passed an act providing that only a member of the bar could be elected to the office of District Attorney.

MOLTEN IRON ENCASES MAN.

His Body Will Be Buried in Its Metal Shroud.

PHILADELPHIA, June 30.—A flood of molten iron poured over Andrew Polanski, a laborer in the Midvale Steel Works, in such a manner today that his entire body was encased in hard metal when cool air reached it. It will be necessary to bury him in that condition.

The iron was shrinking beneath a furnace when a plug loosened.

WANTS HIS OWN BANK DECLARED BANKRUPT

Pennsylvania Concern Has $230,000 Overdrafts in $547,000 Balance Sheet.

SCRANTON, Pa., June 30.—John M. Shugert of Bellefonte, Centre County, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today in the Federal Court here, asking that himself and the Centre County Banking Company be declared bankrupt.

His statement shows that the bank, a private institution, has liabilities of $547,847 and resources of $337,436.

Among the resources are overdrafts of $230,104.66 and promissory notes of $53,700.

Mr. Shugert asks that four of his partners be served with notice to file bankrupt copy petitions. He alleges that they have refused to join with him, although they know the banking company is insolvent.

His partners were named as George R. Meek and Mary C. Harris, Bellefonte; Florence F. Dale, Hasleton, and Andrew Breese, Downington. Avina Harris, Bellefonte, who died recently, was also a partner, he declared.

MESSAGE FROM "J. SMALL."

Note in Bottle in Lake Ontario Confesses Three Murders.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 30.—"Oh God, forgive me for my sins. I have killed three people. J. Small," scribbed on the back of a confectionery label and found floating in a bottle in Lake Ontario off Manitou Beach by a fisherman today, has given Sheriff Henry W. Morse another mystery for solution. The bottle, with the note, was turned over to the Sheriff by William Popp of Braddock's Point, who says he found it early today when he was pulling his nets about a mile and a half from the shore.

The note was scribbed in poor, cramped handwriting and wrapped about a small stick of wood which had been thrust into the bottle. The cork had a string through it, to which was attached a small pearl-handled penknife, inside the bottle. The bottle bore the name of a Chicago soft drink manufacturer. The label on which the note was written was imprinted with the name of a Toronto confectionery firm.

The authorities here are attempting to ascertain whether the mysterious note has any connection with the disappearance of Ambrose J. Small, the Toronto millionaire theatrical man, whose case has baffled the police of many cities for more than two years.

QUITS AS MURDER SCRIBE.

After Recording 500 Confessions N. Birchall Gets New Post.

Nathan Birchall Jr., who in the last fourteen years had recorded confessions and statements of more than 500 persons accused of murder, yesterday resigned as official stenographer in the Homicide Bureau of the District Attorney's office to become secretary to Justice Sidney Crane in the Municipal Court.

Mr. Birchall lives at 9 Northern Avenue, Washington Heights. He was known in the District Attorney's office as the man without office hours. He kept a motorcycle in his home for night emergency calls, and, under an order of the Police Department, he was the first official of the prosecutor's staff to be notified of a slaying, at any hour of the day or night.

District Attorney Banton, in the presence of the members of the Homicide Bureau, thanked Mr. Birchall for his loyalty to the office and presented him with a brief case from the staff as a token of esteem.

DEFENDS HIS FILIBUSTER.

Voigt Says It Cost Nothing but Electric Light Bills.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Representative Voigt, Republican, Wisconsin, in a statement today defended his action in conducting single-handedly a filibuster in the House early this week for several days and also denied accusations that the filibuster had cost the Government $281,000 a day.

"My filibuster did not cost the Government a cent except possibly a charge for electric lights during two night sessions," said Mr. Voigt. "The members of the House and all employes are on an annual salary basis, which was not increased or decreased by the filibuster. It makes no difference so far as House expenditures are concerned, whether it is in session one hour or ten hours each day. It is not too much, in my opinion, to ask that at least one-half the membership of the House shall be present attending to their official business when legislation is under consideration.

QUESTION RESERVE BOARD.

Senate Seeks Facts on Distribution of Glass Speech.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Senate late today agreed to a resolution by Senator Heflin, Democrat, of Alabama, requesting information from the Federal Reserve Board and the reserve banks concerning distribution of copies of a speech by Senator Glass, Democrat, of Virginia, in which the latter made a defense of the reserve system and criticised Senator Heflin's frequent attacks on the reserve board.

The resolution specifically requests the reserve board to call upon all reserve banks except that at Atlanta, which already had supplied the information, to furnish the Senate with information as to the number of copies of the Glass speech distributed, by whom they were distributed, and by whom they were paid for, as well as the amount paid.

JEWISH BOY'S PLEA DENIED.

Surrogate Refuses to Appoint Baptist Preacher as Convert's Guardian.

Surrogate George A. Wingate of Brooklyn yesterday denied the application of Harry Bucalstein, 16 years of age, of 836 Osborne Street, a Jewish boy who has adopted the Christian faith, for the appointment of the Rev. Edwin Halloway, pastor of the Wadsworth Avenue Baptist Church, Manhattan, as his guardian.

"The question of changing religious faith by one so immature as the petitioner is not within the province of this Court to determine, nor is it the tribunal to which to review decisions of the learned Justice of the Children's Court," Surrogate Wingate wrote. "The application is denied."

Bucalstein is now in the custody of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, having been adjudged an incorrigible child.

RICHARD CANFIELD GUILTY.

To Be Sentenced Today for Disturbing Peace of Hollywood.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 30.—Richard Canfield Jr., heir to a million dollars and son of one of the nation's best-known gamblers, was found guilty late this afternoon of having disturbed the peace and serenity of Hollywood. Judge Chambers, who made his decision after hearing the testimony of seven witnesses, whose slumber was disturbed by a party held in Canfield's home on the nights of June 3 and 4, will sentence the young man tomorrow.

The witnesses told of hearing loud and boisterous laughter, screams, profanity, the music of ukuleles, a victrola and a piano, and of seeing and hearing various other things.

BOY IN JAIL FINDS IT'S A GOOD WORLD

Homeless Youth, Who Stole a Grip When Starving, Gets Freedom and a Job.

WEEPS AS PRISON FADES

His Benefactor Vouches for Him and Promises to Be a Father to Him.

When Ralph Kay, 17 years old and homeless, was arraigned before Judge Johnstone in General Sessions yesterday he expected a heavy sentence on his plea of guilty to the attempted theft of a suitcase about a month ago from an automobile at Broadway and Astor Place. He had spent more than three weeks in the Tombs, during which he had put on considerable flesh from the prison fare and had seen many malefactors cross the Bridge of Sighs to the Criminal Courts building to receive severe prison terms.

Ten days before, when he pleaded guilty before Judge Johnstone, nobody seemed to be interested in him as he was hurried back to the Tombs. He held out a little hope of leniency that afternoon when a probation officer called on him in his cell and asked him all about himself. He told the probation officer that he was born in Philadelphia; that his mother died when he was 2 years old and, because his father was a sailor in the navy, he was placed in an institution.

He was shifted from one institution to another until about six months ago, he said, when he was released to make his home with an aunt at 322 North Lawrence Street, Philadelphia. Things happened, he added, which caused him to decide that it was necessary for him to go into the world, and he rode on a freight train to this city about six weeks ago.

He could find no work. He walked the streets in the daytime and slept in doorways and park benches at night. On the day he attempted to steal the suitcase he was desperate from hunger. He was too weak even to carry the case after he had pulled it out of the automobile, and that alone was the cause of his arrest.

The kindness of the probation officer and a few cars which he elicited every detail of his story from young Kay led the boy to entertain a faint hope that possibly he would not be punished as severely as some of his fellow-prisoners had predicted. This hope was dispelled by another prisoner, however, who cynically said to him:

"Don't let that fellow kid you; that's the old stuff they give all of us. He's just holding down a fat job when he's doing that."

The probation officer did not tell him that all the questions asked him were the outcome of Judge Johnstone's secret orders that the boy's past be investigated. Judge Johnstone, it developed, was struck with the boy's appearance when he pleaded guilty and became convinced he was not a youth of criminal tendencies.

The probation officer checked up on young Kay's story. He found it to be true in every detail. He made a lengthy report to the Court, and then Judge Johnstone asked District Attorney Banton to interest himself in the boy's case. Mr. Banton, it happened, was to address the United Irish Counties Association that night. He recited the story of the boy's miserable life, and asked: "Is there anybody here who is willing to gamble on the chance that this boy is worth saving?"

"I will," was the prompt reply of Patrick J. Collins of 205 East Thirty-eighth Street, who is the President of the association. "Turn him over to me, and I'll not alone get him a good job, but I'll be a father to him."

Mr. Collins was in court yesterday when Mr. Banton, to the boy's surprise, asked Judge Johnstone to suspend sentence. Young Kay broke into tears as the District Attorney told the Court that Mr. Collins was ready to stand sponsor for the boy's future good conduct. Judge Johnstone acquiesced in young Kay's release, and then Mr. Collins, throwing his arm over the boy's shoulder, started with him for the Conley Tinfoil Company's plant at 551 West Twenty-fifth Street, got him a job at $15 a week and found him a home.

Korona Carried Mixed Crew.

MADRID, June 30.—The Peruvian Consul General here today declared that not a single Peruvian was aboard the Peruvian steamship Korona, whose crew mutinied during the vessel's voyage from New York to Cadiz. The Consul General said the crew consisted of two Chileans, eight Greeks, four Arabs, seven Americans, fourteen Spaniards, an Esthonian, an Englishman, a Dane, a Swede and an Austrian.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Adventist

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTIST TEMPLE, 120th St. and Lenox Av.
CARLYLE B. HAYNES, Pastor.
Today: Sabbath School, 9:30. Services, 11.
Sunday Night: "GOD'S PURPOSE FOR AMERICA AND AMERICA'S FAILURE TO FULFILL THAT PURPOSE. AMERICA'S IMPENDING DESTINY."

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, West 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Ave.
Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATTON, D. D.
10:30—"Fullness of Life."
12:00—Sunday School & Adult Bible Classes.
7:00—Christian Endeavor Society Meeting.
8:00—"The New Infidelity in Baptist Theological Seminaries."
MUSIC BY SEMI-CHORUS.
All Seats Free. We have no rented pews.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, S. E. Cor. 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. Dr. DAVID LEE JAMISON of Albany, N. Y., will preach on Sunday at 11 A. M.
No Evening Service.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, W. Brway and 76th St.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
Preaching 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by REV. W. WILSON TUCKER, D. D.
Mark's Bible Class 10 A. M. Invited.
HORACE L. DAY, Teacher.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AV. AT 31ST ST.
GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D. D., Minister.
Every Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
A SERIES OF SUNDAY EVE. SERMONS ON "PILGRIMAGES TO SACRED SHRINES."
JULY 2—THE LINCOLN MEMORIAL, WASHINGTON.

PARK AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH (Formerly Fifth Avenue Baptist).
Park Av. and East 64th St.
Dr. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, Minister.
Rev. GERALD B. SMITH, D. D., Chicago University, preaches at 11 A. M.
Bible Class for men and women, 9:45 A. M.

Christian Science

FIFTH CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, A Branch of the Mother Church, the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.
Services: Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.; Wednesday, 8 P. M., in the new Church edifice, 9 East 42d St. Reading room, Fistfire Building.

THIRTEENTH CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, 21 West 82d St. Sunday, 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. Wednesday, 8 P. M. Reading Room, Loew Bldg., Broadway and 42d St.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE CHURCH, Broadway and 56th St.
Rev. Chas. E. Jefferson, D. D., Pastor.
BISHOP LUTHER B. WILSON will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday, 8 P. M., Midweek Service.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

Disciples of Christ
(Christian)

New York's Fighting District Attorney,
JOAB H. BANTON,
on
"CHRISTIAN CITIZENSHIP."
TOMORROW, 11 A. M., at the CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 143 West 51st Street.

Divine Science

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST, REV. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Pastor-Assistant.
Sunday, July 2, 11 A. M. Speaker: Rev. HENRY VICTOR MORGAN.
Subject: "Faith and the Fourth Dimension."
Healing Meetings on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at Noon.

Interdenominational

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH 602 EIGHTH AVE., AT 44TH ST.
FOUNDER, REV. A. B. SIMPSON.
REV. ELMER R. FITCH, ACTING PASTOR.
SUNDAY SERVICES
10:45 A. M. AND 7:30 P. M.
DR. M. CURRIE
OF TORONTO, CANADA,
WILL PREACH AT BOTH SERVICES.

SUMMER SERVICES METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE, UNITING WITH SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
96th Street and Central Park West.
Rev. William Allan, 11, "Is Your Life as It Ought to Be?" 8, "The Influence of a Book."

Jewish

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, 5th Av. and 43d St.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M., Dr. Enslow on "The Jew in America, His Privileges and Obligations: A Sermon for Independence Day."
Friday Evening Service, 8:30 o'clock.
Daily Noon Service, 12:30 o'clock.
All are welcome.

Lutheran

ADVENT, Broadway and 95d St.
11, Dr. Steimle, "A Mountain Trip."

HOLY TRINITY, 65th St., Central Park West.
The Rev. William Press. Services 11.

ST. JAMES'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., at 73d. Dr. Ramenshyder, 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal

RICHARD BARTHELMESS speaks at Chelsea, 178th, west of Broadway, at 8 P. M. Dr. Reisner also speaks at 8 and preaches at 11 A. M.

GRACE, West 104th St.
FREDERICK BROWN HARRIS, Minister.
11 A. M.—"A Declaration of Dependence."
7:45 P. M.—Fred B. Smith, "America and World War Prospects."

OLD JOHN STREET, 44 John St.
Service 11 A. M., FRANCIS B. UPHAM, D. D.
The Mother Church of American Methodism.

MADISON AV. CHURCH, 60th St., Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph. D., Rev. CLELAND B. CARN, M. A., Ministers.
11 A. M.—Rev. Leland P. Cary.
8 P. M.—Rev. Leland P. Cary.

ST. JAMES
Madison Av. and 126th St.
Dr. GEORGE L. MOCKRIDGE, Minister.
11 A. M.—Rev. Samuel W. Graffiin.

New Thought

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE, 222 WEST 72D ST.
Sun. 11:15—"Invisible Helpers," Mrs. Madalene Mensel.
8:15—Community Fellowship.
"Realising Prosperity," Mr. Eugene DelMar.
Daily Noon Meetings, Self Help Talks.
Wed. Evening, Mrs. Henrietta H. Clarke, 8:15 Thurs., Dr. Charles Addison Hahn, "The Automatic Consciousness."
Sat. 8:15—League Applied Psychology Club, "The Psychological Meaning of Symbols," by Frank S. Tolmes, D. D.
Summer School of Divine Science Conducted by Rev. Henry Victor Morgan. Daily 8 P. M. and 8:15 P. M.

SOCIETY OF JEWISH SCIENCE, Rabbi MORRIS LICHTENSTEIN, Leader.
Healing hours, 2-6 daily, 610 West 165d St.
Lecture Wednesday evening, 8:30. Y. W. H. A., 31 West 110th St. Services Sunday morning during July and August, in Far Rockaway.

MRS. MARY CHAPIN,
COMMODORE HALL ROOM, 11 A. M.
"A GLORIOUS LIBERTY."
All Are Welcome.

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers { Henry Sloane Coffin, Jr., Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
Rev. Hugh Black, D. D., will preach at 11. NOONDAY SERVICE every weekday (except Tuesday and Saturday) at 12:20.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Rev. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister. Rev. Wilson Aull, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street.
Rev. DWIGHT W. WYLIE, D. D., LL. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Preaching by Dr. Edgar F. Hill, Secretary of the Board of Education.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Av. and 55th St.
Ministers { Rev. JOHN KELMAN, D. D. Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph. D.
DR. ROBERT E. SPEER, Secretary Board Foreign Missions Presbyterian Church, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
10, Bible Class for Men and Women.
At 4, Organ Recital by Harry Gilbert.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Av., 11th and 12th Sts.
Ministers, { Rev. George Alexander, D. D. Rev. Henry S. Pomfret, D. D. Rev. Thomas Guthrie Speers.
9:45 A. M.—Sunday School.
11:00 A. M.—Dr. Alexander.
8:00 P. M.—Lawn service (weather permitting). Mr. Bryan.
Mid-week Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

FORT WASHINGTON,
Broadway at 174th St.
Rev. JOHN McNEILL, Pastor.
Rev. JOSEPH McNEILL of Birmingham, Ala., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St.
Edgar Whitaker Work, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Rev. Chas. L. Goodell, D. D.

HARLEM-NEW YORK CHURCH, Mt. Morris Park West and 122d St.
Dr. FREDERICK W. EVANS, Pastor.
Union Service at Reformed Church of Harlem at 11.

Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church, corner South Oxford St., Brooklyn. (Take Brooklyn subway express to Atlantic Ave.) Dr. Charles R. Brown will preach at 11 and 7:45. Clinton Av. Congregational Church, uniting.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast corner 73d St.
Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Rev. William T. Elsing, D. D.
8 P. M.—Dr. Elsing.
Evening Service on Roof (take elevator).

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Park Av. and 85th St.
Tertius Van Dyke, Pastor, 11 and 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 73d Street.
Rev. Daniel Russell, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Dr. Russell.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Amsterdam Av., cor. 105th St.
Dr. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, Pastor.
Dr. William Hiram Foulkes preaches 11 & 8.

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Amsterdam Av. and 86th St.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M., preaching by Rev. C. SIDNEY GOULD, D. D. Topic: "Working Together."

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Avenue and 112th Street.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Very Rev. Howard C. Robbins, D. D., Dean of the Cathedral.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Robert Ellis Jones, D. D., Canon Bureau of the Cathedral.
Daily Service—7:45 A. M.

Protestant Episcopal

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector
11—Rev. Charles W. Nanman.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, D.D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion and sermon.
8 P. M.—Preacher (Rector).

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and Tenth Street.
DR. SLATTERY, Rector.
Holy Communion, 8 A. M.
Holy Communion and Sermon (Rev. Samuel M. Shoemaker Jr.), 11 A. M.
Later Evensong (Rev. Samuel M. Shoemaker Jr.), 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST, 5th Av. Above 46th St.
REV. H. V. B. DARLINGTON, Rector.
Services 8 and 11 A. M. Preacher, REV. HERBERT C. GLOVER, Strangers Welcome.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 6TH AVENUE AND 20TH STREET.
SUNDAY, 8, 9:30, 11 AND 12.
WEEKDAYS, DAILY, 12:20.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, Madison Av. and 35th St.
Rev. H. Percy Silver, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion. Sermon by REV. C. M. BELDEN.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, 9th Av. and 127th St.
Services 8 and 11 A. M.
Rev. A. R. MIBOURG, D. D., Rector.
Cooling apparatus now in operation.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Park Avenue and 51st St.
SPECIAL SUMMER SERVICES
EVERY SUNDAY
at 8:30 and 11 A. M.
Preacher, Rev. William H. Garth, Rector, St. Mark's Church, Islip, N. Y.
Full Choir. Seats Free.
Anthem: "In Heavenly Love Abiding" Parker.

ST. IGNATIUS, West End Av. and 87th St.
Masses 8, 11.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, Madison Av. and 71st St.
Rev. Frank Warfield Crowder, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion and sermon.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St.
Low Masses, 7:30, 9. Missa Cantata and Sermon (Fr. Pierce), 10:45. Vespers, 4.

ST. MARY'S, Lawrence St. (Amsterdam Av. and 126th St.)—8, 9:30, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. CHARLES B. ACKLEY, Rector.

Church of St. Matthew & St. Timothy, 22 West 84th St.
Rev. A. R. JUDGE, D. D., Rector Emeritus.
Rev. FREDERICK BURGESS Jr., Rector.
8 and 11—Rev. Francis J. H. Coffin.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th St., Near B'way.
Dr. SEAGLE, Rector. Services 8-11.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. & 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8, 11 Rev. Lyman P. Powell, D. D.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION, 1 East 29th St. Dr. HOUGHTON, Rector.
HOLY EUCHARIST, 7, 8 and 10:30 A. M.
CHORAL EVENSONG, 8 o'clock.

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK.

THE MIDDLE CHURCH,
Second Avenue and Seventh Street.
Rev. Edgar Franklin Romig, Minister.
Rev. Roscoe M. Giles Jr. will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street.
Rev. David James Burrell, D. D., Minister.
Rev. Oliver Paul Barnhill, D. D., will preach 11 A. M. "What Ails the U. S.?"
8 P. M.—"Counsel of a Veteran to a Recruit."

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, Fifth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street.
Malcolm James MacLeod, Minister.
Church Closed During Month of July.

THE WEST END CHURCH,
West End Ave. and Seventy-seventh Street.
Rev. Henry Evertson Cobb, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—Rev. Norman A. McMurray will preach.

THE ST. WASHINGTON CHURCH, Fort Washington Ave. and 181st St.
Rev. Irving H. Berg, D. D., Minister.
Rev. Robert W. Searle will preach at 11 A. M. Subject: "Justice for Our American Wounded."

HAMILTON GRANGE, Convent Av. & 140th.
ARTHUR FREDERICK MARON, Minister.
SERVICES AT 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M.

THE HARLEM REFORMED,
Harlem-New York Presbyterian and Mt. Morris Baptist Churches co-operating. Services at the Harlem Reformed Church, 11 A. M. Rev. John S. Moore. No evening service.

Society of Friends

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS—Meetings 11 o'clock, 140 East 20th St., Manhattan, and Washington and Lafayette Aves., Brooklyn.

Theosophy

AT 1133 BROADWAY.
N. Y. Lodge Theosophical Society, Theosophical Lecture Every Tuesday Evening at 8:30. Lending Library. Theosophical Literature on Sale. Public Cordially Invited.

Unitarian

ALL SOULS' CHURCH,
Fourth Av. at 20th St.
Dr. WILLIAM L. SULLIVAN, Minister.
Service at 11 A. M., with Sermon by The Rev. WALTER R. HUNT of Orange
VISITORS CORDIALLY INVITED.

WEST SIDE UNITARIAN CHURCH.
Rev. Charles Francis Potter, Minister.
230 Cath. Parkway (110th) at B'way, 11 A.M.
"THE PHILOSOPHY OF MARK SABRE."
A critical study of the hero of "IF WINTER COMES."
Tues. July 4, INDEPENDENCE DAY, 8 P.M. COMMUNITY PATRIOTIC MEETING. Special music. Address on "WHAT IS AMERICAN LIBERTY?" New Voters especially invited.

Y. M. C. A.

MR. MILTON W. SUTTON,
"The A. B. C. of the Constitution."
West Side Y. M. C. A., 4 P. M. 318 W. 57th.

Other Services.

AT TENT EVANGEL, 110TH ST. AND AMSTERDAM AV.
DR. J. E. CONANT
NOTED CHICAGO EVANGELIST AND BIBLE TEACHER, SUN., 4 & 8, AND EVERY NIGHT NEXT WEEK EXCEPT SATURDAY. SUNDAY SUBJECT, 4 P. M., "MAY THE CURRENT AND LAWFUL ATTEND PRIZE FIGHTS, CABARETS, DANCES, CARD PARTIES AND MOVIES?" AT 8 P. M., SUBJECT, "WHAT IS THE SIN AGAINST THE HOLY GHOST?"

DIVINE SERVICE.
MISS MARKWELL
COLONIAL ROOM, HOTEL McALPIN,
SUNDAY AT 11 A. M.
Topic "ACTIVITY"
Audible Treatment.

ANITA CAROLYN HOUSE,
Ghost Talk
EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON at 2:30 P. M. on
"THE LAWS OF WEALTH."
Scientific Right Thinking and Healing. Knox Building, Fifth Av. and 40th St.

DELMAR D. BRYANT, noted psychologist and alchemist, lectures at the "League for the Larger Life," 222 West 72d St., Tuesday, Thursday, Friday evening, 8 o'clock, classes.

CHINATOWN.
The Boston Sunday, 614 Chinese Theatre, 5-7 Doyers St., Who Awaits Gospel Service Nightly, 10 P. M. Rev. J. Newman, Pastor.

PAUL P. CASE,
Lecture Sunday, 8 P. M.
Class Monday, 8:15 P. M.
Subject: "Consciousness—Its Origin, Nature and Purpose."

Congregational

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street, Near Newell Durfee Hillis, Pastor.
11 A. M.—Patriotic service. Dr. Hillis's theme, "The increasing influence of the Republic." Edward Price Bell of London, will plead for a Better Understanding Between United States, Great Britain and Ireland.

NEW YORK.

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For Adults. Rhinebeck, N. Y.
Only 2 hours from city. Camp freedom; hotel accommodations. Great meals. Bathing in large lake and swimming pool; boating, fishing, tennis, handball and all other summer sports. Dancing. Special Director. Young, refined crowd. Reasonable.
4TH JULY SPECIAL RATES: Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, $15 in tents; $17 in spacious Lodge.

BYRAM LAKE HEALTH FARM, GREENWICH, CONN.
IDEAL FOR REST AND RECUPERATION. An hour from 42d St. Central. Preferred by patrician patronage. Sports. Home-grown produce. Medical attention. Special diets. Attractive rates. N. Y. office, 121 E. 60th St. Plaza 4972.

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Beautiful Lake Mahopac, N. Y.
Lake Mahopac Lodge, directly on water, boating, bathing, fishing; best dancing pavilion in County; rooms all with running water, baths. Reasonable rates, day, week, month.

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In the Hills of Rockland County.
Beautiful scenery, restful surroundings, refined environment; excellent table; West Shore (hour); West Nyack; taxis at station. Phone Nyack 10487. Special accommodations, attractions for children.

UNITED STATES HOTEL
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LELAND STERRY,
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ASBURY PARK HOTEL INFORMATION Sent Free. Write City Bureau, 200 Boardwalk. State fully what you want.
FOUT HOUSE—Asbury Ave., cor. Grand. Beach two blocks; rate $20 up.
"THE VIRGINIA" 315 6th Ave., one block from ocean; excellent table; reasonable.

MASTER'S NOTICE.
In the Supreme Court of Ontario.
Judicial Sale of Assets of TOBACCO HOLDINGS, LIMITED.
TOBACCO HOLDINGS, DOMINION, LIMITED.
TOBACCO HOLDINGS, ONTARIO, LIMITED, and
OTTO R. BRENNER, LIMITED.
In the matter of TOBACCO HOLDINGS, LIMITED; in the matter of TOBACCO HOLDINGS, DOMINION, LIMITED; in the matter of TOBACCO HOLDINGS, ONTARIO, LIMITED; in the matter of OTTO R. BRENNER, LIMITED, and in the matter of THE WINDING-UP ACT BEING CHAPTER 144 OF THE REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, 1906, AND AMENDING ACTS.
Sealed tenders will be received addressed to the George H. Kilmer, Esquire, Master-in-Ordinary, Osgoode Hall, Toronto, Ontario, and marked "Tenders in the Matter of Tobacco Holdings, Limited, et al.," up to twelve o'clock noon of Monday, the 24th day of July, 1922, for the purchase of certain assets of the above Companies, consisting of 300,000 shares of the capital stock of United Cigar Stores, Limited, a Company having its Head Office in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, Canada, and incorporated under Letters Patent of the Dominion of Canada, dated the 27th day of October, 1921. The said 300,000 shares are ordinary shares having a par value of $5.00 each.
Tenders will be received for the said 300,000 shares of stock en bloc, as well as for blocks of not less than 1,000 of the said shares of stock. All tenders must state the money price tendered per share.
The purchaser must satisfy himself as to the existence and value of the assets hereby advertised for sale, and as to the validity of the Liquidators' title thereto, and shall not be entitled to rely on any statement made by the Liquidators in this advertisement or otherwise.
The Purchaser must accept such rights as are possessed by the Liquidators.
TERMS OF SALE.
Deposit of thirty per cent. cash or by marked cheque with tender. Balance of purchase price to be paid to the Liquidators at Toronto within three months after mailing of notice of acceptance of any tender. All cheques must be made payable to the Joint Order of the under-mentioned Liquidators.
If any Purchaser whose tender is accepted fails to comply with any of the above-stated conditions of sale, his deposit will be forfeited to the Liquidators as liquidated damages. Each tender must contain an address to which notice of acceptance may be mailed. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. The cash or cheque accompanying each tender will be returned without interest if such tender is not accepted.
If in the course of the liquidation permits, shares of the Companies in liquidation, tendering for any of the said 300,000 shares of stock hereby offered for sale, may, by arrangement with the said Liquidators, sanctioned by the Court, be allowed to offset against the balance of purchase price on any accepted tender amounts which may be found due them by way of dividend or otherwise in the course of the winding up of the Companies in liquidation.
The tenders will be opened at the office of the Master-in-Ordinary, Osgoode Hall, Toronto, at twelve-thirty o'clock in the afternoon of the 24th day of July,

Public Service Company of Northern Illinois

First Lien and Refunding Mortgage 5½% Gold Bonds, Series "A"

DUE JUNE 1, 1956.

The net earnings of this well known utility company are more than twice the amount of the interest on its funded debt.

We recommend these bonds as an unusually fine investment.

Denominations $100, $500 and $1,000.

Price to yield about 6%

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50 American Exch. Nat'l
50 Bank of America
25 Chemical National
60 Columbia Trust
50 Corn Exchange
25 Fifth Avenue
100 Garfield National
50 Importers & Trad. Nat'l
50 Metropolitan Trust
35 National Park
50 Peoples Trust
100 Public National

We Will Sell
50 Bank of New York
100 Chatham & Phenix Nat'l
40 Corn Exchange
50 Cosmopolitan
100 Farmers Loan & Trust
10 First National
100 Lawyers Title & Trust
50 Mechanics & Metals Nat
200 Nat'l Bank of Commerce
50 National City
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Advance in Light Trading, Bonds Firmer—Exchange Higher Except in Berlin.

General recovery in the stock market but with business reduced to barely one-half the recent average, a distinctly stronger tendency to bond market prices, and a rise in exchange rates on every important point except Berlin, marked somewhat more definite tendencies yesterday than have recently prevailed. Perhaps the most interesting single movements of the day were the rise of sterling exchange to a rate nearly 3 cents above last Monday's low level of reaction, the fall in the German mark to a new "low-record price" of 26/100-one-hundredths of a cent, and the further advance of the fourth Liberty 4¼ per cents to 100.30, considerably the highest price yet reached by this typical war loan.

Sterling's recovery has this time followed so closely the action of that market after each of the recent reactions from a high "objective point," that interest is likely to be excited in the question whether the often-predicted continuous decline on approach of Autumn may not fail to materialize. It is probably too early as yet to say. The movement of the mark is not at all mysterious; foreign indemnities, balance of trade and currency inflation have alike explained it in advance. The bidding for the long-term Liberty bonds is a consequence, not so much of purchases for "mid-year reinvestment" as of replacement of capital dislodged by recent retirement of short-term Victory loans.

Yesterday's advances on the Stock Exchange were irregular in scope and distribution. Mostly, they seemed to indicate merely repurchases by recent professional sellers. The recovery was hardly a matter of the current news; for, although the railway shares were strong, the industrials led the market. Mexican Petroleum closed lower; at one time it touched a price 10½ points below last Monday's highest.

Reports on the condition of trade, when made at what the merchant community sometimes calls the "turn of the year," are apt to be both prospective and retrospective. As regards prediction, however, the present week-end reviews of the mercantile agencies are once again distinctly non-committal. Reference to the general "feeling of optimism" in business circles has become familiar in recent weekly reports, but curiously little has appeared regarding concrete expectations of merchants and manufacturers for the Autumn. That some perceptible change is occurring in the state of industry, however, seems to be indicated. The "new and rather unexpected phase of the situation" embodied in the "increasing number of reports from widely separated points of growing scarcity of labor, skilled and unskilled," with "competitive bidding for workers heard of in isolated instances," shows at least the trend of things.

One of the week-end reviews speaks of certain markets which have "developed characteristics which were familiar in war times," meaning that "premiums offered for prompt deliveries are being heard of more frequently." It is easy to overrate the significance of these symptoms; most of them, up to the present time, have resulted from conditions peculiar to the industries concerned—uncertainty over the fuel supply for steel mills in the near future, for instance, and the fact that available labor supply at some industrial centres had been depleted during the idle period by departure of workers to other and busier localities. Nevertheless, when all such allowance is made, the fact remains that it is now at least two years since any reports of this character have come from the field of industry. In that respect at least, they are a sign of the times.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1922.

Call loans on Stock Exchange after opening and renewing at 4½ per cent. moved to 5, and later to 5½, before the session closed, an advance of 1½ per cent. over Thursday's final. In the early part of the day outside loans were arranged at 4 per cent., but coincident with hardening of inside rate offerings were withdrawn. Time money continues nominal, hardly little if any offerings under 4 per cent., with actual trading at 4¼ for 90 days. Commercial credit markets were firm, with discounts on eligible acceptances and merchants' paper unchanged.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Thursday's Last.
4½	5½	4¼	5½	4

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	4
4, 5 and six months	4@4¼
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	4
4, 5 and 6 months	4@4¼

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	4@4¼
Other names, 4 to 6 months	4¼
Commercial paper, 60 days, Federal Reserve Bank	4
Commercial paper, 15 days, 4; 16 to 90 days	4
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4; 16 to 90 days	4

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances	4
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:	Bid. Asked.
30 days	3¾ 3
60 days	3¾ 3
90 days	3¾ 3
4 months	3¾ 3
5 months	3¾ 3
Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days	3½ 3½

London Market.

Money on London market 1¼ higher at 3 per cent., short bills unchanged at 2¾ per cent., and three months' 4@3-16 lower at 2¼@2 5-16 per cent.

Gold bullion 7d lower at 98s 7d. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation for gold would represent a price of 110⅞ at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 113⅝, on Jan. 3. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 113⅝, on Feb. 8, 1920; the lowest 107⅝, on June 7, 1922.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $861,800,000; balances, pay, $60,000; Federal Reserve Bank credit balance, $58,900,000; clearings a year ago, $940,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London unchanged at 34½d. New York price for domestic silver was quoted yesterday at 59⅝c per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver 1c higher at 79½c.

Range of prices for silver bullion for the year to date:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	37d May 31	34d Feb. 16
New York	69⅝c May 31	59⅛c Feb. 16
London	37d May 31, 1921;	24d Dec. 21
New York	70⅛c May 31, 1921;	50c Dec. 21

TICKER DECISION UPHELD.

Dow, Jones & Co. Win Suit Over Incorrect News Bulletin.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court upheld yesterday the decision of Supreme Court Justice Tierney dismissing the suit of Gaston Jaillet against Dow, Jones & Co., because he sustained a loss on stocks due to an error by which the ticker service on March 8, 1920, sent out a statement that the United States Supreme Court had held that stock dividends were income, whereas the decision was to the contrary.

The Jaillet case was brought as a test and was dismissed by Justice Tierney on the ground that while the ticker concern was obligated morally to send out only the truth, the law does not impose a liability for failure to do so unless it constitutes a breach of contract or amounts to deceit or libel. The Court found that the error was not intentional and that Jaillet had no contractual relations with the ticker company.

SANCTIONS M., K. & T. SALE.

Judge Sanborn Signs Decree and Dissolves Receivership.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 30 (Associated Press).—The receivership of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company was dissolved this afternoon when Judge Sanborn of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals signed a decree authorizing the sale of the road for not less than $38,000,000. The decree was entered by security holders.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Market Firm, Rates Slightly Higher—German Mark Continues Weak and Lower.

German marks continued lower again yesterday, going into new record ground for the third successive day at 26/100 hundredths of a cent. None of the Central Europeans followed the course of the mark, in fact Czecho. and Finland rates were firm.

Other European exchanges ruled steady, starting francs, lire and guilders moving fractionally above Thursday's level. Particular strength was noted in the Scandinavians, Norwegian krone advancing twenty points to 16.65 cents. Far Easterns and South Americans were in demand and slightly higher.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1922.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Wednesday's Final.	Thursday's Final.
LONDON	4.02⅝	4.00¾	4.01¾	4.01⅞
PARIS	8.42⅜	8.38¼	8.38	8.38
ROME	4.73	4.67	4.69	4.69¼
AMSTERDAM	38.50	38.40	38.45	38.40
BERLIN	.26⅞	.26⅛	.26¼	.27¼
MADRID	15.56	15.54	15.56	15.58

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, the countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

	First Day.	Second Day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par, $4.8665, per sovereign.				
Demand	4.01⅞	4.01¾	4.04¼	3.72⅝
Cables	4.02⅛	4.02⅛	4.04½	3.73⅛
Com. 30 days	4.00¾	4.00¾	4.02⅞	3.69¼
Com. 90 days	3.97⅞	3.97⅞	3.99⅝	3.66¼
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	8.38	8.38	8.40	8.62
Cables	8.38½	8.38½	8.40¼	8.62½
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.68	4.69¼	4.72	4.91
Cables	4.68¾	4.69	4.72½	4.91½
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	7.93¾	7.93¾	8.00	7.97
Cables	7.94	7.94	8.00	7.97½
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.26⅞	.27⅛	.25⅞	1.34⅝
Cables	.27	.27⅛	.26¼	1.35⅛
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0258	.0267	.0266	.1814
Cables	.03	.03	.03	.18
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	1.21⅞	1.21⅞	1.23	1.34
Cables	1.22⅜	1.22⅜	1.23	1.37
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	21.40	21.35	21.35	18.75
Cables	21.45	21.40	21.40	18.80
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.22	2.22	2.22	1.70
Cables	2.23	2.23	2.23	1.71
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	3.10	3.15	3.17	5.82
Cables	3.11	3.17	3.17	5.84
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.45	38.40	38.25	38.48
Cables	38.50	38.45	38.33	38.57
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.10	.10¼	.10¼	.37¼
Cables	.10⅛	.10⅛	.11¼	.38
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.31¼	.32¼	.32½	.67
Cables	.31⅜	.32⅜	.34	.67⅛
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	16.53	16.35	16.50	14.20
Cables	16.60	16.40	16.55	14.25
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.02¼	.02¼	.02⅜	.05
Cables	.02¾	.02¾	.02⅞	.05⅛
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.61	.62	.64½	1.51⅛
Cables	.61⅛	.62½	.65	1.52
SERBIA—Belgrade: Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.35	1.36	1.34	2.62
Cables	1.36	1.36	1.35	2.69
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	15.60	15.55	15.54	13.99
Cables	15.90	15.85	15.84	13.97
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	23.05	23.00	23.00	21.05
Cables	23.10	23.05	23.05	21.10
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	18.90	18.94	18.90	16.80
Cables	18.97	18.99	18.96	16.87

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per Mexican dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.

Hongkong, demand	67.875	67.875	67.25	50.00
Hongkong, cables	68.00	68.00	67.50	50.00
Peking, demand	83.50	83.50	82.75	72.50
Shanghai, demand	78.375	78.375	78.375	69.50
Shanghai, cables	79.06	79.06	78.50	69.50

INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.

Demand	33.75	33.75	33.250	34.00
Cables	33.81	33.81	33.625	34.125

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.

Demand	50.00	50.00	50.00	49.00
Cables	50.25	50.25	50.25	49.25

JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.

Demand	38.625	38.625	38.625	38.50

JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.

Demand	47.875	47.875	47.93	47.875
Cables	48.00	48.00	48.00	48.125

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.

Demand	36.09	35.875	35.875	36.125
Cables	36.125	35.96	35.96	36.25

BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.

Demand	13.75	13.81	13.75	11.06
Cables	13.81	13.87	13.81	11.125

CHILE—Par 36 cents per paper peso.

Demand	12.47	12.77	12.32	10.24
Cables	12.50	12.80	12.35	10.27

URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.

Demand	81.41	81.09	79.68	68.07
Cables	81.63	81.31	80.16	63.29

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.

Demand	98.28	98.16	96.84	97.9

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par $1.40 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.10	.20
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.05¾	.06¾

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Rising Prices in a Dull Market.

The movement of prices on the Stock Exchange yesterday was decidedly upward, gains of one to two points or more being recorded in many sections of the list. Both the railroads and the industrials took part in the upward movement. The rise, however, was attested on very quiet trading, indicating that the day's operations consisted mainly of transactions executed for the purpose of "evening up" accounts prior to the two holidays of Sunday and Tuesday. The uncertainty which existed during the day in connection with the railroad strike which is scheduled for today, also was an influencing factor, the short interest fearing that there might be a settlement after the close of business as a result of the conference held in Chicago. The impression in the Street yesterday regarding the future course of prices in the event that the coal and railroad strikes are settled, seemed to be that a "soda water rise" would occur because of the existing short interest, but that as soon as this was over the market would again drop into an irregular trading affair.

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Quiet Days in the Bond Market.

Almost complete inactivity prevails in the larger bond houses in the Street at the present time. Many of the prominent bankers in the Street have left for their Summer vacations, and in one of the largest houses only two of half a dozen or more partners could be found at their desks yesterday. This was not only a measure of lighter business responsible bond brokers have had months of personal overwork, frequently bringing them down to their Wall Street offices nights and Sundays. The present quietness of the bond market is reflected in the small amount of new offerings announced during the week; the total was only slightly in excess of the $20,000,000 mark, as compared with more than $90,000,000 last week. Bond offerings during the early part of June, however, were unusually heavy, this no doubt being due to the desire of the syndicate to get their offerings taken before the mid-year reinvestment demand. These new issues will probably be "digested" when the dividend and interest payments are made on July 1, and that may place the market in a position to take another good-sized series of new issues. Bond sales on the Stock Exchange in June were the largest on record for that month; they were $21,000,000 above June, 1921, but $49,000,000 below the total for May.

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Another Day for the Rail Stocks.

The railway shares enjoyed another day of considerable activity yesterday although most of the gains were only of fractional dimensions. The movement was of interest to Wall Street, however, because of the supreme disregard which the stocks manifested toward the threatened railway strike scheduled for July 1. Chicago & Eastern Illinois ended the day with the largest net advance, the common gaining 2¼ and the preferred 3½ points. The other stocks which gained a point or more included Delaware & Hudson, St. Paul, common and preferred, New Haven and Rock Island. Fractional advances were registered by Baltimore & Ohio, Great Northern, New York Central, Reading, Southern Pacific and Union Pacific.

***

The Early Trading Yesterday.

Some idea of the character of the trading in the stock market during the early dealings yesterday was provided by the fact that United States Steel common, a traditional leader in all active markets, did not appear on the tape until fully thirty-six minutes after the sounding of the opening gong. In fact throughout the forenoon only a few sales of the stock appeared on the tape. Shortly after noon, however, the steel stocks, some of the equipments and motors and a few specialties suddenly sprang into activity and the entire list started moving forward. United States Steel common moved up to 99¾ and ended the day with a net gain of 1¼. The independent steels scored sharper gains. Studebaker was the feature of the motor group and rose 2½ points net. Chandler Motor, 1% and the equipment stocks also were strong under leadership of Baldwin and American Locomotive. American Car and Foundry gained only a fraction despite the favorable annual report. The specialities which were prominent included Coca-Cola, American Water Works and Electric, Mullinger, Industrial Alcohol and Vanadium. The oil stocks also were firm, Standard Oil of California recovering 1¾ points.

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Rise in Call Money.

Call money after opening on the Stock Exchange at 4½ per cent. and loaning as low as 4 per cent. in the outside market during the forenoon, again hardened before the close and ended the day at 5½ per cent. This advance, however, caused little interest in the financial district. The rise being taken as a matter of course. The rise was attributed to the calling of loans for the account of out-of-town institutions making preparations for mid-year requirements, such as settlement of business obligations and dividends and interest payments.

***

"Farming Out" Railway Work.

The problem of "farming out" railway work to concerns outside the jurisdiction of the Railroad Labor Board may probably be solved by voluntary agreement among the railroads, according to opinions in Wall Street yesterday. This item has always been one of the sore points to the railway unions, who have insistently charged that it was an attempted evasion of the provisions of the Transportation act, and in the case of four or five companies the Railroad Labor Board has recently declared that the practice was not in keeping with the law. With the announcement yesterday that first the Atchison and then the Burlington had arranged to cancel contracts for "farming out" work, railway circles have been led to believe that other carriers will choose a like policy and thus relieve a possible embarrassment. Some concrete action may be taken by the Association of Railway Executives at their meeting now in Chicago on this question.

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The Cut in Automobile Prices.

The announcement that one of the leading motor car manufacturers had reduced prices from $50 to $100 a car on certain models caused some excitement in the trade, due to some recent talk that prices might be advanced, the stock market virtually ignored the decision yesterday, the motor stocks all ending higher and the Street was inclined to take the view that another reduction in prices might mean increased demand for certain models which are in the competitive class at present. Early in the Street had it that the General Motors Corporation was contemplating a reduction in one of its models and that probably an announcement would be made over the week-end. The Street also had it that General Motors was going after some of its competitors. The reduction by General Motors is expected to be followed by a downward revision in prices from the Studebaker camp. Reductions in all cases, however, are expected to be small, as motor car prices are already down to the pre-war levels in many instances.

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Reading Segregation Case.

The business of segregating the Reading's coal properties is probably entering into the final stretch of tangled litigation in the opinion of local banking interests who are affiliated with the company. This belief is based on the dispatches yesterday that the United States District Court in Philadelphia had ordered the company, together with the General Mortgage Bondholders' Committee, to submit to the court by Oct. 30 a modified plan of the original dissolution decree. This order conforms with the recent ruling of the United States Supreme Court, and is held to indicate the last action preliminary to the actual signing of the final decree. It is understood that the modified plan is to provide for an apportionment of the liability of the Reading Company and the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company on the outstanding general mortgage bonds.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

FRIDAY, June 30, 1922.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.
512,910	651,210	549,207	417,405	455,393	137,729,358

Same Period			
1921.	1920.	1919.	1918.
91,987,019	123,684,557	140,340,197	76,512,440

1922 High.	1922 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
66	46	300	Adams Express	64	64½	64	64½	+ ½	63¾	65
15⅝	13⅜	500	Ajax Rubber	14⅜	15⅛	14⅜	15⅛	+ ⅝		
2	⅞	200	Alaska Juneau	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛		1⅛	1½
73⅜	55¼	600	Allied Ch. & Dye(4)	67⅛	67⅞	67⅛	67⅞	+ ¾	67½	68
110	101	160	Allied P. & D. pf. (7)	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝		108	110
52	37⅜	700	Allis-Chalm. (4)	45⅝	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	+ ¼	45½	46
42⅝	29⅜	800	Am. Ag. Chem.	39	39⅞	39	39⅞		39	40
70⅜	55⅝	300	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	+ 1⅜	65	65⅝
40	31⅝	100	Am. Beet Sugar	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	- ¼	44	46
49	31¼	200	Am. Bosch Mag	39½	39½	39½	39½	+ 1	39½	40
51⅜	35⅝	100	Am. Can	45¾	46⅛	45¾	46¼	+ 1	46¼	46¾
185	141	200	Am. Car & Fdy. (12)	160	160	160	160	+ ⅛	160½	161½
14	7	200	Am. Chicle	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼		9¼	9½
30⅛	19⅝	100	Am. Cotton Oil	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	+ ⅛	28⅝	27
145⅛	126	100	Am. Express (8)	132	132	132	132		132	133½
73	58	100	Am. Hide & L. pf.	67	67	67	67		67	68½
114⅛	78	300	Am. Ice (7)	103½	104⅛	103½	104⅛	+ ⅝	103½	104½
50⅝	35¾	900	Am. International	41⅞	43	41⅞	42⅞	+ 1⅛	43	43¼
13⅞	9⅝	200	Am. Linseed	12	12	12	12		12	13
40⅜	28⅜	300	Am. Linseed pf.	32½	33½	32½	33½	+ ¾	33	33½
60⅝	53⅞	100	Am. Locomot.	53	53	53	53	- 1	52½	55
117⅜	102	600	Am. Locomot. (6)	111⅛	112⅜	111⅞	112⅜	+ 1⅛	112	112½
6⅜	3⅜	700	Am. Safety Razor	5⅜	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝		5⅝	5⅞
25⅝	17⅞	12,600	Am. Ship & Com.	19½	20⅜	19½	20⅛	+ ⅝	20⅛	20⅜
67⅞	42⅜	500	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	55	55⅞	55	55⅞	+ ⅛	55⅝	55⅞
40⅜	30⅜	200	Am. Sm. & R. pf. A.	35⅝	36⅛	35⅝	36⅛	+ ⅛	36	36¼
100	91	100	Am. Steel F. pf. (7)	100	100	100	100	+ ⅛	99⅝	100
53¾	54⅜	300	Am. Sugar Ref.	78	79	78	79	+ ¾	79	79¼
47	23½	100	Am. Sumatra Tob.	40	40	40	40		40	40½
124¼	114½	1,600	Am. Tel. & Tel. (9)	120¼	120⅝	120¼	120⅝	+ ⅛	120	120⅛
149¾	122⅝	200	Am. Tobacco (12)	141	141	141	141		140	141
142¼	126	100	Am. Tob., Cl. (12)	135¾	135¾	135¾	135¾	- ⅝	138	138¾
15⅝	6	2,800	Am. W. W. & Elec.	14	15⅞	14	15⅞	+ 1⅝	14⅜	15
86	67	200	Do 1st pf. (7)	84⅞	86	84⅞	86	+ 2⅛	86⅞	87
20	17¾	1,800	Do participat. pf.	19	20	19	20	+ 1	19⅞	20
80⅜	75⅞	700	Am. Woolen (7)	78	80⅜	78	80⅜	+ 1⅜	80	80½
87⅝	70⅜	200	Am. Writ. Paper pf.	83½	85⅛	83½	85⅛	+ 1⅝	85	86
19⅜	12⅝	300	Anaconda & S.	17	18	17	18	+ ⅞	17⅞	18
57	47	800	Anaconda Copper	50⅜	51⅞	50⅜	51⅞	+ ⅝	50⅜	51
135⅝	99	100	Asso. Oil (6) x d.	116½	116½	116½	116½		111	112
102	91⅜	2,000	At. T. & S. F. (6)	99½	100	99½	100	+ ⅜	99⅜	100
91⅝	85	800	Do pf. (5) x d.	89⅜	89⅜	89⅜	89⅜	+ ⅜	89⅜	89⅝
5¼	⅝	300	Atlants. Birm. & At.	2⅞	3	2⅞	3		2	2¼
105¾	83	100	Atlantic C. L. (8)	102⅜	102⅜	102¼	102¼	+ ¼	102¼	104
6¼	2¼	3,200	Atlantic Fruit	3	3	3	3		3	3¼
43⅛	23⅞	500	Atl. Gulf & W. I.	38¾	39⅝	37⅞	37⅞	+ ¾	37½	38¼
31⅛	16⅛	100	At. G. & W. I. pf.	27	27	27	27	+ 1	26	27
1,145	900	8	Atlantic Ref. (20)	1,025	1,025	1,025	1,025		1,000	1,040
118⅝	114	100	Atl. Ref. pf. (7)	115⅛	115⅝	115⅛	115⅝	+ 2⅜	117⅜	119
39	34	300	Austin Nichols	37	37	37	37		37	37½
120⅝	92⅜	7,400	Baldwin Loco. (7)	111¾	114⅜	111¾	114	+ 2¼	114	114⅛
51⅜	33½	7,500	Baltimore & Ohio	48⅞	49⅝	48⅝	49⅝	+ ⅝	49⅜	49½
62	52½	100	Balt. & Ohio pf. (4)	61	61	61	61		60½	61½
39	19¼	100	Barnsdall Class B	29	29	29	29		28½	29½
79	51	100	Bethlehem Steel (5)	74	74	74	74	- 2	72	74½
82¾	55⅜	1,700	Beth. Stl. Cl. B (5)	76⅛	76⅞	76⅛	76⅞	+ ⅝	76¾	76⅞
5¾	4⅜	500	Booth Fisheries	5	5	5	5	- ⅛	4⅞	5
110	100	100	Brklyn Edison (8)	106½	106½	106½	106½	+ ½	106½	107½
29	6⅝	25,400	B'klyn Rap. Transit	27¾	29	27¾	29⅛	+ 1⅜	29⅛	29⅜
24⅞	5¾	8,100	B. R. T. ctfs. of dep.	22	24⅞	22	24⅜	+ 1⅝	24⅜	24⅝
119	70	500	Brklyn Un. Gas (8)	107⅜	108	107⅜	108		108	110
63	50¾	90	Bur., R. & Pitts. (3)	63	63	63	63	- ½	62¾	65
50	25⅝	300	Burns Bros. Cl. B (2)	45	45	45	45		42½	43
29⅜	20⅝	900	Butte & Superior	27⅜	27⅞	27⅜	27⅞	+ ⅜	27⅝	28
24	22	100	Butterick Co.	23	23	23	23	+ ⅛	23	23½
13⅜	10	200	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	11	11	11	11		11	11½
71⅛	43¼	1,600	California Petrol.	61	61⅛	59½	61⅛	+ 1	61	61⅜
11⅜	5¼	2,400	Callahan Zinc Lead	7⅜	8	7⅜	8	+ ⅝	7⅞	8
145	119⅛	1,000	Canadian Pac. (10)	138	138⅞	137⅜	138¾	+ ¼	138½	138¾
5½	2	100	Case (J. I.) Plow	3	3	3	3		3	4
41⅝	29⅜	100	Central Leather Co.	32	33	32	33	+ ¾	32¾	33
40⅞	32⅜	1,600	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	34⅝	35	34⅜	35	+ ¾	34⅝	35¼
79¼	47⅞	7,000	Chandler Motor (6)	69¾	70	69	70	+ 1⅝	69¾	70
69⅛	54	1,500	Chandler Motor pf.	67	69	67	69		68	70
12⅝	8⅜	500	Ches. & Ohio (4)	66	66¼	66	66¼	+ 1	66	66¼
39⅞	12⅜	1,500	Chicago & Alton	9¼	9¾	9¼	9¾	+ ⅛	9¾	10
91⅜	63½	2,600	Chi. & East. Illinois	34⅝	35⅞	34⅝	35⅞	+ 1⅝	35⅞	35¾
130	91⅝	2,300	Chi. & N. W.	64⅝	65	64⅝	65	+ ⅜	65

$30,206,000 BONDS OFFERED THIS WEEK

Industrial Group Leads the New Issues With a Total of $9,350,000.

PUBLIC UTILITIES $4,300,000

State and Municipal Offerings $8,311,000 at Prices to Yield 3.90 to 4.70 Per Cent.

New bonds offered to investors this week aggregated $30,206,000, a decided falling off from the previous week, when new issues totaled $93,052,700. Industrial issues this week amounted to $9,350,000. State and municipal offerings totaled $8,311,000. No foreign bonds were offered.

By groups, the new securities offered were as follows:

	This Wk.	Last Wk.
Industrial	$9,350,000	$9,800,000
State and municipal	8,311,000	25,529,000
Public utility	4,300,000	7,993,000
Railroads	4,345,000	41,804,800
Farm loans	4,000,000	
Foreign		8,535,000
Total	$30,206,000	$93,052,000

The largest single offering of industrial bonds was the $3,000,000 7½ per cent. issue of the Electric Auto-Lite Company, which sold at par. Next were the two issues of $1,500,000 each offered by the Benjamin Electric Manufacturing Company and the Jancke Dry Docks, Inc. The former issue bore a 6 per cent. interest rate and was sold at 95¼ to yield 6.50 per cent., and the latter carried a rate of 7 per cent. and was sold at 99. There were also three issues of $1,000,000 each placed for the account of the Van Dorn Iron Works Company, the Lincoln Mills, Ltd., and the Zenith Furnace Company.

State, municipal and county offerings were in most cases for small amounts for the building of schools, construction of waterways, and highway and port improvements. The largest issue of the group was $1,300,000 soldier bonus bonds for the State of Missouri. These bear a 5 per cent. interest rate and were sold to yield from 4.20 to 4.15 per cent., according to maturity.

Another issue was of $1,005,000 for the City of Greensboro, N. C., for general improvements, sold to yield the investor from 4.75 to 4.70 per cent. The third largest issue in the State and municipal group was $1,000,000 for California, sold to yield 4.30 per cent. The lowest yield on any of the State and municipal bonds offered this week was 3.90 per cent, on Maine highway bonds.

The public utility bonds were offered at prices to yield from 6 to 7 per cent. The only railroad issue offered, an equipment trust, was sold to yield 5.30 per cent. Several issues of farm loan bonds were put out at prices to yield from 4.55 to 5 per cent., according to maturity.

$100,000

Government of Newfoundland

20-Year 5½% Bonds Non-Callable

Due July 1, 1942

Price 100 to yield 5½%

Descriptive circular on request.

Dillon, Read & Co.
Nassau and Cedar Sts.
New York City

We recommend the sale of

Japanese Gov't 4½s

and the purchase of

Japanese Gov't 4s

This is No. 16 of the series of exchanges we are recommending. Exchange No. 16 will appear in this space one week from today. Our Consulting Service can suggest profitable exchanges for you.

Letter on request.

Paul Plunkett & Co.
Financial Counsel
National City Building
17 East 42 Street

Municipal Bonds
Exempt From All Federal Income Taxes

Lancaster, Pa.
School District of the City of Lancaster, Pa.; 4½% 1942-1952 to yield about 4%

Waynesboro, Pa.
4½% Water Bonds. Serially 1927-62 to yield about 4.10%

Woodbury, N. J.
4½% Sewer and City Hall Bonds. Serially 1926-56 to yield about 4.30%

STROUD & CO.
INCORPORATED
1429 Walnut St., Phila.
120 Broadway, N. Y.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	62.19	61.46	62.10	+ .20
25 industrials	97.76	96.72	97.45	+ .75
50 stocks	79.97	79.06	79.77	+ .47

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
June 29	79.70	78.63	79.10	— .04
June 28	79.67	78.70	79.14	— .16
June 27	80.67	79.14	79.30	—1.35
June 26	81.18	79.89	80.65	+ .80
June 24	80.19	79.60	79.95	+ .45
June 23	80.11	79.07	79.50	+ .04

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

June.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1922	81.28	June 2	76.93	June 16	79.77
1921	88.74	June 3	83.35	June 21	83.98
1920	83.80	June 12	80.86	June 3	82.13
1919	89.50	June 6	83.85	June 16	87.05
1918	73.37	June 27	69.74	June 1	72.47
1917	84.46	June 18	81.11	June 30	82.51

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1922	81.80	May 29	66.31	Jan. 10	79.77
†1921	73.13	May 6	59.35	June 21	83.98

Full Years.

1921	73.13	May 6	58.35	June 21	83.80
1920	94.07	Apr. 8	67.20	Dec. 22	67.90
1919	90.50	Nov. 5	69.33	Jan. 21	80.69
1918	90.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	72.53
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	67.47	Dec. 20	83.98

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change.	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	79.91	+.07	—.21	+10.95	

DAILY RANGE OF BONDS.

June 29	79.84	+.04	June 20	79.47	—.01	
June 28	79.80	—.12	June 19	79.48	—.05	
June 27	79.96		June 17	79.53	—.03	
June 26	79.93	—.02	June 16	79.58	—.03	
June 24	79.95	+.14	June 15	79.61	—.19	
June 23	79.81	+.16	June 14	79.80	+.04	
June 22	79.66	—.07	June 13	79.76	—.01	
June 21	79.73	+.29	June 12	79.81	—.06	

YEARLY RANGE OF BONDS.

*1922	80.50	May 2	75.01	Jan. 1	79.91
†1921	71.60	Jan. 20	67.56	June 20	68.96

Full Years.

1921	76.51	Nov. 29	67.56	June 20	75.27
1920	73.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	68.66
1919	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 18	72.60
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.83	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	86.47	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.59

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS

Government Bonds Lower at Paris, Firm at London.

LONDON, June 30.—Prices were firm on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, ⅛ higher at 57¼; British 5 per cent. war loan, ¼ higher at 100¾; 4½ per cent. war loan, unchanged at 95.

Rand Mines, unchanged at 2⅛; De Beers Mining, ¼ higher at 12.

PARIS, June 30.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today, but the 3 per cent. rentes were 15 centimes lower at 57 francs 75 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, 30 centimes lower at 75 francs 30 centimes.

Exchange on London, 2 centimes lower at 62 francs 88 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 11 francs 89½ centimes, against 12 francs 4 centimes yesterday.

TO REDEEM ATLAS BONDS.

Holders May Take 105 and Interest or Common Stock.

Notice was given yesterday by the Atlas Powder Company of its plan to redeem all the outstanding 7½ per cent. bonds of the company on Aug. 1, 1922, at 105 and interest. In its public announcement of the redemption the company points out that under the terms of the indenture securing the issue the holders of each $1,000 bond is entitled to exchange it for eight shares of common stock of the company, the basis for the conversion being par for the bonds and 125 for the stock. There are $3,798,300 par value of the bonds outstanding.

Bondholders may avail themselves of the conversion privilege at any time up to and including Aug. 1, 1922, by presenting their bonds to the New York Trust Company.

Issue Booklet on Standard Oil.

Carl H. Pforsheimer & Co., dealers in Standard Oil securities, are distributing the twentieth edition of their descriptive booklet on Standard Oil issues, which contains all the 1921 financial statements of the companies issued to date, earnings, dividends, and price ranges for the years 1918-22 inclusive. The booklet also gives a description of the properties and other important information and statistics of special interest and value to investors.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Alum. Co. Am.	7	Nov., 1923	103¼	103¾	5.35
Alum. Co. Am.	7	Oct., 1933	105¼	105¾	6.29
Alum. Co. Am.	7	Oct., 1933	105½	105¾	6.25
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep. 2, '21	98¾	99¾	6.70
Am. L. & T.	6	May, 1925	100¼	100¾	4.21
Am. S. R.	6	Oct., 1922	100¼	100¾	5.49
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	101½	101¾	4.80
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1923	101½	103	5.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1923	102½	102¾	5.10
Anaconda Co.	7	Jan., 1920	100¼	100¾	5.89
Anaconda Co.	7	Jan., 1920	103	103¼	6.37
Anglo-Am. Oil Co., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	103¼	103¾	6.10
Arm. & Co. ev.	7	July 15, '30	104¾	104¾	6.13
B. & O. R. R.	6	Apr., 1924	100	100¾	5.75
Bell Tel. Can.	7	Apr., 1925	103	103¼	6.10
Beth. Stl. Co.	7	July 15, '32	104¼	104⅝	....
Can. Nor. Ry.	6½	Dec., 1922	100	100¾	5.38
Can. Nor. Ry.	6½	Dec., 1924	100¼	100¾	5.38
Can. Pac. Ry.	7	Mar., 1921	101¾	101¾	5.80
Cen. Argent.	6	Feb., 1927	93¾	94½	7.35
Cons. Gas Co. New York.	7	Dec. 1, '22	100⅝	101¼	4.40
Cudahy P. Co.	7	July 15, '30	101¼	101¾	6.24
Fed. Sug. Ref.	6	Nov., 1921	100¼	100⅝	5.72
The B. F. Goodrich Co. ev.	7	Apr., 1925	103	103¼	....
Gulf Oil Co.	6	July, 1923	100⅝	101¼	4.80
Gulf Oil Corp.	7	Feb., 1923	103⅝	104⅛	6.45
Hock. Val.	6	Mar., 1924	100½	100¾	5.45
Hum. O. R.	7	Mar., 1923	100⅝	101¼	5.10
I. R. T. Co.	6	Sep., 1923	85¾	90¾	....
Kan. C. Term.	6	Nov. 15, '30	101¼	101¾	4.93
Kennecott Co.	7	Jan., 1930	104½	104¾	6.00
Laclede Gas.	7	Jan., 1920	99⅝	100¼	6.96
Nat. Clk. & S.	6	Sep., 1930	103	103¾	7.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	101¼	102	4.85
Sears-R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	100½	100⅝	4.41
Sears-R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	101¼	101¼	5.95
Sloss-S. S. & I.	7	Aug., 1929	97	97¼	6.40
Solvay Co.	6	Oct., 1927	105	106	5.70
Swft. B. T. Co.	7	Apr., 1923	102⅜	103	5.57
St. P. D. G.	6	Dec. 15, '23	100⅜	101¼	4.69
Stand Oil Co. N. Y.	6½	May, 1933	107	107⅜	5.55
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	101⅜	102	6.57
Swt. B. T. Co.	7	Apr., 1923	102⅜	102⅝	6.58
Texas Co.	7	Mar. 7, '23	101¼	101¾	4.10
Utah Sec. Co.	6	Sep. 15, '23	100⅛	100⅜	4.35
Va.-Car. Ch.	7	Apr., 1923	102⅜	102¾	6.23
Wn. El. Co.	7	Apr., 1925	106⅜	106¾	....

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
At., Top. & S. Fe.	1923-33	6	5.40	5.15
Atl. Coast Line.	1923-35	6	5.50	5.25
Do	1923-35	6½	5.45	5.20
Baltimore & Ohio.	1923-37	4½	5.60	5.10
Do	1923-35	6	5.75	5.55
Bethlehem Steel.	1923-30	7	6.00	5.00
Buf., R. & Pitts.	1923-35	4½, 5, 6	5.60	5.00
Canadian Pacific.	1923-32	4½, 6	5.50	5.20
C. R. R. of N. J.	1923-35	6	5.40	5.10
Ches. & Ohio.	1923-37	5¼, 6, 6½	5.60	5.30
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	1923-35	6	5.40	5.15
Chicago & N. W.	1923-35	6	5.55	5.20
Do	1925-36	6½	5.50	5.20
Chi., M. & St. P.	1923-35	6	5.50	5.40
Chi., R. I. & P.	1923-37	4¼, 5	5.50	5.00
Do	1923-35	6	5.70	5.40
C., C., C. & St. L.	1923-35	5, 6	5.50	5.20
Delaware & Hud.	1923-35	6	5.45	5.20
Erie Railroad.	1923-35	4½, 5, 6	5.90	5.25
Great North'n Ry.	1923-35	6	5.40	5.15
Illinois Central.	1923-27	4½, 5	5.25	5.00
Do	1923-35	6	5.50	5.20
Do	1925-37	4½, 7	5.45	5.15
Louisville & Nash.	1923-35	6	5.45	5.20
Do	1923-36	6½	5.40	5.15
Michigan Central.	1923-35	5, 6	5.40	5.15
M., S. P. & S. M.	1923-35	4½, 5	5.60	5.20
Do	1923-36	6	5.70	5.35
Mo., K. & T.	1923-24	5	5.85	5.40
Missouri Pacific.	1923-35	6	6.75	5.40
National Rail Co.	1923-30	6	5.75	7.50
New York Central.	1923-35	4½, 5	5.35	5.10
Do	1923-35	6	5.50	5.20
Do	1926-35	7	5.45	5.20
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1923-35	4½, 5, 6, 7	4.75	5.00
Norfolk & West.	1923-24	4½	5.30	5.00
Do	1923-35	6	5.40	5.15
Northern Pacific.	1923-30	7	5.50	5.20
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1923-35	7	5.45	5.20
Penn. R. R.	1923-35	6	5.50	5.00
Pere Marquette.	1923-35	6	5.70	5.40
Pitts. & L. Erie.	1923-35	6, 6½	5.55	5.25
Reading Co.	1923-27	4½	5.20	5.00
St. L. & S. F.	1923-37	4½, 5, 6	5.55	5.15
Southern Pacific.	1923-29	4½	5.25	5.00
Do	1923-35	6, 7	5.40	5.15
Southern Ry.	1923-37	4½, 5, 6½	5.80	5.25
Do	1923-35	6	5.75	5.40
St. L.-San Fran.	1923-35	6	5.75	5.40
Union Pacific.	1924-35	7	5.30	5.15
Virginian Ry.	1923-35	6	5.80	5.35
Wabash Railroad.	1923-35	6	5.80	5.50
Wheeling & L. E.	1923-35	6	5.80	5.50

SIX MONTHS BRING ADVANCE IN TRADE

Dun's Finds Most Gain in Confidence and Transactions Recorded in Second Quarter.

BRADSTREET'S OPTIMISTIC

Cement and Auto Industries Report Record Sales—Silk Goods and Hosiery Active.

The half year just ended brought a distinct advance in business, with most of the gain in confidence and actual transactions achieved during the second quarter, according to the weekly review of business by R. G. Dun & Co., while Bradstreet's finds a "very fair degree of activity and a really notable feeling of optimism."

"The price recovery in many commodities is proceeding more rapidly than had been generally expected," says Dun's. "While index numbers of a few months ago indicated clearly that the upward turn had come, certain markets have recently developed characteristics that were familiar in war times. With rising costs of production, due to a combination of influences, many sellers' views about prices have undergone reversal, and reports of premiums offered for prompt deliveries are being heard more frequently. Where speculative operations are influential, there has been much irregularity, and cotton has sustained a considerable reaction, after a noteworthy upturn. The main price trend, however, is distinctly toward higher levels, and textiles, hides and iron and steel have been prominent in the movement."

Bradstreet's says:

"Among the industries, the cement and automobile trades stand out clearly, with record sales and output reported. In the former industry, the immense program of road construction planned, estimated at 40,000,000 square yards, has been a big stimulant, reinforcing the active demand from the ordinary building trades. All other building materials are active, although primary markets for lumber note less of an edge on buying and some softening of prices of woods used in house construction. Hardware, paints and plumbing materials sell well.

"In primary textile markets, quiet demand but strength of prices are the outstanding features. The striking mill hands in New England are reported slow to return, although operations have been resumed at most mills. Silk goods sent the best reports as to new buying, and more mill capacity is reported active at the leading centre. Hosiery and underwear continue active, and there is more call for woolen and worsted dress goods."

LORD & TAYLOR DIVIDEND.

Twelve Per Cent. Payment on First Preferred Stock Ordered.

Lord & Taylor announced yesterday the declaration of a 12 per cent. dividend on the first preferred stock, payable June 30 to stock of record June 28. The disbursement pays the accumulated back dividends for the period from Dec. 1, 1916 to Dec. 1, 1918, it was explained.

In a letter to the stockholders explaining the action, Samuel W. Reyburn, President, said: "The company is in excellent financial condition, and unless something unforeseen should happen, we believe that in the future you will receive quarterly dividends on the first preferred stock."

Member Banks' Investments Increase, Loans and Discounts Drop in the Week

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Aggregate increases of $110,000,000 of investments—largely in connection with fiscal operations incident to the June 15 tax instalment, particularly the issuance on that date of $273,000,000 of new tax certificates—as against a reduction of $59,000,000 in loans and discounts, are shown in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly statement of condition on June 21 of 799 member banks in leading cities.

Under the general head of Government securities United States bonds show an increase for the week of $8,000,000; Treasury certificates of $76,000,000, and Treasury notes of $76,000,000, which was, however, more than offset by a reduction of $81,000,000 in Victory notes as the result of exchange of these notes for Treasury notes bearing a lower interest rate and maturing three and one-half years from June 15.

Holdings of corporate securities show an increase for the week of $27,000,000.

All classes of loans and discounts show smaller totals than the week before—loans secured by Government obligations, by $20,000,000; loans secured by corporate obligations, by $14,000,000, and other loans and discounts, by $26,000,000.

By far the larger portion of the exchanges of Victory notes for the three and one-half year Treasury notes is shown for the member banks in New York City, which also report a continued increase of $47,000,000 in their loans on corporate securities, as against a substantial reduction of such loans by member banks in the other cities.

Government deposits show a reduction for the week of $72,000,000; other demand deposits (net) declined by $6,000,000, while time deposits show a gain of $47,000,000. For member banks in New York City, a reduction of $20,000,000 in Government deposits, as against increases of $27,000,000 in demand and of $19,000,000 in time deposits, is noted.

Borrowings from the Federal Reserve Banks increased from $116,000,000 to $123,000,000, but the ratio of these borrowings to the banks' combined loans and investments continued unchanged at 9.8 per cent. The New York City members show a decrease from $9,000,000 to $7,000,000 in their borrowings from the local Reserve Bank, and from 0.2 to 0.1 per cent. in the ratio of these borrowings to their loans and investments.

Reserve balances and cash in vault of the reporting banks fell off about $7,000,000 each. For member banks in New York City, reductions of $8,000,000 in reserve balances and of $5,000,000 in cash on hand are noted.

This table is a statement of changes of principal items as compared with a week and a year ago:

	June 14, 1922.	June 22, 1921.
Loans and discounts, total	— $59,000,000	— $986,000,000
Secured by U. S. Government obligations	— 20,000,000	— 384,000,000
Secured by stocks and bonds	— 14,000,000	+ 520,000,000
All other	— 26,000,000	— 1,123,000,000
Investments, total	+ 110,000,000	— 905,000,000
U. S. bonds	+ 8,000,000	— 384,000,000
Victory notes	— 81,000,000	— 120,000,000
U. S. Treasury notes	+ 76,000,000	+ 377,000,000
Treasury certificates	+ 76,000,000	— 85,000,000
Other stocks and bonds	+ 27,000,000	— 229,000,000
Reserve balances with F. R. B.	— 7,000,000	+ 131,000,000
Cash in vault	— 7,000,000	— 43,000,000
Government deposits	— 72,000,000	— 304,000,000
Net demand deposits	+ 6,000,000	+ 1,203,000,000
Time deposits	+ 47,000,000	+ 409,000,000
Total accommodation at F. R. B.	+ 7,000,000	— 1,084,000,000

+ Increase. — Decrease.

Data for Federal Reserve cities and in branch cities are in this table:

	All Fed. Res. Bank Cities.	Fed. Res. Branch Cities.	Other Selected Cities.	New York.	Chicago.
Number reporting banks	273	211	315	66	50
Loans and discounts, incl. bills rediscounted with F. R. Banks; loans secured by U. S. Gov. obligations	$194,984,000	$50,305,000	$44,023,000	$82,403,000	$48,810,000
Loans secured by stocks and bonds	2,808,672,000	478,580,000	434,794,000	1,552,164,000	356,601,000
All other loans and discounts	4,445,239,000	1,366,284,000	1,271,906,000	1,986,851,000	644,883,000
Total loans and discounts	7,246,895,000	1,895,169,000	1,740,723,000	3,620,918,000	1,045,293,000
U. S. bonds	724,767,000	268,370,000	224,553,000	480,870,000	52,415,000
U. S. Victory notes	37,988,000	8,594,000	8,320,000	16,525,000	4,775,000
U. S. Treasury notes	406,428,000	62,665,000	24,328,000	216,061,000	30,575,000
U. S. certif. of indebt	188,287,000	61,107,000	22,648,000	114,625,000	13,551,000
Other bonds, stocks and securities	1,282,209,000	605,576,000	411,020,000	642,179,000	191,709,000
Total loans and discounts and inc. including bills rediscounted with F. R. banks	9,890,583,000	2,901,479,000	2,471,589,000	5,170,881,000	1,338,318,000
Reserve balance with F. R. banks	1,020,688,000	209,915,000	155,398,000	613,541,000	127,016,000
Cash in vault	149,398,000	55,420,000	72,159,000	74,710,000	20,480,000
Net demand deposits	7,923,340,000	1,729,221,000	1,539,945,000	4,705,999,000	950,917,000
Time deposits	1,583,779,000	1,000,571,000	744,330,000	419,781,000	322,590,000
Government deposits	128,418,000	35,942,000	14,084,000	57,355,000	14,200,000
Bills payable with F. R. Bank, secured by U. S. Gov. obligations	25,901,000	12,367,000	12,167,000	4,520,000	4,985,000
Bills rediscounted, &c.	41,094,000	10,736,000	21,019,000	2,774,000	3,583,000

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business June 28:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month. 1921.	*Fiscal Year. 1922.	*Corresponding Fiscal Year 1921.
Customs	$35,130,563.61	$32,986,905.92	$3,353,712,124.73	$906,828,663.98
Internal revenue—				
Income and profits tax	288,830,478.96	551,682,874.56	2,061,430,729.90	3,792,808,560.17
Miscellaneous	73,864,955.52	110,048,423.37	1,139,573,272.92	1,384,812,110.80
Miscellaneous revenue	54,299,920.19	40,231,516.23	524,062,674.75	703,923,084.60
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	1,241,632.92	275,564.99	11,747,002.47	11,769,073.12
Total ordinary	$453,337,555.18	$735,225,284.18	$6,089,525,804.77	$6,600,141,092.97
Excess of ordinary receipts over ord. disbursements	106,554,110.48	330,122,906.87	744,894,814.78	559,724,984.12
Expenditures	286,796,444.70	395,102,377.61	3,344,631,079.90	5,041,416,108.85

*Receipts and disbursements for June reaching Treasury in July included.

New Bond Offerings of the Week

Week Ended June 30, 1922.

STATE AND MUNICIPAL.

Bond or Note.	Amount.	Price.	Interest Rate.	Yield, Per Cent.	Term Yrs.	Due.	Interest Payable.	Syndicate or Firm.
Freeport, N. J., gen. impvt.	$150,000	..	4½	4.20	5-28	1927-50	J.&J.	Farson, Son & Co.
Stakes Co., N. C., road & bridge bds	150,000	..	5½	5	11-30	1933-52	J.&J.	R. M. Grant & Co.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y., water bonds	554,000	..	4¼	4.05-4	1-30	1923-52	J.&D.	Redmond & Co., R. W. Pressprich & Co.
Norfolk County, Va., school bonds	145,000	..	5	4.80	20	1942	J.&J.	Prudden & Co.
City of Greensboro, N. C., impvt. bds.	1,005,000	..	5	4.75-70	1-40	1923-62	J.&J.	Bankers Trust Co., E. H. Rollins & Sons, Watson & White.
State of California highway bonds	1,000,000	..	4½	4.20	17-32	1939-54	J.&J.	Remick, Hodges & Co.
City of Columbia, S. C., school bds.	75,000	..	5	4.60	25	1947	M.&N.	Watkins & Co.
City of Charlotte, N. C.	287,000	..	5	4.65	2-39	1924-61	F.&A.	Seasongood & Mayer.
City of New Britain, Conn.	679,000	..	4½-5	4.15-4½	2-30	1924-52	F.&A.	Estabrook & Co., Remick, Hodges & Co., New York; Putnam & Co., Corning & Co., Hartford.
State of New Jersey highway bonds	800,000	102.50	4¼	4-4.25	15-30	1937-52	J.&J.	M. M. Freeman & Co.
State of Missouri soldier bonus bds.	1,300,000	..	5	4.20-4.15	9-14	1931-36	M.&S.	Bankers Trust Co., William R. Compton & Co.
State of Maine highway & bridge bds.	650,000	..	4	3.90	21-30	1943-52	J.&J.	S. W. Straus & Co.
Allegany Co., N. Y., highway bonds	250,000	..	4½	4	10-14	1932-36	M.&S.	Barr Bros. & Co.
City of Durham, N. C., impvt. bds.	615,000	..	5	4.70	2-40	1924-62	J.&J.	A. B. Leach & Co., Kauffman, Smith, Emert & Co., Taylor, Ewart & Co., Inc., Detroit Trust Co.
Broward Co., Fla., highway bonds	500,000	..	6	5.40	10-24	1932-46	J.&J.	George B. Gibbons & Co.
North Hempstead, N. Y.	180,000	..	4.30	4.15-4.10	5-20	1927-42	J.&J.	George B. Gibbons & Co.

PUBLIC UTILITY.

*Orange County Hydro-Electric Corp. 1st mtg. skg. fd. gold bds., Ser. A	$600,000	100	7	7	20	1942	M.&N.	Hemphill, Noyes & Co., Stroud & Co.
†Danville, Champaign & Decatur Ry. & Lt. Co. 1st mtg. skg. fd. gold bds.	1,000,000	90	5	6	16	1938	M.&N.	Estabrook & Co., Merrill, Oldham & Co.
‡The Clarion River Power Co. 1st mtg. bonds	2,700,000	97	6½	6.75	25	1947	J.&J.	Harris, Forbes & Co., E. H. Rollins & Sons.

*Redeemable at 107¼ to Nov. 1, 1922; in 1933 at 107, in 1934 at 106½, the premium being reduced ½% each succeeding year to maturity. †Redeemable as a whole only, or in part, for the sinking fund, at 105. ‡Callable at option of company at 110 to June 1, 1927; thereafter at 107½ to June 1, 1932, and thereafter at a premium decreasing ½ point each year.

INDUSTRIAL.

*Benjamin Electric Mfg. Co. 1st mtg. gold bonds	$1,500,000	95¼	6	6.50	15	1937	J.&J.	Curtis & Sanger, The National City Bank of Chicago.
†Van Dorn Iron Works Co. 1st mtg. skg. fd. gold bds.	1,000,000	100	7	7	15	1937	J.&D.	Union Trust Co. of Cleveland.
‡Jahncke Dry Docks, Inc., 1st. mtg. serial gold bonds	1,500,000	99	7	7+	2-16	1924-38	J.&J.	Canal-Commercial Trust & Savings Bank, New Orleans; Hibernia Securities Co., Inc.; Hemphill, Noyes & Co.
Lincoln Mills, Ltd., 1st mtg. skg. fd. gold bonds	1,000,000	100	7½	7½	20	1942	J.&J.	Fenton, Davis & Boyle, Detroit; A. C. Allyn & Co., Boston.
Electric Auto-Lite Co. 1st mtg. bds.	3,000,000	100	7½	7½	10	1932	J.&J.	Dillon, Read & Co., Hemphill, Noyes & Co.
Zenith Furnace Co. 1st mtg. bonds	1,000,000	100	6	6	20	1942	J.&D.	Union Trust Co. of Cleveland.
Grimes Canning Co., 1st mtg. bonds	350,000	96	7½	7.80	10	1932	J.&D.	P. W. Chapman & Co., New York; Central State Bank, Iowa; National Bank and Iowa Loan & Trust Co. of Des Moines.

*Callable as a whole or in part, by lot, at 105 for first five years, 103½ for the second five years and 102 thereafter. †Callable at 105. ‡Callable at 107.

FARM LOAN BONDS.

*Central Iowa Joint Stock Land Bank farm loan bonds	$1,000,000	102	5	4.85-6	20	1942	M.&N.	Stevenson Bros. & Perry, Inc., First Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago; Stacy & Braun.
†Kentucky Jt. Stk. Land Bank farm loan bonds	1,000,000	103	5	4.60-5	20	1932	M.&N.	Halsey, Stuart & Co., William R. Compton Co., Harris, Forbes & Co.
‡St. Louis Jt. Stk. Land Bank farm loan bonds	2,000,000	103	6	4½-5	10-20	1932	M.&N.	William R. Compton Co., Halsey, Stuart & Co.

*Callable at 105 on May 1, 1927, or thereafter. †Callable at 100 on May 1, 1926, and thereafter. ‡Optional maturity date May 1, 1932.

RAILROAD.

Wabash Railway Co. equipment trusts	$6,345,000	..	6	5.30	1-15	1923-37	F.&A.	Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

Real Estate Mortgage Bonds are not included in this table.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1922.

	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.	1913.
Day's sales:					
Liberty bonds	$3,595,850	$5,844,200	$8,384,300	Holiday	$2,609,500
Other domestic bonds	4,907,500	3,709,500	1,891,000	Holiday	600,000
Foreign bonds	2,802,500	1,009,500	791,500	Holiday	473,500
Total all bonds	$10,305,850	$10,563,200	$11,016,800	Holiday	$3,683,000
Year to date:					
Liberty bonds	$996,889,405	$966,113,485	$1,585,766,800	$1,133,725,800	$504,788,500
Other domestic bonds	999,530,150	425,592,200	293,408,580	282,836,985	150,260,500
Foreign bonds	331,558,300	153,777,200	158,969,300	131,783,000	120,149,500
Total all bonds	$2,327,967,855	$1,543,482,885	$2,038,144,680	$1,598,345,785	$775,198,500

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

| Range Since Date of Issue.

DISAGREE ON VALUE OF N.Y. RAILWAYS CO.

Company's Estimate of Operating Property Is $91,351,638 Upon Basis to Reproduce.

$29,457,143, SAYS BUREAU

Transit Commission Wants City to Pay This Sum—Deny Lines Are "Junk."

A difference of more than $60,000,000 between the Transit Commission's tentative estimate of the value of the operating property of the New York Railways Company and the value placed by the company was disclosed at the hearing before the commission yesterday.

According to figures presented by George G. Reynolds, counsel for the security holders, the company's estimate of the value of all its property was $119,807,000 and of its operating property $91,351,638 upon a basis of cost to reproduce new. The commission's Valuation Bureau has recommended $29,457,143 as the price the city should pay if it can agree on the lines in the proposed plan of reorganization of all the transit companies in the city. The basis for this appraisal was "original cost less cost to put in first-class condition." The Valuation Bureau also made an estimate of $97,894,454 on the cost-to-reproduce-new basis, but this estimate was not recommended by the bureau for acceptance.

Charles W. Kellogg of Stone & Webster, engineers, submitted details of the valuation of $91,351,638 for the company's operating property as follows:

Contract cost	$37,873,136
Expenses during construction	11,027,300
Expenses prior to construction	7,697,800
Overhead fees	1,825,000
Land values	4,899,000
Franchise payments	181,600
Property owners' consents	200,000
Working capital	2,057,800
Total	$93,251,636
Less cash balance	1,000,000
Net total	$91,351,638

When the estimates of the commission's Valuation Bureau were made public last February, the company's book value for the New York Railways system exclusive of the Eighth Avenue, Ninth Avenue and New York & Harlem lines, which are being valued independently, was shown as $110,083,606. It was shown at the hearing that the company had virtually duplicated this "book value" in its estimates of the value of both operating and non-operating property.

Mr. Reynolds objected to any tendency to consider the property of the New York Railways Company as "junk," that having been a term frequently used by Mayor Hylan in his charge of a conspiracy to "foist the obsolete surface lines on the city." "I want to repudiate the idea that is sometimes expressed that the security holders are trying to foist the use of this property on any one through the commission's plan of readjustment," he said. "The commission's own engineers have testified that the system has the track and the equipment to render adequate service.

"With respect to the track, they said it was in good condition with two exceptions. With respect to the equipment, they said the running gear, the brakes, the electrical apparatus was in good condition. They did criticise the painting, the need of cleaning the cars and the need of sanitary cane seats instead of the old carpet seats. All of these are minor matters which are being corrected.

"In the ten months ending April 30 the New York Railways Company carried 146,000,000 revenue passengers, thereby relieving the rapid transit lines of hundreds of thousands of short-haul passengers daily and carrying many others laterally to points not reached by the rapid transit lines."

"You, of course, appreciate," said Commissioner LeRoy T. Harkness, "that the commission has given no assurance that in carrying out its comprehensive plan it necessarily intends to take over all the lines."

"I understand that," replied Mr. Reynolds, "but I just wanted to make it clear that the attitude of the security holders is that they have a real, going concern and that they do not for one minute believe that it is functionally useless or anything of that character."

The hearing was adjourned until July 6.

Doheny Goes to Los Angeles for.

Edward L. Doheny, Chairman of the board of the Mexican Petroleum Company, has gone to Los Angeles for a stay of several weeks, according to an announcement yesterday. It is understood that in his absence other officials of the company will represent the company in the conferences regarding oil development in Mexico which are now being conducted with the Mexican Minister of Finance.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Gas & Electric	143	147
Am. Gas & Electric pf	42¾	43¼
Am. Light & Traction	138	138½
Am. Light & Traction pf	97	98
Am. Power & Light	113	114
Am. Power & Light pf	85	87
Appalachian Power	1¾	2½
Appalachian Power pf	117	120
Appalachian Power pf, ff is	14	20
Ark. Light & Power	92	97
Carolina Power & Light	43	46
Cities Service	221	225
Cities Service pf	67¾	67½
Cities Service pf B	6¼	6¾
Cities Service banker's shares	22	23
Colorado Power	15¾	16¾
Colorado Power pf	80	81
Columbia Gas & Electric	90	91
Com. Power, Ry. & Light	22	23
Com. Power, Ry. & Light pf	63	64
Continental Gas & Electric pf	73	77
Cuban Power pf	80	82
Commercial Power pf	80	82
Duquesne Light pf	90	92
Empire Gas & Fuel	121	122
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	90	92
Empire Power pf	80	82
Federal Light & Traction	14¾	16
Federal Light & Traction pf	70	72
General Gas & Electric	19	20
General Gas & Electric A	70	72
General Gas & Electric pf	77	78
General Light & Power	13¾	15¾
General Power pf	80	82
Gulf States Steel	75	76
Harrisburg Gas	90	92
Harrisburg Gas pf	90	92
Idaho Power	15¾	16¾
Idaho Power pf	80	82
Illinois Power & Light	88	91
Interstate Power	1¾	2½
Interstate Power pf	17	20
Kansas Gas & Electric pf	87	91
Kansas Power & Light	88	91
Kansas Power & Light pf	87	91
Kentucky Power & Light	90	92
Kentucky Power & Light pf	90	92
Lone Star Gas	121	122
Lone Star Gas pf	94¼	96
Mississippi Power & Light	70	72
Mississippi Power & Light pf	70	72
Mississippi River Power	14¾	15¾
Mississippi River Power pf	73	81
Missouri Edison	90	92
Missouri Edison pf	90	92
Nebraska Power pf	91	94
Northern States Power	83	91
Northern States Power pf	90	92
North. Ont. Light & Power	80	83
Northern Texas Electric	90	93
Northern Texas Electric pf	93	96
Ohio Gas & Electric pf	90	92
Ohio Edison pf	98	100
Ohio Power & Light	46	48
Ohio Power & Light pf	80	82
Pacific Gas & Electric	46	47
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	46	50
Pacific Gas & Electric 1st pf	103½	105
Pacific Gas & Electric 2d pf	90	92
Pacific Power & Light	121	122½
Pacific Power & Light pf	93	95
Pacific Ry. & Power	82	83
Pacific Light & Railways	90	92
Pacific Power pf	73	75¾

Bonds.

Cleveland P. & L. 6s, '50	93¾	93½
Com. Gas & Elec. 6s, '30	87	88½
Com. Power & Light 6s, 2016	87	89
Cities Service deb B	93	94
Cities Service deb D	93½	94½
Cities Service deb E	94½	95
City Light & Pr. 5s	67¾	72
Cities Gas & Elec. 5s	80¾	81
Cities Service 1st 5s, '27	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '41	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '50	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '51	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '66	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '67	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '68	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '69	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '70	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '71	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '72	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '73	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '74	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '75	87	90
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Cities Service 1st 5s, '97	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '98	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '99	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '00	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '01	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '02	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '03	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '04	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '05	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '06	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '07	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '08	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '09	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '10	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '11	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '12	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '13	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '14	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '15	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '16	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '17	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '18	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '19	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '20	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '21	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '22	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '23	87	90
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Cities Service 1st 5s, '25	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '26	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '27	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '28	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '29	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '30	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '31	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '32	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '33	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '34	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '35	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '36	87	90
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Cities Service 1st 5s, '50	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '51	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '52	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '53	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '54	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '55	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '56	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '57	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '58	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '59	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '60	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '61	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '62	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '63	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '64	87	90
Cities Service 1st 5s, '65

LISTLESS TRADING IN COTTON MARKET

Interest Centres in Crop Estimate Due Monday—High Figure Expected.

Very little new business was transacted in cotton yesterday, with slight changes in prices. Weather continued too favorable to stimulate buying and uncertainty over the Washington report Monday prevented selling. In response to a moderate decline abroad, a loss of 20 points took place during the morning, with enough covering later to leave final quotations 11 to 16 points below Thursday. The average guess of eighty-one members of the Exchange on the condition report to be announced Monday was 73.2, figures ranging from 69.7 to 78.

From the start trading appeared to take its cue from Liverpool, where spot cotton was reported quieter for the first time in several weeks and contracts opened and closed quiet. Actual volume of business here was smallest of the month. An easier tendency abroad carried October off to 21.42 shortly after the opening. At this point selling pressure ran its course, a slow recovery to above opening figures followed, and for the balance of the session fluctuations were within limits of 10 to 15 points.

Weather conditions remained favorable both as regards moisture and temperatures. Predictions were for showers in Eastern regions with even higher temperatures than those prevailing recently and for scattered showers in the West belt. These surroundings are most desirable for both growth and cultivation, tending at the same time to diminish boll-weevil activity. Best informed sources of information state that hot weather, accompanied by sufficient moisture to keep the plant growing, will be most efficacious in reducing insect damage this year. Reports showed that weevil are present in large numbers, particularly in the East, and percentage of fields infested is the largest known. At the same time advices from Western sections indicate a steady advance in crop prospects.

The June report of a New York publication placed condition at 72.4, highest June figures in four years. With an acreage of 34,339,000, this resulted in a probable crop of 11,224,000, based upon the Government formula of 215.8 pounds of lint per acre as the June promise. It was also stated that the greatest menace of the crop now is boll-weevil. A New Orleans firm gave out an estimate of 75, which is the most extreme figure yet appearing among private reports. Outside of moderate Southern selling in distant months, the day's news had very little effect on trading. A stronger stock market on prospects of the railway strike being averted failed to stimulate activity. Even large spinners' takings passed unnoticed. Many houses have evened up accounts in the last ten days in preparation for Monday's report and there appeared to be little disposition to anticipate that showing.

Spinners' takings amounted to 226,000 bales against 198,000 last year. This brought the total for the season to 11,890,000 against 9,477,000 last year. With four weeks more of the current season and takings running in excess of 200,000 bales weekly, it now looks as though final world takings would exceed rather than fall below 12,500,000 bales. American mills took 114,000 bales this week against 83,000 last year. This reduced visible supplies by 113,000 bales compared with a decrease of 67,000 last year, leaving the supply 2,568,000 against 4,442,000 a year ago.

Yesterday's quotations follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
July	21.55	21.59	21.43	21.58B	21.08
October	21.59	21.59	21.41	21.55@58	21.35
December	21.33	21.39	21.23	21.30@33	21.45
January	20.96	21.13	20.97	21.05	21.31
March	20.93	21.04	20.85	20.95@97	21.09
May		20.80	20.73	20.75N	20.88

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 10 points decline for middling upland; sales, 2,210.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 22.35, unchanged; New Orleans, 21.50, unchanged; Savannah, 21.52, 15 points decline; Augusta, 21.63, 12 points decline; Memphis, 22.50, unchanged; Houston, 22.15, 10 points decline; Little Rock, 21.50, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	11,036	10,867	10,926
Exports	6,826	7,949	2,600
Exports, season	5,688,793	5,586,429	5,035,223
N. Y. stocks	197,394	208,172	157,710
Port stocks	747,127	772,344	1,561,972
N. Y. arrivals	2,436	183	2,297

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quieter, 11 points decline, 13.06d for middling. Sales 8,000, American 4,000. Imports 8,000, American 5,000. Futures opened quiet, 2 to 5 points advance; closed quiet, 15 to 16 points decline. Prices: July 12.58d, October 12.35d, December 11.99d, January 11.88d, March 11.75d.

Manchester: Yarns firm; cloths, a fair business doing.

International Investment Pamphlet.

A pamphlet on "International Investments" has been issued by Brown Brothers & Co., bankers. The booklet divides into eleven national groups all the different foreign Goverenment, municipal and corporations traded in on the New York markets. A foreword says: "For the buyer of foreign bonds the period of the reconstruction of Europe presents dangers, but it also affords opportunities."

SAYS NATION NEEDS COMMERCE COURTS

Restore Discarded Plan and Revise Federal Trade Commission, Lawyer Urges.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 30.—Lauding the achievements of the recent conference on limitation of armaments, William L. Frierson, Assistant Attorney General under the Wilson Administration, in an address here today before the annual convention of the Maryland State Bar Association, made a plea for American participation in the recently established Permanent Court of International Justice now sitting at The Hague.

"I believe that after ten years' experience under the naval limitation treaty we may safely expect that the old war policies will not be resumed," said Mr. Frierson. "I confidently look forward to the time when the high seas will be recognized as the common possession of all nations, kept safe for the commerce of the world by a common navy."

The establishment of a new commerce court was urged by Merritt Starr, a lawyer, of Chicago, in an address before the convention this afternoon.

"Among the legal institutions demanded by the business and life of the country today," said Mr. Starr, "are a Federal Trade Commission, which by a revision of the statutes will be given power to license business enterprises subject to visitation, supervision and correction, and a new commerce court to which the judicial questions involved in the proceedings of the commission may be referred.

"The commerce court was a good institution. When a good institution does not work well at first it is often impatiently discarded and the good which it might accomplish is lost.

"That court could be so reconstituted that there would be a commerce branch of each United States District Court which would promptly hear cases arising under the Federal Trade Commission act, the Interstate Commerce act and the Labor acts.

"With thousands of pages of new national legislation and hundreds of new national bureaus of administration at work trying to keep up with the ever multiplying forms of new industrial and commercial activity, there is a need for new branches of our national courts, conducted by judges adapted to this new type of work who would conduct judicial investigations wherever such work was needed, bringing the administration of these new national laws home to the people."

Applies to List Oil Stock.

The Mexican Seaboard Oil Corporation has made application to the New York Stock Exchange for permission to list its stock and voting trust certificates.

WHEAT UNSTEADY ON RUST REPORTS

The July Drops and Distant Deliveries Gain in Wavering Market at Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 30.—General liquidation by longs in the July deliveries in all grains was on during the day, and, with buying of July and selling of September by elevator interests and buying and selling of all deliveries to bring open trades down to the market, constituted the bulk of the day's business. There was sufficient bull news on wheat to cause a sharp upturn under normal conditions, but, at the last, July was a half cent lower and the distant deliveries unchanged to ¼ cent higher, the latter on the December.

Liverpool closed 1@1½d. higher on decreasing stocks and a better cash demand, but no export business of consequence developed, and sales at the seaboard after the close were estimated at only 200,000 bushels to 300,000 bushels. The bulge in futures early brought out increased country offerings to arrive from Illinois, with purchases during the day of 425,000 bushels.

With July liquidation out of the way and a certainty that the Winter wheat crop will fall short of last year's, there is a disposition to look for higher prices in the immediate future, unless the unexpected happens. Rust reports are expected to increase steadily for some time, with claims of damage making their appearance after the July 4 holiday.

Steady liquidation in July corn and oats was offset to some extent early by changing of hedges over into the September by elevator interests, but the close was easy, with corn off 1@0½ cents and oats ½@¾ cents lower.

Private crop reports were construed as rather bullish, with corn estimated at 2,807,000,000 to 2,825,000,000 bushels, compared with 3,051,000,000 bushels in July last year and final returns of 3,080,000,000 bushels.

Estimates on oats average 1,210,000,000 bushels, or 95,000,000 bushels less than the Government June returns, and compare with 1,061,000,000 bushels harvested last year.

Good rains fell in parts of Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska, including some sections that did not secure moisture previously, and had a little effect on sentiment, although the advance of 2d. in Liverpool, on wet weather in Argentina, influenced buying early. Sentiment on the whole, is rather friendly to coarse grains on the breaks.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 684,000 bushels; week ago, 769,000; last year, 819,000. Shipments were 1,205,000 bushels; week ago, 955,000; last year, 679,000.

Corn receipts were 1,051,000 bushels; week ago, 518,000; last year, 1,008,000, and shipments 548,000 bushels; week ago, 544,000; last year, 526,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
July	$1.18⅝	$1.14¼	$1.14⅝	$1.14⅞	$1.32½
Sept.	1.17⅛	1.15½	1.16	1.15⅝	1.31⅝
Dec.	1.19⅝	1.18⅛	1.18⅞	1.18⅝	..

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
July	.63⅛	.62	.62½	.62½	.83
Sept.	.66⅜	.65¾@.65⅝	.65⅝	1.06¼	.82⅞
Dec.	.66½	.65⅛	.65¾	.66⅜	.84½

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
July	.36⅝	.35⅝	.35⅝	.36¼	.36⅝
Sept.	.39⅝	.38⅜	.38⅝	.39	.38⅝
Dec.	.42⅝	.41⅛	.41⅝	.43	.40⅝

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
July	.86⅛	.85⅛	.85⅛	.86	1.17¼
Sept.	.87⅛	.86⅛	.86⅛	.86⅞	1.08¼
Dec.	.90¼	.89⅛	.89⅜	.89⅝	..

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
July	11.35	11.27	11.27	11.35	10.50
Sept.	11.62	11.55	11.55	11.62	10.85
July	12.10	11.95	11.95	12.06	10.40
Sept.	11.75	11.70	11.70	11.67	10.65

HUDSON MOTOR PRICES DROP

Cut is $80 to $100 on Hudson and Essex Models.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., June 30.—The Hudson Motor Car Company today announced price reductions ranging from $50 to $100 on both Hudson and Essex models, as follows:

Hudson speedster, $50; seven-passenger phaeton, $50; coach, $50. Essex cabriolet, $100; coach, $50.

"The volume of shipments is now so great," said President Roy D. Chapin, "that certain savings have been affected in costs, and the public is to be given the benefit."

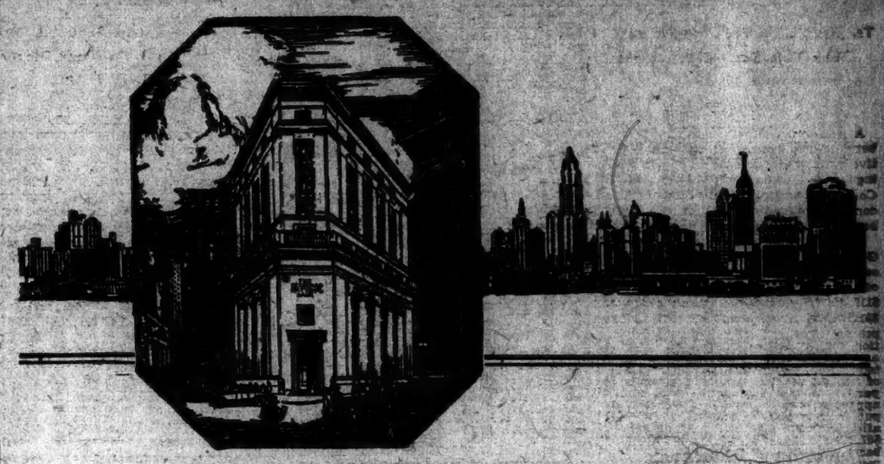
Hudson production for June totals over 6,300 Hudson and Essex cars, and July shipments are expected to surpass these figures.

Wabash Seeks $4,245,000 for Cars.

WASHINGTON, June 30. — The Wabash Railroad sought authority from the Interstate Commerce Commission today to issue and sell $4,245,000 in 5 per cent. equipment trust certificates. The funds will be used to pay in part for the construction of approximately 4,500 new freight cars.

Gets Argentine Order for 53 Cars.

WORCESTER, Mass., June 30.—The Osgood Bradley Car Company has booked a $1,500,000 order from the Argentine State Railway for fifty-three all-steel cars. Work on six parlor cars has been rushed and they will be landed in Santa Fé, Argentina, at the earliest possible moment, as the Argentine Presidential campaign is to be in September and the President wishes to ride the new coaches in his campaign for reelection. The other items of the contract are ten dining cars, ten baggage cars and 27 passenger coaches.



The following coupons due July 1, 1922 are payable at

The Seaboard National Bank

of the City of New York

Main office: BROAD AND BEAVER STREETS

Mercantile Branch, 115 BROADWAY, AT CEDAR ST. — Uptown Branch, 20 EAST 45TH STREET, NEAR MADISON AVE.

Ashboro, N. C.—Elec. Light
Avondale Irrigation District, Rathdrum, Idaho
Batesville, Miss.—Water Works
Bartelsville, Okla.—School
Beneficial Loan Society
Bexar Co., Tex.—Various
Bonham, Tex.—Various
Bourbon Co., Ky.—Road & Bridge
Bradley Co., Tenn.—Various
Brooklyn Bridge Freezing & Cold Storage Co.
Burke Co., N. C.—Various
Caddo Parish, La.—School Dists.
Camilla, Ga.—Various
Carolina Pub. Serv. 6%
Cascade Irrig. Dist. Ellensburg, Wash. 6%
Catawba Co., N. C.—Road
Chickamauga, Ga.—School
Clarksville, Tex.—Sewer
Cleveland, Tenn.—Various
Clinton, N. C.—Various
Coolidge, Tex.—Ind. School
Coshocton Gas Co.—6%
Credit Finance Co.
Cutler Mail Chute Co.—Income (Jan. Annually)
Cutler Mail Chute Co. — Coll. Tr. S. F.
De Leon, Tex.—5%
Del Rio, Tex.—Water Works
Denison, Tex.—Various
De Soto Co., Fla.—Road & Bridge
Eastern Limestone Corp.
Elbert Co., Colo.—School Dists.
El Paso Co., Colo.—School Dist. No. 11
Gonzales Co., Tex.—Road
Grand Saline, Tex.—Indpt. School
Grayson Co., Tex— (Jan. Annually)
Great Falls, Mont.—Road
Gadsdens Co., Fla.—School Tax
Gooding Highway Dist., Gooding, Idaho
Gulfport, Fla. 6%
Gulfport, Miss. (Various)
Hardin Co., Tex.—Various
Harrison Co., Miss.—Road
Hickman College, Ky.
Highland Park, Va.—School
Hotchkiss, Colo.—Various
Hubbard, Tex.—Various
Iota & Long Point, La.—Roads
Irion Co., Tex. (Jan. Annually) Road
Itasca, Tex.—School
Jacksonville, Tex.—School
Jarrell, Tex.—School
Jefferson City, Tex.—Various
Johnston Land Co., D. S. B.
Kaufman Co., Tex.—Road
Kerens, Tex.—Water Works
Kingsville, Tex.—Water Works
Kittitas Reclamation Dist., Ellensburg, Wash. 5%
La Fayette, Ga.—Water & Elec. Light
Lake Worth, Fla.—6%
Lenoir, N. C.—Water & Street
Lincolnton, N. C.—Water & Sewer
Lowndes Co., Miss.—Road Dists.
Lufkin, Tex.—Sewer & Street
Manatee Co., Fla.—Various
Marion Co., Tex.—Various Dist.
Meridian, Miss.—Various
Millen, Ga.—5%
Milwaukee, N. C.—School Dist.
Mineola, Tex.—5%
Monongalia Co., W. Va.—Roads
Monroe Co., Miss. (Various)
Morganton, N. C.—Graded Schools
Morgantown, W. Va.—School
Navarro Co., Tex.—Various
Newton, N. C.—Water
Ohio & Kentucky Rwy. Co.—5%
Ocala, Fla.—5%
Okolona, Miss.—Water
Oregon-Calif. & Eastern Rwy. Co.—Various
Palm Beach Co., Fla.—Various
Penn Tank Line—Various
Pikeville, Ky.—5%
Plummer, Idaho—Various
Polk Co., Tenn.—Various
Richland Township, S. D.
Roane Co., Tenn.—Bridge
Robertson Co., Tex.—Roads
St. Petersburg, Fla.—Various
San Angelo, Tex.—Various
San Antonio, Tex.—Ind. School
Shreveport, La.—Various
Sioux Falls, S. D.—Water
Sistersville, W. Va.—Water
Springville, N. Y.—Water & Elec.
Stafford Co., Va.—5%
State of New Mexico—Various
Terrell, Tex.—Various
Texarkana, Tex.—Ward School
Tonawanda, N. Y.—Sewer
Tyler Co., Tex.—Road
Vale, Ore.—Water
Vivian, La. (Jan. Annually) W-W
Wash. Co., N. C. (Rd. & Bridge)
Waupaca Water Wks. Co.
Waxahachie, Tex.—Various
West Palm Beach, Fla.—Various
Williamston, N. C., Township—Various
Williamston, N. C., Township—Road
Wills Point, Tex.—Water
Winona Gas, Light & Coke Co.—5%

COUPONS DUE AND PAYABLE AT THE

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

55 Cedar Street, New York, N. Y.

ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 1922.

Acker, Merrall & Condit Co. Deb. (July 10) 6s
Alachua Co., Fla., Road & Bridge 5½s
Alexandria, La., Pub. Imp. 5s
Amherst Co., Va., Refd. 4½s Road Imp. 5s
Apex, N. C., Electric Light 6s
Asheville, N. C. Various 5s
Auburn, N. Y., Water Filtration 4½s
Aurora, N. C., Town St. Construction 6s
Baton Rouge, La., Permanent Imp. 4s and Pub. Imp. 4½s
Bell Co., Ky. 5s
Bergen Co., N. J., Bridge & Road Imp. 4½s
Bergen Co., N. J., Bridge (July 15) 4½s
Bloomfield, N. J., Fire Dept. 4s
Brightwaters, N. Y., Dock 6s, Paving 6s
Broward Co., Fla., Spl. Road & Bridge Dist. No. 1 6s
Buenos Ayres Central R. R. Co. 5s
Buffalo Creek R. R. Co. 1st Ref. 5s
Buffalo Creek R. R. Co. 2nd 5s
Camden Co., N. J. Various 4s & 4½s
Camden Co., N. C., Fding. & Road 6s
Caswell Co., N. C., Road & Bdge. Imp. 6s
Cedartown, Ga., High School 5s and School Imp. 6s
Clinton, N. C., Street 6s
Cortland, N. Y., Street & Sewer Extension
Currituck Co., N. C., Road 6s
Dade Co., Fla. Various
Daytona, Fla., Sewer & Drainage 5s
Detroit, Monroe & Toledo S. L. Ry. 5s
Dunn, N. C. 6s
Durham, N. C., Fdg. & School 4½s & 5s
Sewer 4½s, Water 5s
Duval Co., Fla., St. John's River Bridge 5s
Easton Trans. Co. 6s
Elberton, Ga., Paving Elec. Lt. & School Bldg. 4½s & 5s
Elyria, O., Water Works 4½s
Empire State R. R. Co. Equip. Trust Notes Series "A" 7s
Enfield, N. C., Elec. Lt. Water & Sewer 6s
Englewood, N. J., School 5s Series A, B, C 5s
Essex Co., N. J., Land 4½s
Essex Co., N. J., Park 4½s-6s
Fairmont Coal Co. 5s
Fairview, N. J., Fdg. 5s
Fayetteville, N. C., School Bldg. 6s
Fort Pierce, Fla., Pub. Utility 6s
Fresno City Water Co. 5s
Gaston County, N. C., Road 6s
General Pipe Line Co. of Cal. 1st Mtge. 6s
Glassport, Pa., School Dist. 4½s
Glassport, Pa., Boro. 5s
Greensboro, N. C. Street, Sewer & Water Works 4s
Greenwich, Conn., Refdg. 4½s School 4½s
Greenwood, S. C. 4½s
Griffin, Ga., Sewer, Water & Light 5s
Hastings, D. D. Fla. 6s
Hawaii Territory Memorial Park 5s
Henderson, N. C. 5s, 6s
Henningsen Produce Co. of Montana 7s
Hillsborough Co., Fla., School Dist. 5s & 6s
Hillsborough Co., Fla., County Road 5s
Homestead, Fla., Municipal Imp. 6s
Jennings, La., School 5s
Key West, Fla., Park 5s Imp. & Side Walk 5½s
Key West, Fla., Refd. 5s
Lawrence, N. Y., St. Imp. 4.60s
Leland, Miss., Consol. School Dist. 5½s
Lexington, N. C., Street & School 6s
Lynchburg, Va., Pub. Imp. 4½s
Lynn Haven Pub. Imp. 6s
Marin Municipal Water Dist. 5s
Marquette & Bessemer Dock & Navigation Co. Deb. 5s
Mebane, N. C., 6s Various 6s
Mecklenburg Co., N. C., Bridge 6s
Memphis, Tenn., Education
Miami, Fla., Imp. 5s & Municipal Imp. 5s
Miami Beach, Fla., Park 5s
Monticello, Ga., School Lt. & Water 5s
Mt. Olive, N. C., Pub. Imp. (July 12) 5½s
Mutual Life Ins. Co. 5s
Natomas Co., of Calif. 6s
New London, Conn., School Refd. 4½s
North Spring Lake, N. J., Water 5s
Northern Ind. Ry. Co. Consol. 1st 5s
Norwalk, Conn. 4s-4½s-4½s
Oskaloosa Traction & Light Co. 5s
Oswego, N. Y., Water (July 15) 4½s
Pacific Tel. & Tel. Co. (July 2) 5s
Pelham, Ga. Various 5s
Pensacola, Fla., Imp. 4½s
Pinellas Co., Fla. 5s
Portland Gas & Coke Co. Refdg. 5s
Portsmouth, Va., School 5s
Radford, Va., Municipal Imp. 5s
Reading Transit & Lt. Co. Equip. Gold 7s
Richland, Ga., Water Works & Elec. Lt. 5s
Richmond, Va. Various 4s & 4½s
Rock Hill, S. C. Various 6s
Rome, Ga., Refding. 4½s
St. Lucie Co., Fla., Time Warrants 6s
St. Lucie Co., Fla., Spl. R. & Br. D. No. 1 6s
School City, Ft. Wayne, Ind., Imp. (July 15) 4s
Scotland Neck 6s
Selma, N. C., Sewer 6s
Shelby Co., Tenn., School 4½s
South Orange, N. J., Various 4s, 4½s & 5s
Statesville, N. C., R. R. Aid 6s
Sullivan Co., Tenn., Road 5s
Sumter County, S. C., Road & Br. 5½s
Syracuse, N. Y., School 3½s, 4½s Br. 4½s
Tampa, Fla., Refdg. 5s
Tarboro, N. C., Water, Sewer & Street 6s
Tarpon Spring, Fla., Imp. 6s
Telfair Co., Ga., Court House 5s
Toledo, Ohio, Various; Rfdg. 5s
Toledo, Ohio Education (July 2) 4s
Utah Light & Traction Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Vero Bridge District, Fla. 6s
Water Lt. Pow. Co. of Hot Springs, S. D. 5s
Water Works Co. (San Antonio) 6s
Wayne Co., N. C., Bridge 5s
Waynesboro, Ga., Water Works 5½s
Wendell, N. C., Water & Sewer 6s
Westerly, R. I., Rfdg. 4s
Western Wake Co., Highway D. N. C. 6s
West Orange, N. J., Education 4s
Wheeling & Lake Erie Ry. Co. Equip. Tr. 4s
Wilkes-Barre, Pa., City Imp. 4s
Wilmington, N. C., Refdg. 4s
Wilson, N. C., Sidewalk & Water 6s
Winston-Salem, N. C. (July 15) 6s
Zebulon, N. C., Water & Sewer 6s
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Co. 6-Oct. 1921

Coupons from the following Bonds are payable at

KOUNTZE BROTHERS

141 Broadway, New York City, on July 1, 1922

ARIZONA—
COCHISE CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
FLAGSTAFF, TOWN OF
GLENDALE, TOWN OF
HOLBROOK, TOWN OF
MIAMI, TOWN OF
PHOENIX CITY, ROAD 5s
PIMA CO.
PIMA CO. ROAD, BRIDGE & S. D's
SOMERTON, TOWN OF
TUCSON, CITY OF
YAVAPAI CO. & SCHOOL DISTRICTS
YUMA, CITY OF

CALIFORNIA—
BEAUMONT, CITY OF
LOS ANGELES CO., FLOOD CONTROL DIST.
LOS ANGELES SCHOOL DISTRICTS
LOS ANGELES, CITY OF, PUBLIC SCHOOL IMP. 4½s, 1890; CENTRAL POLICE STATION 4½s, 1895; WATER SYSTEM IMP. 4½s, 1895
REDLANDS, CITY OF—Due fifteenth
SACRAMENTO CO., ISSUES OF 1908, ROAD, BRIDGE, COURT HOUSE
SAN JOAQUIN CO., HIGHWAY

COLORADO—
AGUILAR
ALAMOSA
ASPEN, CITY OF
ARAPAHOE CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
ARCHULETA CO. AND SCH. DIST'S
AULT, TOWN OF
AURORA, TOWN OF
BACA CO. AND SCHOOL DISTRICTS
BOULDER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTS.
BRIGHTON
BRUSH, TOWN OF
BURLINGTON, TOWN OF
CEDAREDGE
CHERAW, CITY OF
CHEYENNE WELLS, TOWN OF
CONEJOS CO. & SCHOOL DISTRICTS
COSTILLA CO. & SCHOOL DISTS.
CRAIG, TOWN OF
DELTA CO. & SCHOOL DISTRICTS
ECKLEY, TOWN OF
EL PASO CO., SCHOOL DISTRICTS
ENGLEWOOD, CITY OF
FLORENCE, CITY OF
FORT COLLINS, CITY OF
FORT LUPTON
FOWLER, TOWN OF
GARFIELD CO. & SCHOOL DISTRICTS
GLENWOOD SPRINGS
GRANADA, TOWN OF
GRAND JUNCTION, CITY OF
HAXTUN, TOWN OF
HOLLY, TOWN OF
HOLYOKE, TOWN
JEFFERSON CO. & SCHOOL DISTS.
JOHNSTOWN, TOWN OF
JULESBURG, TOWN OF
LAMAR
LA JUNTA, CITY OF
LA PLATA CO.
LARIMER CO. & SCHOOL DISTRICTS
LAS ANIMAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTS.
LIMON
LINCOLN CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
LOGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICTS
MESA CO. AND SCHOOL DISTRICTS
MILLIKEN, TOWN OF
MINERAL CO.
MONTROSE CO. & SCHOOL DISTS.
MONTROSE, CITY OF
MORGAN CO. & SCHOOL DISTRICTS
NEDERLAND, TOWN OF
NORWOOD, TOWN OF
OAK CREEK, TOWN OF
OTERO CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
OTIS
OURAY CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
PALISADE
PAONIA, TOWN OF
PEETZ
PHILLIPS CO. & SCHOOL DISTS.
ROCKY FORD, CITY OF
ROUTT CO. & SCHOOL DISTRICTS
SAN MIGUEL CO. & SCHOOL DISTS.
STATE OF COLORADO
SEDGWICK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTS.
WASHINGTON CO. & SCHOOL DIST.
WELD CO. & SCHOOL DISTRICTS
WILEY
WRAY, TOWN OF
YUMA

IDAHO—
ADAMS COUNTY
ALBION, VILLAGE OF
ASHTON, VILLAGE OF
BANCROFT
BANNOCK CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
BINGHAM CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
BLACKFOOT
BLAINE CO. & SCHOOL DISTRICTS
BOISE—EAST SIDE SCHOOL BLDG.
BOUNDARY CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
BUHL
BURLEY
BUTTE COUNTY
CALDWELL
CANYON COUNTY
CASCADE, VILLAGE OF
CASSIA COUNTY & SCHOOL DISTS.
CHALLIS
CLIFTON
CULDESAC, VILLAGE OF
DECLO IND'PT. S. D. NO. 3
DUBOIS
EDEN
ELMORE CO.
EMMET
FILER
FRANKLIN CO. & SCHOOL DISTS.
GEM COUNTY
GLENS FERRY
GLENWOOD HIGHWAY DISTRICT
GOODING, CITY OF
GOODING CO. SCHOOL DISTRICT
GRACE
GRANGEVILLE INDEP. S. D. NO. 2
HAGERMAN HIGHWAY DISTRICT
HARRISON INDEP. S. D. NO. 18
HEYBURN
IDAHO FALLS, CITY OF
IONA
JEROME
KAMIAH
KIMBERLEY INDEP. S. D. NO. 2
LEWISVILLE
LINCOLN CO.
MADISON CO.
McCALL
McCAMMON
MONTPELIER
MT. VIEW IND'PT. S. D. NO. 46
NEW PLYMOUTH
NEZPERCE CO.
NEZPERCE, VILLAGE OF
OAKLEY
PARIS IND'PT. S. D. NO. 2
PARMA
PAYETTE
POCATELLO, CITY OF
REXBURG
RICHFIELD
RIGBY
RUPERT
RURAL HIGH S. D. NO. 1
SANDPOINT
SHELLEY
SHOSHONE, VILLAGE OF
TWIN FALLS, CITY OF, & COUNTY
TWIN FALLS HIGHWAY DISTRICT
VALLEY COUNTY
WEISER IND'PT. S. D. NO. 1
WENDELL

MONTANA—
CARBON COUNTY & SCHOOL DISTS.
CHOTEAU, TOWN OF
CUSTER COUNTY S. D. NO. 1
FALLON COUNTY S. D. NO. 14
FROMBERG, TOWN OF
MILES CITY
MUSSELSHELL CO. & SCHOOL DISTS.
POWDER RIVER COUNTY
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, CITY OF

NEBRASKA—
ADAMS CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
BEEMER, VILLAGE OF
BOX BUTTE CO. & SCHOOL DISTS.
BUFFALO CO. & SCHOOL DISTS.
BURT CO.
CUSTER CO. S. D. 169 AND VILLAGE OF ANSLEY
DIXON CO. & S. D. 61
DOUGLAS CO.
DUNDEE
FALLS CITY
FRANKLIN, CITY OF
FREMONT, CITY OF
GIBBON, VILLAGE OF

NEBRASKA—(Concluded)
GRAND ISLAND CITY & S. D.
LINCOLN, CITY OF
LYONS, VILLAGE OF
MERRICK CO.
NANCE CO.
NEMAHA CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
OMAHA, CITY OF—Payable in N. Y.
OMAHA CITY SCHOOL DIST.—do.
ORLEANS, CITY OF
POLK CO.
RED WILLOW COUNTY
SALINE CO.
SCOTTS BLUFF COUNTY
SOUTH OMAHA, CITY OF—Payable in New York
SUPERIOR, CITY OF
TEKAMAH, CITY OF

NEVADA—
LYON COUNTY—CANAL S. D. NO. 10
PERSHING COUNTY
RENO

NEW MEXICO—
BERNALILLO CO. SCHOOL DISTS.
CHAVES CO. COURT HOUSE & JAIL
GUADALUPE CO. SCHOOL DISTS.
LAS CRUCES
LEA CO.
LOVINGTON
LUNA CO. & SCHOOL DISTRICTS
MAXWELL
RATON
ROSWELL, CITY OF, & BOARD EDUC.
SANTA FE
SANTA ROSA
SAN JUAN CO. & SCHOOL DISTRICTS
SOCORRO CO.
TAOS CO.
TORRANCE CO. & SCHOOL DISTS.
UNION COUNTY SCHOOL DISTS.
VALENCIA CO.
VAUGHAN BOARD OF EDUCATION

OHIO—
CANTON CITY—Payable in New York
CANTON SCHOOL DISTRICT

OREGON—
ASHLAND, CITY OF—ELEC. LIGHT
BENTON CO. SCHOOL DIST. NO. 9
COOS CO. S. D. NO. 85
DOUGLAS COUNTY S. D. 19
ELGIN CITY
ESTACADA, CITY OF
FOREST GROVE, CITY OF
HOOD RIVER IRRIGATION DIST.
PENDLETON, CITY OF
SUISLAW
WESTON

SOUTH DAKOTA—
AURORA, CITY OF

UTAH—
CASTLE DALE
GARFIELD CO.
HYRUM CITY
JUAB COUNTY
MYTON, TOWN OF
PLEASANT FORK
WELLSVILLE

WYOMING—
BIG HORN CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
CASPER, CITY OF
CROOK CO. SCHOOL DISTRICTS
DOUGLAS, TOWN OF
GREYBULL, TOWN OF
GUERNSEY
JOHNSON CO. SCHOOL DISTRICT
LANDER, TOWN OF
LINGLE
LUSK, TOWN OF
MANVILLE, TOWN OF
MEDICINE BOW, TOWN OF
MOOREROFT, CITY OF
NIOBRARA CO. & SCHOOL DISTS.
PARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICTS
PLATTE COUNTY
POWELL
RAWLINS
RIVERTON
UINTA CO. SCHOOL DISTS.
WHEATLAND, TOWN OF

CORPORATIONS—
NATIONAL LOAN & INVESTMENT CO. OF DETROIT (DEBENTURES)
TWIN CITY TELEPHONE CO.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.

59 CEDAR STREET

NEW YORK

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS ARE PAYABLE AT OUR BANKING HOUSE DURING THE MONTH OF JULY, 1922:

JULY 1, 1922.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Rd. Co. Gen. Mtge. 4½s.
Cleveland & Mahoning Valley Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 5% Coupon Bonds.
Cleveland & Mahoning Valley Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 5% Registered Bonds.
Grand Rapids and Indiana Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. Ext. 5½s and 4½s.
Indianapolis, Ind., City of Indianapolis, Ind., School Bonds.
Jekyl Island Club 1st Mtge. 4½s.
Muskegon, Grand Rapids & Indiana 1st 5s.
Marion County, Indiana, Bridge Bonds.
Northern Pacific Terminal Co. of Oregon 1st 6s.
New Orleans, City of, Constitutional & Improvement 4s.
New Orleans, La., 7% Gold Bonds & Coupons
Niagara Falls Water Works, 1st 5s.
Niagara Falls Power Co. 1st 5s.
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway Co., Common and Special Stock, 1¾% Div.
Traverse City R. R. Co. 1st 5s.

JULY 2, 1922.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway Co. Preferred and Original Stock, 1¾% Div.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION

644-646 Broadway, Cor. Bleecker St., N. Y.

142nd Semi-Annual Dividend.

Interest at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT

per annum will be credited to depositors July 1, 1922 (payable on and after July 17th) on all sums, not exceeding $5,000 entitled thereto. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st. Open Mondays from 10 A. M. to 8:30 P. M.

AFTER JULY 1, 1922, INTEREST WILL BE CREDITED QUARTERLY

January 1st, July 1st,
April 1st, October 1st

WALTER C. STOKES, President.
Arthur Stiles, V.-Pres. David Sands, Sec'y.

$1 opens an account in the

Maiden Lane Savings Bank

Cor. Broadway & Maiden Lane

4% PER ANNUM

Deposits made on or before July 13th draw interest from July 1st 1922.

Deposits received from 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M. Saturdays to 1 P. M.

Put Your Savings in a Savings Bank

J. HEYNEN, Sec. F. A. RINGLER, Pres.

Empire City Savings Bank

231 West 125th St.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending June 30, 1922, at the rate of

4% Per Annum

Money deposited on or before July 15, 1922, will draw interest from July 1.

A. S. VAN WINKLE, President.
H. C. MURPHY, Secretary.

Commencing October 1st, 1922, dividends will be credited and compounded quarterly.

146TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

Union Square Savings Bank

No. 20 UNION SQUARE

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the six months ending June 30th, 1922, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on sums from $5 to $5,000, payable on and after July 17th. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st, and if not withdrawn, will receive three months' interest on October 1st. From July 1, 1922, dividends will be paid quarterly.

FREDERIC C. MILLS, President.
H. E. BRUNNENKOFF, Secretary.
Open 10 to 3; Mon. 10 to 7, Sat. 10 to 12.
ACCOUNTS OF SOCIETIES ACCEPTED.

Union Dime Savings Bank

40th Street and 6th Avenue

An Interest Dividend (126th consecutive) has been declared at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum, credited July 1, 1922, and payable on and after Thursday, July 20, 1922, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws, from $5 to $5,000.

Money deposited on or before July 10, 1922, draws interest from July 1, 1922.

Beginning with October 1, 1922, dividends will be credited and paid quarterly instead of semi-annually

COMMODITY PRICES.

Cash Markets Hold Their Levels Firmly—Slight Declines in Lard and Cotton.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before, and a year ago:

	June 30, 1922.	June 23, 1922.	June 30, 1921.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.31	$1.29	$1.47
Corn, No. 2 yellow	75½	.79	.78½
Oats, No. 2 white	.47¼	.47¼	.47
Flour, Minn., patent	7.75	8.00	9.25
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.19½	.19½	.06¾
Sugar, granulated	.06	.06	.052
Butter, creamery, 92 score	.38	.37½	.35½
Eggs, fresh-gathered fancy, per dozen	.26½	.24½	.31
Lard, Mid. W	11.90	12.15	11.10
Pork, mess	29.50	29.50	24.50
Beef, family	17.00	17.00	17.00
METALS—			
Iron, No. 2X, Phil	28.25	28.87½	28.25
Steel billets, Phila	33.00	33.00	37.00
Lead	5.75	5.75	4.45
Copper	12.62½	12.50	12.50
Tin	30.62½	31.25	28.75
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	.22.10	22.20	11.60
Print cloths	.06¾	.06¾	.04½

Range of prices for year to date:

	Highest—		Lowest—	
Wheat	$1.61¾	Apr. 22	$1.19	Jan. 3
Corn	.81½	May 16	.61¾	Jan. 3
Oats	.50¾	May 15	.45	June 15
Flour	9.80	Feb. 27	7.25	Jan. 3
Coffee	.11¾	Apr. 17	.06¾	Jan. 24
Sugar	.06¾	June 22	.045	Jan. 7
Butter	.40	Jan. 3	.34½	Jan. 19
Eggs	.54	Jan. 25	.23½	Mar. 7
Lard	13.25	Feb. 23	9.40	Jan. 3
Pork	29.50	May 31	22.50	Jan. 24
Beef	17.00	Mar. 27	14.00	Feb. 9
Iron	28.25	June 29	21.26	Mar. 17
Steel	35.00	May 16	28.00	Jan. 19
Lead	5.90	June 27	4.67½	Feb. 8
Tin	38.25	Jan. 12	28.50	Mar. 14
Copper	13.87½	June 5	12.50	Feb. 21
Cotton	22.35	June 8	16.45	Jan. 3
Print cloths	.06¾	June 8	.06¾	Feb. 8

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 26,611 packages. Market steady on top grades; somewhat unsettled on secondary. Ladles and packing steady. Creamery, higher than extra, pound, 38½@39c; extras, 92 score, 38c; firsts, 34½@37½c; seconds, 33@34c; lower grades, 31@32½c; centralized cars, 90 score, 89 score, 35½@36½c; 88 score, 34½@35c; 87 to 87 score, 33@34c; unsalted, higher than extras, 40@40½c; extras, 92 score, 39@39½c; firsts, 36@38½c; seconds, 34@35c; lower grades, 32@33c; State dairy tubs, finest, 37@38c; good to prime, 35@36½c; common to fair, 30@34c; ladles, current make, extras, 30½@31½c; firsts, 28@29c; seconds, 26½@27c; lower grades, 25@26c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 27c; No. 2, 25½@26c; lower grades, 23@24c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 25,938 cases. Tone of market firmer on higher grades. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 30½@31c; regular packed, extra firsts, 27½@28c; firsts, 24½@26c; seconds and poorer, 21@24c; trade sales, 31½@32½c; dirties, nearby packed, No. 1, 21½@23½c; No. 2 and poorer, 17@21c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 20@21c; New Jersey, hennery whites, candled, extras, 34c; unscandled, extras, 29@31c; nearby candled, 40@42c; nearby and nearby Western hennery whites, average extras, 37@38c; extra firsts, 33@36c; firsts, 29@31c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 38@39c; under grades, 35@37c; Pacific Coast whites, extra firsts, 35@38½c; firsts, 29@33c; under grades, 28@28½c; other Westerns and Southern, gathered whites, 25@31c; nearby and nearby Western hennery browns, extras, 32@37c; nearby brown and mixed colors, gathered extras, 29½@31c; firsts to extra firsts, 25@29c.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.
Amalgamated Leather	10	11¼	10
Amalgamated Leather pf	35	40	30
Briscoe & Wilcox	118	119	115
Borden Co., The	103	105	103
Borden Co., The, pf	96	98	96
C. W. Bliss	30	31½	30
Childs Co.	112	115	112
Childs Co. pf	104	107	104
Exchange Buffet	27	30	27
General Baking Co.	97¼	99	97¼
General Baking Co. pf	104	108	105
Gillette Safety Razor	215	216	215
Hercules	160	170	169
Hercules pf	100	102	100
Ingersoll-Rand	154	158	154
Ingersoll-Rand pf	92	100	93
Merck pf	62	72	66
New Jersey Zinc	141	143	142
Niles-Bement-Pond	48	50	48
Niles-Bement-Pond pf	85	90	85
Northern Securities	93	97	93
Royal Baking Powder	100	102	100
Royal Baking Powder pf	96	98	96
Safety C. H. & L.	70	74	70
Scoville Mfg. Co.	350	365	355
Shultz Bread	100	103	100
Singer Manufacturing	90	93	90
Standard Screw	270	275	270
Van Raalte	45	50	45

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES

June, 1922.

RAILROADS (25 STOCKS).

Date.	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.	Net Change.
June 1	82.21	2	82.00	24	82.09	— .30
June 2	83.25	23	82.68	24	82.92	+ .83
June 3	83.07	3	82.72	24	82.87	— .05
June 5	83.13	5	82.80	24	82.87	.00
June 6	83.21	6	82.90	24	82.98	+ .11
June 7	83.71	7	82.97	24	83.44	+ .46
June 8	83.72	8	82.97	24	83.44	.00
June 9	82.59	9	82.12	24	82.12	— 1.32
June 10	82.63	10	82.12	24	82.12	.00
June 12	81.89	12	80.78	24	80.89	— 1.23
June 13	80.94	13	80.27	24	80.27	— .62
June 14	80.06	14	79.57	24	79.57	— .70
June 15	81.37	15	80.60	24	81.05	+ 1.48
June 16	81.06	16	80.73	24	80.73	— .32
June 17	80.06	17	79.45	24	79.45	— .28
June 19	79.84	19	79.39	24	79.58	+ .13
June 20	80.64	20	80.43	24	80.57	+ .99
June 21	81.16	21	80.80	24	81.07	+ .50
June 22	81.56	22	80.41	24	81.46	+ .39
June 23	81.92	23	81.07	24	81.57	+ .11
June 24	82.06	24	81.22	24	81.35	— .22
June 26	83.52	26	81.98	26	82.48	+ 1.13
June 27	83.26	27	81.22	27	81.35	— 1.13
June 28	81.57	28	81.02	28	81.34	— .01
June 29	81.51	29	81.02	29	81.34	.00
June 30	83.19	30	81.45	30	82.10	+ .76

INDUSTRIALS (25 STOCKS).

June 1	99.05	2	98.07	24	98.41	— .33
June 2	99.27	23	98.20	24	98.89	+ .48
June 3	99.26	3	98.50	24	98.89	.00
June 5	99.13	5	97.99	24	98.61	— .08
June 6	98.98	6	97.96	24	98.61	.00
June 7	98.42	7	97.81	24	97.81	— .58
June 8	98.27	7	97.56	24	97.83	+ .11
June 9	98.37	9	96.93	24	96.71	— 1.36
June 10	98.15	10	96.61	24	96.71	.00
June 12	96.10	12	94.85	24	95.84	— 1.06
June 13	95.82	13	95.13	24	95.13	— .91
June 14	95.44	14	94.61	24	94.61	— .52
June 15	96.27	15	95.47	24	96.13	+ 1.52
June 16	96.37	16	95.91	24	96.13	.00
June 17	96.97	17	96.37	24	96.37	+ .24
June 19	96.97	19	96.01	24	96.13	— .24
June 20	97.60	20	96.97	24	97.40	+ 1.27
June 21	98.14	21	97.40	24	97.48	+ .08
June 22	98.14	22	96.48	24	97.48	.00
June 23	98.31	23	97.07	24	97.43	— .05
June 24	98.08	24	97.02	24	97.74	+ .31
June 26	99.54	26	97.74	26	98.97	+ 1.23
June 27	97.78	27	96.59	27	97.04	— 1.93
June 28	97.78	28	96.25	28	96.70	— .34
June 29	97.78	29	96.73	29	97.45	+ .75
June 30	97.78	30	96.73	30	97.45	.00

COMBINED AVERAGE (50 STOCKS.)

June 1	91.15	2	90.31	24	90.65	+ .07
June 2	91.63	23	90.43	24	90.87	+ .22
June 3	91.16	3	90.60	24	90.78	— .09
June 5	91.13	5	90.27	24	90.64	— .14
June 6	91.10	6	90.13	24	90.57	— .07
June 7	91.61	7	90.54	24	91.18	+ .61
June 8	91.62	8	90.61	24	91.18	.00
June 9	90.98	9	90.06	24	90.06	— 1.12
June 10	91.00	10	90.06	24	90.06	.00
June 12	89.78	12	88.76	24	89.12	— 1.00
June 13	89.36	13	88.76	24	88.76	— .36
June 14	88.78	14	88.17	24	88.17	— .59
June 15	89.31	15	88.52	24	89.06	+ .89
June 16	89.46	16	89.06	24	89.06	.00
June 17	89.06	17	88.45	24	88.45	— .61
June 19	88.98	19	88.45	24	88.61	+ .16
June 20	89.45	20	89.13	24	89.13	+ .52
June 21	89.70	21	89.13	24	89.13	.00
June 22	89.85	22	89.13	24	89.13	.00
June 23	89.85	23	89.13	24	89.13	.00
June 24	89.85	24	89.13	24	89.13	.00
June 26	91.18	26	89.98	26	90.35	+ 1.22
June 27	90.57	27	89.73	27	90.14	— .21
June 28	90.57	28	89.73	28	90.14	.00
June 29	90.57	29	89.73	29	90.14	.00
June 30	90.97	30	89.96	30	90.77	+ .67

JUNE RANGE.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
1922	83.31	1	80.35	16	83.10
1921	83.72	1	79.57	24	83.44
1920	84.94	2	81.94	14	83.97
1919	89.39	2	84.02	16	89.04
1918	81.81	5	80.60	2	81.15
1917	83.13	12	78.73	4	79.45
1916	93.03	15	91.73	28	92.54
1915	72.76	4	69.73	1	71.08
1914	79.33	9	78.98	25	78.98
1913	82.86	3	78.68	10	79.29
1912	81.89	19	81.40	14	82.06

INDUSTRIALS.

1922	99.27	2	92.40	16	97.45
1921	93.06	2	89.12	21	93.40
1920	118.46	13	107.53	5	111.60
1919	110.79	6	101.08	16	109.03
1918	93.30	27	89.50	1	93.30
1917	96.81	7	87.33	20	93.58
1916	98.86	12	88.34	28	91.52
1915	72.00	22	63.24	1	69.80
1914	82.96	9	80.99	25	80.99
1913	87.13	3	82.37	10	83.09
1912	71.40	6	68.43	20	70.06

COMBINED.

1922	91.22	2	75.83	16	79.77
1921	93.74	2	88.35	21	92.98
1920	88.80	13	80.86	5	82.12
1919	93.50	6	82.16	16	87.09
1918	73.37	27	68.74	1	72.47
1917	84.45	12	81.11	20	82.81
1916	89.60	12	83.54	24	86.03
1915	75.32	7	71.33	1	73.79
1914	80.94	9	80.82	25	80.82
1913	83.79	3	80.63	1	81.94

* Year's Range.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
*1922	94.60	May 29	83.07	Jan. 10	83.10
1921	94.54	May 23	67.50	Jan. 21	83.76
1920	93.53	Nov. 4	48.86	Dec. 23	84.93
1919	98.78	May 27	86.80	Nov. 20	86.15
1918	90.75	Nov. 12	84.34	Jan. 15	82.31
1917	93.29	Jan. 3	72.06	Dec. 26	74.24
1916	109.70	Nov. 9	74.82	Apr. 22	80.57
1915	82.92	Mar. 4	66.13	Feb. 24	82.23
1914	88.94	Jan. 23	68.35	July 30	68.94
1913	91.42	Jan. 9	75.53	June 10	79.79
1912	91.26	Oct. 4	68.39	Dec. 16	90.27
1911	99.61	June 26	84.40	Sep. 22	91.37

INDUSTRIALS.

*1922	99.27	June 2	79.56	Jan. 10	97.45
1921	90.60	May 3	66.34	Aug. 25	93.36
1920	120.83	Apr. 3	76.55	Dec. 22	81.00
1919	138.13	Nov. 1	80.37	Feb. 15	122.20
1918	91.10	Nov. 11	71.14	Jan. 15	84.14
1917	99.74	Jan. 4	62.84	Dec. 20	71.95
1916	119.30	Nov. 20	88.60	July 15	93.88
1915	109.97	Oct. 22	51.85	Feb. 24	100.78
1914	94.15	Jan. 31	53.41	July 30	53.96
1913	87.06	Jan. 7	50.27	June 10	56.34
1912	74.00	Sep. 30	71.74	Feb. 1	86.18
1911	89.76	June 5	84.75	Sep. 25	85.83

COMBINED.

*1922	91.80	May 29	68.21	Jan. 10	79.77
1921	73.13	May 6	58.35	June 21	62.98
1920	94.07	Apr. 3	62.10	Dec. 22	67.96
1919	99.59	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	80.69
1918	80.16	Nov. 12	64.19	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	89.66	Jan. 3	57.41	Dec. 20	65.86
1916	103.54	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.23
1915	91.13	Oct. 22	58.00	Feb. 24	91.56
1914	73.30	Jan. 31	37.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.25	Jan. 9	63.00	June 10	68.00
1912	82.87	Sep. 30	75.75	Feb. 1	77.00
1911	84.41	June 24	69.75	Sep. 25	77.00

*To date.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.
Spot	...	...	11.15	11.15
July	11.19	11.16	11.17	11.18
Aug.	11.31	11.22	11.21	11.22
Sept.	11.33	11.23	11.22	11.29
Oct.	10.72	10.65	10.62	10.68
Nov.	9.37	9.28	9.30	9.34
Dec.	9.21	9.14	9.13	9.18
Jan.	9.16	9.13	9.13	9.18
Feb.	...	No sales		9.13

Total sales, 12,100.

COFFEE.

The coffee market closed 6@13 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	10.00	10.00	9.91	10.03	...
Sept.	9.82	9.73	9.73	9.84	16.34
Dec.	9.70	9.59	9.61	9.72	6.75
Mar.	9.53	9.50	9.46	9.59	7.06
May	9.53	9.48	9.47	9.57	...

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market closed 4@9 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	3.21	3.13	3.20	3.13	...
Sept.	3.33	3.26	3.32	3.27	2.93
Oct.	3.35	3.35	3.36	3.27	2.90
Nov.	3.37	3.36	3.36	3.35	...
Dec.	3.38	3.36	3.36	3.33	2.74
Mar.	3.23	3.21	3.21	3.17	...
Aug.	3.35	3.29	3.30	...	...

*Closing price.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.			
Alta	.09	Knox	.03
Andes	.07	Sunbeam	.06
Best & Belcher	.03	Zone	.10
Con. Virginia	.11	GOLDFIELD.	
Gould & Curry	.02	Booth	.08
Hale & Norcross	.06	Consolidated	.08
Justice	.03	Development	.02
Mexican	.02	Florence	.14
Ophir	.06	Jumbo Extension	.04
Potosi	.03	Kewanas	.04
Savage	.04	Lone Star	.03
Sierra Nevada	.07	Silver Pick	.14
Union	.22	OATMAN.	
TONOPAH.		Big Jim	.02
Belmont	1.50	Cash Entry	.02
Cash Boy	.05	Combination	.04
Halifax	.17	Lazy Boy	.02
McNamara	.06	Nellie	.07
Midway	.10	United	.03
Monarch N	.02	United Western	.03
North Star	.06	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.03	Bullwhacker	.45
Tonopah Extension	1.83½	Cresson	.09
Tonopah Tid	.03	Hamilton	.02
West End	1.02½	Holly	.74
West Tonopah	.04	Manhattan Consolidated	.02
DIVIDE.		Round Mountain	.16
Ben-Hur	.04	Fairview Mines	.12
Brougher	.02	Simon	.41
Divide Tonopah	.75	Simon Contact	.06
Dividend	.02	Sterling	.02
Extension	.14	Uncle Sam	.03
Hermill	.08	White Caps	.06
COLORADO SPRINGS.			
	Bid.	Asked.	
Cresson	2⅝	2¼	
Elkton	1½	2⅛	
El Paso	7	10	
Gold Cycle	81¼	85	
Granite	5	8	
Isabella	...	2	

	Bid.	Asked.
Mary McK.	4	5
Portland	10	20
U. Gold M.	14½	16
Vindicator	5	6
Rose Nicoi.	1½	2⅛

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1922.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
55	Adams Exp.	64¾	63¾	64¾
200	Ajax Rubber	14¾	14¼	14¾
50	Allied Chem.	67½	67½	67½
70	Allis-Chalm. pf	48¾	48¾	48¾
50	Am Agr Ch.	39	39	39
10	Do pf	85¾	85¾	85¾
85	Am Beet Sug	39¼	38¾	39¼
180	Am Can	46¾	45¾	46¾
50	Am Cot Oil	26¾	26¾	26¾
10	Am Hid. pf	66¾	66¾	66¾
60	Am Ice	103¾	103¾	103¾
210	Am Int'l	41¾	41¼	41¾
100	AmLaFrance	13	12¾	12¾
70	Am Linseed	33¾	33¾	33¾
30	Am Safe Raz	5¾	5¾	5¾
775	Am Ship & C	19¾	19¼	19¼
90	Am Sm&Ref	58¾	58½	58½
20	Am Sum Tob	40¼	40¼	40¼
425	Am Tel & T	120¾	120½	120½
125	Am Woolen	86¾	86¼	86½
180	AmWaterW	14¾	14¾	14¾
100	Dolst pf	38¾	38¾	38¾
10	Am Zinc	16¾	16¾	16¾
270	Anaconda Cop	51¾	51¼	51¼
90	A. Tob&S Pe	90¾	90¾	90¾
50	A. Birm & A	3	3	3
250	Atl Fruit	2½	2½	2½
270	A. G & W I	38¾	37¾	38¼
3,355	Bald Locos	114¾	111¾	114¼
780	Balt & Ohio	40¾	40¼	40¾
80	Do pf	61¼	61¼	61¼
10	Barnsdall, B	29¼	29¼	29¼
1,080	Beth Stl, B	76¾	75¾	75¾
1,385	B'klyn R T	29	27¼	28¾
540	Do ctfs	24¾	24¼	24¾
80	BurnsBrosB	43	43	43
150	Butte & Sup	25	25	25
10	Butterick Co	22¼	22¼	22¼
100	Caddo Cent	10¾	10¾	10¾
580	Cal Pet	61¼	60¾	61
200	Callahan2-L	7¾	7¾	7¾
40	Can Pac	138¾	138¾	138¾
875	C'dler Motor	69¾	69	69¾
90	Chgo & Ohio	66¾	66	66¾
240	Chgo & St P	28¾	28	28¾
110	Do pf	42¾	42	42¾
75	Chi & Alton	9¾	9¾	9¾
1,270	C. R. I. & P.	43¾	43	43¾
160	Chile Copper	20¾	20¼	20¼
1,016	Coca-Cola	69¾	68	69¾
320	Col Graphc	4¼	4¼	4¼
20	Con Cigar	56¾	56¾	56¾
460	Con Gas	114¾	114¾	114¾
770	Con Textile	11¾	11¾	11¾
110	Corn Prod	104	104	104
410	Cosden Co	45¼	45	45¼
1,715	Crucible Stl	73¾	73¼	73½
330	Dav Chem	44¼	43¾	43¾
100	Du Pont	129	129	129
120	El Stor Bat	42¾	42¼	42¾
70	End Johnson	79¾	79¾	79¾
250	Erie	15	14¾	14¾
780	Fam Players	61¾	60¾	61¼
90	Free Texas	24	23¾	23¾
910	Gen Asphalt	66¾	65¾	65¾
375	Gen Motors	13	13¾	13¾
90	Gliddes Co	13¾	13¾	13¾
50	Granby Con	29¼	28¾	29¼
80	Gt Nor pf	77¼	77¼	77¼
20	Gt Nor Ore	38¾	38¾	38¾
150	Gulf Sta Stl	77¾	76¾	77¾
250	Houston Oil	79¾	74¾	79¾
150	Hudson Mot	21¾	21	21¼
175	Indiahoma R	4¼	4¼	4¼
400	Interb Cons	1½	1½	1½
470	Do pf	39¾	39¾	39¾
10	Int Cement	21¾	21¾	21¾
110	Int M M pf	73½	73	73
90	Int Nickel	16¾	16	16¾
150	Int Paper	47¾	45¾	47¾
120	Invincible Oil	14¾	14¾	14¾
150	Iron Prod	33½	33½	33½
1,800	Isl'd O & T	1¼	¾	1¼
350	Kayser Jul	40¾	39¾	40¼
1,540	Kan & Gulf	¾	¾	¾
200	Kan City So	24¼	24¼	24¼
430	Kelly-S Tire	46¾	47¾	47¾
660	Kenne Cop	33¾	33	33¾
175	Key T & R	15¾	15¾	15¾
150	Lack Steel	74½	74½	74½
160	Loew's, Inc	15¾	15½	15¾
90	Mack Truck	57¼	56¾	57¼
30	McIn Porcu	15¾	15¾	15¾
100	MallinsonHR	39	39	39
110	Manhat Elev	46¼	45¾	46¾
1,130	Marl O & R	43¾	41¾	41¾
100	Martin Parry	30¾	30¾	30¾
700	Max Petrol	17¾	17¾	17¾
112	Miami Cop	27¼	27¼	27¼
275	Mid Sta Oil	13¾	13¾	13¾
496	Midvale Stl	33¾	33¼	33¼
310	M. K. & T. w i	17¾	17½	17½
50	Mo Pacific	23¾	23¾	23¾
20	Do pf	53¾	53¾	53¾
50	Mont Ward	22¼	22¼	22¼
20	Mullins Body	27¾	27¾	27¾
160	Nat B & S	50¾	49¾	50¼
180	N Y Central	84¾	83¾	84¼
1,980	NY, NH & H	30	28¾	29½
60	Nort & West	106¼	106¼	106¼
50	North Amer	62¾	62¾	62¾
20	Do pf	42¾	42¾	42¾
30	North Pac	74¾	74¾	74¾
1,100	Okla P & R	3¼	3¼	3¼
50	Otis Steel	11¾	11¾	11¾
230	Owens Bot	34½	34	34
50	Parish & S	12¾	12¼	12¾
50	Pan A P & T	78½	76½	77¾
380	Do pf	92¾	91¾	92¼
1,080	Pacific Oil	55¾	53¾	55
2,645	Pan A P & T	78½	76½	77¾
380	Do pf	92¾	91¾	92¼
70	PanhanPAR	7¾	7¾	7¾
480	Pac Develop	6¾	6¾	6¾
416	Pennsylvania	42¾	42	42
500	Pa Seab Stl	9¾	9	9¼
60	Pere Marq	31¾	31¼	31¼
100	Phila Co	38¾	38¾	38¾
520	Phillips Pet	50¾	47¾	50¼
90	Pierce-Arrow	18¼	18½	18¾
1,130	Pierce Oil	3	2¾	2¾
15	Do pf	44¼	44¼	44¼
180	Pitts Coal	65	64½	64½
50	Pond C Coal	22½	22¼	22½
1,745	Prod & Ref	42¾	41	42¼
10	Punta A Bug	46	46	46
80	Pure Oil	30¼	30	30
350	Rand Mines	29¾	29¼	29¼
160	RJReyn'ds,B	45¾	45¼	45¼
60	Ray Con Cop	16¾	16¾	16¾
350	Reading	74¾	74	74¾
70	Replogle Stl	30¾	30¾	30¾
210	Rep Iron&S	70¾	70¼	70¾
600	Rdy Dtch,NY	25¾	25¾	25¾
250	St L S W	23¼	23¼	23¼
10	St L S W pf	45¾	45¾	45¾
10	Saxon Motor	3¾	3¾	3¾
100	Sea'dAL pf	10¾	10¾	10¾
1,070	Sinclair	23¾	23¼	23¼
100	Spicer Mfg	18¾	18¾	18¾
440	South Pac	89¼	88¾	89¼
250	Southern Ry	23¼	23¼	23¼
200	S O of Cal	102¾	102¾	102¾
11,845	Studebaker	125¾	127	125¾
1,100	Submar Boat	8¾	8	8
80	Superior Oil	7¼	7¼	7¼
200	Swts of Am	2¾	2¾	2¾
270	Texas Co	47¾	46¾	46¾
400	Texas Co	47¾	46¾	46¾
480	TexAP C&O	27¾	26¾	27¼
450	Third Av	23¾	21¾	22¾
875	Transcon Oil	14¼	13¾	14
370	Union Oil	21	20¾	21
110	Union Pac	140¼	139¾	140¼
80	Un Fruit	141¾	139¾	141¾
261	Un Ret Stk	93¾	93¾	93¾
80	USCastIPAF	20	20	20
150	U S Ind Alc	54	53¾	54
180	U S Rubber	62

AUTOMOBILE DEATH TOLL 12,500 IN 1921

One Person Killed Every 42 Minutes, Says National Risk Bureau.

TOTAL INJURED IS 300,000

Campaign Is Begun by Insurance Organizations to Cut Number of Accidents.

Automobile accidents caused the death of 12,500 persons in this country last year—one death every forty-two minutes, day and night—and more than 300,000 persons were injured. Although accidents in general traffic are decreasing, automobile crashes increased in 1921 about 4 per cent. over 1920, and the percentage this year is growing higher.

These statements were made yesterday by Albert W. Whitney, assistant to ex-State Insurance Commissioner Jesse S. Phillips, General Manager of the National Bureau of Casualty and Surety Underwriters, who coupled his statistics with an announcement that the bureau has begun a campaign to cut down the number of accidents.

"The bureau," said Mr. Whitney, "has voted to conduct for its members an automobile accident prevention campaign and has voted a substantial sum for the purpose. The bureau is the rate-making organization for automobile insurance other than fire and theft; that is, for insurance involving accidents. Its members are twenty-three of the leading stock casualty insurance companies.

"This action was taken for business reasons. The insurance companies are alarmed at the tendencies, and feel that, for the good of the business, aside from reasons of public welfare, they must do something to check this evil, for not only is high-rated insurance harder to sell, but it is actually less profitable.

"The preventive work of insurance companies in the field of fire and industrial accidents is well known. This is, however, the first organized effort on the part of the insurance companies to deal with the automobile accident-prevention problem. The bureau will not support local campaigns; that should be borne by local communities. The efforts of the bureau will be along more fundamental lines, such as expert studies looking toward better control of traffic conditions, development of safety education in public schools and among drivers, and the stimulation of an intelligent and effective treatment of the matter by local communities.

In reaffirming his statement that the automobile accident hazard has "grown tremendously," Mr. Whitney said he thought the main reason was the increased number of cars in use. He said he did not believe motorists were becoming more reckless, and said that the percentage of accidents was about evenly divided between the big cars and the smaller ones.

"A spell of bad weather like we have just experienced," he added, "when the roads are wet and the likelihood of skidding is increased, also contributes somewhat to the number of accidents."

GETS DATA ON FULLER CASE.

Banton Says Broker's Customers Have Furnished Him Evidence.

District Attorney Banton said yesterday that he believed a way had been found to proceed against E. M. Fuller & Co., without the necessity of examining the books of the bankrupt firm. He has received many complaints, some of them written, and in such detail, he said, that they provide evidence enabling him to begin inquiry.

Mr. Banton said this evidence indicated that money sent to the firm by customers for the purchase of stock had not been used for that purpose, but had been appropriated.

The evidence already obtained probably will be presented to the July Grand Jury, when it meets on Thursday, at which time Mr. Banton also will ask that a Grand Jury subpoena be issued for the books so that the question of his right to examine them may be carried at once into the Federal Courts.

EX-SENATOR CLARK SUES.

Says Tax Assessment Exceeds Property Value by $850,000.

Former United States Senator William A. Clark filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday under the name of the Wadlark Realty Company against the Commissioners of Taxes to reduce the assessment on his Fifth Avenue residence at the northeast corner of Seventy-seventh Street.

The land is assessed at $1,000,00 and the residence at $2,500,00. The complaint alleges that the entire property is worth only $2,650,000 and that the actual value of the land is only $850,000.

Court Reverses $125,000 Judgment.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court reversed yesterday a judgment for $125,000 against Herbert Dillon of the banking firm of Eastman, Dillon & Co. in a suit of Franklin A. Regan on an assigned claim of William F. Cox. George B. Reynolds and Walter J. Barnett. The suit was based on an alleged contract which the persons named were to get 40 per cent. of the funds received by the bankers upon the refinancing of the National Acme Manufacturing Company of Cleveland.

Court House Work to Start Soon.

Contracts for the construction of the superstructure of the new court house, which recently were awarded to the George A. Fuller Company for $4,130,000, were formally signed yesterday by Mayor Hylan and Controller Craig. Work will be started some time this month, and, according to the Controller, it is expected the building will be ready for occupancy within four years.

Dividend by Spanish River Pulp.

MONTREAL, June 30.—The Board of Directors of the Spanish River Pulp and Paper Mills, Ltd., has declared the regular quarterly dividends at the rate of 7 per cent., both on the common and preferred stock, payable July 15 to shareholders of record June 30.

FURRIERS SUE SOVIET.

Demand $127,935 Damages for Confiscation of Goods.

Suit against the Soviet Government of Russia, for $127,935 damages incurred when Bolshevist troops confiscated a shipment of furs at Yakutsk, has been commenced by Max Wulfsohn of Mount Vernon, N. Y., and Samuel Bonis of M. Wulfsohn & Co., furriers, of New York.

This became known yesterday with the return, unfilled, of a warrant signed by Justice Joseph Morschauser of the Supreme Court, directing the Sheriff of Broome County to attach in the Endicott-Johnson factories in Binghamton, N. Y., several thousand pairs of shoes which were reputed to be in the process of manufacture for the Russian Government. There being no goods being manufactured by the Endicott factories for Russia, the writ was returned and filed with the County Clerk here.

GOOD IN FALL DRY GOODS.

Volume of Business Booked Shows Healthy Increase Over 1921.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 30.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods was not quite as large as during the corresponding week of last year.

"Orders from salesmen on the road also showed a decrease, as at this period during 1921 a large volume of merchandise for Fall delivery was still being booked.

"The volume of business booked for Fall, 1922, shows a healthy increase over that booked for the corresponding period a year ago.

"There were more customers in the market than a year ago.

"We consider collections satisfactory, although they were not quite equal to the corresponding period of last year."

Old Heights Holding Sold.

L. J. Phillips & Co. sold for Frederick Ambrose Clark to Thomas Ward the southwest corner of Broadway and 177th Street, with frontages of 90 feet on Broadway and 100 feet on 177th Street. The property was inherited by Mr. Clark from his mother, who acquired it in 1901, together with that bounded by 176th to 177th Street, Broadway and Fort Washington Avenue. This is the first parcel released. Mr. Ward, who is a large holder of Washington Heights property, intends to improve the corner as soon as plans have been completed.

Adds to 35th Street Holdings.

Seth H. Moseley leased, from Adam Engel of Engel's Chop House the row of three and four story houses at 51 to 61 West Thirty-fifth Street, on a plot 114.3 by 98.9, for a term of forty-two years.

Mr. Moseley purchased, in 1916, the four-story dwelling at 41 West Thirty-fifth Street and with his newest acquisition controls a plot 213.3 by 98.9 just east of the Sixth Avenue corner.

Sale on Staten Island.

Moffatt & Schwab sold for Catherine C. Idlet the one family dwelling at 223 Van Duzer Street, Tompkinsville, S. I., to Alfred W. N. Boyd.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Tuesday, July 4, will be a holiday. Thursday, July 6, will be the same. The quotations are for six months' paper.

To Increase Sales Volume.

The large department and chain men's furnishings stores are stimulating their sales forces to the utmost to bring up the sales volume. One of the leading chain stores catering to high-class men's and boy's trade is now offering a silver loving cup to the one out of the eighteen in the group which has the best sales record during the year. The cup will have to be won three years in succession before it becomes the property of the store which has piled up the highest volume of sales for the period mentioned.

Novelty Desk Clock.

As the desk clock is very often subject to damage through falling to the floor or being struck by other objects, a new style obviating this has been placed on the market. Instead of the clock being set in hardwood as is usually the case, it has been set in molded rubber. This rubber is cut into the same conventional designs as the wooden ones. In case the clock is accidentally dropped to the floor no damage will be done either to the delicate mechanism or to the exterior, as the pliable rubber absorbs the force of the blow. The hands of the clock are also treated so that they glow at night. The clock retails at $6.

Gray Goods Were Quiet.

There was only a limited amount of trading in the gray goods market yesterday. Printcloths again supplied the larger amount of interest, with little change in prices. Some sales of 38½-inch 64-60s were reported at 8¼ cents, while 39-inch 68-72s were sold at 9¼ cents for July delivery. The mills are still not interested in delivery later than July at this price and, in some cases, ⅛ higher has been bid with no results. Sheetings were also disposed of to be quiet, with 36-inch 5.50s quoted at 7⅝ cents and 6.15s at 7 cents. There was practically no feature to drills, which remained dull, as they have been during the greater part of the week.

Carpets Sell Well.

In the carpet and rug industry mills are running at full capacity to supply the needs of the wholesalers. A big jobber said yesterday that if conditions continue as they are at present, he feels the mills may have to resort to allotment methods, giving purchasers only a fraction of what they order. Business until now has been good, and every indication, he says, points to excellent business in July and August. Carpets are still gaining ground, especially in the Middle West. The fact that carpeting may be cheaper than a rug, he said, does not seem to be the cause of the demand. Style alone has brought it about. He believes Chinese, Axminsters and tapestries, in their order, are the predominant rug weaves.

More Demand for Coal.

The Herrin massacre did more to focus the public's attention on the coal strike than all the preceding events combined, and it will be a long time before the public will forget it. The increased demand for pea coal of a week ago is becoming more noticeable since then, and many retailers are all out of everything but nut and pea, and frequently they mix the two in order to make the larger size last longer. The bituminous market has been a bit more active than for some time past, prices having strengthened. The number of cars at the piers has fallen off about one-half from the beginning of June. Retailers who have been waiting for a rate reduction and a strike settlement are accumulating a big demand, which is expected to show itself shortly after the Fourth.

Better Outlook for Shades.

A small advance in the price of a leading brand of shade cloth of the better grade, announced a week ago, has made itself felt in the price of shades of this quality, with the result that manufacturers feel the market is firmer. Business has been good, and manufacturers are looking forward to even better trade in the next month or two. Two reasons are given for this optimism, the more important one being that more building is being done now than at any time since the war. Large apartment houses are being erected in this and other large cities, and enormous quantities of shades are required. In the smaller towns and in the suburbs of New York, building operations are also extensive. The other reason is that people who are moving in October will necessarily purchase shades.

Call for Lighting Fixtures.

Manufacturers of artistic lighting fixtures report a considerable improvement in business over this time last year. The department stores have been large buyers of this class of merchandise, particularly the wrought iron bridge lamps. One important manufacturer says he sold 1,000 of these lamps a week to one department store, which in turn cleared them within two days at the attractive price of $4.50, giving the choice of either 12-inch silk or parchment shade. The increasing sale of the bridge lamps, for the time being, slowed down the turnover of the cheaper grade floor lamps of the regulation style. Table lamps, with shades of silk, georgette, brocades or two-toned taffeta, have sold well, say manufacturers. Considerable export business is reported in the higher grade lamps, particularly to England and Australia.

Novelties in Imitation Jewelry.

With novelty dealers agreeing that their most popular merchandise this Fall will be long earrings, bracelets and necklaces, they have all done their utmost to put as novel a touch as possible in these articles to make them take. One of the leading imitation jewelry houses has a complete line of these things, featuring very thin and delicate chains, with jade, lapis, coral and pearl the leading stones. A beautiful earring is one of pearl with a grape cluster of pearls hanging from a two-inch thin chain. All kinds of flexible bracelets, with single and triple rows of chains adorned with stones, are also being shown. In view of the expected popularity of these novelties they will also be shown in sets. One young woman was reported having told a novelty merchant that she had fifteen sets to match as many dresses.

Neckwear Survey Results.

In the first hundred thousand ties observed by watchers of the Associated Men's Neckwear Association it was found that 52 per cent. were cut silk four-in-hands, 33 per cent. knit four-in-hands and 15 per cent. bow ties. As the bow ties are made of silk, this shows a total of 67 per cent. cut silk and against 33 per cent. knit ties. The cut silk four-in-hands showed the largest percentage at the corner of Broad and Wall Streets and on upper Fifth Avenue. The percentage on upper Fifth Avenue was 60 per cent. of silk four-in-hands, 23 per cent. knitted ties, 15 per cent. bat wings and 2 per cent. miscellaneous. The only section in which the knitted tie predominated was at Williamsburg Bridge and Delancey Street, where the proportions were, 34 per cent. cut silk four-in-hands, 52 per cent. knitted four-in-hands, 8 per cent. bat wings and 3 per cent. miscellaneous, perhaps meaning no tie at all.

LEEWAY ON FRANCHISE TAX.

Time Limit on State Reports Extended to July 15.

Corporations liable for State franchise taxes need not file reports until July 15, fifteen days later than the usual limit, according to a statement made yesterday by M. L. Seidman of Seidman & Seidman, certified public accountants, who also said:

"The State Franchise Tax law requires all corporations doing business in this State, who keep their books on a calendar year basis, to make an annual report to the State on July 1 of each year. But when the time of filing Federal income tax returns is extended by the Federal Government the State returns need not be filed until thirty days after the extended due date of the Federal return. As a general extension was granted to corporations up to June 15 for filing the income tax returns, it is obvious that the State franchise tax report will not become due until July 15."

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 30.—Seventy-five new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $3,712,700, were chartered today. They were:

Schoonmaus Mfg. Co., Johnstown, to make slippers and rugs; $15,000; H. and O. Schoonmaus Jr., H. Wessell. (Attorney, E. Monahan, Johnstown.)

A. & J. Vassas, Manhattan, deal in briar wood for pipes; $200,000; P. Barbeau, F. V. Heudi, E. J. Garity. (Attorney, J. F. Nolan, 25 Broad St.)

Davis Realty Corp., Manhattan, $500,000; R. B. Cavendish, E. H. Felleisi, J. Bassett. (Attorney, R. C. Birkhahn, 309 Broadway.)

Fischer & Hayes, Iron and Steel Co., Manhattan, make scaffolds; $50,000; C. Fischer, L. Hartman, M. Shapira. (Attorneys, Seligson & Berman, 317 Broadway.)

Celaste Mfg. Corp., Brooklyn, make underwear, $10,000; L. Celaria, R. Bloomgarden. (Attorney, R. W. Leavy, 51 Chambers St.)

M. Rosenblum, Inc., importers, $200,000; W. J. and G. Kline, W. H. Kuhn. (Attorney, C. S. Nisbet, Amsterdam.)

Vassas, Aine & Cie, Brooklyn, briar wood for pipes; $200,000; J. C. Menard, J. Richmond, F. T. Handl. (Attorney, J. F. Nolan, 25 Broad St.)

Colt Stewart Co., Manhattan, autos and insurance, 2,500 share preferred stock, $100 each; 10,000 common, no par value; active capital $200,000; G. W. Abbott, W. L. Colt, W. D. Stewart (Attorneys, Whitman, Ottinger & Ransom, 120 Broadway.)

Artistic Film Co., Manhattan, motion pictures, $5,000; W. J. Devery, C. R. Harris, O. Steiner. (Attorney, K. S. Deitz, 140 Nassau St.)

Hartley Coat Co., Manhattan, make wearing apparel, $225,000; L. Strasberg (Attorneys, L. and I. J. Joseph, 300 Madison Av.)

Adam Muller Housing Corp., Lindenhurst, $20,000; A. and M. and G. Muller. (Attorney, C. Silberberg, 220 Spring St.)

Alfred Giantel, Manhattan, footwear, $50,000; A. Giantel, F. H. Mickmann, J. F. Hughes. (Attorneys, Phillips, Mahoney & Dolbeil, 32 Chambers St.)

Goldberg, Hanowitz & Glass, Manhattan, make wearing apparel, $6,000; S. H. Goldberg, M. Hanowitz, I. E. Glass. (Attorney, W. L. Greenfogel, 326 Broadway.)

Monger Mfg. Co., Manhattan, furniture, $10,000; M. J. Delaney, R. Blumstein. (Attorney, W. L. Greenfogel, 326 Broadway.)

Madison Cafeteria, Manhattan, $10,000; R. Hirsch, A. Herman. (Attorney, M. G. Herman, 233 Broadway.)

Buck Wilson, Long Beach, Nassau Co., hardware and furniture, $10,000; W. E. and A. S. Wilson, G. H. Brush. (Attorney, W. E. Thatcher, 27 William St.)

Slide Shoes, Manhattan, theatricals, $5,000; S. F. Ledigan, M. M. Hayward, A. Sachs. (Attorney, H. S. Hechheimer, 1,540 Broadway.)

Automotive Distributors, Manhattan, $5,000; A. Dolina, E. Gindes. (Attorney, B. Kossoff, 220 Broadway.)

356 Avenue A Corp., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; S. R. Weber, F. Winder, B. Sperber. (Attorney, S. Gross, 261 Broadway.)

Triangle Glove, Leggings Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; S. and E. Zipkin, I. Kirsch. (Attorney, E. Rosenblatt, 220 Broadway.)

Nelson Building Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; S. Tentler, M. A. Kaminetzky, C. Warner. (Attorney, M. Mouffied, 299 Broadway.)

1,105 Boston Road Corp., Bronx, realty, $20,000; G. M. Kaye, M. and I. Kaye. (Attorneys, Spitz & Abrams, 347 5th Av.)

Marcellus Sporting Club, Arverne, $6,000; H. and H. Margolies, M. R. Cheyette. (Attorney, W. G. Goldberger, 233 Broadway.)

Ideal Leach Co., Brooklyn, $50,000; M. Magiaran, F. Pappas, K. Katsidamas. (Attorney, P. Lorman, 110 West 42d St.)

Test, Manhattan, motion pictures, $5,000; S. F. Lanigan, M. M. Hayward, A. Sachs. (Attorney, H. S. Hechheimer, 1,540 Broadway.)

Free Move Dress Co., Manhattan, $10,000; Y. Morrison, M. Freedman, N. Caniello. (Attorneys, Kanzeman & Ernest, 1,133 Broadway.)

Rothstein Bros. & Levy, Manhattan, converters of cotton goods, $100,000; A. L. and R. Rothstein, L. Levy. (Attorneys, Lewis & Schaap, 299 Broadway.)

Smartline Garment Co., Manhattan, $15,000; S. and I. A. Mogerson, E. Ingroe. (Attorney, Wolff, Bretton & Wolff, 277 Broadway.)

Jewish Music Agency of America, Manhattan, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $5,000; A. P. Anderson, P. Oberkirch, H. B. Hallett (Attorneys, Davis, Wagener, Hester & Holtzinger, 14 Nassau St.)

Thomas Boaz & Co., Manhattan, commission merchants, $50,000; T. M. Bacon, H. Worth. (Attorney, C. W. G. Walter, 261 Broadway.)

Louis Diomand Co., Manhattan, make skirts, $50,000; J. S. Samzor, B. Cohen, M. Wren. (Attorney, J. L. Grubel, 60 Maiden Lane.)

Beaverkill Holding Corporation, Manhattan, project film and sales, $50,000; J. F. Berger, Bell, Boyd & Campbell (Attorneys, Campbell & Boland, 245 Madison Av.)

Hirsch & Braunstein, Manhattan, realty, $50,000; B. and J. Braunstein, A. M. Hirsch. (Attorney, J. P. Friedman, 51 Chambers St.)

Hyman Bros. Hosiery Mill, Manhattan, $50,000; M. C. Furman, P. Schwartz, L. Dreamer. (Attorneys, Rose, Mallevitz & Schoben, 149 Broadway.)

Automobile Parkway Corp., La Salle, Magnolia Co., realty, $50,000; W. H. White, W. C. Sumter. (Attorney, C. W. Knox, Niagara Falls.)

Shirley Oil Co., North College, Erie Co., $10,000; F. C. and J. F. and M. McMahon. (Attorneys, Trenam & Kenney, Buffalo.)

Motion Magazine & Co., Manhattan, pictures, $5,000; E. M. Comer, M. S. Rider, P. Spitzberg. (Attorney, W. W. Blair, 116 Nassau St.)

Lenox Court Management, Manhattan, realty, $10,000; F. and C. F. Greenebaum, E. S. Bell. (Attorney, M. Gella, 1,140 Prospect Av., Bronx.)

Hotel Lenox Trust and Producer Corp., Manhattan

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Apartment and Tenement House Sales Continue as Market Feature.

CENTRAL PARK WEST RESALE

Corner of Third Avenue and Thirty-Sixth Street Sold—New Owner for the Madrid.

Apartment and tenement house properties continue to feature trading on the real estate market. Investors required several such multi-family houses yesterday in Manhattan, where trading was light.

Max N. Natanson re-sold Nos. 225 and 229 Central Park West, two six-story elevator apartment houses, each on plot 41.8 by 100 feet, between Eighty-second and Eighty-third Streets. There are two seven-room apartments and bath on each floor in each house, and the annual rents are in excess of $40,000.

These houses were taken by Mr. Natanson in part payment for the Arena Building, Nos. 25 and 40 West Thirty-second Street, extending through to Nos. 39 and 41 West Thirty-first Street, the sale of which was reported a few days ago.

The houses were held at $250,000, and were sold to an investor for cash. The brokers were Byrne & Bowman.

Ralph Russo sold a six-story tenement house on lot 50 by 100 feet at 316 and 318 East 118th Street for Jacob Bobrow to H. Madonna and other for $56,500. This is the first sale of the property since it was built.

O. D. & H. V. Dike sold to an investor for the Fanestine Real Estate Corporation, 521 East Fifteenth Street, a four-story tenement.

G. Tuoti & Co. sold for Mrs. B. Drucker of Sea Cliff, Long Island, to John Spina, 1949 Second Avenue, five-story tenement containing four apartments on each floor.

Third Avenue Corner Sold.

The southeast corner of Third Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street, improved with two three-story and one four-story tenements with stores, has been sold by J. J. Martin, as broker, for William F. Mulcahy. The corner measures 50 by 100 feet, and was held at $75,000.

Ennis & Sinnott have sold to John J. Seofield through Arthur L. Shaw, 79 Haven Avenue, a five-story new-law apartment house near 170th Street, on plot 57 by 100.

The newly formed Morhare Realty Corporation (M. and H. I. Suitsky and R. A. Wicksel) purchased from Jennie Lebenstein 1334 Fifth Avenue, southwest corner of 112th Street, a five-story store and flat, 25 by 100. Bernard S. Deutsch, attorney, represents the new company.

The Madrid apartment house, a 6-story elevator building at 522 Riverside Drive, acquired last month by the Maxroe Realty Company, has been resold to Lotta Wiener.

It occupies a plot 75 by 146.4, adjoining the Alabama, at the north corner of the Drive and 141st St.

BUYING SUBURBAN HOMES.

Secretary of Presbyterian Board of Missions Buys Montrose Estate.

Francis Odene sold his property at Montrose, Westchester County, containing eight acres of land and Colonial residence, to the Rev. John A. Marquis, Stewart President of Coe College and now secretary of the Bureau of Home Missions of the Presbyterian Church of the United States. George Howe was the broker in the deal.

The property of Marion Taylor Chipman on Whitewood Avenue, New Rochelle, N. Y., consisting of about one acre and stone and shingle Colonial cottage, was sold to a New York client, who will occupy it in the Fall. The property was held at $20,000. Edward E. Masses was the broker.

David Stewart and H. W. Sullivan & Co. sold for Mrs. Murphy the stucco residence on plot 50 by 100 feet on the easterly side of Leighton Avenue, about 210 feet north of Shady Lane, Van Cortlandt Terrace, Yonkers, to J. H. O'Donnell. The property was held at $20,000.

Julia Beverley Higgens sold for R. Duane Humphreys his estate at Mount Vernon known as Braehead, consisting of about seventy acres of land, large stone dwelling, garage and stables, farm house and outbuildings, to Francis Welch.

The estate of R. W. Stevenson sold a plot of about one acre at Hewlett, L. I., to H. E. Moller, on which he will build a residence and garage. John F. Scott was the broker.

Ladd & Nichols, Inc., sold for Mrs. Carmen B. Hiscox her house in the Great Neck Estates to James M. Kerr. The property was held at $30,000. Mr. Kerr will occupy the house as his country residence.

Blanche E. Hirschhorn sold the southeast corner of Albemarle and Rugby roads, Cedarhurst, L. I., a three-story stucco Colonial dwelling and garage, to Henry Levy for investment. The Lewis H. May Company was the broker.

Eugene V. Welsh sold to E. L. Hearn Miss Lillias H. Fonda's property on the corner of Colles Avenue and Farragut Place, Montclair, N. J. The house is now occupied by Charles C. Demonico. Mr. Hearn intends to occupy it in the Fall.

Wilfred P. Beattie purchased from the estate of Mary E. Vreeglen the eleven room dwelling occupying the northeast corner of Mountain Avenue and Primrose Place, Summit, N. J., as a wedding present for his son Raymond Beattie, who will be married this month. The property was held at $25,000. Eugene John H. F. Beck Company were the brokers.

The Bronx Market.

Isaac Lowenfeld and William Pragan sold and, sold to Abraham Siegel and Cruikshank Avenue, near Westchester Avenue, a two and one-half story apartment house with two stores, size 25 by 115, with a rent roll of $3,000. The property was held at $20,000. The broker was L. J. Greenberger.

Robert Foley sold 3131 Buchanan Place, a two family brick dwelling with garage, 25 by 100, for Mauro Yarusso to Louis Finger.

The newly formed Beerobee Holding Corporation, S. Brenner, S. Rosenblum and R. Reese, directors, purchased a plot, 72 by 118 by irregular, on University Avenue, south of Burnside Avenue, for improvement with a five-story apartment house.

Estate Sells Erie Hotel.

Gurney Wellwood Murray as executor sold for the estate of Mary R. Hallenbeck to Max Erde the Erie Hotel property on the easterly block front on West street from Chambers street to Reade street. Robert R. Rainey, Inc., were the brokers.

$900,000 Loan Placed.

A loan of $900,000 has been placed on the twelve-story department store building erected for Ludwig Baumann on the east side of Eighth Avenue, between Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Streets, by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company through William A. White & Sons. Terms: It is for five years at 6 per cent.

Auction Results.

AT 14 VESEY ST.

By Samuel Marx.

Nineteenth St., 68, e s, 70.7 ft s of 4th Av, 25x90, 3-sty dwelling; also Charles St, 50, s s, 101.7 ft e of 4th Av, 20x85, 3-story and basement dwelling; to Christina H. Stone, a party in interest, for $34,000.

Thirty-first St., 324 to 338, s s, 160 ft w of 1st Av, 75x100.5, three 3-story brick tenements; Louis G. Blume against Guaranty Trust Co., executors et al.; Henry Goodlet, attorney; William Klein, receiver; partition; to Louis G. Blume, a party in interest, for $25,000.

BRONX EXCHANGE.

By Samuel Marx.

One Hundred and Eighty-fourth St., 325 and 330, s s, 200.8 ft e of Fourteenth Av, 40.8x100, two 4-story tenements; Louis G. Blume against Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, executors et al.; Henry Goodlet, attorney; William Klein, receiver; partition; to Louis G. Blume, a party in interest, for $25,500.

PRIVATE HOUSE BUYERS.

Demand Continues Strong for Small Manhattan Residences.

The three-story dwelling at 223 West Twenty-second Street, on lot 17 by 98.9 feet, was sold to Alexander Loslo and Anacleto Foglia by Mary J. Allen. Louis Schrag and Dwight, Archibald & Perry were the brokers in the deal.

The Hagstrom-Callan Company sold for Marguerite Card the three-story dwelling, on lot 18.6 x 100, at 316 West Seventieth Street, to Frederick Hoffman, who will occupy.

Theodora Hambrock sold 55 West Ninety-fourth Street, a three-story dwelling on lot 20 by 100. The purchaser will occupy. Leroy Covensky was the broker.

Kate Wiedehold sold to a client of Porter & Co. for occupancy the three-story dwelling located at 144 West 121st Street, on lot 20 by 100 feet.

James H. Cruikshank purchased from Mary A. Harral 251 West 121st Street, a three-story private dwelling, on lot 17 by 100 feet. Harry Sugarman was the broker.

Ernest T. Bower sold for Mrs. Mary A. Brenan the three-story dwelling, 344 West 121st Street, on lot 15 by 100 feet, to a client for occupancy.

Maurice Wertheim resold the four-story dwelling at 624 Lexington Avenue, 84 feet north of Fifty-third Street, on lot 20.10 by 70 feet. The purchaser is William Van Alen, a member of the architectural firm of Severance & Van Alen. The same broker made the original sale of this parcel about two weeks ago for Theresa J. and Morgan E. Coman and Ada Coman Courtenay to an operator, who is the seller in the present transaction, which is at a substantial profit.

T. N. Phelps-Stokes bought from Frederick M. Hoyt 112 East Seventy-third Street, a four-story house, on lot 17 by 102, valued at $50,000, through Pease & Elliman.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. sold for W. S. P. Prentice his residence at 53 East Fifty-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling, with extension, on lot 20 by 100.5, to a client, who in turn has sold it to a client of Worthington Whitehouse.

Hollings C. Renton sold for Mrs. Hattie R. Van Sanford the three-story and basement dwelling at 10 West 122d Street, on lot 22 by 100, to Edna L. Travers for occupancy. It was held at $28,000.

Brooklyn Trading.

The three-story brick three-family dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100, at 414 Union Street, was sold by the Henry L. Nielsen Offices for Charles Pollacek to a client.

M. C. O'Brien sold for Dr. Koenig 1,294 Union Street, a three-story private dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100, to a client for a residence, and for Catherine McAllister 234 Underhill Avenue, a two-story and store brick building, on a lot 20 by 100, to a client for investment.

The plot, 40 by 100 feet, on the west side of East Twenty-first Street, 180 feet south of Avenue S, was sold by Mary Smith to R. Sandberg. E. T. Newman was the broker.

Franke Bros. purchased for the Stanlong Construction Company, Inc., a plot 40 by 100 on the east side of East Twenty-first Street, between Avenues L and M. Burling & McCurdy were the brokers. They also purchased the northeast corner of Avenue U and East Nineteenth Street through the A. J. Long Realty Company. The plot will be improved with taxpayers.

The two three-story brick houses, 20 by 100 feet, at 655 and 657 Baltic Street were sold by Henry Pierson & Co., Inc., for Alfred H. Bromell.

Meister Builders, Inc. sold the three-family brick dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100, at 187 Eighth Street, to Robert Miele for investment.

Mortgage Loans.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company has loaned on first mortgage to Foxwood Construction Company, Inc., $140,000 on premises southwest corner of Fox Street and Longwood Avenue, a six-story apartment. The dimensions of the property are 100 by 100 feet. The mortgage is at 6 per cent. for five years.

Lawrence, Blake & Jewell and E. H. Ladlow & Co. have placed for the Merkra Realty Corporation, David Kramer President, two building and permanent first mortgages on the east side of Thirteenth Avenue between Fifty-first and Fifty-second Streets for the erection of two four-story apartment houses, each on a plot 100 by 100, totaling $170,000.

W. D. Kilpatrick purchased through William Cruikshank's Sons, brokers, the four-story brownstone private dwelling on lot 16.6 by 100 feet, at 81 West 104th Street, between Columbus Avenue and Manhattan Avenues.

The buyer also recently purchased from the New York Common Prayer Book and Bible Society the adjoining premises, 79 West 104th Street, acquiring a plot 33 by 100 feet.

REAL ESTATE.

Buy a Lot at

Normandy Beach

No better resort on Jersey Coast. Fine Surf Bathing, Sailing, Yachting, Fishing and Crabbing.

14 miles south of Asbury Park, near Point Pleasant, Pennsylvania Railroad.

Ocean Front Lots from $10.00 to $25.00 per front foot.

TITLE GUARANTEED by West Jersey Title & Guaranty Co., Camden, N. J.

EASY TERMS

Salesmen on Grounds.

For further particulars write to

G. F. FRERIKS

190 Market Street, Room 41, P. O. Box 321, NEWARK, N. J.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PELHAM

New Stores with 5 rooms and bath. 145 TO 159 FIFTH AVE.

Located between 2 railroads; suitable for the following lines of business:

Delicatessen, Shoe, Confectioner, Fancy Dry Goods, Milliner and Grocer, etc.

Owner on premises, or Phone Hillcrest 2481, evenings.

12 Room, French Roof Dwelling.

149 feet on Albany Post Road; garage; excellent location for road house or restaurant. Immediate possession. Mason & Bannister Co., Inc., 1001 Park St., Peekskill, N. Y.

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LARGE PLOTS

For Home Builders

Averaging 7,500 sq. ft., or 3 Standard City Lots.

$167 A LOT AND UP $167

Small Cash Payments, Balance $10 a month

30 Miles from Manhattan

LENOX HILLS

Adjacent to Farmingdale Station, Nassau County, L. I. Stores, Schools, Churches, etc.

New Houses, $4,750, and up

Some Ready—Others under way.

Home Builders Assisted in Financing

GOLF—A fine golf course is now being built at the centre of the Lenox Hill home section, where residents may play without having to join an expensive club.

Lenox Land & Imp't Co., 110 West 34th St.

ATTRACTIVE SUMMER CAMP

Adirondack style, 9 large bedrooms, living, dining porch, breakfast room, kitchen, toilet, running water and electric lights, massive fireplace, large shaded plot; on private road near private bathing beach; 50 feet elevation with Sound and forest view; $4,000; inspection invited. Other cottages from $2,500 including 9 bedrooms. Edwin M. LaRoche, Sound View, near Mt. Gray Road or Quaker Path, Stony Brook.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Go To

Long Beach

TO-DAY

Absolute Auction Sale

991 Long Beach Lots and 42 Bungalows

2:30 P. M. Rain or Shine In Mammoth Tent, Park St., Near Railroad Station

80% On Mortgage Contract
—10% on day of sale,
—10% in 30 days, and
—2% a month thereafter.

Mortgages according to your needs. Savings banks books accepted on deposit. Liberty Bonds accepted at market value. Title Guarantee & Trust Co. Policies Free.

Joseph P. Day, Inc. Auctioneer
67 Liberty Street, New York
'Phone Cortlandt 0744

By Train Convenient trains leave Penn Station, 33rd St. and 7th Ave., Today: 8:35 A.M., 9:25 A.M., 10:11 A.M., 11.05 A.M., 12:19 P.M., 12:51 P.M., 1:11 P.M., 1:43 P.M., 2:05 P.M., 2:43 P.M., 3:17 P.M., 4:03 P.M., 4:25 P.M., 4:57 P.M., 5:13 P.M., 5:31 P.M., 5:35 P.M., 5:49 P.M., 6:23 P.M., 6:49 P.M., 8:10 P.M.

Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn: 8:34 A.M., 9:22 A.M., 10:08 A.M., 11:07 A.M., 12:19 P.M., 12:50 P.M., 1:12 P.M., 1:41 P.M., 2:08 P.M., 2:41 P.M., 3:18 P.M., 4:05 P.M., 4:27 P.M., 4:57 P.M., 5:15 P.M., 5:32 P.M., 5:52 P.M., 6:21 P.M., 6:51 P.M., 8:14 P.M.

By Motor From New York—over Queensboro Bridge to Queens Boulevard to Hillside Ave. Jamaica, to Merrick Road, to Lynbrook, Lincoln Ave. to Oceanside, turn left on Long Beach Road to Long Beach. From Brooklyn—Eastern Parkway to Bushwick Ave. to Jamaica Ave., to Ridgewood, to Rockaway, to Merrick Road; thence same as above.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET. LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Island Park—Long Beach

Adjoining New Million Dollar Bridge

10 VITAL POINTS

1 Railroad Stations
2 Concrete Roads
3 Concrete Sidewalks
4 Water
5 Gas
6 Electricity
7 Heavy Topsoil
8 Shade Trees
9 Bathing Beach
10 Navigable Waterways

PRICE from $400 PER LOT

Make your own comparison.

Developed under the supervision of

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1 West 34th St., N. Y. Fitzroy 5231 — Sales Agent — Island Park Station Long Beach 564

BUILDING LOANS AND SUBORDINATION

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

240 Riverside Drive

Corner 96th St.

15 story absolutely fireproof apartment Hotel in choicest section of West Side. One block from Subway Express Station; convenient to business, theatre and shopping centres.

Offers for Immediate Possession the Following Non-Housekeeping Apartments

Two Rooms, Foyer, Bath, $1080 Yearly up
Three Rooms, Foyer, Bath, $1680 Yearly up
Will Rent Furnished or Unfurnished

Can be seen at any time. Daily, evenings and Sundays.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ROCKVILLE CENTER, L. I.

SACRIFICE

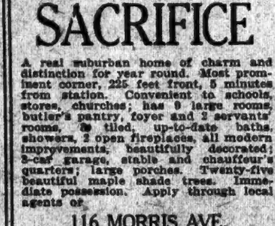
A real suburban home of charm and distinction for year round. Most prominent corner, 225 feet front, 5 minutes from station. Convenient to schools, stores, churches; has 9 large rooms, butler's pantry, foyer and 2 servants' rooms, 3½ tiled, up-to-date baths, showers, 2 open fireplaces, all modern improvements, beautifully decorated; 2-car garage, stable and chauffeur's quarters; large porches. Twenty-five beautiful maple shade trees. Immediate possession. Apply through local agents or

116 MORRIS AVE.
Rockville Center, L. I.
Phone 1804 Rockville Center.

UNUSUAL COLONIAL BUNGALOW

Beautiful new, year-round 6-room Colonial bungalow; with massive living room in hardwood, gallery and fireplace, oak and maple trees on large corner plot; private road, boardwalk and bathing beach; electric lights, running water and garage; $5,000; suitable mortgage. Edwin M. LaRoche, "Sound View," near Mt. Gray Road or Quaker Path, Stony Brook.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.



TWELVE MODERN HOMES

for year round living; ready for occupancy now; $7,600 on easy terms buys a 6-room house with 1 bath and 1-5 acre, $12,750 an 11-room house with 3 baths, garage and ¾ acre. Many prices, sizes and designs; 800 commuters; 900 ft. alex. A little cash and your rent pays one. Call for details at Mountain Lakes, Inc., 70 B'way, N. Y. C. Tel. 1221 Cort.

REAL ESTATE—Other Cities and Towns.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

In HEART OF BERKSHIRES TO RENT.

Five furnished rooms; $250 for season. Can secure board at $15 per person if desired. Fine grounds, trout stream, near lake; grand views. Large piazza, fireplace. Comfortable, homey place with highly respected family. ORR & KANE, 40 Maplewood Ave., Pittsfield, Mass. Tel. 1908-J. Managers for Chamberlain and Bement Estates. Inquire Real Estate Clearing House in New England, 256 Washington St., Boston.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SACRIFICE

A real suburban home of charm and distinction for year round. Most prominent corner, 225 feet front, 5 minutes from station. Convenient to schools, stores, churches; has 9 large rooms, butler's pantry, foyer and 2 servants' rooms, 3½ tiled, up-to-date baths, showers, 2 open fireplaces, all modern improvements, beautifully decorated; 2-car garage, stable and chauffeur's quarters; large porches. Twenty-five beautiful maple shade trees. Immediate possession. Apply through local agents or

116 MORRIS AVE.
Rockville Center, L. I.
Phone 1804 Rockville Center.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

26 East 42nd St.

Between 5th & Madison Aves.

Best business location in New York City.

3 FLOORS

Will divide to suit tenant.

Reasonable Rent.

Apply owner, on premises, or your own broker.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

1,337 MADISON AV.

Corner 94th St.—Eight large rooms, suitable for doctor or dentist. Inquire superintendent.

120 East 31st St.

8 Rooms & Bath—Murray Hill

Fireproof Elevator Apartment. Unequaled Service—Moderate Rent.

Furnished—West Side.

309 West 86th Street

New Fireproof Apartment Hotel, 2 rooms and bath; southern exposure. Exceptionally low Summer rates. Special arrangements for 2 or 3 months' lease. Large airy rooms, ample closet, exceptional bath and shower. Suite facing park street.

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NEW BUILDING

Broadway, Cor. Academy St.

(103d St.) Now ready for occupancy.

4 BEAUTIFUL ROOMS

Every modern improvement; $70 to $90.

THE ALBERTA

ELEVATOR APARTMENT

7 ROOMS. EVERY IMPROVEMENT.

Cor. Edgecombe Ave. & 159th St. Near "L" and River Driveway Station. Phone Wadsworth 6700.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

125 West 76th St.

New 9-story fireproof apartment house. Two elevators, highest-class service. Ready for occupancy.

6 Rooms and 3 Baths.

Apply on Premises or

J. AXELROD & SON

200 W. 72nd Street. Col. 3957.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

New High Class Fireproof Apt.

Open for Inspection. Every Improvement

3-4-5 Rooms

Ideal location for Doctor.

Valentine Av. & Bedford Park Boulevard at 200th St.

Residential Section. Short block East of Grand Concourse. 2 minutes to Lexington Av. subway station, 6th-9th elevated. 5 minutes to 3d Av. "L" and New York Central.

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New Elevator Garden Apartment Homes

5 to 10 Rooms
2 to 4 Baths

JACKSON HEIGHTS

Social and Business References Required

Take Subway to Grand Central, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St., Jackson Heights Section—(Office Opposite Station)

By Motor—39th via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. to 25th St.

20 Minutes from Fifth Ave. & 57th St.

These apartments, like and Lobby are open for inspection until 9 P.M. every day.

THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION
50 East 42nd Street

Garden Apartments

Queens Boulev'd Court

Just Completed

12 minutes by Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) from Grand Central to Lowery St. Sta., at Door.

A Few 4 Room Apts

Built Around Interior Park. Every room an outside room. Finest Appointments and Equipment Throughout.

ROMAN-CALLMAN CO.

On Premises or Bridge Plaza North. Hunters Point 4700. Astoria 0725.

LONG ISLAND CITY

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

GOOD location, small apartments, moderate rents, preclude the possibility of loss or fear of depreciation in values; there can be no safer investment if made under the above conditions; we offer 2 6-story, new-law, fireproof tenements at 49th St., on plot 40x100 each, ideally divided into 5-5 and 1-5 on each floor; marble halls, enameled sinks, hot water, no heat; annual rent $16,320; first mortgage $62,500; assessed for $66,000; price $100,000. Irving Bender & Co., Times Building. Tel. 4000 Bryant.

Bronx.

A TWO-FAMILY house, all improvements, garage for two cars, near subway, "L" and street cars. J. SPADARO, 427 E. 217th St. Phone Olinville 3562.

BARGAIN—Northwest corner 188th St. and Grand Concourse; plot 100 feet front on Concourse and 220 feet on 188th St.; price $95,000; will divide. Pendergast, 340 Willis Av. Melrose 7223.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FOR RENT—8 room, elegantly furnished house, exclusive neighborhood near Av. H of Brighton Beach Station, until October. For further particulars apply E. D. Bejarano, 52 Broadway, Room 1409.

HIGHLAND PARK SECTION.

Two-family brick house in finest residential section of Brooklyn, located on Ridgewood Av., consisting of 11 rooms, 2 baths, all modern improvements; immediate possession; price $11,500; will make terms to suit. STEEL REALTY, 162 Montague St., Brooklyn, Main 1382.

HIGHLAND PARK SECTION.

TWO NEW ONE-FAMILY HOUSES for sale, stucco, with garages; 1,661-1,665 East 8th St., Brooklyn.

Office, 1,669 East 8th St., Brooklyn.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE.

313 CENTRE AV., NEW ROCHELLE.

Beautiful residence in New Rochelle, one door from Pelham Road. $30,000; terms can be arranged.

11 large rooms.

3 baths.

Large garage with living quarters above; lot 76x196; house in first class condition; immediate occupancy; open for inspection; attendant on property from 1 to 6 P. M. Apply upon own broker, or owner, W. T. Knott, 288 Pelham Road, New Rochelle. Phone New Rochelle 673.

SOUTH YONKERS—9-room semi-detached brick dwelling, all improvements, laundry, full-sized screens throughout, enclosed heated porch, awnings for porch and windows; location strictly residential; one block from trolley; in excellent condition; price $12,500. C. A. Irwin, 76 Briggs Av. Telephone Yonkers 115W.

AUCTION SALE—Hastings-on-Hudson, 357 Mount Hope Boulevard (one block from Mount Hope Station)—Two adjoining dwellings, 14 rooms, two baths, electricity, steam heat; plot 54x155x irregular, to be sold together, Wednesday, July 5, 1922, at 10:30 A. M., Room 612 A, 220 West 42d St., New York. 50 per cent. may remain on mortgage. Inspection at premises daily. S. Vorzimer, Auctioneer, 220 West 42d. Bryant 9253.

WHITE PLAINS—UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY—$7,500—LITTLE CASH, easy terms, Craftsman home, six large rooms and tiled bath; every city improvement; 5 minutes to commuters' line neighborhood near station; open for inspection; Battle Av., near Waldo Av. V. GREEN CONSTRUCTION CO., 45 West 34th St., New York City. Telephone Fitzroy 3800, or on premises.

FINE, well-built, Colonial house, 13 rooms, on State road, 3 minutes to station; water and electric light; surrounded by big pine and fruit trees of every description; one or two acres; price $18,000; terms easy; inspection invited; a wonderful place for a family Summer or year-round home. Dr. Watson L. Savage, corner Harrison and West Sts., Mamaroneck, N. Y. Phone 206.

WHY LOOK FURTHER

When we have this 10-room, 3-bath Colonial home in Pelham Heights for rent; large open fireplace in living room; sun porch; Kelsey furnace; all improvements; offered at $250 month for a 2-year lease or longer.

ERICE STONE, INC.
41 East 42d St., or Pelham 1073.

ELEGANT SUBURBAN APARTMENT.

Corner plot, facing Hudson, duplex residence; 7 or 8 large rooms, exquisitely decorated; 2 baths, laundry, verandas, garage, &c.; all modern conveniences; references; $2,000 yearly.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE AND KELBURNE AV. PHILLIPSE MANOR, NORTH TARRYTOWN

BRYN MAWR PARK—7-room frame, slate roof, all improvements; garage attached; lot 50x100; residential section; 40 minutes from Grand Central; price $8,000.—C. A. Irwin, 76 Briggs Av. Telephone Yonkers 115W.

NEW ROCHELLE—A beautiful stucco home, on high ground, 8 rooms, 3 baths, heated sun parlor, 2 car garage; large plot; choice location; price asked $28,000; make terms or other special offerings; $10,000 to $20,000. O'CONNOR REAL ESTATE AGENCY, 349-351 Huguenot St. Tels. 504-133, New Rochelle, N. Y.

PELHAM MANOR—To lease, unfurnished, Colonial house unusual distinction; 11 rooms, 6 bedrooms, 3 baths; built 9 years; perfect construction; attractive situation, in neighborhood long established; garage; $350 per month. 1013 Ridgewood Av. Telephone Pelham 1517.

NEW ROCHELLE—Stucco house, red tile roof, eight large rooms, two baths, gas, electricity, hot water heat, over 1-acre beautiful grounds, garage, at $275 per month; would rather sell at sacrifice immediately. Drummond, 17 East 42d St. Tel. M. H. 7322, or 228 Huguenot St., New Rochelle, Tel. 2242.

BRONXVILLE.

COLONIAL HOME.

7 rooms, 2 baths, 75 ft. front, hot water heat, gas and sewer; fireplace in living room; price $16,500.

BURKE STONE, INC.,
Bronxville 1480 or Vanderbilt 8918.

DON'T BE SURPRISED

When we offer you this stucco and shingle home, furnished for Summer, at $200 month; 7 rooms and 3 baths; oak floors, slate roof; plot 70x100; it's a bargain.

BURKE STONE, INC.,
41 East 42d St., or Pelham 1073.

COLONIAL house, 8 rooms, bath, all improvements; hardwood floors, 2 open fireplaces, fine location, near station; $12,900; terms; plot 75x150; lots and plots; five minutes' walk to station; fine residential section; 150x250 feet. Brown-Brown, Depot Square, Harrison, N. Y.

A FINE NEW ROCHELLE HOME—Owner moving to Massachusetts; will sacrifice his 11-room house, 3 baths; all improvements; handy to stations, Sound, markets, &c; asking $21,000; advise immediate inspection.

E. DOERING & SISTINGERS,
21 North Av. Tel. 468 New Rochelle, N. Y.

MT. VERNON, 124 South 3d Av.—Modern house, residential section, one block from New Haven station, subway cars; on sight; 10 rooms; plot 50x105; space in rear for 2 cars; garage; bargain for the price. Phone Hillcrest 2189-M.

NEW, high-class residence and garage, nine rooms, two baths, all modern improvements, beautifully decorated; lawn, shrubbery; three minutes to station. 96 Union Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y. Apply Owner, M. Acampora, on premises. No broker.

TEN-ROOM house, 80-foot plot, close to transit, with every modern convenience; on account of change in business will sell for only $10,000, with but $4,000 cash required; immediate occupancy. Call at 21 Oneida Av., Mount Vernon, or phone Hillcrest 2366.

FOR SALE in Rye and vicinity—Several attractive houses, well located, $10,000-$25,000; complete list of properties for sale and rent. Nolan, Blamett Building, 100 Purchase Street, Rye, New York.

FOR SALE—Double three-story brick building, two stores, five families; plot 80x55; business district; owner leaving town. G. St. John, 253 Washington St., North Tarrytown, N. Y.

BEAUTIFUL home, all improvements, one hour from Broadway, furnished or unfurnished, 8 rooms, 2 baths; double garage, large lawn, $125 month. A. Frank Harmon-on-Hudson. Telephone Croton 60-R.

FOR RENT—July and August; furnished house in Pelham Manor, $250 month, 9 rooms, 2 baths, 2 porches (one enclosed). Telephone Pelham 4239-W, or call 670 James St., Pelham Manor.

SCARSDALE "Edgemont Estate"—Will finance your home and have it built for you in our picturesque community. Scarsdale-Edgemont Corp., 41 West 34th. Fitzroy 1878.

FOR RENT—One hour from New York, at Harmon-on-Hudson, charming bungalow, 8 rooms, 2 baths; garage; English garden; lake and river view. Telephone Mayo, 50 Croton.

SHORE PLOT

with sandy beach, at exclusive Larchmont.

BURKE STONE, INC.,
Larchmont 862, or 41 East 42d St.

COLONIAL HEIGHTS, near Bronxville—seven rooms, two baths, all improvements, steam heat, tapes. Owner, Phone Tuckahoe 3087.

NEW ROCHELLE—3 rooms, 3 baths, 2-car garage, quarter acre, $25,000. Burger, 253 Huguenot St. Tel. 4551.

$400, Crestwood—Lots, east, west of track. Zangerle's Office, Crestwood, Harlem, R. R.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

GREENWICH—For sale, one or more earthquake Rock Ridge section; $2,500; beautifully wooded; 2 miles out, on good roads; near club and railroad; electricity, water; no restrictions; terms to suit. Phone Greenwich 1320-R or write P. O. Box 156.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

GREENWICH—For sale to desirable party only, about 4½ acres beautifully wooded; suitable space for park and pasture, pond and brook; well drained, with new modern stone and wood lodge, in most select neighborhood; garage; frontage on two good roads; near club and railroads; electricity, with independent spring water piped to modern plumbing; ready for immediate possession; will sell in part or whole and terms to suit. For price and particulars, phone Greenwich 1235-R or write P. O. Box 809.

FOR LEASE—7, 8, 9 rooms and bath, also 9 and 10 rooms, 2 baths, unfurnished, in 20-acre estate; house surrounded by numerous shade trees; sleeping porches; open verands to each apartment; every modern improvement; higher elevation; garage; rent reasonable; 30 minutes to Grand Central. Schleicher, 67 West 14th St. Chelsea 4270, or 170 Lawn Av., Stamford.

STURDY OLD BARN for studio or gift shop; huge hand-hewn timbers; borders river; place for swimming pool; $2,800, $500 cash. JOHN CRAWFORD, 7 E. 42d St.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE.

35 minutes from Broadway.
4 Miles from Long Beach.
15 Minutes by Bus.

Fishing, boating, bathing, golfing.

After you have finished looking at overpriced properties in other sections let us show you some real values. Real homes with every modern convenience, spacious plots with ample lawns, shrubs, fruits and shade trees, in a community for those of modest means. Pre-war houses, pre-war prices, pre-war terms.

JOHN A. BOWER, INC.,
239 West 42d St. Bryant 5970.
55 Front St., Rockville Centre, Phone 1782.

HOMES READY—Malba-on-the-Sound, near-by North Shore, only 23 minutes Pennsylvania Station, many trains; colony of small estates; beautiful houses decorated; move in; all sizes; from $21,500 up, easy terms; golf club on property; bathing beach; tennis; ideal home. Office at L. I. R. station or Malba Estates Corp., 217 Broadway. 4585 Barclay.

ALL-YEAR round house, East Rockaway; brick, white stucco; six rooms, bath, laundry, porch, cellar; hot air heat, gas, electric light, brick stucco garage, trees, shrubbery; near water; eight minutes to station; price $7,500; half cash; look this bargain over; possession 20 days. J. Robert Moore, 24 Av., East Rockaway, L. I.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE—Exceptional bargain, up-to-date home, 8 rooms and bath, all improvements, open fireplace, large verandas, garage, screens, awnings; corner plot; beautiful shrubs; fine neighborhood; near schools; cash $2,000, balance to suit. Owner, 27 Southard Av., Rockville Centre, Phone 1065.

HUNTINGTON, 5 minutes from station, plot 50x175; very attractive semi-bungalow of seven rooms, four rooms and bath finished, heat and electric lights; garage and chicken house; price $4,800, easy terms; snap; act quickly. Chas. E. Sammis Jr., Huntington, L. I. Tel. Hunt 435.

BROADWAY, FLUSHING.

8 rooms and bath; all modern conveniences; fine location; fruit, shrubs and flowers; plot 80x100; a home worthy of investigation; price $15,000; terms. Durand, Broadway and 23d Street, Flushing. Telephone Flushing 3824.

FLUSHING BARGAIN — Tax exemption, Dutch Colonial; 7 rooms and bath; enclosed porch; house decorated and screened; good location; two-car garage; plot 40x100; price for quick sale, $9,000. Reeve, Broadway and 23d St., Flushing. Telephone Flushing 3823.

HUNTINGTON, L. I. — New, modern six-room semi-bungalow, good neighborhood, lot 50x150; all improvements; high ground and only 10 minutes' trolley ride to bathing beach; price only $6,500 or part cash. Louise Bates Rosenthal, Huntington, L. I. Phone 636.

THREE Long Beach bungalows for sale or rent, new, all improvements; five rooms and bath; California type; spacious grounds; near station; can be bought as a bargain, or rent reasonable. Inquire on premises, Market St., near Lafayette Blvd., Long Beach, or phone Evergreen 1500.

LONG BEACH.

Opportunity to secure choice lots at right price for building and investment; boardwalk location, Park Street business, residential and bungalow location. Edward J. Farrell, Office opposite City Hall and Auction Tent, Park St., corner National Boulevard.

KEW GARDENS—Beautiful, modern residence, large living room, sun parlor, library, dining room, six bedrooms, two baths, shower; garage; for sale, furnished or unfurnished. Manly, Telephone Richmond Hill 1038.

WONDERFUL bargain for any one wishing to buy three lots, 60x100 each; one plot, 60x160, in Beechhurst, L. I., near water; also two lots in Floral Park, L. I. Write Jan Rubini, Henri Court Apartments, 312 West 48th St., New York.

FLORAL PARK

is a neighborly place of genuine people, half hour by electric trains; ideal for commuters; city conveniences; country comforts; real homes at $8,000 and up. A. T. Goldsmith, P. O. Building. Phone 239 Floral Park.

GREAT NECK, L. I.

Handsome 12-room house on 2 acres; tennis court, flower beds, vegetables, &c.; garage; handsomely furnished; to rent at sacrifice; also unfurnished for long lease. Phone Bayside 1966.

MINEOLA BARGAINS—Very attractive bungalow and 6-room house; all improvements; on large plot, close to station; $750 secures possession; balance small monthly payments. Childs, Warner & Weston, opposite railroad station, Mineola.

GREAT NECK—Six rooms and bath, maid's room and bath, sun parlor; nice garden and vegetables; practically immediate occupancy; $125; act quickly; leaving New York. B. W. A., 3 Grace Av., Great Neck, or phone 236-W.

FOR SALE—Kew Gardens, L. I., 2 blocks from station, corner plot, 80x100; 9 rooms, 2 baths, large enclosed porch, 2 fireplaces, 2-car heated garage; price $37,500. 124 Pembroke Place, phone Richmond Hill 7619.

SUMMER HOMES

Bronxville.

ELEVEN ROOMS, 3 baths, 20 West 82d Av. Bronxville, 8 rooms, 2 baths; reasonable. Bronxville 1607.

Great Neck, L. I.

GREAT NECK—Furnished, furnished, four rooms and bath, near station and beach. Apply Beach, phone Dongan Hills 121 W.

GREAT NECK—Furnished, large rooms, porch, garage, modern conveniences. Phone Port Richmond 985-R.

NEW DORP BEACH—Furnished bungalow, rent reasonable. 66 Neptune St.

Westchester County.

HARRISON-ON-HUDSON — Most beautiful summer cottage, 10 rooms, 2 baths, Broadway; completely furnished; few minutes from station; Croton Lake District; boating, fishing, bathing; four bedrooms, sun parlor, etc.; electricity, telephone, garage; steam heat; small, fair owner; $225 monthly; lower rent if longer period than three or four months desired. Bruce Barnes to be seen at any time, Lake Lena Harmon. Local phone Schuyler 1000.

LARCHMONT—Desirable, roomy, completely furnished house, five bedrooms, two baths, shade grounds, large porches, true seat situation; four out; new rental balance season, 1 Hastings Road, Pleasantville. Phone 90 Pleasantville.

MUST be seen to be appreciated; owner's home, furnished, for balance of season; beautiful Sound view; garage, vegetables and flowers. City Island 1226.

PELHAM MANOR — Attractively situated, 12 rooms, 2 baths, modern, comfortable; reduced rent to responsible people. 1,013 Edgewood Av. Telephone Pelham 1517.

PINE ISLAND—Bungalow, 5 rooms, bath; good location; bathing. 174 Cross St.

Connecticut.

GREENWICH (Near Darien)—Splendid commodious six rooms, bath; sun porch, sleeping porch; close to water and bathing privileges (Rogers Island). Write P. O. Box 227, Norwalk (Conn.). Phone 1695.

WATERFRONT, Rowayton, Darien, four master's, two baths, double servant's room, large living room, garage, Italian garden, season $1,400, year $1,800. Ward, Telephone Darien 224-14.

FOR RENT—For season, farm house, eight rooms, overlooking Lake Joan, three minutes' walk from Stevenson R. R. station, N. H. R.R. Rent $311 Main St., Stratford, Conn.

FAIRFIELD BEACH—Four attractive cottages shore front. Charles Thorpe, owner, Fairfield, Conn.

SUMMER homes for rent, $350 up. Apply Estelle M. Moser, Rowayton, Conn. Tel. Norwalk 1607.

Long Island.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE.
35 minutes from Broadway.
Several 6, 7, 8-room furnished houses for two months or season; $150 monthly; unfurnished, by the year, $45 per month and upward.
JOHN F. FOWLER, INC.,
228 West 42d St. Bryant 6970.

At Front St., Rockville Centre. Phone 1783.

LONG BEACH, West—2-Story cottage, 7 rooms, bath, 4 bedrooms, living, dining room, kitchen, shower, Victrola; improvements; half block ocean; rent $500 season; sacrifice, $4,000; half cash. Alabama St., or Bowling Green 2600, Extension 21. Mr. Kelly.

WOODMERE—To small, high-class family, for heart of season, from just before July 4 to Labor Day inclusive, roomy, well-located place, perfectly furnished; 3 baths, two-car garage; $1,200. Burton Av., 6th door south of Chapman Road. Telephone Woodmere 2303 J.

KENSINGTON GARDENS (18 Arleigh Road)
Beautifully furnished house; 10 rooms, 5 bedrooms, 4 baths; garage 2 cars; one acre ground; immediate occupancy; reduced rental for balance of season. Phone Great Neck 1443.

KENSINGTON, L. I.—Comfortable eight-room cottage, all improvements, large plot, fruit and shade trees; garage; easy walking distance to bathing beach; rental $150 monthly. Louise Bates Rosenthal, Huntington, L. I. Phone 650.

BAYVILLE—New 5-room bungalow, newly furnished, with garage, in restricted part of Bayville, electricity, running water, &c., within 100 feet of Long Island Sound; Christian owner. Phone Bayville 0215 or write P. 44 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

ROCKAWAY PARK for rent; two floors of private house or two rooms and kitchen; exquisitely furnished; 1 block from ocean and Jacob Riis section. 238 Beach, 119th St. Belle Harbor 1920J.

LONG BEACH — Proper — Bargain, newly-built bungalow, six rooms and bath; $4,200; one for rent, furnished, $450; one unfurnished, $400. Apply Chester St., corner Lindell Boulevard.

LONG BEACH—For sale or rent, 5-room bungalow; beautifully furnished; every convenience; open fireplace, refined West-holm section. Riggs, July. Walk and Park St.

MANHATTAN BEACH.
To let furnished for season; 1 or 2 rooms, continually whole bungalow; bathing, kitchen privilege, for gentlemen or couple. Streuse, 123B West End Av. Phone Coney Island 3627.

FAR ROCKAWAY.
Six furnished rooms, together or separate; garage, running hot and cold water, each room, garage. Call Schwartz, Far Rockaway 4953. Address 2,021 Clarke Av.

VILLA CLIFF, L. I.—4-room furnished housekeeping apartment with sleeping porch in beautiful home; 5 minutes to beach; reasonable to desirable party. Krueger, Littlesworth Lane. Phone Glen Cove 249-R.

LONG BEACH, West End—Christian couple will rent two furnished rooms, new bungalow, half block from ocean; kitchen privileges. 14 Alabama St. Watkins 8323.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Private family near station; restaurant, beach; will rent 5 rooms and bath; also large room with beds; running water. Belle Harbor 3043.

OCEAN-FRONT BUNGALOWS—Five rooms, bath; Anthony Court, Seagirt Av., Far Rockaway; price $550. Joseph F. O'Boyle, 10 Bridge St., N. Y. Bowling Green 5675.

LONG BEACH, house in best section; nine rooms and sun parlor, rent $2,800; agents only. Cain, Monroe, Boulevard and Beech St., Long Beach.

SMITHTOWN—Three new cottages to rent, furnished; water front, garage, bath house; 5 and 7 rooms; all improvements. A. E. Wiley, Amityville, L. I.

NICE clean furnished rooms to let for season, near seashore; kitchen privileges. 223 Beach, Far Rockaway, L. I. Phone Far Rockaway 4820.

BOWARD BEACH, L. I.—Six rooms, furnished house, overlooking water, garage; 40 minutes Penna. Station; until Oct. Richmond Hill 0008W; until Oct. 1, $450.

BELLE HARBOR — Elegantly furnished ROOMS for season; also lower part of cottage. Call 245 Beach 132d St. Phone Belle Harbor 1090.

FAR ROCKAWAY—New houses, furnished; Ostend Gardens, near Ostend Hotel; frontage; between Ocean Station, Far Rockaway 2300.

NEPONSET—Charming 2-story cottage; improvements; corner plot; private beaches; boat location; easy commuting. 144—15 Newport Av.

TO RENT, EDGEMERE, NEAR THE BEACH—One or two bedrooms, well furnished, in private modern house; adults preferred. Phone Far Rockaway 1456.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Six-room exquisitely furnished house (porchless); reduced to rent; near station. 312A 117th. Belle Harbor 1426.

BEECHHURST, L. I.—Four furnished rooms, private house; 3 minutes Penn. Flushing 5611J.

ATTRACTIVE 2-room housekeeping apartment, also large room and bath in refined home. Telephone Far Rockaway 1076.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Bungalow and house, near beach. Telephone 1825-W Far Rockaway. 10c. W. R. McLean, owner.

MEADOWMERE PARK—Seven-room bungalow for sale or rent at bathing beach. Lawrence 1300-J.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE—2 rooms, furnished, bath, garage; $400 season; near station. 33 South Park Av. Tel. 1078.

FOREST HILLS—Cool, attractively furnished home; Oct. 1; splendid street. Bourse 6268-M.

ROOMS, privilege kitchen, near bathing beach. Lindell, 4 Morris Lane, Great Neck.

LONG BEACH (Old Park)—Belmont Hotel, 2 rooms, July 4th accommodations; reasonable.

MODERN cottage, furnished, 7 rooms; bathing, canoeing; sacrifice sale, rent Wishnev, Baldwin Harbor.

BELMHURST, best section; fine residence, furnished; 9 baths, garage, grounds; Havemeyer 1866.

LONG BEACH (6 Front St.)—Apartment, fully furnished; near ocean, bathing, tennis, garage; $1,000. Byrne, 126 Near 41st.

FOR RENT—Eight-room house, Neponsit, L. I., July, August, September, $1,100. Telephone Belle Harbor 1968 W.

TO RENT—Furnished cottage, with garage, Peconic, or water view; very reasonable terms. 235 Belle Harbor.

ROCKAWAY PARK—2 nicely furnished rooms with private family; ocean block. Phone 3788 Belle Harbor.

OCEAN FRONT house, furnished, five rooms, bath; steam, electricity; 203 Beach 84 St., Far Rockaway.

LONG BEACH (West)—51 Oregon — Six rooms, bath, storm cottage; sacrifice. Byrne.

ATTRACTIVE bungalow for rent near ocean, 5 rooms, bath. Phone Long Beach 469.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished Neponsit cottage, 7 rooms, fireplace; Av. and 141st St.

Long Island.

MANHATTAN BEACH.
MANHATTAN BEACH
ONLY 2 FOUR-ROOM BUNGALOW.
ONLY 2 FIVE-ROOM BUNGALOW.
LEFT FOR RENT.
SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT,
TASTEFULLY DECORATED,
COMPLETELY FURNISHED;
RENT, $375 up—till Oct. 15;
four and five rooms and bath.
MANHATTAN BEACH BUNGALOW CORP.,
Oriental Boulevard and Jaffrey St.,
Manhattan Beach, or Joseph P. Day, Inc.,
Agents, 31 Liberty St., New York City.
Representatives at Bungalows all day, every day.

LONG BEACH (proper)—For rent, new six-room stucco bungalow, new furniture; near ocean, near station; very cheap; biggest bargain in Long Beach; Chester St. and Washington Boulevard; my wife will meet all trains Saturday, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday. Samuel Goldman.

SEA GATE—Attractively furnished room in private waterfront home; references required. Telephone Coney Island 0616.

New York State.

BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED Summer home, on Lake Skaneateles at Glen Haven, New York; two story cottage, containing six bedrooms, two baths; also garage, boathouse and cabin; 120 acres with 1,000 feet lake front; completely furnished with fixtures, rowboats, motor launch; ready for immediate occupancy; good condition throughout; owner must sell; price $9,500. For further information address OHR & HALL, Attorneys, 835 Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

BUNGALOW of five rooms, fully furnished and equipped, at Adirondack Lake, within six hours' ride of New York and within 58 miles of Albany; altitude 1,300 feet, in the midst of a pine grove; meals can be taken at Club dining room; home cooking of the highest quality; all vegetables, milk, eggs, &c., from the Club farm; no objection to children; real bargain to desirable people. P 335 Times.

FOR RENT, new stucco cottage for season or year, nicely furnished, containing large living room with fireplace, dining room, cozy fire bath, kitchen, pantry, 4 sleeping rooms, 2 bathrooms, 4 porches, laundry and garage in basement; centrally located; quiet street. Inquire S. W. Bull, Lake Placid, N. Y.

ADIRONDACKS—Lake Luzerne, Warren Co., 20 miles from State race track, Saratoga, and Lake George, bungalow, seven rooms, furnished, electricity, rent $350 through September; cottage, eight rooms, $400. Mrs. John M. Berry, Hotel Lobraine, 57th Av. and 40th St., Friday and Saturday mornings.

DELIGHTFUL mountain place; 3-room bungalow and 7-room cottage for rent; all modern improvements; magnificent location; bathing; commuting; moderate; "Grand View," Mohrus, N. Y. Tel. 62 F5 (after 6 P. M.).

SHANDAKEN-IN-CATSKILLS.
Attractive 6-room cottage with bath, sleeping porch, fireplace, piano; splendid view, restricted locality; balance of season $400. Mrs. Laura W. Ackley, Shandaken, N. Y.

CATSKILL bungalow, 5 rooms, furnished, all modern plumbing; conveniences; unusual location. H. M. Martin, Mt. Pleasant, New York.

New Jersey.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, Navesink—Ideal furnished bungalow, beautifully located on hillside; four rooms and bath, running water, electricity, city gas, 50 feet of screened porch overlooking the Shrewsbury River, near Sandy Hook; price $5,500. James Carroll, First Av. Atlantic Highlands.

FURNISHED BUNGALOW, 6 large rooms and porch; windows and porch screened; also smaller one; ideal surroundings; shade trees; suitable year-around homes; hour out; boating, bathing; commuting; near stores, churches, Erie and Del. R. R. Paul Ernst, Mountain View, N. J.

AT CALDWELL, N. J.—Seven rooms and bath, sleeping porch, dining porch, hammock extension; breezy location; all conveniences; beautiful, restricted surroundings; near golf course; 1 hour New York. Fitzroy 3827, or Caldwell 160-R.

FURNISHED COTTAGE—Seven rooms, located in mountains of Northern New Jersey, one hour from City Hall, Lackawanna Railroad; large porches, plenty of shade, boating and bathing; season $200. Beekman 2410 or address "Summer Cottage," W 833 Times Downtown.

BELMAR, N. J.—Newly built 5-room bungalow, well furnished, all improvements; 3 blocks from ocean; for the season, $850. C. W. Turton, 401 14th Av. and D St., Belmar, N. J.

ENGLEWOOD—July 1 to Sept. 15, exclusive residential district, 10 rooms, 2 baths, garage; $150 per month; suggest immediate communication. Telephone Englewood 290-J.

HIGHLANDS—For rent, new, furnished five-room bungalow; very reasonable. Mahoney, Linden Av. Phone Highlands 1230.

Maine.

LOVELY bungalow to let at Litchfield, Me.; four rooms, improvements; five acres; 700 feet elevation; furnished, $225; long season; teacher or family with children. Mrs. Rauding, 122 Barrett St., Jamaica, L. I. Telephone Jamaica 0620-R.

Massachusetts.

SALE or rent, Summer homes in Berkshire Hills. Wm. R. Hagyard, Pittsfield, Mass.

SUMMER HOMES WANTED.

COTTAGE, well furnished, all improvements, gas for cooking, 6 or 7 rooms, one hour commuting distance, Westchester or nearby Connecticut, month of August or July only. J. D. Mahoney, 2 West 45th St. Vanderbilt 0616.

BUNGALOW wanted in Rockaway for month July. B 1215 Times Bronx.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

City Property.

WANTED—Apartment or business property; will give beautiful residence, equity $26,000, and $10,000 cash. Sarinda Co., 490 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Country Property.

WANTED to rent 6-room house, garage; $100 per month; 2 adults in family; might consider purchase later; commuting distance. Phone Fenick, Bryant 6400.

COUPLE want small house in Jersey; small payment down, balance not to exceed $125 monthly. J. N. Cassie, Times Building.

WANTED—Five or six room house, good condition, for long lease; $40; commuting distance. A 697 Times Downtown.

$500 DOWN will buy one-family house, 30 minutes Times Square; what have you to offer? C 491 Times.

Real Estate—Other Cities and Towns

Maine—For Sale or To Let.

FREE catalog farms, estates, country homes located in the mountains, on rivers, lakes and shore, sent on request. CHAMBERLAIN & BURNHAM, INC., largest clearing house in Northeast, 294 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE or lease, furnished hotel; can be used for apartments; about 20 rooms; half way between two large cities on trolley line; also six-car road to Berkshire Hills and White Mountains. Address Inn, General Delivery, Springfield, Mass.

New Hampshire—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE OR TO LET (Peterborough, N. H.)—House of seven rooms, garage, barn, three acres land, running water, cement cellar, set tubs, &c., one mile from village on State road; caretaker on place; for quick sale, $2,700; wonderful place for children. Address L. A. Goodell, 26 Brookline Av., Boston.

FREE catalog of farms, estates, country homes, located in mountains, on river, lake and shore, sent on request. CHAMBERLAIN & BURNHAM, INC., largest real estate clearing house in Northeast, 294 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

BROADWAY, 1974 (67th St.)—Small office, furnished; private entrance; phone service. Hobson.

72D, 219 WEST—PARLOR FLOOR FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

CHOICE office in Hess Building, 354 4th Av., 400 square feet; Room 1301.

OFFICE space for rent facing 5th Av. 439 5th Av., Room 400.

LIGHT loft, elevator, sprinklers; 825 8th Av., between 30th and 37th Sts.

47TH, 345 WEST (Broadway)—Newly furnished office, phone, cool; $25-$50. Otto.

VERY choice suite, Knickerbocker Building, 42d and Broadway. Apply Room 715.

42ND AV., 907—Private office, reception room. Housing Bureau, 501 5th Av. Murr. Hill 8622.

RENT or sublease, light loft, 24x75; platform heating; 278 Water St.

ATTRACTIVE private office, 309 Broadway, Room 510.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

A SACRIFICE.

SUBLEASE OF THREE OFFICES, ABOUT 600 FEET, ON 39TH ST., JUST OFF 8TH AV., WILL ACCEPT ANY REASONABLE OFFER. CALL BRYANT 8084.

16TH ST., 681 West (northwest cor. 8th Av.), next to corner store; store and basement, with fine show window; profitable location for any business; now vacant; reasonable rental. C. F. Wentworth, 180 Broadway. Tel. 4358 Rector.

TO SUBLEASE—An office in the Equitable Building, 120 Broadway, on the eighteenth floor; excellent northern light. Inquire Flatiron Agency, Room 1440. Phone 10000 Rector. 180 Broadway.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Large light basement store, near theatre and subway station; now occupied as tea room; 45 Grove; immediate possession. Inquire Seventh, 137 Macdougal.

24TH, 122 EAST—Street and 1st floor store, newly altered 24 plot building; immediate possession. Tenants or brokers apply to owner, Room 600, 225 5th Av. Tel. Madison Square 7097.

NEW PRINTING BLDG., 417 West 37th St. 1,500 to 8,000 sq. ft.; immediate possession, day and night service.
FENIMORE C. GOODE CO., INC.,
505 Fifth Av. Vanderbilt 3141.

TIMES SQUARE.

Private offices, nestly furnished; two windows; telephone and service, with outside reception room; reasonable. Suite 810, 1,462 Broadway.

FLOOR, 150 East 41st St., Grand Central section, suitable for architect or engineer; immediate possession; lease until May, 1923; reasonable rental. Vanderbilt 1623.

LOFTS TO LET.
402 WEST 59TH STREET.
WATKINS 9316.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

IDEAL light and airy space, suitable for light manufacturing, office or stock; also desk room; mailing privilege. La Franca, 112 East 14th.

GROUND FLOOR, 50x100, FIREPROOF, 15 FT. CEILING; ALSO LOFTS; LIVE STEAM. ECONOMY CO., 100 10TH AV., NEAR 16TH.

LARGE, pleasant store, suitable for broker's office; N. Y. Stock Exchange house privileges. Hotel Theresa Building, 125th St. and 7th Av.

TWO offices completely furnished; moving to Chicago and will rent both offices to responsible party for $100 per month. Apply Room 510, 1 West 34th St., New York City.

TO SUBLET for six months, fully equipped, well furnished offices, piano, desk, safe, files, &c.; references required. Room 302, Astor Theatre Building.

56TH ST., West—Entire two-story building for lease, 25x90, $5,500 yearly.
PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., INC.,
9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

19TH ST. 527-529-531 EAST—72x80; one-story brick to lease. Estate John U. Brookman, 165 Broadway. Cortlandt 1081.

153 WEST 18TH ST.
Exceptional light manufacturing loft, whole or part. See Superintendent, Longacre 2116.

43D, 345 WEST—Studio for artist, with north skylight; also office and loft, suitable photographer. Bryant 3196.

PRINTERS' LOFTS—Light on four sides; two top floors, 6,000 feet each. 343 West 26th. Owner, Fitzroy 4842.

BROADWAY, 305 (Room 208)—Two separate or adjoining offices, furnished; telephone; reasonable.

WILL sublet small office with two windows. Room 1852, 50 Church St. (Hudson Terminal Bldg.)

55TH, 26 EAST—Studio loft; roof garden available. Owner, Newlin, Rhinelander 8394.

Desk Room.

GUARANTY TRUST BUILDING, 522 5th Av., corner 44th, desk room, including desk with necessary facilities in desirable office, $35. Room 851.

LARGE desk with space and mailing privilege; pleasant offices. Apply Room 516, 140 Cedar St.

DESK, DESK ROOM, conveniences and privacy; preferably accountant. 1114 Park Row Bldg.

DESK ROOM in private office; service if desired; rental reasonable. Lee & Kilroy, 23 West 42d St.

DESK space with desk. Room 1715, 80 Church St.

DESK room, furnished, telephone; reasonable. 11-19 Moore St., Room 206.

OFFICE SPACE and desk room; mailing privileges; $5 to $35. Watkins 8124.

FART office or desk room. 19 West 44th. Room 1019. Reference.

Bronx.

TREMONT AV., 86 EAST (near Concourse)—Single, double stores; reasonable rents.

Brooklyn.

10,000 square feet, excellent storage space in Bush Terminal, Brooklyn; immediate possession; low rental. E. B. Harris, Bush Terminal, Building 10, 39th St., Brooklyn.

Westchester County.

STORE space for 50 machines; light and sanitary; 100 feet from depot. Inquire Louis Sambrot, Harrison, N. Y.

SOUTH BROADWAY, 429 (Yonkers)—Desirable single and double stores; reasonable rents.

Long Island.

ONE-STORY factory, 20,000 square feet, near bridge, freight depot, subway; 45 cents square foot; also 14,000 square feet at 59 cents square foot. Murphy, 409 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

New York State.

TO RENT, three floors, 60x100; all improvements; centre of City of Syracuse; fine building. Doust Realty Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

FACTORIES.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J.—6-story brick, daylight factory; 75x95; steam heat, sprinkler system; any manufacturing purpose suitable; excellent condition; immediate; sale price $65,000. Apply Walter Mullett, 401-2 Rector St.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

81ST (Lexington)—Attractively furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $95. Stuyvesant 0738.

32D, 34 EAST (Hotel Regent)—Attractive, newly decorated front apartment, 2 rooms; $60 a week; 3 or more rooms, $70; convenient everywhere. Madison Square 1554.

27TH, 147 EAST—3 large rooms, foyer, bath, kitchenette; unusual; Summer.

40TH, 2 EAST—Cathedral perspective. Superintendent, 11 East 49th. Plaza 7767. Poets.

55D, 35 EAST (near Madison)—One room, bachelor apartment; dressing room, bath, telephone; kitchen, maid service, $75.

53D (514 Madison, Apt. A)—Attractive two room and kitchenette; $125 month.

50TH (578 Madison Av.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Call 2-8, Wahl.

57TH, 104 EAST—Attractive 2 rooms, bath; immediate possession, monthly. Inquire Superintendent.

58TH ST. AND 5TH AV.—BEAUTIFUL APARTMENT, PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET BY THE MONTH OR TO OCT. 1. AT LOW RATE. INQUIRE CLERK, NETHERLAND HOTEL.

59TH, 63 EAST—Manhasset Apartment Hotel, 3 large rooms, elevator, telephone, maid service; reasonable rent; yearly lease.

59TH, 51 E.—Parlor, chamber, bath; cheap. Housing Bureau, 501 5th Av. Murr. Hill 8622.

60TH, 44 EAST—Beautifully attractive apartment; very large, airy rooms, side lights, exquisitely decorated, beautiful hardwood floors; 10 windows; sublet balance by tenant furnished beautifully to one gentleman; $200 per month possession. Superintendent.

61ST, 227 EAST—Whole floor, kitchen, bath; 3 rooms, $55. Anderson.

64TH, 27 EAST—Small four-room elevator furnished apartment, large kitchenette; all outside; cool; comfortable; immediate occupancy; reasonable. Call after 1 P. M.

63TH, 53 WEST—Two exceptionally large rooms, kitchen and bath; for Summer; rental very reasonable. Apply Supt.

61ST, 2 EAST—Drawing room, exquisitely furnished, with 2 to 4 bedrooms; excellent service.

64TH AND PARK AV.—Six outside rooms, modern apartment; completely renovated; July-Oct.; reasonable. Lenox 3900.

93D ST. (Madison Av. Hotel Addison)—Newly decorated, furnished 1, 2, 3, outside rooms and bath; used, surface cars, subways; $14 weekly; hotel service; restaurant.

GRAMERCY PARK 18 — Two rooms, kitchenette; overlooking private park; linen and silver; key to park; rent $75. Jackson, till 6 P. M.

MADISON AV., 771 (Corner 66th St.)—TO SUBLET, entire third floor, consisting of 10 large, sunny rooms, 4 baths; magnificently FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, to Oct. 1; bargain. By appointment. Riverside 1727.

MADISON AV. (between 31st and 32d Sts.)—Six large, cool rooms, elevator, study furnished, very reasonable for Summer months. Phone Rhinelander 1621.

MADISON AV. (92D ST.)—2 and 3 room apartments; bath; hotel service. Hotel Silo. Phone Lenox 2300.

TWO room and bath apartment to sublet for Summer or Fall; 270 West 118th St. Tel. Cranmore 9801.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

9TH AV., 49—Rent shall Oct. 1, furnished, 3 or 4 rooms, kitchen, bath. Call Sherlock, Chelsea 7009.

7TH AV., AT 56TH ST. (Hotel Wellington)—Several 2 and 3 room apartments to sublet, fully furnished; all hotel service; $75 to $180 monthly.

7TH AV., 69 (Greenwich Village)—Factor floor, beautifully furnished, all improvements; fireplace, suitable for 2-3 ladies; references.

10TH, 140 WEST—Furnished apartment; exceptionally large room, bath, kitchenette. Perfect.

11TH, 145 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath. Summer rate; couple. Chelsea 6774.

12TH, 123 WEST—Attractive two-room, kitchenette, bath apartment; outside room; elevator; telephone; immediate possession. Apt. 5, Chelsea 6939.

12TH, 25 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, front; attractive; furnished or unfurnished. Janitor.

41ST ST. AND BROADWAY—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET. $120 PER MONTH.
SPEED, GRAND HOTEL.

41ST, 123 WEST—Sanford Hotel (at Times Square), special Summer rates, outside room, running water, $12 weekly; desirable outside two and three room suites, $20 and up per week.

42D, 341 WEST—New elevator building; charmingly furnished 1-4-5 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable appointments; highest references essential; $25-$125 up monthly. Lenox 8500.

42ND, 20 WEST—Gabled, July-August, furnished apartment in select family hotel, consists living room, double bedroom, bath.

42ND, 225 WEST—Small, clean one room, running water, bath, kitchen adjoining.

47TH, 49 WEST—Attractive two rooms, bath; also three rooms, bath and kitchen; Summer rates. O'Brien, Bryant 6277.

46TH, 50 WEST—Attractive 2 rooms, bath; Summer months; $70. Ring bell. Darrah.

50D—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano; $100. Silberson, 35 West 42d.

51ST, 37, 33 WEST—Room, bath, $60; 2 rooms, bath, $100; hotel services.

51ST, 348 WEST—Two large rooms, bath and kitchen; special Summer rates.

52D ST., 101 WEST—Wanted, tenant at once; 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; light and airy; furnished complete, including piano and Victrola; $75 per month for immediate tenant. Hovey.

54TH ST. and Broadway—To sublet attractive outside parlor, bedroom and bath, $95 per week. Mr. Brunson, Hotel Cumberland.

55TH, 45 WEST—Ideal studio for artist, furnished antique; large window; 8 rooms complete, kitchen, all conveniences; telephone; also 2 and 1 room suites; reasonable Summer; short or long lease; also furnished. Conklin.

55TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.
THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICES; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $100 TO $175; ONE ROOM, BATH, $90. REFERENCES.

56TH, WEST—Leaving town, 7 rooms, elevator, piano, victrola; $90 monthly; Summer rent unfurnished $183. G ST Times.

57TH ST., 200 WEST.
OPPOSITE CARNEGIE HALL.

Delightful studio, equipped for full housekeeping; also restaurant in building. Prices, $1,500 to $2,000. Circle. Immediate possession; long or short lease.

57TH ST., 200 WEST.

Four rooms, housekeeping apartment in 12-story modern elevator house; Summer bargain. $500 Circle. 8E.

57TH ST., 118 WEST—SEVERAL ATTRACTIVE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH SUITES TO LEASE FROM OCT. 1; VERY REASONABLE RATE. C. R. SCHMIDT, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

57TH ST., 118 WEST—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET AT GREATLY REDUCED RATE BY WEEK, MONTH OR TO OCT. 1. C. R. SCHMIDT, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

57TH, 351 WEST (at Broadway)—Two and kitchenettes, with window; high-class elevator apartment; southern exposure; beautifully furnished; reasonable rent.

58TH, 206 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE).
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH.
SPECIAL SUMMER WEEKLY RATES.
FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

59TH, 100 WEST.

Coolest apartment in New York, on 10th floor, facing beautiful view of Central Park lake; attractively furnished housekeeping apartment for less than unfurnished rental; 2 rooms, kitchenette; exceptionally large living and dining room combined; spacious, cool double bedroom; southern breezes; all outside rooms; kitchenette; private entrance also a smaller 1-room apartment on 6th floor, with view to Times Square; $190.

61ST ST., 10 WEST (CORNER B'WAY).
PASADENA HOTEL.
SELECT FAMILY AND TRANSIENT HOTEL, OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK; ATTRACTIVE SUITES OF TWO ROOMS AND BATH; DE LUXE SERVICE; SPECIAL MONTHLY RATES. COLUMBUS 7127.

64TH ST., 1 WEST (Corner Central Park West)—Cool, artistic apartment; large living room, two bedrooms, two baths, kitchenette; refrigeration; Summer.

65TH ST., 10 WEST—Handsomely furnished three-room, kitchenette, bath; bargain; $95. James.

67TH, 14 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM APARTMENTS (SUITES; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING); $22.

71ST ST., 10 WEST—Very large, airy, 2 or 3 rooms, private bath; unusually well furnished; kitchenette; maid service; breakfast optional; exclusive.

72D, ST., 104-106 WEST, NEAR BROADWAY, HIGH-CLASS MODERN HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS, ARTISTICALLY AND BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED, CONSISTING OF 2 AND 4 ROOMS, INCLUDING KITCHEN SPECIAL SUMMER RATES; $125 MONTHLY UP.

72D, 118 WEST (Raritan Apartments)—Under new management; very desirable two rooms, bath; furnished in excellent taste; Summer rates; hotel service; restaurant.

72D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apt. Hotel)—Attractively furnished 2-room suites, bath; hotel service, restaurant; reduced rates.

72D, 20 WEST — LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 3-ROOM PRIVATE BATH; SEPARATE KITCHEN; COMPLETE DISHES, LINEN, SILVER; WEEKLY.

72D, 240 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchen, furnished or unfurnished. Academy 1392.

72D ST., 126 WEST (Hotel Noblaton)—Newly decorated; luxuriously furnished 1-2-3 suite; side rooms; private bath; elevated, surface cars, subways; $10-$20 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

72D, 140 WEST — LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 2-ROOM KITCHENETTE SUITE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; PRIVATE TILED BATH; WEEKLY; REASONABLE.

74TH, 61 WEST—Five handsomely furnished rooms; Summer months; reasonable. Apartment 4A.

74TH, 145 WEST—Beautiful cool two-room suite, bath; private house; every convenience, reasonable.

76TH ST. (344 West End)—Luxuriously furnished kitchenette apartment; complete housekeeping; high class.

76TH, 7 WEST—Attractively furnished apartments; kitchenettes, electricity.

76TH, 40 WEST—Elegant 1 and 2 room, kitchenette, apartments, $18 up.

80TH, 125 WEST—Visitors to New York; finest furnished apartment, single and suite, bath, real home, luxurious, different.

80TH, 108 WEST (Hotel Anderson)—One and two room suites; lowest Summer rates.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE DUTCH OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $100 PER MONTH. A BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

81ST, 307 (Columbus Av. Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $10 to $20 weekly; full hotel service, restaurant.

83D, 28 WEST—Elegant apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath. All modern improvements.

87TH, 139 WEST—Nicely furnished small 2-room apartment, bath and kitchenette; exceptional surroundings; $125; references required. Apply on premises or phone Circle 9642.

87TH, 306 WEST—2 large front rooms, kitchen, bath; reasonable. Apt. 1.

87TH, 332 WEST—Must rent at once, lowest price, 4 outside rooms.

87TH, 31 WEST—Very beautiful floor, delightfully cool; Summer rates; maid service.

88TH, 305 WEST—Magnificent studio, 11 large windows; sacrifice Summer; high-class references.

89TH, 314 WEST (near Drive)—Large corner room apartment, bath, kitchenette, maid, linen; $90 monthly, or weekly rate.

90TH ST., 28 WEST—Furnished apartment for sale; good furniture. Apartment 4.

90TH ST., 32 WEST—Furnished apartment for sale; good furniture. Apartment 4.

90D (near Riverside)—Beautiful five-room, elevator apartment; piano; $100. Bryant 7688.

91ST ST., 30 WEST—Large one-room kitchenette apartment; matched mahogany furniture; all new system, beautiful draperies; silver, linen.

91ST, 317 WEST—1-room apartment until October; beautiful location; clean, quiet; private bath.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

96TH, 230 WEST (at Drive)—Unusual opportunity; 6 rooms; piano; reasonable. Morning.

96TH, 316 WEST (Near Riverside)—Four charming rooms, elevator apt.; piano; victrola; $70 monthly. Phone Riverside 9764.

97TH, 220 WEST—2 bedrooms, bath, living room, electricity; service; together or separately; references. Inquire telephone operator.

97TH, 308-310 WEST.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS.
At Riverside Drive.
COOL, QUIET.
Two, three, four rooms, bath, with kitchenette and regular kitchen; attractively furnished and completely equipped for housekeeping; exceptionally low rates by the week or month.
SUBLET FOR 3 MONTHS FROM JULY 1ST.
Several guests leaving town for Summer desire to sublet their apartments to responsible party; four rooms and bath; real home; beautifully furnished; liberal concession.

100TH ST., 307 WEST—One or two large rooms, kitchenette and bath; new rent.

101ST, 311 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 2-ROOM SUITE; COMPLETE; SEPARATE KITCHEN; LARGE BATH, SHOWER; WEEKLY; REASONABLE.

104TH ST., 242 WEST—Attractively furnished 2-room apartment; reasonable. Phone Academy 0864.

107TH (3,126 Broadway)—2-3 room apartments, bath, kitchenette; telephone; modern. Peters.

106TH ST., 107 WEST.
FIREWAY FRIGES.
2 and 3 rooms, high-class, $13 up weekly. Academy 1011. Open 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—Cathedral Plaza, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 4, 5, 6 room furnished apartments, with kitchenette, in high-class elevator apartment houses; one of the best localities in New York; special rates for June, July and August; for small families with children; also nurses and newlyweds; all apartments just redecorated and painted; rates, monthly, 3 rooms, $80; 4 rooms, $75 up; 5 rooms, $95 up; weekly terms arranged; subway two blocks, 6th and 8th Avs., 1 car; one block, bus in front of house; park for children opposite house; choice front apartments now available.
PHONE ACADEMY 0612.

111TH, 605 WEST—High-class building, 6 rooms, beautifully furnished; exceptionally cheap; river view; $125. Cathedral 7090.

112TH, 510 WEST—8-room apartment, nicely furnished. Cathedral 8360. (Apt. 4E).

113TH, 608 W

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

Count six words to an Agate line. Per Agate Line.
(Minimum space two lines)
Situations Wanted 40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted 40c
Boarders and Board Wanted 40c
Help Wanted 40c
Real Estate, &c. 40c
Lost and Found 35c
Apartments to Let and Wanted 40c
Country Board 40c
Mortgage Loans 40c
For Sale 40c
Automobile Exchange 40c
Agents Wanted 40c
Employment Agencies 75c

Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers 15c
Rent, Exchange (Sunday) 12c

For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by noon Thursday. Real Estate and apartment announcements by Thursday midnight. Advertisements for insertion in the Editorial Section by 6 P. M. Friday. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. today. All other classified advertisements not later than 3 P. M. today.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition of The New York Times, if received after 3 P. M. on the day preceding insertion, are subject to omission. The final closing time is 5 P. M.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
West Side.
Continued from Preceding Page.

70TH, 59 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE. COMPLETE, $10 UPWARD; PRIVATE BATH, $16; SINGLE, $7.

70TH, 40 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, $16; SINGLE ROOM, $8.

70TH, 133 WEST—Delightful, cool single, double rooms, with, without baths; references.

70TH, 28 WEST—Large cool, comfortable room, with complete tiled bath and shower; splendid closets; also other rooms.

70TH, 135 WEST (71st, 37 West)—Select, first-class accommodations; attractive, cool rooms; baths; Summer rates; reasonable.

70TH, 280 WEST—Unusual accommodations; refined home; one or two gentlemen preferred.

70TH, 219 WEST—Large room, private bath; complete for housekeeping.

70TH, 251 WEST—Cool rooms, single, double; twin beds; lavatory, bath adjoining.

70TH, 28 WEST—Newly furnished rooms; twin beds; front basement; use bath.

71ST, 62 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS, PRIVATE BATHS, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, $16 UPWARD; SINGLE, $7.

71ST, 19 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, $16; PRIVATE BATH, $18; SINGLE, $7.

71ST, 61 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, $10; PRIVATE BATH, $15.

71ST, 342 WEST—Small room, French family; $8; immaculate; gentleman; permanent. 12c.

71ST, 116 WEST—Handsome double front room; very desirable; gentlemen.

71ST, 45 WEST—Nicely furnished room, running water; phone; electricity.

72D, 20 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED LARGE ROOM, PRIVATE TILE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE. COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY; REASONABLE.

72D, 22 WEST—Desirable rooms, large, small, refined patronage; Summer rates; students.

72D, 130? WEST—Beautifully furnished room; private bath, kitchenette; suitable two; conveniences.

72D, 336 WEST—Beautiful rooms, facing Drive, bath, kitchenette, reasonable; others $10.

72D, 132 WEST.
EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENT.
Elegantly furnished rooms, bath, large closet; maid service; linens; phone in room; breakfast if desired; men only.

72D, 107 WEST (Near Park)—Cool, attractive single room, $7; high-class private house; permanent; prefer one. Telephone Columbus 7???.

72D, 42 WEST—Exceptionally beautiful room, private bath; also single; very reasonable.

72D, 140 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, $14.

72D ST., (271 West End Av.)—Attractive, homelike outside rooms; breakfast optional; references essential.

73D, 55 WEST—Beautifully furnished, large rooms, private bath; others; reasonable; references.

73D, 173 WEST—Room, bath, lavatory; electricity; gentleman; references.

73D, 103 WEST—Beautiful furnished studio, private bath; kitchenette; parlor floor.

73D, 106 WEST—Beautiful, furnished, large rooms with private bath, $14, $16.

74TH (corner Broadway)—Front rooms, overlooking Broadway, opposite Ansonia Hotel; light, cool, airy; furnished complete for single or couples; one room or en suite; special low Summer rates; $5 to $20 per week; references required. Tel. Columbus 3110. Apt. 15.

74TH, 159 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED LARGE ROOMS, PRIVATE BATHS, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, $15 UPWARD; MEDIUM, $10.

74TH, 3 WEST — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $15 UPWARD; MEDIUM, $8.

74TH, 43 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $10 UPWARD; SINGLE ROOM, $6.

74TH, 202 WEST.
Bright, airy rooms, reasonable; investigated. De Guary.

74TH, 145 WEST—Special Summer rates; cool, delightful suite, single rooms; every convenience; private home.

74TH, 165 WEST—Exclusive suite, bath; entire floor; single. Telephone Columbus 3006.

74TH, 33 WEST—Spacious room, private bath; perfectly appointed private home; breakfast.

74TH, 27 WEST—Beautiful, cool room, private bath; near park; private; references.

74TH, 150 WEST—Attractive single and double rooms; electricity, telephone; $5-$12.

74TH, 41 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, $14.

75TH, 143 WEST—STUDIO ROOM, PIANO, $60. SEYMOUR.

75TH, 318 WEST—Beautiful rooms and location, overlooking Hudson, two doors from Riverside Drive; most reasonable.

75TH, 327 WEST—Attractively furnished rooms; overlooking Hudson; running water, bath; reasonable.

75TH, 116 WEST—Large rooms, with or without baths; gentlemen or couple.

76TH, 2 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; REASONABLE.

76TH, 149 WEST—Nicely furnished large, airy rooms, electricity, telephone; $10-$12.

76TH, 150 WEST—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, single room, tiled bath, shower, private residence; gentlemen only; references.

76TH, 116 WEST—Newly decorated single, double rooms, baths, kitchenette privileges; reasonable.

76TH, 305 WEST—Splendidly furnished rooms, running water; excellent service; $10 up.

76TH, 44 WEST—Front parlor; other rooms; twin beds; each private bath.

76TH, 237 WEST—Front parlor, private bath; also small room; $7, $14.

76TH, 52 WEST—Newly decorated single rooms, electricity; gentlemen only; $6.50-$8.

77TH, 117 WEST.
Beautifully furnished front room, private housekeeping privilege; also single room; moderate.

77TH, 339 WEST (Corner Drive)—Beautifully furnished large room, with every convenience, including maid service. Apply on premises.

77TH, 335 WEST—Beautiful large connecting bedrooms, bath, kitchenette privilege; small room.

77TH, 106 WEST—Comfortable large medium rooms, bath floor, electricity; gentlemen; reasonable.

77TH, 128 WEST—Very attractively furnished double room, with bath; private home.

77TH, 142 WEST—Comfortable, large room; private bath; electricity; single room; reasonable.

77TH, 111 WEST—Attractive small room; all conveniences; reasonable; gentleman.

78TH, 152 WEST—New rooms, furnished, in physician's residence, to let, one with private bath; references exchanged.

78TH, 117 WEST—Well furnished front room, near bath; electricity, phone; reasonable.

78TH, 321 WEST—Attractive rooms, private bath, kitchenette; other rooms. Phone Schuyler 10465.

78TH, 223 WEST—Large double room, lavatory, electricity, telephone; inexpensive; reference required.

78TH, 329 WEST (Drive)—Large cool front room, twin beds; reasonable; residence.

78TH, 161 WEST—Elegant large and single front rooms, private bath; reasonable.

78TH, 122 WEST—Large, small rooms, without bath; electricity, telephone; references.

78TH—Pleasant room in large apartment; lavatory; reasonable; block subway. Shuyler 4054.

79TH, 212 WEST—Double rooms, private baths; also single.

79TH ST., (343 West End)—Desirable double, single rooms, $7-$10; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
West Side.

80TH, 125 WEST—Visitors to New York finest furnished apartments; single, en suite; and bath; real home; luxurious; different.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ROOMS, RUNNING WATER, USE OF BATH, $1.50 PER DAY OR $9 PER WEEK; LARGE DOUBLE ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH, $20 SUBLET BY THE WEEK OR UNTIL SEPT. 1; ONE OR TWO PERSONS, $28 PER WEEK. HOTEL ENDICOTT.

81ST ST., Columbus Av. (Colonial Hotel)—Newly decorated, furnished rooms, use of bath; $1.50 daily, $10 weekly; elevated, surface cars, subway; full hotel service; restaurant.

81ST (Columbus Av.; Hotel Colonial)—Single rooms; men only; running water, telephone; complete hotel service; $8-$10 weekly.

81ST, 135 WEST—Handsomely furnished two-room suite; also large, light rooms.

81ST, 31 WEST (Opposite Park)—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; till September; $90.

83D, 250 WEST (Apt. 7 South)—Family has large room, 7th floor; twin beds; lavatory, two closets; references.

83D, 20 WEST.
Superior accommodations; refined home; references. Owners.

83D ST., 25 WEST—Desirable, cool, airy rooms; small, medium; $7, $8, $12.

83D, 24 WEST—Beautiful, comfortable, cool rooms, private bath, shower; refined home.

83D, 36 WEST—Large, cool room, overlooking park; private bath; meals optional.

84TH, 331 WEST—Large front; twin beds; running water, electricity; phone; gentlemen.

84TH, 6 WEST—Parlor floor, will divide; other rooms; homelike, clean house.

84TH, 56 WEST—Large front room, 2 or 3 gentlemen; electricity, telephone.

84TH, 41 WEST—Delightful, cool rooms with and without bath; Summer rates.

85TH ST. WEST (near Broadway)—Front parlor and bedroom adjoining bath; exceptionally attractive and cool; piano; independent entrance; private family. Phone Schuyler 2606.

85TH, 62 WEST—Newly furnished, attractive rooms; private bath, electricity; $12 and $20.

85TH, 327 WEST—Desirable room, hot, cold water; shower; near Drive. Ridge.

85TH, 341 WEST—Comfortable room, piano, suitable two ladies; also single, $7.

86TH, 21 WEST—Delightfully cool, large rooms, bath, kitchenette, privileges; Summer rates.

86TH, 329 WEST (Near Riverside)—Cheerful, well furnished room, $15. Schuyler 6982.

86TH ST., 276 WEST—Large front room, bath adjoining; suitable for two; kitchen privileges; also small room.

86TH, 132 WEST—Attractive room with bath; front basement, bath, kitchenette privilege.

87TH, 340 WEST—Cool, double room, adjoining bath, facing Drive; also single; reasonable. Night.

87TH, 347 WEST (Drive)—Large and small rooms; modern; exclusive; select neighborhood.

88TH, 322 WEST—Double and single room; improvements; newly decorated; refined house.

88TH ST., 178 WEST—Well furnished, dressing room attached; running water, next bath.

88TH, 323 WEST (Riverside)—Immense front room, private bath, suitable two or three.

88TH, 20 WEST—Large room, beautifully furnished, medium and small rooms.

88TH, 303 WEST—Two luxurious rooms; $9; $12; private family; references.

89TH, 66 WEST—Large and small rooms, with, without bath; newly decorated.

90TH, 42 WEST—Newly decorated and furnished, large and small rooms; also back parlor with bath, electricity.

91ST ST., 304 WEST—Large, comfortable front room, private bath, nicely furnished, piano; also beautiful, cool, airy room; $7.

92D, 64 WEST—Large double; twin beds, running water; summer rates; also gentleman to share gentleman's room.

92D, 131 WEST—Large, light room, lavatory, phone, electricity, maid service; reasonable.

92D, 250 WEST—Large, light room, 3 windows, separate beds; $12. 5th.

93D (676 West End Av.)—Large room, bath adjoining; private house; exclusive.

93D, 50 WEST—Newly decorated rooms, all improvements, shower baths; Summer rates.

93D, 307 WEST (Apt. 3)—Large front rooms, twin beds; single rooms.

94TH, 153 WEST—Large airy room, running water, bath adjoining; references exchanged.

97TH, 316 WEST—Cool, clean, outside room; next bath; $8; references. Brown.

98TH, 254 WEST—Exclusive home, large, comfortable room; running water, bath with shower; gentleman. Apt. 7. MacGowan.

98TH, 254 WEST (Apt. 5)—Attractive front room, newly decorated; twin beds.

99TH, 260 WEST — Attractively furnished rooms, single en suite; kitchen privileges; Summer rates.

101ST, 4 WEST, Corner Central Park West—Light, airy room, with all improvements and conveniences, in exclusive residential neighborhood; moderate rental. Inquire Apt. 8.

248 WEST 102 ST.
ROOMS AND BATH.
MEALS ON PREMISES.
(Near Riverside Drive.)

102d, 203 WEST—Large, cool, attractive rooms; kitchenette; private house; convenient, moderate.

104TH, 247 WEST—Front room, suitable two ladies; electricity, water; also single room. Johnston.

105TH, 215 WEST—FINE HOME.
Exceptionally attractive rooms; all conveniences; moderate rate; gentleman only. Pyne, first floor.

105TH (near Broadway)—Refined business man; private family; $8; references. Academy 1779.

105TH, 201 WEST—Reasonable, single, double, elevator; near Broadway. Armstrong, Academy 2830.

105TH, 201 WEST—Attractive single, double rooms; cool, airy apartment; $8 up.

106TH, 312 WEST—Private family wishes to rent a few beautifully furnished single, double rooms or en suite; kitchenette privilege; high-class private home; references exchanged; telephone.

107TH, 308 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; SINGLE ROOM; SUMMER RATES.

107TH, 315 WEST—Elegant, spacious room; conveniences; private bath; high-class residence.

107TH, 208 WEST, Apt. 9B—Cool, quiet, near front room, southern exposure; elevator apartment; $10; gentleman; references.

110TH (Broadway)—Private family; large, cool room, twelfth floor. Academy 0127, Dalton.

111TH, 532 WEST—Unusually attractive room; Summer rates; references. Apartment 5.

112TH, 542 WEST—Beautiful double-single room, private bath; reasonable. Apt. 8C.

113TH, (Cor. Riverside)—Beautiful room, private family; $35 monthly. Cathedral 7704.

113TH, 606 WEST—Outside room, private bath, private family; references. 4W.

113TH, 640 WEST—Nicely furnished room, single, couple; private family. Apt. 16.

114TH, 609 WEST—Splendid room, bath; gentleman; references; no other roomers. Wall.

114TH, 540 WEST—Large room, bath, overlooking South Field; gentleman; references.

115TH, 601 WEST—Attractively furnished light room, adjoining bath and shower; single or double. Apt. 31L.

115TH, 601 WEST (Apt. 35)—Attractive front room, bath adjoining. 5720 Cathedral.

115TH, 601 WEST (Apt. 22)—Two large outside rooms, bath. Cathedral 5720.

115TH, 606 WEST—Comfortable single front room. Apt. 4E.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL).
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

118TH, 420 WEST (Near Columbia University)—Attractive, quiet, bright, airy, scrupulously clean; reasonable; private family; references. Apartment 61.

118TH, 416 WEST—Large, small room, artistic cretonne; gardens; bank; ladies. Welch.

119TH, 419 WEST (Columbia)—Three rooms, kitchenette; seven front south windows. Hildreth.

121ST, 105 WEST—Large rear parlor, private bath, improvements, suitable for couple.

122D, 518 WEST—Cool, desirable, quiet rooms; elevator; shower; reasonable. Nichols.

122D, 540 WEST (Apt. 6.)—Pleasant outside room; together or separate.

127TH (6 Convent Av.)—Exceptionally large double window room; electricity, phone, bath; suitable couple or person; reference; reasonable.

136TH, 540 WEST—Exceptionally nice two-room suite; reasonable; references. Apt. 3.

137TH, 516 WEST—Attractively furnished room, private family; $6 week. Apt. 2.

139TH, 550 WEST—Large room, adjoining bath, all modern improvements; for gentleman, in private family. Apt. 5E.

139TH, 609 WEST, Apt. 4B—Large, comfortable single room, $7. Before 2.

141ST, 462 WEST—Cool, outside room; couple or single; private bath, electricity; kitchenette optional; private house. Audubon 7332.

141ST ST. (16 Hamilton Terrace)—Attractive rooms, private bath, kitchenette; other rooms.

146TH (3,005 B'way)—Cool front suite, accommodate three; $18. Richelson, Audubon 2046.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
West Side.

154TH, 418 WEST (near St. Nicholas Av.)—Large, light front room; light housekeeping; convenient "L," subway cars; private house, reasonable.

160TH, 625 WEST—Nicely furnished room; every convenience; no other roomers. Apartment 1-C.

167TH, AUDUBON AVE. (Barney Court)—Large, sunny, elevator, twin beds; $8. Martin.

BROADWAY, 2,783 (101st)—Charming, cool room; price, $8. Apt. 5 north.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 106 (The)—Beautiful front room, overlooking Park; ladies; $12.

CLAREMONT AV., 180, Apt. 35—Cool, comfortable rooms, single, double; convenience; reasonable.

GIRL wants girl to share 2-room kitchenette, bath; reasonable. Columbus 9000.

HOTEL EARLE (WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH)—ON JULY 1 WILL HAVE SEVERAL DESIRABLE ROOMS WITH BATH AT SENSATIONALLY LOW RATES. INSPECTION INVITED. SPRING 9456.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 322—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SINGLE ROOM; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 330 (corner 164th St.)—Beautiful furnished rooms; southern exposure, single or en suite; hotel service, elevator, telephone every room; dining room.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 289—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE TILED BATH, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SINGLE ROOM.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244 (Corner 97th)—High-class elevator apartment. Attractive, cool room; gentleman appreciating refined surroundings. Apt. 3G.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230 (96th)—Large, airy outside room, adjoining bath, shower, $10; two, $15. Apt. 31. Riverside 9490.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222 — Housekeeping suite; delightful room; private bath; single. Apartment 12E.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222 (Apt. 22)—Charming, newly decorated rooms; shower. Riverside 3762.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 92—Elegant furnishings; exceptionally large, front or back; private baths; 2 to 6 persons; $18-$20.

RIVERSIDE, 321 (104th)—Beautiful front suite(s); kitchenette privileges; electricity; service; double, single.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 620 (159th)—Comfortable room; delightful location; $30 monthly. Apartment 40.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 151 (87th)—Front room, kitchenette; elevator; dining room in house. Schuyler 10465.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528 (27A)—Front, overlooking Hudson; $10; large living; $9; lady.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 39½ (overlooking Park)—1 or 2 connecting rooms, every convenience, private, business men; references exchanged; Summer rates. Bell No. 2, Spring. Right.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS—Private family; person going to business or couple; private telephone, bath, kitchenette; references. Billings 2976.

WEST END, 524 (86th)—Exceptionally desirable large room with large dressing room; $1,600; also two singles; $7-$9.

WEST END AV. (near 92d)—Private house, large room, bath, one with lavatory near bath. Phone Schuyler 4254.

WEST END AV., 290 (near 73d)—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, with bath; other single; $8, $16, $20.

WEST END AV., 841 (1E)—Exceptionally attractive outside room, running water, large closet; also small room.

WEST END AV., 700 (94th)—Cool, pleasant room, all conveniences; also sitting room with piano. Britten.

WEST END AV., 433 (near 80th)—In private home, attractive, comfortable room, adjoining bath, $8.

WEST END AV., 350—Large front room, bath; twin beds; also single.

WEST END AV., 560 (87th St.)—Large front room; business woman. Smith.

WEST END AV., 411—Beautifully furnished, cool; every convenience. Apartment 7 west.

Bronx.

163D ST., 237 EAST—Nicely furnished room, all improvements; reasonable. Apt. 5.

Brooklyn.

SEAGATE—Three rooms, partly furnished, with use of kitchen; also single room; Neptune Av., corner 57th St. Call Rapaport, Coney Island 3167.

19TH AV., 8,644—Furnished room, two blocks from the water, private house, double or single bed. Reusonhurst 6028.

FURNISHED rooms at Sea Gate, by the season. For particulars phone Coney Island 158.

Westchester County.

COOL ROOM, Van Cortlandt Park, private home; easy commuting; gentleman. Kingsbridge 8333.

WHITE PLAINS—1 Quarropas St.—Nice room; porch, garden; bath, hot water.

Long Island.

LONG BEACH—Furnished 2 or 4 room apartment; private bath; porch; kitchenette; electricity; shower; near beach and boardwalk; reasonable. B. L. 271 Times.

LONG BEACH—West End; cool corner room, two young ladies or gentlemen, $200 season; charming furnished ocean bungalow. Call 69 Wyoming Av. Bryant 3974.

THE BALLANCURRY,
Rockaway Park, 181 Beach 113th St.—Rooms with running water; half block from Boardwalk; near station; moderate rates.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Large rooms; running water; private cottage, near ocean and station; season, week-ends. Harvey, 225 113th St., Belle Harbor. 1133J.

FAR ROCKAWAY—One block to ocean, apartment; also two rooms facing ocean, 3 Seneca Av., near Seagirt Av. Tel. 2309 Far Rockaway.

ROCKAWAY PARK, 188 Beach 122d St.—Large, small rooms with kitchen privileges; reasonable, for season; ocean block; private garage.

ROCKAWAY PARK (240 Beach 120th St.)—Beautiful rooms, connecting, bath, near ocean; adults preferred. Belle Harbor 0073.

ROCKAWAY PARK—BEAUTIFUL FURNISHED ROOM, OCEAN BLOCK; PRIVATE FAMILY. 174 BEACH 121.

ROOMS, season; block from bay; desirable location; congenial surroundings; reasonable; available now. 2,946 Mott Av., Far Rockaway, L. I.

BEECHHURST, L. I.—Beautiful, furnished, large room, connecting with bath; private family; bathing; near station. Telephone Q294-J Flushing.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Unexcelled furnished rooms; near Boardwalk; private; select; reasonable; month or season. 172 Beach 120th St.

YOUNG COUPLE desire to rent furnished room in private bungalow; all conveniences. Mrs. Palty, 946A Columbus Av., Edgemere, L. I.

ROCKAWAY PARK — Desirable furnished rooms; private; adults preferred; near beach, station; reasonable. 223 Beach 118th. Belle Harbor 30.

FAR ROCKAWAY.
Furnished rooms to let, reasonable rent. 838 Grove St. Phone Far Rockaway 6840.

ROCKAWAY PARK—One or two beautiful furnished rooms and kitchenette; reasonable; private family. Belle Harbor 1226 St.

BELLE HARBOR, L. I.—Comfortably furnished, double or single room for rent for season; near ocean. Phone Fordham 2634.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Large, bright room, five windows, for season with private family; ocean block; 165 Beach 118th St.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Furnished rooms, facing boardwalk. McCarthy, 131 Beach, 120th St.

KEW GARDENS—Attractive room in a cultured private home. Telephone Richmond Hill 5759 for appointment.

ROOM; gentleman, with private family; use garage; 4 minutes station; references required. Phone 1944M, Bayside, L. I.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Rooms, near station, beach; day, week, month, season; select. 1,186 Nostrand Av. Tel. 3064 Far Rockaway.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Attractively furnished rooms; desirable location; private family. Belle Harbor 2474.

TWO attractive rooms to rent; refined, private family; bath; opposite car house. Telephone Cedarhurst 0167.

ROCKAWAY PARK (174 Beach 118th St.)—2 desirable rooms; ocean block; rent for season. Phone Belle Harbor 2896.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Beautiful rooms, exclusive section; reasonable; garage. Phone 1439 Belle Harbor.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Attractive furnished rooms; kitchen privilege; beach block. 186 Beach 118th.

SEAGATE—Within gate; exclusive, 2-room suite; private porch, kitchen privilege. Phone Coney Island 6138, ask for Kassel.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Five rooms, rent; 259 Beach 119th St., near ocean, station. Telephone 1774 Belle Harbor.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Furnished room to let with private family; fine location. 223 Beach 117th St., Rockaway Park, L. I.

ROCKAWAY PARK, block front ocean, furnished rooms; private, telephone. Belle Harbor 1206.

ROCKAWAY PARK, 117-19 Newport Av., corner room, running water. 2089 Belle Harbor.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Large room, private family, 1,325 Franklin Av. Far Rockaway 2295.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Apartments for Summer; also furnished rooms. 238 Beach 119th St.

FURNISHED, airy rooms; near beach and station; week-ends or season reasonable. Berlin, 26 Fulton Av., Far Rockaway.

BEAUTIFUL furnished room; private family, in Rockaway Park. 216 117th St. Phone Belle Harbor 2575.

FAR ROCKAWAY — Rooms with, without kitchen accommodations. Madison Arms, Far Rockaway 8220.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Long Island.

BUSINESS PEOPLE, away all day, will rent two bedrooms and the use of rest of the house, in best location in Far Rockaway, L. I.; reasonable. Phone 0357 Far Rockaway.

LARGE ROOM—Ocean house, accommodats 4 gentlemen or ladies; 35 minutes city; free bathing; meals optional; reasonable season. 6,016 Boulevard, corner 41 Edgemere.

LONG BEACH—Large, beautifully furnished rooms to rent weekly, monthly or by season; ocean view; two blocks from Nassau Hotel. "Villa Idle Hour, L. I." B. 19.

FURNISHED rooms for rent, private family. Gordon, 2,445 Franklin Av., Far Rockaway 3929.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Rooms, running water; near beach; airy; reasonable. 208 Beach 118th St.

BABYLON—Large, furnished room, overlooking water; private family. Phone 33R-W Babylon.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Beautifully situated room, private family. 184 Beach 119th, first floor.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Two select rooms; every convenience. R. N. Baruch, 181 Beach 119th.

LONG BEACH—Modern room, season; telephone; near station. 179 West Fulton St.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Desirable front room, for season, by ocean. Belle Harbor 2171.

TWO gentlemen share room, $125. Rockaway Park, ocean front. Belle Harbor 9622.

LONG BEACH—2 furnished rooms, kitchen accommodations; phone Lynbrook 3007.

LONG BEACH—Rooms for week-ends or season. Haussmans, 162 West Park St.

TO LET—Furnished rooms in superior suburban home. Phone Flushing 3642.

New Jersey.

LARGE, comfortable room, adjoining bath, on fine street in Montclair, N. J., for Summer to refined young lady; small American family; no other roomer; 40 minutes New York. E. 567 Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J.—Large room, all conveniences; running water; $6; also small room; references. 359 Main St. 1543J.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., 600 7th Av.—Furnished rooms, single or en suite, with housekeeping privileges; near beach and station.

OCEAN GROVE—Attractive furnished rooms; convenient to station and ocean. Miss Powell, 124 Heck Av.

ATLANTIC CITY—Newly furnished rooms, large, airy; near beach. 310 Pacific Av.

Miscellaneous.

NANTASKET BEACH, Mass. — Furnished rooms on water front in quiet home; two piazzas. Alice Wright, 51 Edgewater Road. Whitehead Station.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

100TH, 325 WEST—Large room or floor for particular people in elegant residence; references essential. River 5218.

148TH, 519 WEST—Unfurnished housekeeping rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity.

157TH, 1361½ WEST—One or two studio rooms; lavatory, gas, electricity; references.

COUNTRY BOARD

SHREWSBURY INN, Oceanic, Rumson, N. J.—Opened by new proprietor; many alterations and improvements; exclusive cuisine; boating, bathing, fishing; charming environment; waterfront on Sound; motor boat service to ocean beach; reasonable rates; take Atlantic Highlands boat, Cedar St., to inspect place; particulars by phone, Rumson 472. Plaza 0686.

GREENBROOK—Guest and dinner house, between Mountain and Central Avs., Greenbrook Road, North Caldwell, N. J.; 15-acre farm; fresh produce, home cooked; rates $10 to $20 per week. Open July 1. Katherine Francis.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN—Exclusive camp for refined adults and older children; facing lake; private bungalows; camp freedom; bathing, boating, fishing, tennis, dancing; splendid table. Camp Glendyle, South Hero, Vt.

SEA GATE.—Beautiful private home has accommodations for few guests; large, airy rooms; good Jewish cooking; two blocks from fine beach; restricted locality; pension-plan rate. Telephone Coney Island 6335 for appointment.

MAPLE HOUSE FARM—High elevation, excellent meals, vegetables, milk and eggs from our farm; spring water; large, airy rooms; convenient railroads; $22 weekly. Mrs. Goetz, Westbrookville, Sullivan County, New York.

PRIVATE family offers a few choice single and double rooms; superior table; handsome grounds; large porch; high altitude; convenient commuting. Address 182 Boulevard or phone 67-M Summit, N. J.

BAR HARBOR, MAINE COAST—Cragsend Cottage, situated among pines, near golf links, excellent board; comfortable rooms for ten guests; $15 up. E. Tessier.

THE SILVERMAN HOUSE, 6 Beach 86th St., Edgemere, L. I.—Reservations made now for holiday and season; excellent food; large, airy rooms. Far Rockaway 4135.

BATTERSHALL INN,
Sea Cliff, Long Island.
Overlooking Sound; one hour Penn Station; American Plan. Phone Glen Cove 71.

MOUNT VERNON—The Hopsin, 245 Prospect Av., five minutes' walk to New Haven station—Large, cool rooms, superior board; shade and porch. Phone 3625.

CEDAR HILL FARM—Near lake and Camp Hazen, a pleasant place for your vacation; bathing, fishing; good meals. R. Trubuer, Deep River, Conn. Box 97.

ELBERON, N. J., Box 253—Spacious rooms, refined home, sleeping porches, garage, magnificent trees, quiet, restful, accessible golf, bathing. Long Branch 817W.

WEST END (Long Branch, N. J.)—Room with or without board; rates reasonable, one block from beach. Phone Long Branch 1961. Virginia Hotel, 24 and Brighton Ave.

MOUNT VERNON (102 Summit Av.)—Large adjoining rooms; lavatory; twin beds; five minutes New Haven station. Hillcrest 3483.

WILL RENT two rooms, board to desirable people; beautiful home; hour out. Norston Heights, Conn., Box 221.

BELLSTONE INN, Bayside — Attractive rooms, light, screened porches; suites for parties of four; board; $18-$25. Bayside 1604.

BAYSHORE, L. I.—34 Park Av.—Gentlemen as paying guests; excellent commuting; country and seashore; references exchanged.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Room and board, select section; reasonable. Phone Belle Harbor 3066W.

FIRST-CLASS accommodations, house directly on ocean; easy commuting. 20 Beach 42d, Edgemere, L. I. Far Rockaway 4424.

CHILDREN given best care, good environment. Outwaite, Blalwell, New York. Nyack 1049J.

ROCKAWAY PARK (130 136th St.)—Elegant room, facing ocean; running water; garage; Jewish-German cooking. Gelase.

BENSONHURST (8,554 Bay Parkway)—Exclusive place; few people can secure ideal accommodations.

EAST BOARD in Bay Shore, L. I.; all improvements; new beds; bathing, fishing. Allen, 15 North Clinton Av.

FAR ROCKAWAY CLUB, 1,421 Greenwood Av.; special holiday rate; unexcelled table; Summer rate reduced.

ORATAMIN INN, BLAUVELT, N. Y.
Hour city; real country; poultry, milk, vegetables. Phone Nyack 1049J.

LONG BEACH—Select accommodations for paying guests; on Boardwalk and ocean front (4 Front St.). Telephone Flushing 3222.

REST in comfortable cabin and fish in wilds of Pike Co. Glen Eyre, Pa. Rockbound Camp. A. W. Le Roy.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, competent; 5 years' experience; trial balances; references. C 458 Times.

DRESSMAKER, expert suits, coats, evening gowns; remodeling; out or home. 168 West 88th. Phone Schuyler 4085.

GENTLEWOMAN, unusual ability, seeks position as lady's chaperon or companion; experienced traveler; understands household management; several years last position; exceptional references. Y 2079 Times Annex.

GIRLS, 2 colored; housework; city, country. Audubon 9540, Apt. 37.

HOUSEKEEPER—Refined American woman, intelligent, desires housekeeper's position in private home where there are motherless children; interview. K 2493 Times Annex.

SEAMSTRESS—All kinds sewing, reasonable. Call 9082 M'gside, Apt. 5 west.

STENOGRAPHER, translator, Swedish, English, knowledge German and French. Y 2107 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY, refined, desires position as cashier, thoroughly experienced, hotel or restaurant; no Sunday work. K. M., 129 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY desires position as companion or governess to children; July and August; highest references. M. 129 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS (colored); cooks, chambermaids, waitresses; part time, full; free; anywhere. Audubon 9012.

COLORED HELP—City, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 8040.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, university graduate; thoroughly experienced; salary secondary. F 536 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, 29, income tax expert; college graduate; salary $50. E B 305 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.
East Side.

69D ST., 7 EAST—Cool, attractive single, double rooms; en or suite; exclusive, homelike; rates; credentials.

A FEW desirable rooms to rent for Summer at $25 per week, with meals; 26 Gramercy Park South. Phone Gramercy 6284.

BOARD and rooms, with or without bath, all outside, very light and airy, in one of finest buildings in city; $18 to $25 weekly. Appointment by telephone Christian owner Rhinelander 0436.

ELAVING beautiful house, will accept paying guests. Rhinelander 1618.

MADISON AV., 213 (Near 86th)—Attractive room; excellent table; references.

West Side.

30TH ST. (at Lexington Av.)—Hotel Rutledge, for women only; one room and meals, $16 weekly; elevator, telephone, &c.; full hotel service; newly decorated.

57TH, 351 WEST—Large, small rooms, private baths; French cooking; piano, electricity.

72D, 318 WEST (Riverside Drive.)
Unusual accommodations; beautiful rooms; double, single; private baths; table guests.

72D WEST—Subway; in cool, exclusive apartment; board optional; references. Columbus 1045.

73TH 24 WEST—Attractive rooms; newly decorated; home cooking; table guests; references.

76TH—Double room, bath; three windows overlooking Hudson; separate single front room; elevator; exclusive residence; home cooking; Christian household. 30 Riverside Drive. 2139 Columbus.

79TH ST., 112-122 WEST—Wide, parked street; unusual, attractive; large parlors, tearoom, lounge; electricity, private telephones.

82D ST., 124 WEST—Graycourt, most delightful of New York's small residential hotels.

83D, 5 WEST—Desirable rooms, en suite; excellent table; also table guests.

93D, 254-256 WEST—Small, large rooms, private bath; home cooking. Manion.

153D ST., 676 ST. NICHOLAS AV.—Attractive Summer home in city; all conveniences; good table. Tel. Audubon 7766.

154TH, 428 WEST—Attractive double room; lavatory; electricity; good table; private residence.

MADISON ARMS, $3 per day up. 41, 43, 45 West 58th; elevator.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 294 (1024)—Attractive, comfortable rooms; beautiful location; table a specialty. C. 528 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 540—Attractive rooms, bath; excellent meals; two $30; references. Perry.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG MAN, South American—

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Rate 45 cents an agate line.

All advertisements have passed the censorship and appear to be worthy of consideration. Telephone Bryant 1000.

ABBOTT-DETROIT Town Car.
BUICK 1920 Coupe.
CADILLAC 1921 Limousine.
CADILLAC 1919 Town Landaulet.
CADILLAC 57 Touring.
DE DION five-passenger Sport Sedan.
DUESENBERG 1921 Speedster.
HUDSON 1918 Clayton Cabriolet.
HUPP 1920 Limousine.
OAKLAND 1920 Sedan.
MARMON 1921 Runabout Speedster.
MARMON 1919 Chummy Roadster.
MERCEDES 1913 four-passenger Sport.
PACKARD 1919 seven-passenger Touring.
PACKARD Twelve Nelson four-pass. Sport.
PIERCE-ARROW 1919 Dual Valve Touring.
STUTZ 1920 Speedster.
STUTZ 1923-21 Runabout.
ROLLS-ROYCE Cabriolet.

These payments Arranged. Trades Considered. Written guarantee with each car. CHAS. MAAS, Inc. 1602 BROADWAY, B'WAY AT 52D ST. CIRCLE 0065-5252-5253. Open Evenings.

BREWSTER 1919 Suburban Sedan.
BREWSTER 1919 Cabriolet.
CADILLAC 1923 Special Speedster.
CADILLAC 1921 Fleetwood Limousine.
CRANE-SIMPLEX 1918 Sub. Brewster Sedan.
PIERCE-ARROW 1921 Touring, 7-passenger.
PIERCE-ARROW 1921 Sedan, 7-passenger.
LANCIA 1918 Town Limousine.
KISSEL 1921 Speedster, 4-pass.

6 Mos. Guarantee; Trades; Deferred pay'ts. DOUGLAS C. BURRELLE, 1,000 Broadway (61st-62d). Columbus 8260.

BUICK 1920 Roadster.
CADILLAC "61" Cabriolet.
LAFAYETTE "" Torpedo, Demonstrator.
MERCER Series 5 Speedster.
LOCOMOBILE 1917 Limousine.
LANCIA 1917 Town Car.
FRANKLIN 1921 Brougham.
FRANKLIN 1921 4-Pass. Sport.
NASH 1919 Special Limousine.

PORTER-LA FAYETTE CO., 1,288 Broadway. (Mr. Harris.) Circle 9700.

BUICK 1921 sedan and touring.
CADILLAC 1923 limo. phaeton, tour.
CADILLAC 1918 limousine, Vic., tour.
STUTZ 1920 speedster.
PACKARD 1920 4-pass. Fleetw'd sport.
PACKARD 1921 7-pass. touring.
MERCER 1920 4-passenger sport.

PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE, 52 West 60th St. Columbus 8478.

BUICK, 1920 touring, exceptional mechanical condition, five cord tires and many extras; ready for your trip. Moon Bronx Co., 2,233 Grand Concourse (182d).

BUICK 1921 coupe, 4 pass., finest condition; looks like new; must be seen to appreciate; real bargain. Interstate Coach Works, 18 West 62d St.

BUICK 1921, touring, $550; best buy. B. Inglehaum & Son, 318 Church St. Canal 0648.

BUICK, 1923, 6-cylinder, 7-pass.; like new; equipped, $950. Morningside 6945.

BUICK 1920 touring, like new; sacrifice. Scott, 138 West 69. Circle 5252.

CADILLAC, 7-pass. sedan.
DELAGE 6-passenger sport touring.
ROLLS-ROYCE cabriolet.
LOCOMOBILE, 7-pass. touring, $1,100.
LOCOMOBILE, 7-pass. touring; $1,700.
LOCOMOBILE, 4-pass. sport touring.
LOCOMOBILE, 5-pass. Farnham and Nelson.
PIERCE-ARROW, 5-pass. vestibule sedan.
PIERCE-ARROW, 7-pass. touring.
PIERCE-ARROW landaulet $2,000.
MERCER, 7-pass. touring.
MERCEDES, 4-pass., 90 HP P., almost new.
PACKARD, 7-pass. touring.
PACKARD, 7-pass. limousine.
WILSON, sedan.
WARNER, 1921 sedan.
ROLLS-ROYCE OF AMERICA, INC., 250 West 54th St. Circle 3865.

CADILLAC 1921 sport roadster, like new.
CADILLAC 1919 4-pass. coupe, $1,650.
CUNNINGHAM 1920 sport model, like new.
CUNNINGHAM 1921 sport sedan.
DE LAGE 1921 Locke cabriolet.
PIERCE "33" Fwood cabriolet.
PACKARD 1921 Fleetwood speedster.
PACKARD 1919 Fleetwood touring.
LANCIA "35" Holbrook town car.

ALL CARS GUARANTEED. Trades Considered. Time Payments. RIPPETH MOTOR CAR CO., INC., 1,799 Broadway (59th). Circle 227.

CADILLAC "61" 4-passenger.
CADILLAC "61" Touring.
CADILLAC "" Victoria.
CADILLAC "59" Phaeton.
CADILLAC "58" Victoria.
CADILLAC "59" Hdsk Cabriolet.
LINCOLN 1921 Touring Car.

F. J. JACOD COMPANY, 1,200 Broadway, Columbus 7541.

CADILLACS, USED CARS, ALL MODELS. Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Corp., 7 West 61st St. (Used Car Dept.) PHONE COLUMBUS 7700.

CADILLAC touring, like new, owner needs smaller car before July 4; make offer or bring your car. Simonson, care Bingham Garage, 1,684 Webster Av.

CADILLAC touring, newly painted, not driven for two years; no dealers. 44 East 60th St. Wed. After 10 A. M. Rhinelander 2971.

CADILLAC, 1919 touring, 7 passenger; thoroughly overhauled and repainted; bargain at $1,200. Olants, 1,006 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 7-passenger, 59 model; exceptional throughout. Sport sedan. Columbus 2854. 1,938 Broadway.

CADILLAC special, 4-passenger coupe, late model; bargain. Finance Co. Circle 10280.

CADILLAC 1921 roadster, dis. seats, like new. Cheerwager, 136 West 52d.

CADILLAC sedan, 7-passenger, 1919, double jetter. Hess, 205 East 80th.

CADILLAC 1922 Suburban sedan; reasonable. 158 West 56th. Circle 8970.

CADILLAC 8-cylinder 7-pass. like new; equipped $5000; sacrifice. 252 West 78th. Schuyler 10,255.

CHANDLER 1920 7-pass., very fine condition; exceptional bargain for quick buyer. Premier Sales Co., 1,900 Broadway. Circle 1362. Ecclesine.

COLE AERO 8 roadster, bargain, late, 21 model; ran less than 5,000 miles. Phone Dobbs Ferry 252.

CUNNINGHAM, 4 passenger sport, late model; in excellent condition; privately owned; bargain for immediate cash sale. Rhinelander 8687.

FIAT Italian 5-passenger touring. Sun-beam Company, 25 West 57th St. Plaza 9828.

FORDS, all models. Immediate delivery; liberal payment plan. Authorized Agency, Wadsworth 8062.

HAYNES 1921, four passenger sport. Sandow, 401 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Sterling 4877.

HUDSON 1-ton passenger light; sacrifice, Circle 0013. Oberwager, 136 West 52d.

HUDSON Super Six, 7-pass.; like new; equipped, $2650. 202 West 128th.

HUPMOBILE touring, 1920, repainted, five wire wheels. Intervale 0573. Sullivan, after 7.

ISOTTA FRASCHINI, 7-passenger touring, lately overhauled; good condition; newly painted side panel; good tires and tube basket; 60 horsepower motor a. p. p. classy whiatsr; two carpenstors; powerful brakes; one of the world's best-long distance touring cars; cheap for cash. Write for appointment. Alexander Advertising Agency, 1,482 Broadway.

JORDAN 1921, Playboy runabout. Sandman, 401 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Sterling 4877.

MARMON suburban sedan, current model; 7-passenger; practically new; sacrifice. Circle 5302.

MARMON 1920 Chummy; like new; cheap. Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

MERCEDES runabout, 1914; shaft drive, electric starter; car completely overhauled. 107 So. Morris Av., Atlantic City, N. J.

MERCER, 7-seat, present model; perfect; beautiful throughout; bargain; private owner. Riverside 7626.

MERCER touring, in excellent condition; bargain. Weber, 1,282 Ogden Av., West 166th, Bronx.

NASH, looks like new; 7-passenger sedan; only run 2,600 miles; fully equipped. W and Timm.

NATIONAL very late 1920 touring; absolutely perfect throughout; wire wheels and fine tires; tonneau windshield; car looks and runs like new; bargain for 11,100. Wadsworth 8423. Apt. 1C (evenings).

OAKLAND ROADSTER, ALMOST NEW, big saving off list price. Moon, 2,225 Grand Concourse (169th).

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

BOUGHT for highest cash prices, contents of residences, apartments, hotels, pianos, works of art, books, bric-a-brac, carpets, furs, etc. JONES, 181 East 125th St. Tel. Harlem 2197.

FURNITURE WANTED.

Highest cash prices contents house, apartments, pianos, rugs, works of art, silverware, &c. Henry, 818 University Place. Stuyvesant 8070.

THEATRE AND FOLDING CHAIRS—Want to buy from 200 to 400 theatre chairs and 50 decor folding chairs; must be cheap. Call Bryant 4127.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bronze, &c. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 8763.

WANTED, cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments, pianos, china, rugs, bronzes, &c. Palmer, 307 East 47th (Murray Hill 1048).

OLDSMOBILE, Model 37, 5-cylinder, 7-passenger touring; Winter top; with demonstrate; guaranteed by Oldsmobile Co. Call Oldsmobile Co., 187th and Concourse, Fordham 4062-3.

OLDSMOBILE, model 45, 7-passenger touring car; excellent condition; will demonstrate; guaranteed by Oldsmobile Co. Call Oldsmobile Co., 187th-Concourse, Fordham 4062-3.

PACKARD twin six, 1920 roadster; rumble seat; practically new; run 7,500 miles; perfect condition; a bargain in a fine car. Phone New Rochelle 976.

PACKARD single Six; latest model, fully equipped, $1,750. Morningside 6946.

PEERLESS sedan, just delivered; conditions make it imperative for owner to sell immediately; will take 4 tremendous loss for quick sale. See Mr. Pollak, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 0425.

PIERCE ARROWS.

As distributors of Pierce-Arrow cars for sixteen years; we have a very real interest in every car we sell whether new or used; glad to have you look at the car now ready.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR CO., 616 Central Av., Newark, N. J. Telephone Mulberry 4000.

PIERCE-ARROW USED CARS. VARIOUS MODELS. HARROLD MOTOR CAR COMPANY, PIERCE-ARROW DISTRIBUTORS, 235 WEST 54TH ST. CIRCLE 1600.

ROAMER racehout speedster, Dusenberg engine; at a special reduction. Roamer Sales Co., 1,800 Broadway. Circle 5262. Ecclesine.

ROAMER roadster, beautiful sport model, auxiliary seats; owner will sell cheap. Campbell, phone Coney Island 1685W.

ROAMER 5-pass., 1921; overhauled and repainted; carrying new car guarantee; exceptional bargain. Roamer Sales Co., 1,800 Broadway. Circle 5262. Ecclesine.

ROLLS ROYCE IMPORTED SEDAN. RENAULT TOUR., BRAND NEW. PIERCE "48" BREWSTER LIM. WHITE LANDAULET FOR TAXI MINERVA AUTOMOBILES, INC. 125 WEST 72D ST. COL. 5539

SIMPLEX "38"—Shaft drive, starter, electric lights, six cord tires, 4-pass. body; repainted; mechanically perfect. Curry, 822 West 180th.

STANDARD 6, touring; absolutely perfect; only 4,000 miles; will sell for $1,000 to quick cash buyer. Can be seen at Park Slope Garage, 469 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, or telephone owner, Lafayette 8541.

STANDARD "6" 1921 Suburban sedan; fine condition. Wright, 225 West 97th St.

STANLEY steam demonstrater; late 1921; fine dependable car; delectable section; approximately half list price; series 5 passenger 1921 Mercer speedster. Stanley Agency, 238 Central Av., Newark. Mr. Harris Market 2170.

STANLEY steamer, sedan-passenger, rebuilt; demonstrating. Call Broadway Car H. Stanley Service Station, 712 East 187th.

STANLEY steam car, 7-passenger, 1920; any examination, any demonstration. W 339 Times.

STEVENS Salient Six—Sport touring car, latest model; new cords; car looks and runs like new; used 10,000 miles; sacrifice $700. Curry, 225 West 125th.

STUDEBAKER, 1920, "Big Six," 7-pass. touring, fully equipped, $775. Morningside 6945.

STUDEBAKER, 1921; slightly used; guaranteed, fully equipped; $1,000. 203 West 128th.

STUDEBAKER, SPECIAL SIX, ROADSTER, LIKE NEW. CATHEDRAL 8100.

Overhauled, repainted and guaranteed. WILLS SAINTE CLAIRE TOURING. WILLS SAINTE CLAIRE RUNABOUT. Exceptional values in these high-class used cars.

Wills Sainte Claire Co. of N. Y. 254 West 61th St.

UNUSED CARS

BUICK, town car, 6-cylinder; new, never used; excellent car for private calls or taxi work; can be purchased immediately at low price. Bruce Brick Co., 607 Bergen Av., (149th). Melrose 8067.

MOTOR TRUCKS.

UNUSED TRUCKS.

HALF FACTORY PRICE.
MACK DUMP, 5½ TON.
MACK STANDARD, 5½ AND 8½.
PACKARD, 5½ TON.
PIERCE, 3½ AND 5 TON.
WHITE, 2-TON.

Foreign & Domestic Commodities, Inc., 629 West 234 St. Chelsea 6783-2096.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

CADILLACS, LIMOUSINES FOR RENT BY DAY, WEEK OR MONTH. REASONABLE RATES. HIGH-CLASS SERVICE. WEEK-END TRIPS OUR SPECIALTY. AREA RENTAL SERVICE. CIRCLE 1418.

PACKARD, twin cabriolet, beautiful car, for rent by day, week or month; owner drives; private; 10-passenger. Harry Voight, 205 East 80th. Lenox 6761.

PACKARD limousine, Cadillac landaulet; newly painted; weekly, monthly; references; reasonable, owner drives. Schmaelk, 118 East 76th. Rhinelander 2760.

BEAUTIFUL open and closed Cadillacs to rent; hourly, daily or monthly; courteous service. Melrose 10081.

BEAUTIFUL Pierce-Arrow for monthly; courteous chauffeur. Murray, Rhinelander 5462.

PACKARD and Pierce-Arrow cars for hire, hour, day, week, month; all occasions. T. Kramer, 110 West 57th. Circle 6291.

CADILLAC, attractive limousine landaulet; special rates for holidays and shopping. Rhinelander 2632.

STUDEBAKER—5-passenger touring, day $12; special arrangements made. Billings 1240. Jules.

HUDSON landaulet, beautiful; hourly, daily, weekly; monthly, shopping $2.50. Nicolai. Circle 1098.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 146 West 54th St., Circle 2800. First-class service at reasonable rates; monthly specialty.

CADILLAC LIMOUSINE, with chauffeur, to hire by week or month; reasonable prices. Butler, Tremont 2652.

PACKARD, Landaulet—Hourly, trip, month; reasonable; owner drives; referenes. Jones, Col. 9021.

CADILLAC LIMOUSINE—Westinghouse air springs, for the Summer; reasonable. Sheridan, Schuyler 6775.

LANCIA landaulet, latest model; Westinghouse equipped; hour, day, trip; moderate. Plaza 6925.

LANCIA, most beautiful town car; reference; reasonable; hours, months. John Bryant 4466.

MARMON landaulet, very comfortable, for trips; reasonable; owner drives. Schuyler 10,255. Satoff.

CADILLAC, collapsible, stylish, recent model; courteous chauffeur. O'Brien, Murray Hill 2806.

PACKARD twin six by month; will furnish new car for yearly contract; owner drives. Harlem 3698, Morningside 1841.

PACKARD cars by hour, trip, month; rates reasonable. Telephone Riverside 6700, Murphy.

CADILLAC, 7-passenger landaulet, late model; week, month; low rates. Circle 1045.

PACKARD—Twin Six limousines, touring, shopping, calling; $3 per hour. Columbus 8151.

CADILLACS—Hour, day; reasonable rate; uniformed chauffeurs. Columbus 8932.

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WILL buy 1922 or 1921 standard make touring car; must be in excellent condition; will pay $600 to $700. Phone Bayside 1286.

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Goodrich, 30x3½, $9.50; guaranteed 6,000 miles.
Kelly-Springfield, guaranteed 9,000 miles.
All sizes in stock 30% off list price; all other standard makes in stock at very low prices; if you can't come in, write and get our prices; open Sunday until 1 P. M.

MARKS, 1,749 1st Av., cor. 92d. Phone Lenox 1712.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION

COMPLETE AUTO TRAINING.

Short course for owners, prospective owners and chauffeurs; longer course for garage owners, expert men and auto electrical experts; provision for out-of-town students; special classes for ladies; largest enrollment of any school in the East; established 16 years; employment service free to students; ask for booklet. Dunlap Institute, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL, 502 West 57th St., N. Y. Phone Circle 2500.

LOANS ON AUTOMOBILES.

LOANS on automobiles in sevenths or your own terms. Miss Lily, 116 East 24th.

LIBERAL loans on automobiles. M. & A. Auto Finance, 1,237 Broadway. Circle 8411.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Reichmann, Col. C., to Ft. Snelling.
Wadd, Lt. Col. E. R., to 28th.
Mills, O'Brien, L., Campbell, E. R., Elliott, C. W., MacNeary, O. S., Carruthers, F. B.; Capts. Moore, C. H.; McCurdy, R. M.; Adams, H. K.; Allworth, H. C.; Jordan, H. C.; Fowler, D. A.; Warner, R.; Arthur, J. N.; Vinson, F. M.; Chandler, N. B., and 1st Lt. Abal, A. S., retired from active svce.
Scarff, 1st Lt. H. P., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Cols. Douglas, J. B.; Kitton, S. H. C.; Pettes, E. T.; Maj. Cannon, F.; Lieut. Smith, J. P.; Weisel, E. T.; Heth, C. C.; Silkman, E. V.; Dungworth, J. L.; Capt. Day, F. S., and 1st Lts. Appelwhite, P. P., and Hanchett, F. B., retired from active svce.
Webster, 1st Lt. F. M., to Camp Eustis.

Cavalry.

Wallace, Col. R. R.; West, Lt. Col. E. S.; Maj. Miles, C. P., and McGee, F. D., and Jones, Capt. L. D. C., retired from active svce.

Medical Corps.

Maj. Caccini, A. M.; Lasley, A. E., and Capt. Baker, F. P., retired from active svce.
Maj. Shepard, C. A., and Southard, W. W., sail about Aug. 15 for Honolulu.
Pettera, Maj. F. M., from Hawaii to Houston.
Maj. Thomas, W. C.; Jones, A. R., to duty, Letterman Hosp.
Drake, Maj. C. E., sail about Aug. 10 for Honolulu.
Qualls, Maj. G. L., to Walter Reed Hosp., duty.
Chase, Maj. D. F., sail about Aug. 31 for Panama Canal Zone.
Franco, Maj. G. D.; Barnwell, Capt. J. Dub., to duty, Fitzsimons Gen. Hosp.
Capts. Houke, R. E.; La Garde, L. A. Jr., report to Comdg. Gen., 5th Corps Area for duty.
Glasser, Capt. R. E., report to Comdg. Gen., 8th Corps Area for duty.

Field Artillery.

Scott, Maj. R. C.; Capts. Bryant, F. W., and Tibbetts, F. E., retired from active svce.
Higley, Maj. H. D., to Washington, for duty in Ofcs. Chief of F. A.

Quartermaster Corp.

Ginn, Capt. M. R.; Rood, Capt. J. Q., retired from active svce.

Miscellaneous.

Coleman, Col. F. W., Fin. Dept., to duty as Asst. to the Chf. of Fin.
Caldwell, Col. V. A., retired, relieved from further active duty.
Black, Col. H. B., Sig. Corps, retired from active svce.
Palmer, Maj. C. P. E., is retired; Engrs.
Mal. E. N., Fin. Dept.; Sebastian, Maj. W., Air Svce; Mosley, Capt. E. B., D. C.; Messer, Capt. T. H., C. of E., are retired.
Landis, 1st Lt. K. W., Ord. Dept., to Army and Navy Gen. Hosp., Hot Springs, Ark., sick.

Leaves.

Horney, Col. O. C., Ord. Dept., 1 mo. sat.
McAdams, Lt. Col. J. P., Gen. Staff, 1 mo.
Strong, Maj. F. X., M. C., 2 mos.
Humphreys, Maj. F. O., C. A. C., 3 mos.
Wynne, Capt. C. J., Q. M. C., 2 mos.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

CAPTAINS.

Wurtzbaugh, D. W., relieve all active duty, COMMANDANT.
King, E. J., to Atlantic Subs, Fleet.

LIEUT. COMMANDERS.

Wolfard, O. L., to the New York, as 1st Lt.
Stedman, W. G., Jr., to Nav. Tra. Sta., Hampton Roads.

LIEUTENANTS.

Childs, C. B., to rec'g sta., Hampton Roads.
Dayton, W. W., to Mar. Recr. Sta., Indianapolis.
Haverley, N. J., to Mar. Recr. Sta., Kansas City, Mo.
Easter, J. M., to temp. duty under instruction, Dept. of Agr.
Jahnke, W. C., to duty with Chf. Co-ordinator, Washington.
Micou, R. D., to the Pittsburgh and as asst. for Lieut. 2 and asst. to Sup. Offr., when commissioned.
Smith, W. J., Stevenson, C. W., to Navy Sup. Depot, South Brooklyn, N. Y.

Civil Service.

City.

An examination has been ordered for inspector of weights and measures, Grade 2. Candidates must be at least twenty-one years of age. The subjects and weights will be: Experience, 2; practical test, 3; duties, 4; citizenship, 1. There is no vacancy in the Bureau of Weights and Measures at $1,404 a year.

United States.

An examination for third grade or subclerical jobs will be held on the second Saturday of each month. Vacancies exist in the position of laborer, New York Post Office service, at $1,850 a year, and in the position of messenger, watchman and skilled laborer.

National Guard Orders.

ALBANY, June 30.—An order from Adjt. Gen. Kincaid's office, places 1st Lt. Walter R. Ogden, 212th Art., on duty for assignment to Hdqrs.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, June 30.—High pressure is reported off the Atlantic Coast and off the North Pacific Coast districts, with centres of minimum pressure over Newfoundland, Wisconsin, Saskatchewan and along the Mexican border. There have been showers within the last twenty-four hours in the upper lake region, the upper Mississippi Valley, the Plain States and the Rocky Mountain regions and at widely scattered points in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States. Temperatures have changed but little generally over the United States except in the Central Rocky Mountain region and along the Northern border from the Dakotas eastward to Michigan.

The outlook is for considerable cloudiness and occasional warm weather and local showers and thunderstorms Saturday and Sunday in the Atlantic and East Gulf States, Tennessee, the Ohio Valley and the Lower Lake region.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperatures Farem-heit.

Station.	High.	Low.	ster.	Fall.	Weather.
Abilene	96	72	30.74	....	Pt. Cl'dy
Albany	84	68	30.00	....	Clear
Atlantic City	80	70	30.02	.04	Pt. Cl'dy
Baltimore	86	70	30.00	....	Clear
Bismarck	88	56	29.96	....	Cloudy
Boston	84	70	30.00	....	Clear
Buffalo	84	66	29.94	....	Cloudy
Cincinnati	92	68	29.90	....	Cloudy
Charleston	90	72	30.06	....	Pt. Cl'dy
Chicago	86	66	29.90	....	Rain
Cleveland	86	66	29.86	....	Cloudy
Denver	92	66	29.80	....	Cloudy
Detroit	86	68	29.90	.08	Rain
Galveston	88	80	30.04	....	Pt. Cl'dy
Helena	80	54	29.72	....	Clear
Jacksonville	92	72	30.04	....	Cloudy
Kansas City	98	72	29.86	....	Cloudy
Los Angeles	74	58	29.92	....	Clear
Milwaukee	74	68	29.90	.24	Rain
New Orleans	90	70	30.02	.06	Clear
New York	86	70	30.02	....	Clear
Oklahoma	96	72	29.86	....	Clear
Philadelphia	82	70	30.02	....	Clear
Pittsburgh	88	68	29.92	....	Cloudy
Portland, Me.	80	70	30.00	....	Pt. Cl'dy
Portland, Ore.	94	54	29.90	....	Clear
Salt Lake City	92	64	29.70	....	Clear
San Antonio	92	74	29.84	....	Pt. Cl'dy
San Diego	78	64	29.90	....	Clear
San Francisco	66	54	29.96	....	Clear
Seattle	76	52	30.02	....	Clear
St. Louis	88	72	29.82	....	Cloudy
Washington	88	70	29.96	....	Clear

FORECASTS FOR TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Northern New England, Southern New England—Increasing cloudiness with showers Saturday afternoon or night; Sunday showers.

Eastern New York—Showers and thunderstorms Saturday; Sunday probably showers; no change in temperature.

Ohio, Western Pennsylvania, Western New York—Showers and thunderstorms Saturday, Sunday cloudy, no change in temperature.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORD.

Official Temperatures.

2 AM	74	12 M.	80	8 PM	78
4 AM	72	2 PM	84	10 PM	76
6 AM	72	4 PM	84	12 PM	76
8 AM	74	6 PM	82	2 PM	76
10 AM	76	8 PM	80	4 PM	76
11 AM	78	9 PM	78	6 PM	76

Average temperature yesterday, 78.
Average same date for 25 years, 72.

Barometer, 30.01 at 8 A. M.; 30.03 at 8 P. M.
Humidity, 68 at 8 A. M.; 52 at 8 P. M.
Wind at 8 A. M., north, velocity 10 miles; at 8 P. M., south, velocity 10 miles.
Weather, clear at 8 A. M.; clear at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Weather forecast:

Illinois—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday, preceded by showers Saturday morning; cooler north Saturday.

Indiana—Probably showers and thunderstorms Saturday, Sunday generally fair; not much change in temperature.

Lower Michigan—Showers, thunderstorms Saturday; cooler west and north. Sunday probably fair; not much change in temperature.

Upper Michigan—Showers Saturday. Sunday partly cloudy, warmer north.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
12:40–405 E. 109 St.: Anthony Fadderia		Slight
4:48–57 Reade St.: Bonora Phonograph Co.		Slight
8:40–144 W. Broadway: General Cab Co.		Not given
10:45–247 E. 50 St.: Mrs. Christian		Not given
10:55–41 W. 20 St.: Herbert Baum		Not given
11:30–135 Forsyth St.: R. Gabel		Not given
P. M.		
12:30–1,448 W. Farms Rd.: Ellois Products Co.		Not given
12:35–1,942 Broadway: Winter Garden Theatrical Co.		Not given
12:35–62 W. 144 St.		Not given
1:40–2,048 3 Av.: Insore Fireman		Not given
4:35–Jerome Av. & Van Cortlandt (auto)		Not given
4:45–1,092 Washington Av.: Edward Silverman		Not given
4:55–238 Lenox Av.		Slight
7:15–104 E. 118 St.: George Dreiser		Not given
7:30–183 Suffolk St.: Joseph Mostovitz		Not given
8:00–325 West 121 St. (auto): Ward Sloane		Not given
8:05–277 Sixth Av.: Custom Fruit Co.		Not given
8:25–1,853 Park Av.		None
8:30–132 Bleecker St.: Bleecker Pants Co.		Not given
8:40–161 Orchard St.: M. Autenstein		Not given
9:05–20 Scammell St.: Ida Bosken		Not given
9:15–86 Division St.: Harry Avilkensky		Slight
10:30–108 Rider St.: Charles Cohen		Not given
11:25–218 Cherry St.: H. Tannenbaum		Slight
11:40–232 E 3d St.: Jacob Newman		Not given
11:40–73 W Broadway, L. Galvine		Not given

Today's Radio Program

STATION WJZ, NEWARK, N. J.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Daylight Saving time.)

In addition to a musical program every hour from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M.; the Newark station sends out the following broadcasting program by the radio telephone:

9:00 A. M.—Agricultural reports.
11:00 A. M.—Opening prices on active bonds and stocks under the authority of the New York Stock Exchange.
12:00 M.—Agricultural reports and weather forecasts.
12:55 P. M. to 1:00 P. M.—Standard time signals from Arlington.
1:00 P. M.—Midday prices on active bonds and stocks under the authority of the New York Stock Exchange.
4:00 P. M.—Baseball scores and women's fashion news.
5:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:00 P. M.—Official weather forecasts and agricultural reports.
7:00 P. M.—Final baseball scores; "Uncle Wiggily's Bedtime Stories," by Howard R. Garis.
7:30 P. M.—"The Progress of Air Craft and Radio," by T. Byrd; "How to Tell a Funny Story," by Elliot Keese, editor of Judge; concert by the Carlowe Male Quartet, Caroline Low Hoyer at the piano; "Jolly Fellows," Herbert; "Rock-a-Bye Baby Canning; Annie Laurie," Gaffel.
8:15 P. M.—Dance music by the Regal Dance Orchestra of Passaic. Frank Deming, manager; "On the Gin Gin Ginny Shore," "Tell Her at Twilight," "The Chorus," "By the Sapphire Sea," "Ain't Nobody's Darling," "The Ela Ela Blues," "That's How I Believe in You," "I'll Make Up My Mind to Be Born in Dear Old Dixie Land," "Stumbling," "Play That Song of India Again."
10:02 to 11:00 P. M.—Official Arlington time.
11:01 P. M.—Official weather forecast.

STATION WWY, ARMY SIGNAL CORPS, BEDLOW'S ISLAND, NEW YORK.
1,450-Meter Wave Length.
(Daylight Saving Time.)

8:50 P. M.—Answering letters and questions submitted by radio audience.
9:00 P. M.—Concert under direction of Ada Annarumma: "Poppy solos," "At Dawning," "Rose in the Bud." Antoinette Kirch, Blanche Nowak at the piano; reading and impersonations, Rose Kress; "Tannhauser," forest views of the Statue of Liberty by Ada Annarumma; Swiss hand bells, "Star of the East," "Kiss me Again," "Face to Face," Hymns of the Old Church Choir, by Emil Closs, George W. Hopke at the piano; soprano solos, "Love's Garden of Roses," "Somewhere a Voice Is Calling," by Antoinette Kirch; violin impersonations of Caesar at the Bat," "Doll's Story—I've Got a Pain in My Sewdust," by Ada Annarumman; Swiss hand bells, "Whispering Hope," "Home, Sweet Home," "Silver Threads Among the Gold," "The Old Oaken Bucket," "Old Black Joe," "America," by Emil Closs.

STATION WWZ, MANHATTAN.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Daylight Saving Time.)

1:30 P. M.—Children's hour; Victrola recital.
2:30 P. M.—Popular music as recorded for the Ampico.
3:00 P. M.—The Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra, Leopold Stokowski, conductor, as recorded on Victrola.
4:00 P. M.—American music, as recorded over the Ampico.
10:00 P. M.—Mixed song recital by Ethel Spaulding, contralto; Oliver R. Stewart, concert and lyric tenor; Augusta Hertley, accompanist; "contralto arie by Miss Spaulding; "Tenor arie," "Il Trovatore;" "Vision Fugitive," "Herodiade;" "Ah, Fors e Lui," "Traviata;" "How Could a Little Girl Be So Cruel," by Mr. Stewart; "Duet," "Rose;" contralto solos by Miss Spaulding, "Jewel Song," "Faust;" "Serenade," "Don Giovine;" tenor aria by Mr. Stewart, "La Reve," from "Manon;" contralto solos by Miss Spaulding, "Jasmine Open," "Fresh from Flowery Windows;" tenor solos by Mr. Stewart, "Rose of My Heart;" "There Is No Death;" duet by Miss Spaulding and Mr. Stewart, "Home to Our Mountains," from "Il Trovatore."

STATION WOR, NEWARK, N. J.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Daylight Saving Time.)

10:30 A. M.—Popular selections.
11:30 A. M.—Smiles, by J. E. K.
12:30 P. M.—Classical numbers.
1:30 P. M.—Piano recital by Antuinen Gifford Runsor, "Romance," "La Filleuse," Impromptu, C minor, Chopin.
2:30 P. M.—Readings of "Little Journeys to the Homes of the Great," by Elbert Hubbard.
3:30 P. M.—Songs by Miss Helen Call de Groff, soprano soloist; "Night," "Adoration," "I Knew a Hill," "Ah, Love but a Day," "Dance Song," "Mighty Lak a Rose."
4:30 and 5:30 P. M.—The North Hudson Symphony Orchestra will give a varied program, solo numbers by Arpad Kron, cornetist, and Ethel Schiller, pianist, "Lustspiel," overture; "Festival Grand March," Ramoef Astrol," selections from "Sally" and "The Only Girl."
6:30 P. M.—Sky pictures for the kiddies, by Mr. Radebaug.
6:45 P. M.—Good-night stories for the children, by Uncle George of The Newark Ledger.

STATION WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Daylight Saving Time.)

7:30 P. M.—Baseball scores; "Tom Thumb the Piper's Son," from Little Folks, by Jo Ann Bridgman.
7:45 P. M.—Sports and market statistics by V. B. Sanders, courtesy of the New England Homestead.
8:00 P. M.—Baseball scores; literary evening, courtesy of The Youth's Companion.

STATION KDKA, EAST PITTSBURGH, PA.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Eastern Standard Time.)

2:00 P. M.—Popular concert by the Burley Novelty Entertainers with Max Gundelman.
8:15 P. M.—Popular concert by the Westinghouse Orchestra, G. O. Gill, manager.
7:00 P. M.—"The Automobile and Necessity," George A. Hoovesier, President Hoovesier-Stutz Motor Company, Pittsburgh.
8:00 P. M.—Musical program by Mrs. C. Reed, soprano; Mrs. Keziah Thomas, contralto; George B. Thomas, tenor, and Robert Johns, bass; Mrs. Robert Johns, accompanist. Charles B. Archer, teacher of violin.

STATION KYW, CHICAGO, ILL.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Central Daylight Saving Time.)

9:00 P. M.—Musical program; March, Marching Homeward," Salvation Army Territorial Staff Band; "The Years at the Spring," Maday; "Rose of My Heart," Collins; "A Thousand Eyes in the Night," "She Was But Seven," Metro-Chords; Mr. Quartet selection, American melodies, Salvation Army Territorial Staff Band; "Life, Love and You," June," by Helen E. Collins; instrumental selection, Wild Flowers, brass quartet; "Murmuring Zephyrs," march, by Salvation Army Band; "Little Red Drum," selected, by Metropolitan Male Quartet; selection, Salvation Army Territorial Staff Band.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the Times Indicated Are Under Daylight Saving.]

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Coney Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.

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CALIFORNIA GRAPE JUICE. A. JOSEPH, President of the Guasti-O Grape Juice Co. factory, Fresno, Cal., home office Aberdeen, Wash., is in town for a few days to contract for the sale of large quantities of unfermented grape juice; have a few cars here to offer now at very satisfactory price. If interested in a most superior quality grape juice, phone Murray Hill 10411. Office 810 Liggett Building, 41 East 42d St.

HARDWARE and plumbing supply store, Wood Av., near P. R. R., Linden, N. J.; must be sold immediately to pay debts; lease expires in two years; no brokers; open for inspection on June 28 and July 3 from 4 P. M. to 8 P. M. John G. Sauerwein, Assignee, Elizabeth, N. J. Telephone Elizabeth 2870.

MEMBERSHIP in exclusive HUNTING and FISHING CLUB in New York State for sale at $2,500; references required and furnished. James L. Thompson, 20 Clifford Av., Pelham, N. Y.

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TOMORROW

Rathenau's Vision of New World—An American's interview with Germany's late foreign minister, in which he gave his conception of a unique social order.

Peril of Double Strike—How struggle between miners and coal operators stands as general railroad walkout is threatened.

Declining Rents—An encouraging survey of the rent question, of interest to Fall seekers of homes.

Office Boys' Rise to Top—Careers of three new directors of Standard Oil Company.

The New York Times

Reserve a copy at your news stand!

HUNT GYPSY HERE AS GLASS KIDNAPPER

Band Trailed Through Venezuela and Porto Rico Intercepted at Staten Island Ferry.

ACCUSED WOMAN ESCAPES

Parents of Boy Missing Seven Years Believe Mystery Will Be Solved Soon.

After seven years' search, in which they say they have spent $100,000, the parents of "Jimmy" Glass, the Jersey City boy, then 5 years old, who disappeared from Greeley, Pike County, Pa., on May 12, 1915, believed last night that they were on the eve of obtaining a clue to him. The parents Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Glass, were summoned yesterday to Staten Island to look over a group of gypsies detained by the police there and who, it was believed, might be able to give some information about the missing boy. Later, they returned to Manhattan and questioned part of the same band of gypsies who had been taken to Old Slip Station. They talked to all the children among the gypsies, hoping to find their boy among them.

One vanload of gypsies, it developed, had eluded the police and among these, it was learned, was Mrs. Rosano Costello, who was believed to know all about the missing boy. The police are now searching for her.

After the disappearance of the Glass boy, it became known that a band of gypsies had passed through the neighborhood and it was thought they might have kidnapped him. This band was traced through Venezuela, Brazil and Porto Rica. Information was obtained that a boy had been seen with this band who answered the description of "Jimmy" Glass but this boy was never found.

Yesterday the Jersey City police learned that this band of gypsies which had returned to this country, had crossed the ferry at Perth Amboy into Staten Island. They requested Detective Lieutenant Ernest Van Wagner, at Staten Island headquarters to detain the gypsies until Mrs. Glass could be sent for.

Came From Ohio.

The gypsies were traveling in five automobile vans which bore Ohio licenses. The band has traveled from Venezuela to Brazil and Porto Rico, thence to a Southern port and on into the Middle West. They arrived at Perth Amboy recently from Akron, Ohio. It was said they were planning to camp near Jamaica, L. I.

The Staten Island police stopped three of the vans, the others having gone on to Manhattan. Word was sent to the Manhattan police and another van was interrupted at the Staten Island Ferry. A fifth van had already disappeared in Manhattan.

Mr. and Mrs. Glass were accompanied to Staten Island by Captain James F. Rooney of the Jersey City police. Captain Rooney has been following clues ever since Department of Justice investigators declared several years ago that the Glass boy had been kidnapped by gypsies named Cruise and Costello.

The questioning of the Gypsies on Staten Island was conducted by Captain Wagner, Captain Rooney and Mr. and Mrs. Glass. Little was learned except that a gypsy family named Costello was in one of the vans that had gone to Manhattan.

Mr. and Mrs. Glass, accompanied by the detectives, then went to the Old Slip station, where the occupants of the one van detained were questioned. These gave their names as Rister Costello, 40 years old; his wife, Marie, 36; his daughters, Zorka, 18; Rosie, 4, and Anna, 3, and his sons, Miguel, 15; Spero, 9, and Baneau 6.

Tells of Rosario Costello.

Costello spoke poor English and could neither read nor write. He said he was born in Virginia of Montenegrin parents and was the son of a gypsy and had been all over the world in his travels.

Questioned as to the whereabouts of Rosario Costello (nee Cruise), one of the two, including Nicholas and John Cruise, whom the Department of Justice investigators accuse of kidnapping Jimmy Glass, Rister Costello, who said he was a brother-in-law of the woman, replied that he had seen her in Staten Island that day. He told the detectives that Rosario Cruise had married his brother, also named Rister, several years ago. The gypsies denied any knowlege of the Glass boy's whereabouts or of his having been kidnapped.

Costello's wife and children were equally uncommunicative and practically nothing was learned from them. The gypsies were allowed to leave the police station last night, but it was said would be under observation in the hope of tracing Rosario Costello.

"If we can only find Rosario," said Mrs. Glass, "I am sure that we shall be on the right road. It seems incredible that out of the five vans, the van she was in was the only one to escape and that out of all the gypsies detained she managed to elude everybody and slip at least out of Staten Island and possibly into New York. But we must and will find her, I am sure. We are hopeful and we are happy in a way. It seems as if little Jimmy was nearer to me tonight than he has been in seven long years."

Mr. and Mrs. Glass had a moment of hope in Staten Island when Captain Wagner informed them that the police of Staten Island several days ago had picked up a small boy who answered in a general way the description of their son. The boy, the police said, had been abandoned by another gypsy band.

This boy, Captain Wagner said, had been taken to the Children's Society Shelter on Staten Island and was still there. Mr. and Mrs. Glass drove in an automobile to the Shelter. After talking with the boy and examining him closely, reluctantly they were forced to admit he was not their son.

The boy was equally disappointed and tried to was comforted by Mrs. Glass, who drew from him the story that he had been kidnapped by gypsies about four years ago. He could not remember from where he was stolen nor anything about his parents or home. He has only a vague memory that he was called Russell.

Mr. and Mrs. Glass when they left to go to the Old Slip station said they would make an effort to find a home for Russell.

UNION OFFICIAL CONVICTED.

Wm. Hogan of Electrical Workers Found Guilty of $26,000 Theft.

William A. Hogan, Secretary of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, Local No. 3, was found guilty yesterday of the theft of $26,000 from the union, by a jury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court. The indictment on which he was placed on trial on June 12 was a result of the Lockwood Committee's investigation into housing conditions in this city. Justice Giegerich remanded Hogan for sentence on July 10. The jury recommended mercy.

Evidence at the trial showed that Hogan collected the money in sums ranging from 50c to $2.50 a week from nonunion workers for the privilege of working with union men. Special Deputy Attorneys General Isadore Kressel and Abraham Freedman revealed that Hogan concealed the receipt of the money through false entries in his books.

Hogan, who is 52 years old, was shown to have deposited an average of $11,000 in the bank in the years 1919, 1920 and 1921. He also built his home at 947 South Sixth Street, Mount Vernon, during that time at a cost of $15,000.

RUM RUNNER FREED ON PLEA OF ILLNESS

Camden Man Declared to Be in Danger of Death in Mercer County Jail.

Marloe Herts of Camden, N. J., was set at liberty yesterday after serving four months of a term of six months in the Mercer County Jail for conspiracy to violate the Volstead act. The sentence was changed by Federal Judge Lynch after he was informed that Herts was in bad physical condition and further confinement might cause his death. Herts pleaded guilty in February to a charge of conspiracy to violate the Volstead act, it being alleged that he was involved in the rum running operations of the ship Henry L. Marshall. Herts also was required to pay a fine of $5,000.

The United States Government has filed a libel in the Federal Court here asking for the condemnation and forfeiture of more than 400 lots of liquors seized in an many dry raids. Palmer Canfield, head of the legal division of the prohibition department, said yesterday that virtually all of the liquor must be destroyed, as it will not stand the test of good liquor.

In sentencing two men yesterday to pay fines for selling whisky from flasks in Celtic Park, Long Island City, Judge Burt J. Humphrey in the Queens County Court said he was determined to break up the traffic in the park. Joseph McCormack, 30, of 16 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, and William Roach, 40, of 849 Ninety-fourth Street, Manhattan, were the men who were sentenced. Their penalty was a fine of $50 each.

Summonses were served yesterday for alleged violations of the Volstead act as follows: Daniel Clancy, owner of a saloon at 234 West Seventy-fifth Street; Herman Oltholtze, owner, and John Schclender, bartender, of a saloon at 208 First Avenue; Jimmy Jerry, owner of a saloon at 1,945 First Avenue; Frank Delon, owner, and Victor Bonassin, bartender, at a saloon at 921 Tremont Avenue, the Bronx.

Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Leach, who is Acting Commissioner, said yesterday that the raid Thursday by detectives on the staff of Inspector Bolan on the apartment of Martin J. Elvidge, 782 West End Avenue, and the arrest of his wife on a charge of violating the Mullan-Gage law had not been brought officially to his attention.

Mrs. Elvidge said yesterday that she had not yet recovered from the shock of the entrance of the detectives, who searched the apartment without a warrant. She said her husband would present the case to Mayor Hylan.

REDUCE MARINE'S SENTENCE

S. M. Berger Must Serve Two Years for Part in Managua Riot.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Acting Secretary Roosevelt today commuted to two years' actual imprisonment the sentence of eight years imposed on Private Simon M. Berger of the Marine Corps after conviction of participation in a riot at Managua, Nicaragua, on Dec. 5, 1921. Forty marines were convicted of participating in the disorder and received sentences of from eight to forty years' imprisonment.

Berger is now in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga. He will be taken to the marines' disciplinary barracks at Paris Island, South Carolina, to serve the rest of his term. Berger's mother is Mrs. Fanny Berger, 5,107 104th Street, Richmond Hill, L. I. Samuel Littmann, attorney, of 330 Fulton Street, Jamaica, who argued the case before Acting Secretary Roosevelt and Judge Advocate General Latimer, obtained permission to submit additional evidence with a view to setting aside the rest of the imprisonment.

The reduction of Berger's sentence was granted on evidence that his conviction was due to testimony of two witnesses, that he was present when a marine plot to shoot up Managua was hatched, and that his failure to take the stand in his own behalf was on advice of counsel.

Berger is 24 years old. He enlisted in the army in 1917 for the World War at the age of 19 and was a sergeant in the field artillery. Congressman Andrew W. Peterson of New York had been active in presenting evidence in Berger's behalf to the Navy Department.

WINS ACCUSER'S SYMPATHY.

Mrs. Sherry Freed of Theft Charge Brought by School Teacher.

Mrs. Bessie Sherry, who said she was at one time a member of the Greenwich Village Follies Company and who gave her address as 306 West Fifty-first Street, was discharged yesterday in the Flatbush Police Court by Magistrate Harry Howard Dale when the complainant, Miss Catherine Adrian, a school teacher, withdrew a charge of grand larceny.

Mrs. Sherry was arrested on Thursday evening at the home of a friend with whom she had left her baby. She told the detectives that after joining the Greenwich Follies she went to Canada with that company and there met an actor whom she married. She returned to New York with her husband, she said, but they were unable to secure an engagement and she was compelled to pawn her possessions. Finally, she said, her husband left her.

Mrs. Sherry said she left her baby with friends and made her home with Miss Adrian in Brooklyn, where she saw clothing and jewelry belonging to Miss Adrian. She said she could not resist the temptation to take them in the hope of raising sufficient money to take her and her baby south.

When she was brought to the Flatbush Police Court yesterday, Miss Adrian met her with the detectives and after hearing her story decided not to prosecute. Mrs. Sherry was called to the bar and discharged.

FRUIT PEDDLER FINED.

Offender Shrugs, Gets Off Easy Despite Four Policemen.

Four policemen surrounded Max Spiegel, a peddler, of 262 South First Street, Brooklyn, when he was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate William A. Sweetser in the Tombs Court. Each of the policemen had served a summons on Spiegel for violating a city ordinance.

Two of them, between stern glances at the defendant, declared that he had exposed a pushcart filled with cherries to the dust of the streets. The other two policemen, showing equal evidence of being offended, charged that he was selling fruit on restricted thoroughfares when they served summonses on him.

Spiegel, with an appealing glance at the Court, shrugged his shoulders in acknowledgment of the charges. He was fined $2 and $3 on the charges of peddling and received suspended sentences on the other two charges.

Special Master for Phone Suit.

A special master will be appointed by Federal Judge Mayer, on Monday, to take testimony in the suit instituted by the New York Telephone Company to restrain the Public Service Commission from attempting to enforce its order reducing telephone rates throughout the State. The master will be instructed not to begin proceedings in the case until Oct. 15, when it is expected the State-wide inquiry, being made by the Public Service Commission into telephone rates will be finished, thus relieving the commission of the necessity of taking part in two telephone inquiries at the same time.

Buffalo Man Heads the Disabled.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—C. Hamilton Cook of Buffalo, N. Y., was unanimously elected National Commander of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War at the annual convention of the organization here today. Previously Cook had nominated Judge Robert S. Marx, of Cincinnati, the outgoing commander, for the post, but Judge Marx refused to run again.

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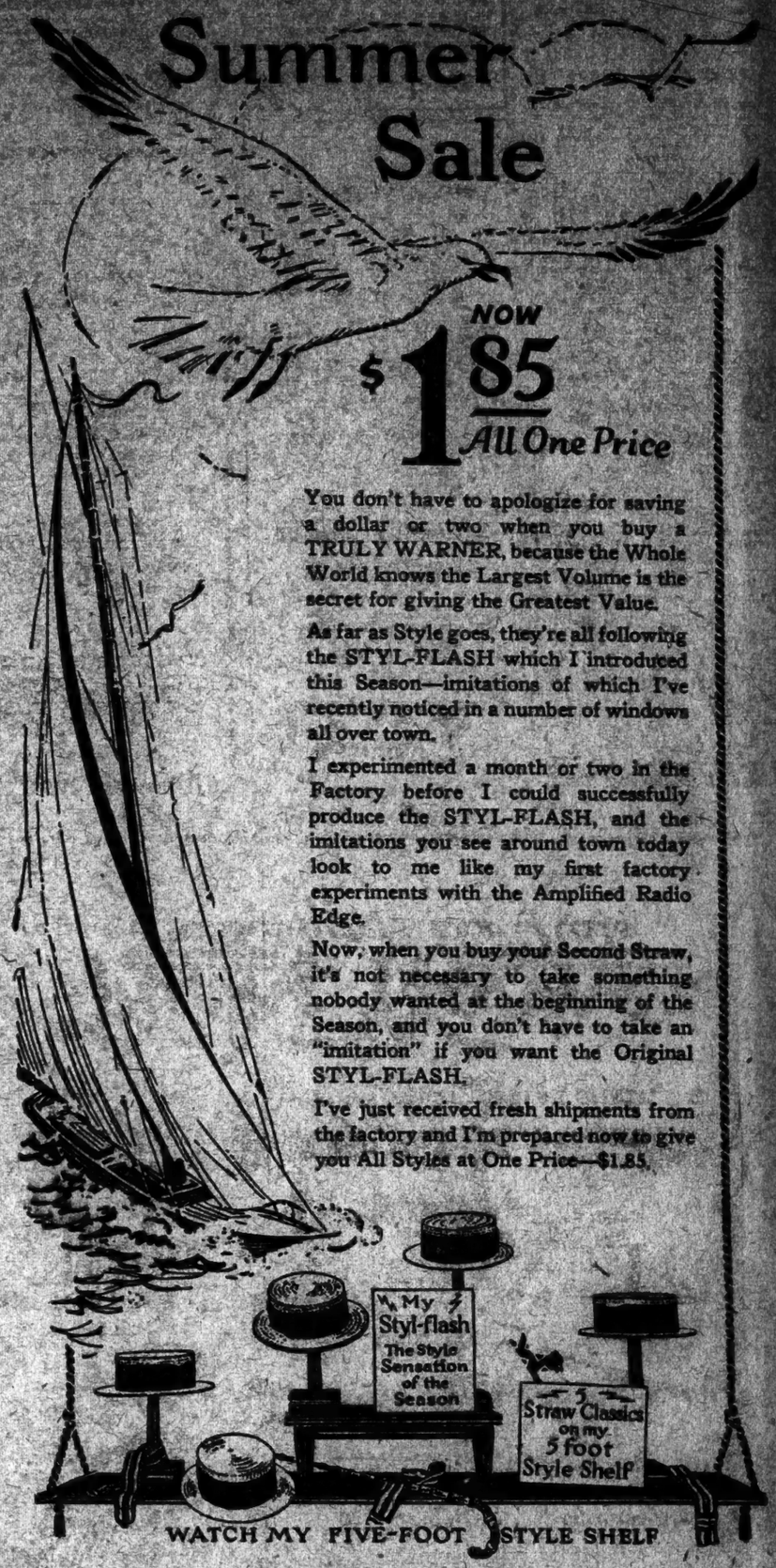

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